

RSE Table 21

Civilian supervisory workers: Relative standard errors of mean weekly and annual earnings for selected management occupations

Occupation ¹	Weekly ²		Annual ⁴	
	Mean earnings	Relative error ³	Mean earnings	Relative error ³
Management occupations				
Team leader	\$1,442	9.7%	\$74,601	9.7%
First line	1,757	2.6	91,009	2.6
Second line	2,302	7.4	119,726	7.4
Third line	4,008	9.2	208,405	9.2
General and operations managers				
First line	1,673	6.1	86,996	6.1
Second line	2,708	13.1	140,829	13.1
Marketing managers				
First line	2,119	18.2	110,169	18.2
Sales managers				
First line	1,490	8.0	77,477	8.0
Administrative services managers				
First line	1,278	7.9	66,460	7.9
Computer and information systems managers				
First line	2,727	8.0	141,829	8.0
Financial managers				
Team leader	1,411	10.4	73,388	10.4
First line	1,965	7.8	100,450	7.8
Second line	2,398	10.5	124,670	10.5
Industrial production managers				
First line	1,750	9.9	91,014	9.9
Purchasing managers				
First line	2,449	11.9	127,371	11.9
Transportation, storage, and distribution managers				
First line	1,859	22.2	96,691	22.2
Education administrators, elementary and secondary school				
First line	1,925	11.3	96,100	11.3
Education administrators, postsecondary				
First line	1,653	14.4	85,980	14.4
Food service managers				
First line	1,677	13.2	87,220	13.2
Medical and health services managers				
First line	1,788	15.7	93,036	15.7
Social and community service managers				
Team leader	1,279	9.5	66,530	9.5
First line	1,158	9.9	60,235	9.9

¹ A classification system including about 800 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

² Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees.

³ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

⁴ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria. Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.