# News

## United States Department of Labor



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### EMPLOYER COSTS FOR EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION—JUNE 2004

Employer costs for employee compensation averaged \$24.96 per hour worked in June 2004, the U.S. Department of Labor's Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Wages and salaries, which averaged \$17.70, accounted for 70.9 percent of these costs, while benefits, which averaged \$7.26, accounted for the remaining 29.1 percent. (See table 1.) Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, based on the National Compensation Survey, measures employer costs for wages, salaries, and employee benefits for nonfarm private and State and local government workers.

Costs for legally required benefits, including Social Security, Medicare, unemployment insurance, and workers' compensation, averaged \$2.03 per hour (8.1 percent of total compensation), representing the largest non-wage employer cost. Employer costs for life, health, and disability insurance benefits averaged \$1.93 (7.7 percent); paid leave benefits (vacations, holidays, sick leave, and other leave) averaged \$1.66 (6.6 percent); and retirement and savings benefits averaged \$1.01 (4.1 percent) per hour worked.

## Private industry

In June 2004, private industry employer compensation costs averaged \$23.41 per hour worked. Wages and salaries averaged \$16.71 per hour (71.4 percent), while benefits averaged \$6.69 (28.6 percent). Employer costs for paid leave averaged \$1.49 per hour worked (6.4 percent), supplemental pay averaged 64 cents (2.7 percent), insurance benefits averaged \$1.66 (7.1 percent), retirement and savings averaged 82 cents (3.5 percent), and legally required benefits \$2.04 (8.7 percent) per hour worked. (See table 5.)

**NOTE:** The Employer Costs for Employee Compensation program converted to the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification System (SOC) with the release of March 2004 estimates. Several publications have been prepared to provide information on the transition to NAICS and SOC. See page 24 for details.

## Retirement and savings benefit costs in private industry

In June 2004, average costs in private industry for retirement and savings benefits were 82 cents per hour worked, or 3.5 percent of total compensation. The average cost per hour worked for defined benefit plans, retirement plans that specify a benefit typically based on age, years of service, and earnings, was 40 cents (1.7 percent of total compensation). The average cost of defined contribution plans, retirement plans usually based on employer contributions to individual employee accounts, was 42 cents per hour worked (1.8 percent of total compensation).

Among occupational groups, retirement and savings costs ranged from 18 cents per hour worked for service occupations to \$1.53 for management, professional, and related occupations. Sales and office occupations averaged 52 cents; production, transportation, and material moving occupations, 88 cents; and natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations, \$1.27 per hour. The proportion of total compensation represented by retirement and savings ranged from 1.5 percent for service workers to 4.8 percent for natural resources, construction, and maintenance workers. (See table 5.)

Retirement and savings costs were higher, both in amount and as a proportion of total compensation for union workers (\$2.27 and 7.1 percent of total compensation) than for nonunion workers (65 cents and 2.9 percent of total compensation). Defined benefit plan costs were significantly higher for union workers (\$1.77 and 5.5 percent of compensation) than for nonunion workers (24 cents and 1.1 percent of compensation). (See table 5.)

Retirement and savings costs were higher in goods-producing industries (\$1.38 and 5.0 percent of total compensation) than in service-providing industries (68 cents and 3.1 percent of total compensation) per hour. Within goods-producing industries, construction averaged \$1.31 per hour and manufacturing, \$1.41. Costs in service-providing industries varied widely, ranging from 10 cents in leisure and hospitality to \$1.40 in financial activities. (See table 6.)

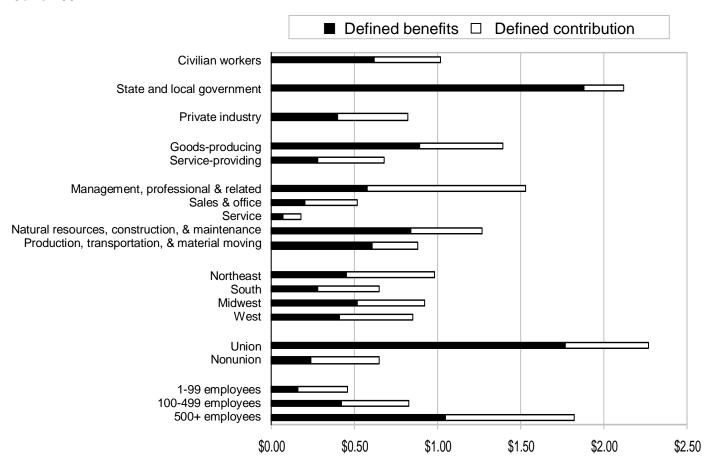
Among the four regions, retirement and savings costs ranged from 66 cents per hour in the South to 97 cents in the Northeast. Retirement and savings costs were 92 cents in the Midwest and 84 cents in the West. Within the nine census divisions, retirement and savings costs ranged from 61 cents in the East South Central division to \$1.02 in the Middle Atlantic division. (See table 7.)

Retirement and savings costs increased, both in average dollar amount per hour worked and as a proportion of total compensation, with establishment size. Establishments with fewer than 50 workers averaged 44 cents (2.2 percent), significantly less than establishments with 500 workers or more, \$1.82 (5.5 percent). (See table 8.)

Relative importance of employer costs for employee compensation, June 2004

Compensation component	Civilian workers	State and local government	Private industry
Wages and salaries	70.9%	68.9%	71.4%
Benefits	29.1	31.1	28.6
Paid leave	6.6	7.7	6.4
Supplemental pay	2.4	.9	2.7
Insurance	7.7	10.3	7.1
Health benefits	7.3	9.9	6.6
Retirement & savings	4.1	6.2	3.5
Defined benefit	2.5	5.5	1.7
Defined contribution	1.6	.7	1.8
Legally required	8.1	5.9	8.7
Other benefits	.2	.2	.2

## Employer costs per hour worked for retirement and savings benefits, by various categories, June 2004



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Table 1. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Civilian workers, by major occupational and industry group, June 2004

				Occupation	onal group			
Compensation component	A work		profes aı	ement, sional, nd ated	aı	les nd ice	Ser	vice
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$24.96	100.0	\$40.87	100.0	\$19.13	100.0	\$14.07	100.0
Wages and salaries	17.70	70.9	29.45	72.0	13.80	72.1	10.15	72.2
Total benefits	7.26	29.1	11.43	28.0	5.33	27.9	3.91	27.8
Paid leave Vacation Holiday Sick Other	1.66 .76 .56 .25	6.6 3.1 2.3 1.0 .3	3.10 1.39 1.04 .50	7.6 3.4 2.5 1.2	1.22 .55 .43 .18 .05	6.4 2.9 2.2 .9	.78 .36 .25 .13	5.6 2.6 1.8 .9
Supplemental pay	.59 .22 .06 .31	2.4 .9 .2 1.2	.89 .11 .08 .70	2.2 .3 .2 1.7	.37 .11 .02 .24	1.9 .6 .1 1.3	.24 .13 .05 .06	1.7 .9 .3 .4
Insurance  Life  Health  Short-term disability  Long-term disability	1.93 .04 1.81 .04 .03	7.7 .2 7.3 .2 .1	2.84 .08 2.63 .06 .07	6.9 .2 6.4 .2 .2	1.59 .03 1.50 .03	8.3 .2 7.9 .2 .1	1.06 .02 1.01 .02 ( <sup>5</sup> )	7.6 .1 7.2 .2 ( <sup>6</sup> )
Retirement and savings Defined benefit Defined contribution	1.01 .62 .40	4.1 2.5 1.6	1.79 1.02 .77	4.4 2.5 1.9	.58 .27 .31	3.0 1.4 1.6	.48 .37 .11	3.4 2.6 .8
Legally required benefits	2.03 1.42 1.13 .29 .03 .13	8.1 5.7 4.5 1.2 .1 .5	2.73 2.24 1.76 .48 .02 .12	6.7 5.5 4.3 1.2 .1 .3	1.54 1.14 .92 .22 .03 .13	8.1 6.0 4.8 1.2 .2 .7 1.3	1.33 .84 .67 .17 .03 .11	9.5 6.0 4.8 1.2 .2 .8 2.5
Other benefits <sup>8</sup>	.04	.2	.07	.2	.03	.1	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Civilian workers, by major occupational and industry group, June 2004 — Continued

		Occupation	onal group		Industry group				
Compensation component	resou constr ar	ural irces, uction, nd enance	transpo ai mat	uction, ortation, nd erial ving	God produ			vice- ding <sup>3</sup>	
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	
Total compensation	\$26.79	100.0	\$20.60	100.0	\$27.40	100.0	\$24.45	100.0	
Wages and salaries	18.23	68.1	13.68	66.4	18.19	66.4	17.60	72.0	
Total benefits	8.56	31.9	6.92	33.6	9.21	33.6	6.85	28.0	
Paid leave Vacation Holiday Sick Other	1.42 .73 .47 .16 .07	5.3 2.7 1.7 .6 .3	1.21 .59 .44 .13 .05	5.9 2.9 2.1 .7 .2	1.68 .87 .61 .13	6.1 3.2 2.2 .5 .3	1.65 .74 .55 .27	6.8 3.0 2.3 1.1 .3	
Supplemental pay	.83 .60 .04 .19	3.1 2.2 .2 .7	.74 .48 .09 .17	3.6 2.3 .4 .8	1.11 .56 .08 .48	4.1 2.0 .3 1.7	.48 .15 .05 .28	2.0 .6 .2 1.1	
Insurance Life	2.10 .04 1.99 .05 .02	7.8 .2 7.4 .2 .1	1.94 .04 1.83 .06 .02	9.4 .2 8.9 .3 .1	2.30 .06 2.15 .07 .03	8.4 .2 7.8 .3 .1	1.85 .04 1.74 .04	7.6 .2 7.1 .2 .1	
Retirement and savings Defined benefit Defined contribution	1.31 .91 .40	4.9 3.4 1.5	.91 .64 .27	4.4 3.1 1.3	1.39 .90 .49	5.1 3.3 1.8	.93 .56 .38	3.8 2.3 1.5	
Legally required benefits	2.87 1.52 1.23 .29 .03 .16 1.16	10.7 5.7 4.6 1.1 .1 .6 4.3	2.07 1.16 .94 .22 .03 .15	10.1 5.6 4.6 1.1 .1 .7 3.5	2.64 1.55 1.25 .30 .03 .18	9.6 5.7 4.6 1.1 .1 .7 3.2	1.91 1.39 1.11 .28 .03 .12	7.8 5.7 4.5 1.2 .1 .5	
Other benefits <sup>8</sup>	.03	.1	.05	.2	.08	.3	.03	.1	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy excluding

households and the public sector excluding the Federal government.

Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded.

Includes utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation

and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and waste services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except public administration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes premium pay for work in addition to the regular work schedule (such as overtime, weekends, and holidays).

<sup>5</sup> Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.

<sup>6</sup> Less than .05 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance

<sup>(</sup>OASDI) program.

8 Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment

Table 2. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Civilian workers, by occupational and industry group, June 2004

						Benefit cost	3		
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Other benefits <sup>1</sup>
				Cos	t per hour v	vorked			
Civilian workers <sup>2</sup>	\$24.96	\$17.70	\$7.26	\$1.66	\$0.59	\$1.93	\$1.01	\$2.03	\$0.04
Occupational group									
Management, professional, and related		29.45	11.43	3.10	.89	2.84	1.79	2.73	.07
Management, business, and financial	45.29	32.12	13.18	3.77	1.49	2.90	1.95	2.96	.11
Professional and related	38.82	28.20	10.61	2.78	.61	2.81	1.72	2.63	.06
Teachers <sup>3</sup> Primary, secondary, and special	43.70	32.89	10.81	2.21	.10	3.43	2.47	2.55	.05
education school teachers	42.09	31.33	10.75	2.20	.11	3.72	2.36	2.30	.07
Registered nurses	37.94	27.04	10.73	3.11	1.25	2.32	1.29	2.92	.02
Sales and office	19.13	13.80	5.33	1.22	.37	1.59	.58	1.54	.03
Sales and related	17.77	13.61	4.16	.86	.37	.99	.38	1.56	(4)
Office and administrative support	19.92	13.91	6.01	1.43	.37	1.95	.70	1.53	.03
Service	14.07	10.15	3.91	.78	.24	1.06	.48	1.33	(4)
Natural resources, construction, and									
maintenance	26.79	18.23	8.56	1.42	.83	2.10	1.31	2.87	.03
Construction and extraction	26.94	18.32	8.63	1.05	.79	2.03	1.52	3.20	.02
Installation, maintenance, and repair	26.92	18.33	8.60	1.89	.88	2.22	1.08	2.49	.05
Production, transportation, and material	00.00	40.00	0.00	4.04	7.4	4.04	04	0.07	0.5
moving	20.60 21.28	13.68	6.92	1.21	.74	1.94 2.02	.91	2.07 2.06	.05
Production  Transportation and material moving	19.88	13.87 13.47	7.41 6.40	1.35 1.06	.93 .53	1.86	.98 .83	2.06	.02
Transportation and material moving	19.00	13.47	0.40	1.00	.55	1.00	.03	2.09	.02
Industry group									
Education and health services	29.30	21.22	8.09	2.02	.33	2.46	1.24	2.01	.02
Educational services	35.70	26.01	9.69	2.21	.12	3.26	1.95	2.11	.04
Elementary and secondary schools	35.09	25.57	9.51	1.98	.11	3.51	1.88	1.98	.06
Junior colleges, colleges, and									
universities	38.99	28.19	10.81	2.92	.15	2.99	2.33	2.41	(4)
Health care and social assistance	24.34	17.50	6.84	1.86	.49	1.85	.69	1.93	(4)
Hospitals	29.39	20.28	9.11	2.52	.81	2.51	1.05	2.19	.02
				Percent	of total con	npensation		,	
Civilian workers <sup>2</sup>	400.0	70.0	20.4	0.0	2.4	7.7	4.4	0.4	0.0
	100.0	70.9	29.1	6.6	2.4	7.7	4.1	8.1	0.2
Occupational group									
Management, professional, and related	100.0	72.0	28.0	7.6	2.2	6.9	4.4	6.7	.2
Management, business, and financial	100.0	70.9	29.1	8.3	3.3	6.4	4.3	6.5	.2
Professional and related		72.7	27.3	7.2	1.6	7.2	4.4	6.8	.2
Teachers <sup>3</sup>	100.0	75.3	24.7	5.1	.2	7.8	5.6	5.8	.1
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	100.0	74.4	25.6	5.2	.2	8.8	5.6	5.5	.2
Registered nurses	100.0	71.3	28.7	8.2	3.3	6.1	3.4	7.7	.1
Sales and office	100.0	72.1	27.9	6.4	1.9	8.3	3.0	8.1	1
Sales and related	100.0	76.6	23.4	4.8	2.1	5.6	2.1	8.8	(5)
Office and administrative support	100.0	69.8	30.2	7.2	1.9	9.8	3.5	7.7	.2
Service	100.0	72.2	27.8	5.6	1.7	7.6	3.4	9.5	(5)
Natural resources, construction, and									, ,
maintenance	100.0	68.1	31.9	5.3	3.1	7.8	4.9	10.7	.1
Construction and extraction	100.0	68.0	32.0	3.9	2.9	7.5	5.7	11.9	.1
Installation, maintenance, and repair	100.0	68.1	31.9	7.0	3.3	8.2	4.0	9.2	.2
Production, transportation, and material									_
moving	100.0	66.4	33.6	5.9	3.6	9.4	4.4	10.1	.2
Production  Transportation and material moving	100.0 100.0	65.2 67.8	34.8 32.2	6.3 5.4	4.4 2.7	9.5 9.4	4.6 4.2	9.7 10.5	.4
Industry group									
Education and health services	100.0	72.4	27.6	6.9	1.1	8.4	4.2	6.9	.1
Educational services	100.0	72.8	27.2	6.2	.3	9.1	5.4	5.9	.1
Elementary and secondary schools	100.0	72.9	27.1	5.6	.3	10.0	5.3	5.6	.2
Junior colleges, colleges, and									
	100.0	72.3	27.7	7.5	.4	7.7	6.0	6.2	(5)
universities				7.0					
universities  Health care and social assistance  Hospitals	100.0 100.0 100.0	71.9 69.0	28.1 31.0	7.7 8.6	2.0 2.8	7.6 8.5	2.8 3.6	7.9 7.4	(5)

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.  $^2$  Includes workers in the private nonfarm economy excluding households and the public sector excluding the Federal government.  $^3$  Includes postsecondary teachers; primary, secondary, and special education teachers; and other teachers and instructors.

Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Less than .05 percent.

Table 3. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: State and local government workers, by major occupational and industry group, June 2004

				Occupatio	nal group <sup>1</sup>				Industr	y group
Compensation component		All Management, professional, and service Service Service		Service-p	providing <sup>2</sup>					
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$34.13	100.0	\$41.53	100.0	\$23.57	100.0	\$26.31	100.0	\$34.28	100.0
Wages and salaries	23.52	68.9	29.89	72.0	15.06	63.9	16.61	63.1	23.66	69.0
Total benefits	10.61	31.1	11.63	28.0	8.51	36.1	9.70	36.9	10.62	31.0
Paid leave Vacation Holiday	2.61 .91 .86	7.7 2.7 2.5	2.79 .82 .94	6.7 2.0 2.3	2.25 .91 .74	9.5 3.9 3.2	2.42 1.04 .78	9.2 3.9 3.0	2.62 .91 .87	7.6 2.7 2.5
SickOther	.63 .20	1.9 .6	.79 .24	1.9 .6	.46 .13	2.0 .6	.43 .17	1.6 .6	.64 .20	1.9 .6
Supplemental pay	.31 .14 .07 .10	.9 .4 .2 .3	.18 .04 .05	.4 .1 .1 .2	.16 .07 .02 .07	.7 .3 .1 .3	.61 .32 .14 .14	2.3 1.2 .5 .5	.31 .14 .07 .10	.9 .4 .2 .3
Insurance	3.51 .06 3.38 .03 .04	10.3 .2 9.9 .1 .1	3.85 .07 3.71 .02 .05	9.3 .2 8.9 ( <sup>4</sup> )	3.23 .05 3.14 .02 .03	13.7 .2 13.3 .1	2.88 .04 2.74 .08 .03	11.0 .2 10.4 .3 .1	3.51 .06 3.38 .03 .04	10.2 .2 9.9 .1 .1
Retirement and savings  Defined benefit  Defined contribution	2.12 1.88 .24	6.2 5.5 .7	2.45 2.15 .31	5.9 5.2 .7	1.34 1.19 .15	5.7 5.0 .6	2.11 1.97 .14	8.0 7.5 .5	2.13 1.89 .24	6.2 5.5 .7
Legally required benefits Social Security and Medicare Social Security <sup>5</sup> Medicare Federal unemployment insurance State unemployment insurance Workers' compensation	2.00 1.55 1.19 .36 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .06 .40	5.9 4.5 3.5 1.0 ( <sup>4</sup> ) .2 1.2	2.29 1.92 1.47 .45 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .05 .32	5.5 4.6 3.5 1.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) .1	1.50 1.15 .91 .24 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .05 .30	6.4 4.9 3.8 1.0 ( <sup>4</sup> ) .2 1.3	1.64 1.02 .77 .25 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .07	6.2 3.9 2.9 1.0 ( <sup>4</sup> ) .3 2.1	2.01 1.55 1.20 .36 ( <sup>6</sup> ) .06 .40	5.9 4.5 3.5 1.0 ( <sup>4</sup> ) .2 1.2
Other benefits <sup>7</sup>	.05	.2	.06	.1	.04	.1	.06	.2	.05	.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This table presents data for the three major occupational groups in State and local government: management, professional, and related occupations, including teachers; sales and office occupations, including clerical workers; and

service occupations, including police and firefighters.

<sup>2</sup> Service-providing industries, which include health and educational services, employ a large part of the State and local government workforce.

<sup>3</sup> Includes premium pay for work in addition to the regular work schedule

<sup>(</sup>such as overtime, weekends, and holidays).

 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Less than .05 percent.  $^5$  Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) program.

 <sup>6</sup> Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.
 7 Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.

Table 4. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: State and local government workers, by occupational and industry group, June 2004

						Benefit cost	S		
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Other benefits <sup>1</sup>
			ı	Cos	t per hour v	vorked		1	1
State and local government workers	\$34.13	\$23.52	\$10.61	\$2.61	\$0.31	\$3.51	\$2.12	\$2.00	\$0.05
Occupational group									
Management, professional, and related Professional and related	41.53 41.27	29.89 30.06	11.63 11.21	2.79 2.49	.18	3.85 3.79	2.45 2.40	2.29	.06
Teachers <sup>2</sup> Primary, secondary, and special	46.30	34.63	11.67	2.34	.10	3.89	2.83	2.45	.07
education school teachers  Sales and office  Office and administrative support	44.99 23.57 23.56	33.43 15.06 15.05	11.56 8.51 8.51	2.31 2.25 2.25	.10 .16 .16	4.09 3.23 3.23	2.66 1.34 1.34	2.32 1.50 1.49	.08 .04 .04
Service	26.31	16.61	9.70	2.42	.61	2.88	2.11	1.64	.06
Industry group									
Education and health services  Educational services  Elementary and secondary schools  Junior colleges, colleges, and	35.97 36.65 35.84	25.86 26.56 26.05	10.11 10.09 9.80	2.36 2.24 2.01	.20 .12 .11	3.48 3.56 3.69	2.02 2.12 1.99	2.01 2.01 1.93	.05 .05 .06
universities Health care and social assistance Hospitals	39.69 31.80 29.17	28.53 21.58 19.38	11.16 10.22 9.79	3.00 3.09 2.94	.17 .68 .70	3.18 2.98 2.73	2.56 1.39 1.36	2.26 2.04 2.02	( <sup>3</sup> ) .04 .05
Public administration	31.64	20.30	11.34	3.00	.45	3.54	2.37	1.91	.06
				Percent	of total con	npensation			
State and local government workers	100.0	68.9	31.1	7.7	0.9	10.3	6.2	5.9	0.2
Occupational group									
Management, professional, and related  Professional and related  Teachers <sup>2</sup> Primary, secondary, and special	100.0 100.0 100.0	72.0 72.8 74.8	28.0 27.2 25.2	6.7 6.0 5.1	.4 .5 .2	9.3 9.2 8.4	5.9 5.8 6.1	5.5 5.5 5.3	.1 .2 .1
education school teachers  Sales and office	100.0 100.0 100.0	74.3 63.9 63.9	25.7 36.1 36.1	5.1 9.5 9.5	.2 .7 .7	9.1 13.7 13.7	5.9 5.7 5.7	5.2 6.4 6.3	.2 .1 .2
Service	100.0	63.1	36.9	9.2	2.3	11.0	8.0	6.2	.2
Industry group									
Education and health services  Educational services  Elementary and secondary schools	100.0 100.0 100.0	71.9 72.5 72.7	28.1 27.5 27.3	6.6 6.1 5.6	.6 .3 .3	9.7 9.7 10.3	5.6 5.8 5.6	5.6 5.5 5.4	.1 .1 .2
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities  Health care and social assistance	100.0 100.0	71.9 67.9	28.1 32.1	7.5 9.7	.4 2.1	8.0 9.4	6.5 4.4	5.7 6.4	( <sup>4</sup> ) .1
Hospitals Public administration	100.0 100.0	66.4 64.2	33.6 35.8	10.1 9.5	2.4 1.4	9.4 11.2	4.7 7.5	6.9 6.0	.2 .2

Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.
 Includes postsecondary teachers; primary, secondary, and special education teachers; and other teachers and instructors.
 Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Less than .05 percent.

Table 5. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by major occupational group and bargaining status, June 2004

				Occupation	onal group	ı		
Compensation component	1	ıll kers	profes aı	gement, sional, nd ated	a	iles nd ïice	Service	
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$23.41	100.0	\$40.62	100.0	\$18.76	100.0	\$11.77	100.0
Wages and salaries	16.71	71.4	29.27	72.1	13.70	73.0	8.95	76.0
Total benefits	6.69	28.6	11.35	27.9	5.07	27.0	2.83	24.0
Paid leave Vacation Holiday Sick Other	1.49 .74 .51 .18	6.4 3.2 2.2 .8 .3	3.21 1.62 1.08 .38 .14	7.9 4.0 2.7 .9	1.13 .52 .40 .16 .05	6.0 2.8 2.1 .8 .3	.48 .23 .15 .08	4.1 2.0 1.3 .6 .1
Supplemental pay  Overtime and premium <sup>1</sup> Shift differentials  Nonproduction bonuses	.64 .24 .06 .35	2.7 1.0 .2 1.5	1.17 .14 .10 .93	2.9 .3 .2 2.3	.39 .11 .02 .26	2.1 .6 .1 1.4	.17 .10 .03 .04	1.5 .8 .3 .4
Insurance Life Health Short-term disability Long-term disability	1.66 .04 1.54 .05	7.1 .2 6.6 .2	2.44 .08 2.21 .08 .07	6.0 .2 5.4 .2	1.46 .03 1.37 .03	7.8 .2 7.3 .2 .1	.72 ( <sup>2</sup> ) .69 ( <sup>2</sup> )	6.1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 5.9 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )
Retirement and savings Defined benefit Defined contribution	.82 .40 .42	3.5 1.7 1.8	1.53 .58 .95	3.8 1.4 2.3	.52 .20 .32	2.8 1.0 1.7	.18 .07 .11	1.5 .6 .9
Legally required benefits  Social Security and Medicare  Social Security <sup>4</sup> Medicare  Federal unemployment insurance  State unemployment insurance  Workers' compensation	2.04 1.40 1.12 .28 .03 .14	8.7 6.0 4.8 1.2 .1 .6 2.0	2.90 2.37 1.88 .49 .03 .15	7.2 5.8 4.6 1.2 .1 .4	1.55 1.14 .92 .22 .03 .13	8.2 6.1 4.9 1.2 .2 .7 1.3	1.28 .81 .65 .15 .04 .12	10.8 6.9 5.6 1.3 .3 1.0 2.7
Other benefits <sup>5</sup>	.04	.2	.08	.2	.02	.1	(2)	(3)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by major occupational group and bargaining status, June 2004 — Continued

		Occupation	onal group	ı		Bargaini	ng status	
Compensation component	Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		Production, transportation, and material moving		Union		Non	union
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$26.60	100.0	\$20.26	100.0	\$32.04	100.0	\$22.38	100.0
Wages and salaries	18.21	68.5	13.50	66.6	20.25	63.2	16.29	72.8
Total benefits	8.38	31.5	6.76	33.4	11.79	36.8	6.09	27.2
Paid leave Vacation Holiday Sick Other	1.29 .68 .43 .12	4.8 2.6 1.6 .5	1.15 .57 .42 .12	5.7 2.8 2.1 .6 .2	2.16 1.10 .69 .27 .10	6.7 3.4 2.2 .8 .3	1.42 .70 .49 .17	6.3 3.1 2.2 .8 .3
Supplemental pay  Overtime and premium¹  Shift differentials  Nonproduction bonuses	.86 .62 .04 .20	3.2 2.3 .2 .7	.75 .48 .09 .18	3.7 2.4 .4 .9	1.04 .65 .17 .22	3.3 2.0 .5 .7	.59 .19 .04 .36	2.6 .8 .2 1.6
Insurance Life	2.00 .04 1.89 .05	7.5 .2 7.1 .2	1.85 .04 1.73 .06	9.1 .2 8.5 .3	3.36 .06 3.16 .09	10.5 .2 9.9 .3	1.46 .04 1.35 .04	6.5 .2 6.0 .2 .1
Retirement and savings Defined benefit Defined contribution	1.27 .84 .43	4.8 3.2 1.6	.88 .61 .27	4.3 3.0 1.3	2.27 1.77 .50	7.1 5.5 1.6	.65 .24 .41	2.9 1.1 1.8
Legally required benefits	2.94 1.54 1.24 .29 .03 .17 1.20	11.0 5.8 4.7 1.1 .1 .6 4.5	2.08 1.15 .93 .22 .03 .16	10.3 5.7 4.6 1.1 .2 .8 3.6	2.85 1.74 1.41 .34 .03 .19	8.9 5.4 4.4 1.0 .1 .6 2.7	1.94 1.36 1.09 .27 .03 .14	8.7 6.1 4.9 1.2 .1 .6 1.9
Other benefits <sup>5</sup>	.03	.1	.05	.3	.10	.3	.03	.1

Includes premium pay for work in addition to the regular work schedule (such as overtime, weekends, and holidays).
 Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.
 Less than .05 percent.
 Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) program.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 5}$  Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment

Table 6. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by major industry group, June 2004

			Goods-pi	roducing <sup>1</sup>					Service-p	providing <sup>2</sup>		
Compensation component		All goods- producing <sup>1</sup> Construction Manufacturing			All service- providing <sup>2</sup>		Trade, transportation, and utilities		Information			
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$27.42	100.0	\$27.28	100.0	\$27.29	100.0	\$22.40	100.0	\$19.81	100.0	\$34.13	100.0
Wages and salaries	18.22	66.5	18.92	69.3	17.77	65.1	16.33	72.9	14.25	71.9	23.93	70.1
Total benefits	9.20	33.5	8.37	30.7	9.51	34.9	6.07	27.1	5.56	28.1	10.20	29.9
Paid leave Vacation Holiday Sick Other	1.67 .86 .60 .13	6.1 3.1 2.2 .5 .3	.93 .53 .32 .06	3.4 1.9 1.2 .2	2.00 1.00 .74 .16 .10	7.3 3.7 2.7 .6 .4	1.45 .71 .49 .19	6.5 3.2 2.2 .9	1.13 .55 .38 .16	5.7 2.8 1.9 .8	2.86 1.39 .93 .32 .22	8.4 4.1 2.7 .9
Supplemental pay  Overtime and premium <sup>5</sup> Shift differentials  Nonproduction bonuses	1.12 .56 .08 .49	4.1 2.0 .3 1.8	1.12 .51 ( <sup>3</sup> ) .60	4.1 1.9 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 2.2	1.12 .58 .11 .43	4.1 2.1 .4 1.6	.52 .15 .05 .31	2.3 .7 .2 1.4	.44 .20 .03 .21	2.2 1.0 .1 1.1	.96 .30 .05 .61	2.8 .9 .1 1.8
Insurance Life Health Short-term disability Long-term disability	2.29 .06 2.13 .07	8.3 .2 7.8 .3	1.78 .03 1.71 .03 ( <sup>3</sup> )	6.5 .1 6.3 .1 ( <sup>4</sup> )	2.49 .06 2.30 .08 .04	9.1 .2 8.4 .3	1.50 .04 1.40 .04	6.7 .2 6.2 .2	1.49 .03 1.40 .04	7.5 .2 7.0 .2 .1	2.61 .05 2.37 .11	7.7 .2 6.9 .3
Retirement and savings Defined benefit Defined contribution	1.38 .89 .50	5.0 3.2 1.8	1.31 .83 .48	4.8 3.0 1.8	1.41 .91 .50	5.2 3.3 1.8	.68 .28 .40	3.1 1.2 1.8	.66 .35 .31	3.3 1.8 1.6	1.22 .63 .60	3.6 1.8 1.7
Legally required benefits  Social Security and Medicare  Social Security <sup>6</sup> Medicare  Federal unemployment insurance  State unemployment insurance  Workers' compensation	2.66 1.56 1.26 .30 .03 .18	9.7 5.7 4.6 1.1 .1 .7 3.2	3.22 1.58 1.27 .31 .03 .21 1.40	11.8 5.8 4.7 1.1 .1 .8 5.1	2.37 1.54 1.24 .30 .03 .17	8.7 5.7 4.6 1.1 .1 .6 2.3	1.89 1.36 1.09 .27 .03 .13	8.4 6.1 4.8 1.2 .2 .6 1.6	1.82 1.17 .95 .23 .04 .13	9.2 5.9 4.8 1.2 .2 .6 2.4	2.44 1.98 1.58 .40 .03 .14	7.2 5.8 4.6 1.2 .1 .4
Other benefits <sup>7</sup>	.08	.3	(3)	(4)	.12	.5	.03	.1	.02	.1	.10	.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by major industry group, June 2004 — Continued

					Service-p	providing <sup>2</sup>				
Compensation component	Financial	activities	Professional and business services		Education and health services		Leisure and hospitality		Other services	
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$32.15	100.0	\$26.94	100.0	\$24.78	100.0	\$10.50	100.0	\$20.21	100.0
Wages and salaries	22.52	70.0	20.02	74.3	18.07	72.9	8.31	79.2	14.86	73.5
Total benefits	9.63	30.0	6.92	25.7	6.71	27.1	2.18	20.8	5.35	26.5
Paid leave	2.28 1.12 .78 .29 .10	7.1 3.5 2.4 .9	1.85 .88 .66 .24	6.9 3.3 2.5 .9	1.79 .89 .58 .25	7.2 3.6 2.3 1.0	.32 .17 .10 .04	3.1 1.7 .9 .4 ( <sup>4</sup> )	1.31 .62 .46 .18	6.5 3.1 2.3 .9
Supplemental pay	1.30 .09 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1.20	4.0 .3 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 3.7	.63 .16 .03 .43	2.3 .6 .1 1.6	.42 .15 .16 .11	1.7 .6 .6 .4	.13 .08 ( <sup>3</sup> ) .04	1.2 .7 ( <sup>4</sup> ) .4	.32 .10 .03 .19	1.6 .5 .1
Insurance Life Health Short-term disability Long-term disability	2.36 .07 2.18 .06	7.3 .2 6.8 .2	1.51 .05 1.38 .05 .04	5.6 .2 5.1 .2 .1	1.78 .04 1.66 .04	7.2 .2 6.7 .1	.43 ( <sup>3</sup> ) .41 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	4.1 ( <sup>4</sup> ) 3.9 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	1.34 .03 1.25 .02	6.6 .2 6.2 .1 .1
Retirement and savings  Defined benefit  Defined contribution	1.40 .58 .82	4.4 1.8 2.6	.73 .27 .46	2.7 1.0 1.7	.71 .19 .52	2.9 .8 2.1	.10 .03 .07	1.0 .3 .7	.57 .18 .38	2.8 .9 1.9
Legally required benefits	2.18 1.77 1.39 .38 .03 .17	6.8 5.5 4.3 1.2 .1 .5	2.17 1.63 1.30 .33 .03 .16	8.0 6.1 4.8 1.2 .1 .6 1.3	2.01 1.51 1.22 .30 .03 .13	8.1 6.1 4.9 1.2 .1 .5	1.20 .79 .64 .15 .04 .11	11.4 7.5 6.1 1.4 .4 1.0 2.5	1.82 1.23 .99 .24 .03 .12	9.0 6.1 4.9 1.2 .2 .6 2.1
Other benefits <sup>7</sup>	.11	.3	.03	.1	(3)	(4)	(3)	(4)	(3)	(4)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded.
<sup>2</sup> Includes utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental location; perfessional and technical sequences; and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; administrative and waste services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except public administration.

Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.
 Less than .05 percent.
 Includes premium pay for work in addition to the regular work schedule (such as overtime, weekends, and holidays).
 Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)

program.

Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.

Table 7. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by census region and division, and area, June 2004

				Cen	sus regior	and divis	ion <sup>1</sup>			
Compensation	Nort	heast		Northeast	divisions		South		South divisions	
component	Cost	Percent	New E	ngland	Middle	Atlantic	Cost	Percent	South	Atlantic
	0001	. Groom	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	. 000.	. Groom	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$26.17	100.0	\$25.07	100.0	\$26.62	100.0	\$20.80	100.0	\$21.25	100.0
Wages and salaries	18.52	70.8	18.01	71.9	18.72	70.3	15.06	72.4	15.46	72.8
Total benefits	7.65	29.2	7.06	28.1	7.90	29.7	5.74	27.6	5.78	27.2
Paid leave	1.83	7.0	1.69	6.7	1.89	7.1	1.29	6.2	1.33	6.3
Vacation	.89	3.4	.81	3.2	.92	3.4	.64	3.1	.66	3.1
Holiday	.63	2.4	.60	2.4	.64	2.4	.44	2.1	.46	2.1
Sick	.23	.9	.20	.8	.25	.9	.15	.7	.16	.8
Other	.08	.3	.07	.3	.08	.3	.05	.3	.05	.3
Supplemental pay	.76	2.9	.72	2.9	.77	2.9	.52	2.5	.51	2.4
Overtime and premium <sup>2</sup>	.22 .06	.8 .2	.22 .06	.9 .2	.22 .06	.8 .2	.22 .05	1.0	.21 .05	1.0
Shift differentials  Nonproduction bonuses	.48	1.8	.44	1.8	.49	1.9	.25	1.2	.25	1.2
Insurance	1.83	7.0	1.60	6.4	1.92	7.2	1.47	7.1	1.45	6.8
Life	.05	.2	.04	.2	.05	.2	.04	.2	.04	.2
Health	1.69	6.5	1.49	6.0	1.77	6.6	1.36	6.5	1.33	6.3
Short-term disability	.06	.2	.04	.2	.07	.3	.04	.2	.04	.2
Long-term disability	.03	.1	.03	.1	.03	.1	.03	.1	.03	.2
Retirement and savings		3.7	.86	3.4	1.02	3.8	.66	3.2	.65	3.1
Defined benefit	.45	1.7	.34	1.4	.49	1.8	.28	1.4	.27	1.3
Defined contribution	.53	2.0	.52	2.1	.53	2.0	.37	1.8	.39	1.8
Legally required benefits		8.5	2.15	8.6	2.24	8.4	1.78	8.6	1.81	8.5
Social Security and Medicare	1.56	6.0	1.53	6.1	1.57	5.9	1.26	6.1	1.30	6.1
Social Security <sup>3</sup>		4.8	1.22	4.9	1.26	4.7	1.02	4.9	1.04	4.9
Medicare	.31	1.2	.30	1.2	.31	1.2	.25	1.2	.25	1.2
Federal unemployment insurance	.03	.1	.03	.1	.03	.1	.03	.2	.03	.2
State unemployment insurance	.20	.7	.20	.8	.19	.7	.10	.5	.10	.5
Workers' compensation	.43	1.6	.39	1.5	.44	1.7	.38	1.8	.38	1.8
Other benefits <sup>4</sup>	.05	.2	.03	.1	.06	.2	.03	.1	.03	.1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by census region and division, and area, June 2004 — Continued

	Census region and division <sup>1</sup>											
Compensation		South o	livisions		Mid	west	Midwest divisions					
component	East South Central		West South Central		Cost	Percent	East North Central		West North Central			
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent			Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent		
Total compensation	\$19.47	100.0	\$20.68	100.0	\$23.44	100.0	\$24.14	100.0	\$21.89	100.0		
Wages and salaries	13.84	71.1	14.96	72.3	16.52	70.5	16.79	69.5	15.95	72.9		
Total benefits	5.63	28.9	5.72	27.7	6.91	29.5	7.36	30.5	5.93	27.1		
Paid leave Vacation Holiday Sick Other  Supplemental pay Overtime and premium <sup>2</sup> Shift differentials Nonproduction bonuses  Insurance	1.15 .58 .39 .13 .05 .57 .23 .06 .28	5.9 3.0 2.0 .7 .3 2.9 1.2 .3 1.4	1.27 .62 .45 .16 .05 .51 .22 .04 .24	6.2 3.0 2.2 .8 .2 2.4 1.1 .2 1.2	1.45 .71 .50 .16 .07 .72 .28 .07 .37	6.2 3.0 2.1 .7 .3 3.1 1.2 .3 1.6	1.52 .75 .53 .16 .08 .80 .30 .08 .43	6.3 3.1 2.2 .7 .3 3.3 1.2 .3 1.8	1.27 .64 .42 .15 .06 .54 .23 .05 .26	5.8 2.9 1.9 .7 .3 2.5 1.1 .2 1.2		
Life Health Short-term disability Long-term disability	.03 1.43 .05 .02	7.3 7.3 .3 .1	.04 1.37 .04 .03	.2 6.6 .2 .1	.04 1.67 .05 .03	7.1 7.1 .2 .1	.04 1.80 .05 .03	.2 7.4 .2 .1	.04 1.41 .05 .03	.2 6.4 .2 .1		
Retirement and savings	.61 .25 .36	3.1 1.3 1.8	.69 .33 .36	3.3 1.6 1.7	.92 .52 .40	3.9 2.2 1.7	1.00 .59 .41	4.1 2.4 1.7	.74 .37 .37	3.4 1.7 1.7		
Legally required benefits Social Security and Medicare Social Security <sup>3</sup> Medicare Federal unemployment insurance State unemployment insurance Workers' compensation	1.73 1.19 .96 .23 .03 .11	8.9 6.1 5.0 1.2 .2 .5 2.0	1.75 1.24 .99 .24 .03 .11	8.5 6.0 4.8 1.2 .2 .5 1.8	1.97 1.37 1.10 .27 .03 .14	8.4 5.9 4.7 1.2 .1 .6 1.8	2.04 1.42 1.14 .28 .03 .15	8.4 5.9 4.7 1.2 .1 .6 1.8	1.84 1.28 1.01 .26 .03 .12	8.4 5.8 4.6 1.2 .1 .5		
Other benefits <sup>4</sup>	.03	.1	.03	.1	.06	.2	.07	.3	.02	.1		

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by census region and division, and area, June 2004 — Continued

		Cen	sus regio	n and divis	ion <sup>1</sup>		Area				
Compensation	West			West d	ivisions		Metropolitan area		Nonmetropolitan area		
component	Cost	Percent	Mountain		Pa	cific	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	
			Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent					
Total compensation	\$25.09	100.0	\$20.89	100.0	\$26.71	100.0	\$23.99	100.0	\$18.41	100.0	
Wages and salaries	17.97	71.7	15.13	72.4	19.08	71.4	17.16	71.5	12.90	70.1	
Total benefits	7.11	28.3	5.76	27.6	7.64	28.6	6.83	28.5	5.51	29.9	
Paid leave	1.58 .80 .53 .20	6.3 3.2 2.1 .8 .2	1.21 .62 .40 .15	5.8 3.0 1.9 .7	1.73 .87 .59 .22	6.5 3.2 2.2 .8 .2	1.54 .76 .53 .19	6.4 3.2 2.2 .8 .3	1.08 .55 .37 .11	5.8 3.0 2.0 .6 .2	
Supplemental pay	.63 .23 .05 .35	2.5 .9 .2 1.4	.58 .22 .05 .31	2.8 1.1 .2 1.5	.64 .23 .05 .37	2.4 .9 .2 1.4	.65 .23 .05 .36	2.7 1.0 .2 1.5	.55 .28 .06 .20	3.0 1.5 .3 1.1	
Insurance Life Health Short-term disability Long-term disability	1.65 .04 1.55 .03	6.6 .1 6.2 .1	1.42 .03 1.34 .03	6.8 .1 6.4 .1	1.74 .04 1.64 .03	6.5 .1 6.1 .1	1.68 .04 1.56 .05	7.0 .2 6.5 .2	1.54 .04 1.43 .04	8.3 .2 7.8 .2 .1	
Retirement and savings  Defined benefit  Defined contribution	.84 .41 .44	3.4 1.6 1.7	.63 .23 .41	3.0 1.1 1.9	.92 .48 .45	3.5 1.8 1.7	.85 .41 .44	3.5 1.7 1.8	.62 .31 .31	3.4 1.7 1.7	
Legally required benefits  Social Security and Medicare  Social Security <sup>3</sup> Medicare  Federal unemployment insurance  State unemployment insurance  Workers' compensation	2.38 1.49 1.20 .30 .03 .16	9.5 5.9 4.8 1.2 .1 .7 2.8	1.90 1.28 1.03 .25 .03 .10	9.1 6.1 4.9 1.2 .2 .5 2.3	2.57 1.57 1.26 .31 .03 .19	9.6 5.9 4.7 1.2 .1 .7 2.9	2.08 1.43 1.15 .28 .03 .14	8.7 6.0 4.8 1.2 .1 .6 2.0	1.72 1.12 .90 .21 .03 .13	9.3 6.1 4.9 1.2 .2 .7 2.4	
Other benefits <sup>4</sup>	.02	.1	.02	.1	.03	.1	.04	.2	(5)	( <sup>6</sup> )	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The States that comprise the census divisions are: New England: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont; Middle Atlantic: New Jersey, New York, and Pennsylvania; South Atlantic: Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia; East South Central: Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee; West South Central: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas; East North Central: Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin; West North Central: Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota; Mountain: Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming; and Pacific: Alaska,

- California, Hawaii, Oregon, and Washington.

  <sup>2</sup> Includes premium pay for work in addition to the regular work schedule (such as overtime, weekends, and holidays).

  <sup>3</sup> Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)
- program.
- Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.
- <sup>5</sup> Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less. 6 Less than .05 percent.

Table 8. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by establishment employment size, June 2004

			1-99 w	orkers					100 worke	ers or more	)	
Compensation component	1-99 workers		1-49 workers		50-99 workers		100 workers or more		100-499 workers		500 workers or more	
	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent	Cost	Percent
Total compensation	\$19.72	100.0	\$19.64	100.0	\$19.95	100.0	\$27.87	100.0	\$23.57	100.0	\$33.31	100.0
Wages and salaries	14.61	74.1	14.67	74.7	14.41	72.2	19.25	69.1	16.68	70.8	22.52	67.6
Total benefits	5.11	25.9	4.97	25.3	5.54	27.8	8.61	30.9	6.89	29.2	10.80	32.4
Paid leave	1.05	5.3	1.01	5.2	1.17	5.9	2.03	7.3	1.50	6.4	2.69	8.1
Vacation	.51	2.6	.49	2.5	.58	2.9	1.01	3.6	.74	3.1	1.35	4.1
Holiday	.37	1.9	.36	1.8	.41	2.1	.68	2.5	.52	2.2	.89	2.7
Sick	.13	.7	.13	.6	.14	.7	.24	.9	.17	.7	.33	1.0
Other	.04	.2	.04	.2	.05	.2	.09	.3	.06	.3	.13	.4
Supplemental pay	.50	2.6	.50	2.5	.51	2.6	.80	2.9	.62	2.7	1.02	3.1
Overtime and premium <sup>1</sup>	.18	.9	.17	.9	.24	1.2	.30	1.1	.26	1.1	.34	1.0
Shift differentials	.02	.1	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)	.03	.2	.10	.4	.06	.2	.16	.5
Nonproduction bonuses	.30	1.5	.32	1.6	.24	1.2	.40	1.4	.31	1.3	.53	1.6
Insurance	1.21	6.1	1.13	5.8	1.45	7.3	2.21	7.9	1.86	7.9	2.65	8.0
Life	.03	.2	.03	.1	.04	.2	.05	.2	.04	.2	.07	.2
Health	1.14	5.8	1.07	5.4	1.35	6.8	2.04	7.3	1.72	7.3	2.44	7.3
Short-term disability	.03	.1	.02	.1	.04	.2	.07	.3	.06	.3	.08	.2
Long-term disability	.02	.1	.02	.1	.02	.1	.05	.2	.03	.1	.06	.2
Retirement and savings	.46	2.3	.44	2.2	.51	2.6	1.27	4.5	.83	3.5	1.82	5.5
Defined benefit	.16	.8	.15	.8	.18	.9	.70	2.5	.42	1.8	1.05	3.2
Defined contribution	.30	1.5	.29	1.5	.33	1.7	.57	2.0	.41	1.7	.77	2.3
Legally required benefits	1.87	9.5	1.87	9.5	1.89	9.5	2.24	8.0	2.05	8.7	2.49	7.5
Social Security and Medicare	1.21	6.2	1.21	6.2	1.21	6.1	1.62	5.8	1.39	5.9	1.91	5.7
Social Security <sup>4</sup>	.97	4.9	.97	5.0	.97	4.9	1.30	4.7	1.12	4.7	1.53	4.6
Medicare	.24	1.2	.24	1.2	.24	1.2	.32	1.1	.27	1.2	.38	1.1
Federal unemployment insurance	.04	.2	.04	.2	.03	.2	.03	.1	.03	.1	.03	.1
State unemployment insurance	.14	.7	.13	.7	.15	.7	.15	.5	.16	.7	.14	.4
Workers' compensation	.49	2.5	.49	2.5	.49	2.5	.44	1.6	.47	2.0	.41	1.2
Other benefits <sup>5</sup>	(2)	( <sup>3</sup> )	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)	( <sup>2</sup> )	(3)	.07	.3	.03	.1	.13	.4

Includes premium pay for work in addition to the regular work schedule (such as overtime, weekends, and holidays).
 Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.
 Less than .05 percent.

 $<sup>^4\,</sup>$  Comprises the Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) program.  $^5\,$  Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.

Table 9. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, goods-producing and service-providing industries, by occupational group, June 2004

	Total					Benefit costs	3		
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Other benefits
				Cos	t per hour v	vorked		ı	
workers in private industry	\$23.41	\$16.71	\$6.69	\$1.49	\$0.64	\$1.66	\$0.82	\$2.04	\$0.04
Management, professional, and related	40.62	29.27	11.35	3.21	1.17	2.44	1.53	2.90	.08
Management, business, and financial		32.67	13.10	3.68	1.74	2.44	1.81	3.07	.12
Professional and related		27.25	10.30	2.94	.83	2.30	1.37	2.81	.0
Sales and office	18.76	13.70	5.07	1.13	.39	1.46	.52	1.55	.0
Sales and related	17.76	13.61	4.15	.85	.37	.98	.37	1.56	(2)
Office and administrative support		13.75	5.67	1.31	.40	1.77	.61	1.54	0.0
Service		8.95	2.83	.48	.17	.72	.18	1.28	(2)
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		18.21	8.38	1.29	.86	2.00	1.27	2.94	.0
Construction and extraction	l .	18.41	8.50	.90	.83	1.93	1.52	3.31	.0
Installation, maintenance, and repair  Production, transportation, and material moving		18.17 13.50	8.36 6.76	1.78 1.15	.90 .75	2.13 1.85	1.00 .88	2.51 2.08	). O.
Production	l .	13.77	7.32	1.13	.73	1.03	.00	2.06	.(
Transportation and material moving		13.77	6.14	.97	.54	1.71	.80	2.00	.(
All workers, goods-producing industries <sup>3</sup>		18.22	9.20	1.67	1.12	2.29	1.38	2.66	.0
Management, professional, and related		31.27	14.91	3.92	2.08	3.11	2.30	3.34	1 .1
Sales and office		16.39	7.01	1.52	.71	2.06	.79	1.85	).
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance  Production, transportation, and material moving		18.50 14.38	8.90 8.16	1.04 1.42	.92 1.07	2.08 2.24	1.56 1.11	3.26 2.23	).
All workers, service-providing industries <sup>4</sup>		16.33	6.07	1.45	.52	1.50	.68	1.89	. (
Management, professional, and related		28.98	10.83	3.11	1.04	2.34	1.42	2.84	).
Sales and office		13.48	4.91	1.10	.36	1.41	.50	1.52	(2)
Service  Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		8.91 17.76	2.79 7.59	.47 1.67	.17	.71 1.89	.17 .81	1.27 2.44	(-)
Production, transportation, and material moving		12.72	5.51	.92	.46	1.50	.67	1.94	.(
				Percent	of total con	npensation			
workers in private industry	100.0	71.4	28.6	6.4	2.7	7.1	3.5	8.7	0.2
Management, professional, and related		72.1	27.9	7.9	2.9	6.0	3.8	7.2	
Management, business, and financial		71.4	28.6	8.0	3.8	5.8	4.0	6.7	
Professional and related	l .	72.6	27.4	7.8	2.2	6.1	3.6	7.5	
Sales and office		73.0 76.6	27.0 23.4	6.0 4.8	2.1 2.1	7.8 5.5	2.8 2.1	8.2 8.8	(5
Office and administrative support		70.8	29.2	6.8	2.1	9.1	3.2	7.9	( -
Service		76.0	24.0	4.1	1.5	6.1	1.5	10.8	(5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		68.5	31.5	4.8	3.2	7.5	4.8	11.0	` :
Construction and extraction	l .	68.4	31.6	3.3	3.1	7.2	5.6	12.3	l .
Installation, maintenance, and repair		68.5	31.5	6.7	3.4	8.0	3.8	9.5	
Production, transportation, and material moving	100.0	66.6	33.4	5.7	3.7	9.1	4.3	10.3	
Production	l .	65.3	34.7	6.2	4.4	9.3	4.5	9.8	
Transportation and material moving	100.0	68.3	31.7	5.0	2.8	8.8	4.1	10.8	
All workers, goods-producing industries <sup>3</sup>	100.0	66.5	33.5	6.1	4.1	8.3	5.0	9.7	
Management, professional, and related	100.0	67.7	32.3	8.5	4.5	6.7	5.0	7.2	
Sales and office		70.1	29.9	6.5	3.0	8.8	3.4	7.9	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenanceProduction, transportation, and material moving	100.0 100.0	67.5 63.8	32.5 36.2	3.8 6.3	3.4 4.8	7.6 9.9	5.7 4.9	11.9 9.9	
All workers, service-providing industries <sup>4</sup>	100.0	72.9	27.1	6.5	2.3	6.7	3.1	8.4	
Management, professional, and related		72.8	27.2	7.8	2.6	5.9	3.6	7.1	
Sales and office		73.3	26.7	6.0	2.0	7.7	2.7	8.3	
Service	100.0	76.2	23.8	4.0	1.4	6.1	1.4	10.8	(5)
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	l .	70.0	30.0	6.6	3.0	7.4	3.2	9.6	
Production, transportation, and material moving	100.0	69.8	30.2	5.0	2.5	8.2	3.7	10.7	

<sup>1</sup> Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.
2 Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.

enterprises; administrative and waste services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except public administration.

<sup>5</sup> Less than .05 percent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded.

4 Includes utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and

warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and

Table 10. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by industry group, June 2004

						Benefit costs	3					
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Other benefits			
				Cos	t per hour v	vorked						
All workers, goods-producing industries <sup>2</sup>	\$27.42	\$18.22	\$9.20	\$1.67	\$1.12	\$2.29	\$1.38	\$2.66	\$0.08			
	27.28	18.92	8.37	.93	1.12	1.78	1.31	3.22	(3)			
Construction Manufacturing	27.29	17.77	9.51	2.00	1.12	2.49	1.41	2.37	.1			
All workers, service-providing industries <sup>4</sup>	22.40	16.33	6.07	1.45	.52	1.50	.68	1.89	.0			
Trade, transportation, and utilities	19.81	14.25	5.56	1.13	.44	1.49	.66	1.82	.0			
Wholesale trade	26.20	18.49	7.71	1.68	.76	2.16	.87	2.20	).,			
Retail trade	14.41	11.00	3.41	.64	.21	.85	.28	1.41	(3)			
Transportation and warehousing	27.45	18.46	8.99	1.75	.60	2.56	1.48	2.59	(3)			
Utilities	41.44	26.17	15.26	3.91	1.96	3.68	2.44	3.02				
Information	34.13	23.93	10.20	2.86	.96	2.61	1.22	2.44				
Financial activities	32.15	22.52	9.63	2.28	1.30	2.36	1.40	2.18				
Finance and insurance	36.50	25.42	11.08	2.66	1.60	2.63	1.75	2.30				
Credit intermediation and related activities	33.32	23.80	9.52	2.31	1.09	2.40	1.59	1.99				
Insurance carriers and related activities	34.35	23.33	11.01	2.74	1.37	2.72	1.64	2.41				
Real estate and rental and leasing	19.96	14.39	5.56	1.23	.45	1.60	.42	1.85				
Professional and business services	26.94	20.02	6.92	1.85	.63	1.51	.73	2.17				
Professional and technical services	35.53	26.19	9.34	2.84	.76	2.05	1.03	2.61				
Administrative and waste services	17.22	13.28	3.94	.77	.34	.84	.29	1.69	(3			
Education and health services	24.78	18.07	6.71	1.79	.42	1.78	.71	2.01	(3			
Educational services	32.01	23.87	8.14	2.12	.13	2.08	1.27	2.53	;3			
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	37.71	27.56	10.15	2.79	.13	2.64	1.91	2.68	3			
Health care and social assistance	23.50	17.04	6.46	1.73	.47	1.72	.61	1.92	3			
Leisure and hospitality	10.50	8.31	2.18	.32	.13	.43	.10	1.20	3			
Accommodation and food services	9.51	7.57	1.94	.26	.11	.37	.07	1.13	3			
Other services	20.21	14.86	5.35	1.31	.32	1.34	.57	1.82	(3			
	Percent of total compensation											
All workers, goods-producing industries <sup>2</sup>	100.0	66.5	33.5	6.1	4.1	8.3	5.0	9.7	0.			
Construction	100.0	69.3	30.7	3.4	4.1	6.5	4.8	11.8	(5)			
Manufacturing	100.0	65.1	34.9	7.3	4.1	9.1	5.2	8.7				
All workers, service-providing industries <sup>4</sup>	100.0	72.9	27.1	6.5	2.3	6.7	3.1	8.4				
Trade, transportation, and utilities	100.0	71.9	28.1	5.7	2.2	7.5	3.3	9.2				
Wholesale trade	100.0	70.6	29.4	6.4	2.9	8.2	3.3	8.4				
Retail trade	100.0	76.3	23.7	4.5	1.5	5.9	1.9	9.8	(5			
Transportation and warehousing	100.0	67.2	32.8	6.4	2.2	9.3	5.4	9.4	(5			
Utilities	100.0	63.2	36.8	9.4	4.7	8.9	5.9	7.3				
Information	100.0	70.1	29.9	8.4	2.8	7.7	3.6	7.2				
Financial activities	100.0	70.0	30.0	7.1	4.0	7.3	4.4	6.8				
Finance and insurance	100.0	69.6	30.4	7.3	4.4	7.2	4.8	6.3				
Credit intermediation and related activities	100.0	71.4	28.6	6.9	3.3	7.2	4.8	6.0				
Insurance carriers and related activities	100.0	67.9	32.1	8.0	4.0	7.9	4.8	7.0				
Real estate and rental and leasing	100.0	72.1	27.9	6.2	2.3	8.0	2.1	9.2				
Professional and business services	100.0	74.3	25.7	6.9	2.3	5.6	2.7	8.0				
Professional and technical services	100.0	73.7	26.3	8.0	2.2	5.8	2.9	7.3				
Administrative and waste services	100.0	77.1	22.9	4.5	2.0	4.9	1.7	9.8	(5			
Education and health services	100.0	72.9	27.1	7.2	1.7	7.2	2.9	8.1	(5			
Educational services	100.0	74.6	25.4	6.6	.4	6.5	4.0	7.9	6)			
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	100.0	73.1	26.9	7.4	.3	7.0	5.1	7.1	6			
Health care and social assistance	100.0	72.5	27.5	7.4	2.0	7.3	2.6	8.2	5			
Leisure and hospitality	100.0	79.2	20.8	3.1	1.2	4.1	1.0	11.4	65			
				2.7	1.1	3.9	.7	11.8	5			
	100 0	/9h										
Accommodation and food services  Other services	100.0 100.0	79.6 73.5	20.4 26.5	6.5	1.6	6.6	2.8	9.0	65			

enterprises; administrative and waste services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except public administration.

<sup>5</sup> Less than .05 percent.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded.
 <sup>3</sup> Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of companies and

Table 11. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by occupational group and full-time and part-time status, June 2004

						Benefit costs	S						
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Othe benefit				
				Cos	t per hour w	orked							
All full-time workers in private industry	\$26.71	\$18.76	\$7.95	\$1.84	\$0.78	\$2.02	\$1.02	\$2.23	\$0.0				
									'				
Management, professional, and related	42.03	30.01	12.01	3.47	1.25	2.62	1.66	2.93	.0				
Management, business, and financial	46.17	32.91	13.27	3.74	1.77	2.72	1.83	3.08	.1				
Professional and related	39.13	27.99	11.14	3.27	.89	2.55	1.54	2.82	.0				
Sales and office	21.73	15.59	6.14	1.44	.49	1.82	.65	1.69	.0				
Sales and related	23.63	17.80	5.82	1.31	.57	1.49	.55	1.89	.(				
Office and administrative support	20.82	14.54	6.28	1.51	.45	1.99	.70	1.60	.(				
Service	14.04	10.16	3.88	.77	.25	1.17	.29	1.39	(2)				
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	27.04	18.43	8.61	1.34	.89	2.08	1.32	2.95	). ` .i				
Construction and extraction	26.97	18.39	8.58	.91	.84	1.97	1.55	3.29	] :				
	27.25	18.55	8.70	1.87	.95	2.24	1.05	2.55	:				
Installation, maintenance, and repair													
Production, transportation, and material moving	21.87	14.41	7.46	1.31	.86	2.05	1.00	2.19					
Production	21.85	14.13	7.72	1.40	1.00	2.10	1.02	2.11					
Transportation and material moving	21.90	14.78	7.11	1.18	.67	1.98	.96	2.29					
Il part-time workers in private industry	12.69	10.07	2.62	.36	.17	.49	.18	1.41	(2				
Management, professional, and related	29.54	23.44	6.10	1.24	.53	1.06	.56	2.71	(2				
Professional and related	29.68	23.54	6.14	1.26	.54	1.07	.53	2.74	(2				
Sales and office	11.42	9.00	2.42	.35	.14	.55	.18	1.19	(2				
Sales and related	9.68	7.84	1.84	.22	.09	.29	.14	1.10	(2				
Office and administrative support	13.85	10.62	3.23	.54	.21	.91	.25	1.30	· .				
Service	9.18	7.56	1.62	.14	.08	.21	.04	1.15	(2				
Production, transportation, and material moving	11.93	8.81	3.11	.33	.19	.79	.28	1.52	(2				
Transportation and material moving	12.12	8.74	3.38	.35	.19	.96	.34	1.55	(2				
	Percent of total compensation												
All full-time workers in private industry	100.0	70.2	29.8	6.9	2.9	7.6	3.8	8.4	0.				
·													
Management, professional, and related	100.0	71.4	28.6	8.2	3.0	6.2	3.9	7.0					
Management, business, and financial	100.0	71.3	28.7	8.1	3.8	5.9	4.0	6.7					
Professional and related	100.0	71.5	28.5	8.4	2.3	6.5	3.9	7.2					
Sales and office	100.0	71.8	28.2	6.6	2.3	8.4	3.0	7.8					
Sales and related	100.0	75.3	24.7	5.6	2.4	6.3	2.3	8.0					
Office and administrative support	100.0	69.8	30.2	7.2	2.2	9.5	3.4	7.7					
Service	100.0	72.4	27.6	5.5	1.8	8.4	2.1	9.9	(3				
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	100.0	68.2	31.8	4.9	3.3	7.7	4.9	10.9	,				
Construction and extraction	100.0	68.2	31.8	3.4	3.1	7.3	5.8	12.2					
Installation, maintenance, and repair	100.0	68.1	31.9	6.9	3.5	8.2	3.9	9.3					
Production, transportation, and material moving	100.0	65.9	34.1	6.0	3.9	9.4	4.6	10.0					
		l a I				_		l					
Production	100.0	64.7	35.3	6.4	4.6	9.6	4.7	9.7					
Transportation and material moving	100.0	67.5	32.5	5.4	3.0	9.0	4.4	10.5					
Il part-time workers in private industry	100.0	79.4	20.6	2.8	1.3	3.9	1.4	11.1	(3				
Management, professional, and related	100.0	79.3	20.7	4.2	1.8	3.6	1.9	9.2	(3				
Professional and related	100.0	79.3	20.7	4.2	1.8	3.6	1.8	9.2					
Sales and office	100.0	78.8	21.2	3.1	1.2	4.8	1.6	10.4	(3				
Sales and related	100.0	81.0	19.0	2.3	.9	3.0	1.4	11.4	(3				
Office and administrative support	100.0	76.7	23.3	3.9	1.5	6.6	1.8	9.4	· .				
Service		82.4	17.6	1.5	.9	2.3	.5	12.5	(3				
Production, transportation, and material moving	100.0	73.9	26.1	2.8	1.6	6.6	2.4	12.8	3				
								1	3				
Transportation and material moving	100.0	72.1	27.9	2.9	1.5	7.9	2.8	12.8	1 1 2				

Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.
 Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.
 Less than .05 percent.

Table 12. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by industry group and full-time and part-time status, June 2004

						Benefit cost	S		
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Other benefits <sup>1</sup>
				Cos	t per hour v	vorked		ı	
All full-time workers in private industry	\$26.71	\$18.76	\$7.95	\$1.84	\$0.78	\$2.02	\$1.02	\$2.23	\$0.05
Goods-producing <sup>2</sup>	27.87	18.46	9.41	1.72	1.16	2.35	1.42	2.67	.09
Construction	27.68	19.12	8.56	.96	1.15	1.85	1.35	3.24	(3)
Manufacturing	27.76	18.03	9.72	2.06	1.15	2.55	1.44	2.39	.13
Service-providing <sup>4</sup>	26.32	18.86	7.46	1.89	.66	1.91	.89	2.08	.04
Trade, transportation, and utilities	23.64	16.77	6.87	1.49	.58	1.88	.84	2.06	.02
Information	37.23	25.94	11.29	3.21	1.07	2.92	1.36	2.62	.11
Financial activities	34.63	24.17	10.46	2.52	1.43	2.55	1.54	2.30	.12
Professional and business services	29.95	21.99	7.96	2.21	.72	1.79	.88	2.31	.04
Education and health services	26.04	18.63	7.41	2.08	.45	2.03	.84	2.00	(3)
Leisure and hospitality	12.99	9.87	3.12	.61	.19	.83	.04	1.32	(3)
					1				(3)
Other services	23.95	17.08	6.88	1.81	.42	1.80	.78	2.05	( )
All part-time workers in private industry	12.69	10.07	2.62	.36	.17	.49	.18	1.41	(3)
Service-providing <sup>4</sup>	12.67	10.05	2.61	.37	.17	.50	.18	1.39	(3)
Trade, transportation, and utilities	11.22	8.60	2.63	.33	.13	.62	.25	1.29	(3)
Professional and business services	14.26	11.71	2.55	.33	.24	.32	.10	1.55	33
Education and health services	21.04	16.41	4.63	.91	.34	1.03	.32	2.02	3
Leisure and hospitality	8.40	7.00	1.39	.09	.07	.10	.04	1.09	(3)
				Danasat	-				
				Percent	of total con	npensation			
All full-time workers in private industry	100.0	70.2	29.8	6.9	2.9	7.6	3.8	8.4	0.2
Goods-producing <sup>2</sup>	100.0	66.2	33.8	6.2	4.1	8.4	5.1	9.6	.3
Construction	100.0	69.1	30.9	3.5	4.2	6.7	4.9	11.7	(5)
Manufacturing	100.0	65.0	35.0	7.4	4.2	9.2	5.2	8.6	.5
Service-providing <sup>4</sup>	100.0	71.7	28.3	7.2	2.5	7.3	3.4	7.9	.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	100.0	70.9	29.1	6.3	2.4	7.9	3.6	8.7	.1
Information	100.0	69.7	30.3	8.6	2.9	7.8	3.6	7.0	.3
Financial activities	100.0	69.8	30.2	7.3	4.1	7.4	4.5	6.7	.3
Professional and business services	100.0	73.4	26.6	7.4	2.4	6.0	3.0	7.7	.1
Education and health services	100.0	71.5	28.5	8.0	1.7	7.8	3.0	7.7	(5)
	100.0	76.0	24.0	4.7	1.4	6.4	1.3	10.2	(5)
Leisure and hospitality		71.3	28.7	7.6	1.4	7.5	3.2	8.6	(5)
Leisure and hospitality		11.5	20.7	7.0	1.0	7.5	3.2	0.0	( )
Other services	100.0	70.4	20.6	2.0	4.0	2.0	4.4	444	(5)
	100.0	79.4	20.6	2.8	1.3	3.9	1.4	11.1	(5)
Other services		79.4 79.4	20.6 20.6	2.8 2.9	1.3 1.3	3.9 4.0	1.4 1.4	11.1 11.0	(5)
Other services	100.0								( <sup>5</sup> )
Other services	100.0	79.4	20.6	2.9	1.3	4.0	1.4	11.0	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )
Other services	100.0 100.0 100.0	79.4 76.6	20.6 23.4	2.9 2.9	1.3 1.2	4.0 5.6	1.4 2.2	11.0 11.5	( <sup>5</sup> )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.

companies and enterprises; administrative and waste services; health care and social assistance; arts, educational services; entertainment and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except public administration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded.

<sup>3</sup> Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.

<sup>4</sup> Includes utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Less than .05 percent.

Table 13. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry workers, by major industry group and establishment employment size and bargaining status, June 2004

						Benefit cost	S		
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Other benefits <sup>1</sup>
			Ī	Cos	t per hour v	vorked			
All workers, goods-producing industries <sup>2</sup>	\$27.42	\$18.22	\$9.20	\$1.67	\$1.12	\$2.29	\$1.38	\$2.66	\$0.08
1-99 workers	23.31	16.33	6.98	1.04	.93	1.63	.73	2.64	(3)
1-49 workers	22.88	16.20	6.68	.92	.94	1.42	.71	2.69	(3)
50-99 workers	24.34	16.64	7.70	1.34	.91	2.12	.78	2.53	.02
100 workers or more		20.10	11.40	2.29	1.32	2.94	2.03	2.67	.16
100-499 workers		17.32	9.09	1.59	1.06	2.65	1.27	2.48	.04
500 workers or more	37.89	23.59	14.30	3.16	1.64	3.31	2.98	2.90	.31
Union	34.92	20.94	13.98	2.01	1.60	3.69	3.17	3.32	.19
Non-union	25.32	17.46	7.86	1.57	.99	1.90	.88	2.47	.05
All workers, service-providing industries $^4$	22.40	16.33	6.07	1.45	.52	1.50	.68	1.89	.03
1-99 workers	18.91	14.22	4.69	1.06	.41	1.12	.40	1.70	(3)
1-49 workers	18.98	14.36	4.62	1.03	.41	1.07	.39	1.70	(3)
50-99 workers	18.72	13.78	4.94	1.12	.40	1.26	.44	1.71	(3)
100 workers or more	26.83	19.01	7.82	1.95	.65	2.00	1.05	2.12	.05
100-499 workers	22.77	16.50	6.27	1.48	.50	1.63	.70	1.92	.03
500 workers or more	32.00	22.21	9.79	2.56	.84	2.46	1.49	2.37	.07
Union	30.01	19.77	10.24	2.27	.66	3.13	1.64	2.51	.05
Non-union	21.76	16.04	5.72	1.38	.50	1.37	.60	1.83	.03
				Percent	of total con	npensation		•	
All workers, goods-producing industries <sup>2</sup>	100.0	66.5	33.5	6.1	4.1	8.3	5.0	9.7	0.3
1-99 workers	100.0	70.1	29.9	4.5	4.0	7.0	3.1	11.3	(5)
1-49 workers	100.0	70.8	29.2	4.0	4.1	6.2	3.1	11.8	(5)
50-99 workers	100.0	68.4	31.6	5.5	3.7	8.7	3.2	10.4	.1
100 workers or more	100.0	63.8	36.2	7.3	4.2	9.3	6.4	8.5	.5
100-499 workers	100.0	65.6	34.4	6.0	4.0	10.0	4.8	9.4	.1
500 workers or more	100.0	62.3	37.7	8.3	4.3	8.7	7.9	7.6	.8
Union	100.0	60.0	40.0	5.8	4.6	10.6	9.1	9.5	.5
Non-union	100.0	69.0	31.0	6.2	3.9	7.5	3.5	9.7	.2
All workers, service-providing industries $^4\dots$	100.0	72.9	27.1	6.5	2.3	6.7	3.1	8.4	.1
1-99 workers	100.0	75.2	24.8	5.6	2.2	5.9	2.1	9.0	(5)
1-49 workers	100.0	75.7	24.3	5.5	2.2	5.7	2.0	9.0	(5)
50-99 workers	100.0	73.6	26.4	6.0	2.1	6.7	2.3	9.1	(5)
100 workers or more	100.0	70.9	29.1	7.3	2.4	7.4	3.9	7.9	.2
100-499 workers	100.0	72.5	27.5	6.5	2.2	7.2	3.1	8.4	.1
500 workers or more	100.0	69.4	30.6	8.0	2.6	7.7	4.6	7.4	.2
	1	1						1	
Union	100.0	65.9	34.1	7.6	2.2	10.4	5.4	8.4	.2

companies and enterprises; administrative and waste services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except public administration.

<sup>5</sup> Less than .05 percent.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.  $^{\rm 2}$  Includes mining, construction, and manufacturing. The agriculture, forestry, farming, and hunting sector is excluded.

3 Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.

<sup>4</sup> Includes utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance and insurance; real estate and rental and leasing; professional and technical services; management of

Table 14. Employer costs per hour worked for employee compensation and costs as a percent of total compensation: Private industry health care and social assistance workers, by industry and occupational group, June 2004

						Benefit cost	S		
Series	Total compen- sation	Wages and salaries	Total	Paid leave	Supple- mental pay	Insurance	Retire- ment and savings	Legally required benefits	Other benefits <sup>1</sup>
				Cos	t per hour v	vorked			
Health care and social assistance	\$23.50	\$17.04	\$6.46	\$1.73	\$0.47	\$1.72	\$0.61	\$1.92	(2)
Management, professional, and related Registered nursesSales and officeService		23.99 26.37 12.50 10.35	8.89 10.80 5.08 4.00	2.63 3.12 1.17 .84	.71 1.26 .26 .27	2.07 2.33 1.78 1.25	.93 1.18 .43 .28	2.54 2.91 1.43 1.35	(2) (2) (2) (2)
Hospitals	29.45	20.50	8.95	2.43	.84	2.46	.97	2.23	.02
Management, professional, and related Registered nurses Service  Nursing and residential care facilities	36.54 39.54 17.47	25.86 27.64 11.52	10.69 11.90 5.95	3.11 3.49 1.24	1.11 1.47 .45	2.51 2.59 2.30	1.21 1.35 .50	2.72 2.98 1.46	.02 .02 ( <sup>2</sup> )
Management, professional, and related Service	26.18 13.23	19.14 9.49	7.04 3.74	1.96 .76	.58	1.60 1.15	.49 .18	2.41 1.34	( <sup>2</sup> )
				Percent	of total con	npensation			
Health care and social assistance	100.0	72.5	27.5	7.4	2.0	7.3	2.6	8.2	(3)
Management, professional, and related Registered nurses	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	73.0 70.9 71.1 72.1	27.0 29.1 28.9 27.9	8.0 8.4 6.7 5.9	2.2 3.4 1.5 1.9	6.3 6.3 10.1 8.7	2.8 3.2 2.5 2.0	7.7 7.8 8.1 9.4	(3) (3) (3) (3)
Hospitals	100.0	69.6	30.4	8.2	2.8	8.4	3.3	7.6	.1
Management, professional, and related Registered nurses	100.0 100.0 100.0	70.7 69.9 65.9	29.3 30.1 34.1	8.5 8.8 7.1	3.0 3.7 2.6	6.9 6.5 13.2	3.3 3.4 2.8	7.4 7.5 8.3	.1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )
Nursing and residential care facilities	100.0	72.4	27.6	6.6	2.2	7.5	1.6	9.6	(3)
Management, professional, and related Service	100.0 100.0	73.1 71.7	26.9 28.3	7.5 5.8	2.2 2.3	6.1 8.7	1.9 1.4	9.2 10.1	( <sup>3</sup> )

Includes severance pay and supplemental unemployment benefits.
 Cost per hour worked is \$0.01 or less.
 Less than .05 percent.

## **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

Employer Costs for Employee Compensation (ECEC) measures the average cost per employee hour worked that employers pay for wages and salaries and benefits.

Wages and salaries are defined as the hourly straight-time wage rate or, for workers not paid on an hourly basis, straight-time earnings divided by the corresponding hours. Straight-time wage and salary rates are total earnings before payroll deductions and include production bonuses, incentive earnings, commission payments, and cost-of-living adjustments. Not included in straight-time earnings are nonproduction bonuses such as lump-sum payments provided in lieu of wage increases, shift differentials, and premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends and holidays; these payments are included in the benefits component.

Benefits include: Paid leave—vacations, holidays, sick leave, and other leave; supplemental pay—overtime and premium pay for work in addition to the regular work schedule (such as weekends and holidays), shift differentials, and nonproduction bonuses (such as referral bonuses and lump-sum payments provided in lieu of wage increases); insurance benefits—life, health, short-term disability, and long-term disability; retirement and savings benefits—defined benefit and defined contribution plans; legally required benefits—Social Security, Medicare, Federal and State unemployment insurance, and workers' compensation; and other benefits—severance pay and supplemental unemployment plans.

The Employer Costs for Employee Compensation includes data for the civilian economy, which includes data from both private industry and State and local government. Excluded from private industry are the self-employed and farm and private household workers. Federal government workers are excluded from the public sector. The private industry series and the State and local government series provide data for the two sectors separately.

The cost levels for this quarter were collected from a probability sample of about 44,000 occupations within approximately 9,800 sample establishments in private industry and about 3,600 occupations within approximately 800 sample establishments in State and local governments. Data are collected for the pay period including the 12<sup>th</sup> day of the survey months of March, June, September, and December.

Beginning with the March 2004 estimates, the ECEC percent of total compensation estimates are calculated from dollar aggregates and then rounded to the published level of precision. This change in method will provide the most precise estimates of the percent of total compensation; however, estimates of the percentage of total compensation calculated from the published cost estimates may differ slightly from those calculated from the unpublished dollar aggregates.

Sample establishments are classified by industry categories based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification (NAICS) system, as defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget. Within a sample establishment, specific job categories are selected and classified into about 800 occupational classifications according to the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. Individual occupations are combined to represent one of ten intermediate aggregations such as professional and related occupations, or one of five higher-level aggregations such as management, professional, and related occupations. For more detailed information on NAICS and SOC, including background and definitions, see the BLS websites: (http://www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm and http://www.bls.gov/soc/home.htm.)

Additional occupational and industrial series were introduced in March 2004 with the introduction of the NAICS and SOC definitions. Several publications have been prepared to provide more information on the transitions of the ECEC to NAICS and SOC, including a brief overview, a question-and-answer document, and a detailed overview on the differences in series due to the changes in industry and occupational classification

systems. In addition, an article on the transition, "Comparing Current and Former Industry and Occupational ECEC Series" is available on the e-journal, Compensation and Working Conditions Online, posted 8-25-04, on the website <a href="http://www.bls.gov/opub/cwc/cm20040823ar01p1.htm">http://www.bls.gov/opub/cwc/cm20040823ar01p1.htm</a>. Information on the transition may be obtained by calling (202) 691-6199, sending an e-mail message to ocltinfo@bls.gov, or visiting the BLS website at <a href="http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/#notices">http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/#notices</a>.

Current employment weights are used to calculate cost levels. The March 2004 cost levels were calculated using the March 2004 employment counts from the Bureau of Labor Statistics Current Employment Statistics (CES) program, benchmarked to the 2003 universe of all private nonfarm establishments. For more information on the CES updating of employment estimates, see "BLS National Establishment Estimates Revised to Incorporate March 2003 Benchmarks" in the February 2004 issue of Employment and Earnings.

In most instances, private industry employment counts used in the ECEC were total employment estimates for 3-digit sub-sector industry groups, such as machinery manufacturing (NAICS 333) or gasoline stations (NAICS 447), as defined by the NAICS system. In a few cases, more detailed private industry employment counts were used. These include 4-digit educational establishments--elementary and secondary schools (6111), junior colleges (6112), and colleges and universities (6113)--as well as the 6-digit aircraft manufacturing industry (336411). For State and local governments, a more aggregated level was used reflecting the level of detailed published by the CES program. For both private and government establishments, the employment data were apportioned based on the sampling weights assigned to the Employment Cost Index (ECI) sample. For more information on NAICS coding, see "Recent changes in the national Current Employment Statistics survey" in the June 2003 issue of the Monthly Labor Review.

The ECI, which measures the change in employer costs for employee compensation, is calculated with fixed 1990 employment counts to prevent employment shifts among occupations and industries from influencing the changes. Therefore, year-to-year changes in Employer Costs for Employee Compensation will differ from those in the ECI.

Historical ECEC data, using the industry categories based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification System and classifying jobs into occupational classifications according to the 1990 Census of Population, are available from several sources. Data and related articles are included in the bulletin, <a href="Employee Compensation">Employee Costs for Employee Compensation</a>, 1986-99 (Bulletin 2508). An annual historical summary from March 1986 through March 2002 is also available on the Internet site (<a href="http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm">http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm</a>) or upon request. Data on a quarterly basis from June 2002 through December 2003 is also available.

Beginning with the March 2004 quarter, historical data are available based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification. The new historical tables are available on the Internet site (<a href="http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm">http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm</a>) or upon request. Information on how costs are calculated appears in "Measuring Trends in the Structure and Levels of Employer Costs for Employee Compensation," <a href="https://compensation.org/compen

## **Relative Standard Errors**

Because the ECEC is a sample survey, it is subject to sampling errors. Sampling errors are differences that occur between the results computed from a sample of observations and those computed from all observations in the population. The estimates derived from different samples selected using the same sample design may differ from one another. A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is the standard error. It can be used to measure the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the

expected result of all possible samples. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the survey differs from a complete population figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 90 out of 100 that this difference would be less than 1.6 times the standard error. All the statements of comparisons appearing in this publication are significant at a 1.6 standard error level or better, unless otherwise indicated. This means that for differences cited, the estimated difference is greater than 1.6 times the standard error of the difference.

The relative standard error (RSE) for all estimates will be available shortly after the release is issued. This information can be obtained directly from the BLS Internet site (<a href="http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm">http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm</a>), by e-mail request (ocltinfo@bls.gov), or by telephone (202) 691-6199.

For a more detailed explanation of relative standard errors, see "Measuring Trends in the Structure and Levels of Employer Costs for Employee Compensation," <u>Compensation and Working Conditions</u>, Summer 1997. For a detailed explanation of how to use standard error data to analyze differences in year-to-year changes, see "Analyzing Year-to-Year Changes in Employer Costs for Employee Compensation," <u>Compensation and Working Conditions</u>, Spring 1998. This article supplements an article from the Summer 1997 issue of <u>Compensation and Working Conditions</u>, "Explaining the Differential Growth Rates of the ECI and ECEC," which examined how differences in the construction of these measures contribute to differing trends.

Standard errors relate to differences that occur from sampling errors, but not from nonsampling errors. Nonsampling errors are not measured and include survey nonresponse and data collection and processing errors. Survey nonresponse occurs when sample members are unwilling or unable to participate in the survey. Data collection errors include inaccurate data by respondents and definitional difficulties. Processing errors include errors in recording, coding, and entering data. Although nonsampling errors are not measured, BLS quality assurance programs contain procedures for reducing such errors. These procedures include data collection reinterviews, observed interviews, computer data edits, and systematic review of reports on which data are recorded. Extensive field economist training also is conducted to maintain high data collection standards.

### Comparing private and public sector data

Aggregate compensation cost levels in State and local government should not be directly compared with those in private industry. Differences between these sectors stem from factors such as variation in work activities and occupational structures. Manufacturing and sales, for example, make up a large part of private industry work activities, but are rare in State and local government. Professional and administrative support occupations (including teachers) account for two-thirds of the State and local government workforce, compared with one-half of private industry.

A detailed examination of differences in compensation levels and trends between private industry and State and local government may be found in "Cost of Employee Compensation in Public and Private Sectors," Monthly Labor Review, May 1993, and "Compensation Cost Trends in Private Industry and State and Local Governments," Compensation and Working Conditions, Fall 1999.

## Obtaining information

Articles, bulletins, and other information may be obtained by calling (202) 691-6199, sending an e-mail message to <u>octtinfo@bls.gov</u>, or visiting the Internet site (<u>http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm</u>). Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service Number: 1-800-877-8339.