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EMPLOYMENT CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN 2004

In 2004, 7.4 percent of families had an unemployed member, a decline of 0.7 percentage point from 2003, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor reported today. Of the nation's 75.9 million families, 82.3 percent had an employed member in 2004, up by 0.3 percentage point from a year earlier. These changes reflect an improving labor market.

These data on employment, unemployment, and family relationships are collected as part of the Current Population Survey (CPS), a monthly sample survey of about 60,000 households nationwide. Families include married-couple families, as well as those maintained by a man or a woman with no spouse present. For further information on the CPS, see the Technical Note.

Families and Unemployment

In an average week in 2004, 5.6 million families had at least one unemployed member, down from 6.1 million families in 2003. The proportion of families with an unemployed member, 7.4 percent, declined in 2004 after growing in each of the prior 3 years. The proportion of families with at least one unemployed member continued to be higher for blacks (12.7 percent) and Hispanics or Latinos (10.2 percent) than for whites (6.6 percent) or Asians (6.7 percent). For each of these groups, however, the proportion of families with an unemployed member was down from the prior year. (See table 1.)

Of the families with at least one unemployed member, 70.0 percent also had an employed family member in 2004. Asian families with an unemployed member were most likely to have at least one member employed (82.1 percent), followed by white families (73.6 percent), Hispanic or Latino families (69.9 percent), and black families (55.5 percent). (See table 1.)

Among married-couple families with at least one unemployed member, 82.5 percent also had an employed family member in 2004. About 45.5 percent of families maintained by women with an unemployed member also had an employed member. Among families maintained by men with an unemployed member, 57.5 percent had at least one employed member. (See table 3.)

Families and Employment

In 2004, 82.3 percent of families had at least one employed member. The proportion was highest among Asian families (89.3 percent), followed by Hispanic or Latino families (86.7 percent), white families (82.5 percent), and black families (78.1 percent). (See table 1.)

Among married-couple families, 83.5 percent had an employed member in 2004. Both the husband and wife worked in 50.7 percent of married-couple families in 2004; this proportion has been on a downward trend since 2000. The husband, but not the wife, worked in 20.5 percent of married-couple families in 2004; the proportion of such families has grown by 1.3 percentage points since 2000. The wife was the only worker in 6.7 percent of married-couple families in 2004, about the same as a year earlier. (See table 2.)

Families with Children

There were 35.4 million families with children under age 18 in 2004. Of these, 90.5 percent had at least one parent employed. The proportion of married-couple families with children and at least one parent employed was 97.0 percent, up by 0.3 percentage point from a year earlier. Both parents were employed in 60.6 percent of two-parent families in 2004, about the same as in 2003, but 3.6 percentage points lower than in 2000. The percentage of two-parent, married-couple families in which the father only was employed rose over the year to 31.2 percent in 2004; this proportion is up by 3.0 percentage points since 1997. Only the mother was employed in 5.2 percent of married-couple families with children in 2004, down by 0.3 percentage point from a year earlier. (See table 4.)

Among single-parent families in 2004, the mother was employed in 72.0 percent of those maintained by women, and the father was employed in 83.9 percent of those maintained by men. (See table 4.)

Mothers

The labor force participation rate for mothers with children under 18 was 70.4 percent in 2004, down by 0.7 percentage point from the prior year. This rate has been declining since 2000, when it was 72.3 percent. In 2004, most of the over-the-year decline in the labor force participation rate of mothers with children under 18 occurred among mothers with children under 6; their rate declined by 1.0 percentage point to 61.8 percent. The participation rate of mothers whose youngest child was 6 through 17 declined slightly. In contrast, the labor force participation rate of fathers showed no change in 2004, whatever the age of their youngest child. (See table 5.)

The participation rate for married mothers fell by 0.8 percentage point to 67.8 percent in 2004, down by 2.9 percentage points from its most recent high in 1997. The rate for unmarried mothers—those who were widowed, divorced, separated, or never married—was 77.1 percent in 2004, down by 1.8 percentage points since 2002. The unemployment rate for unmarried mothers with children under 18 was 9.7 percent in 2004, while the jobless rate for married mothers was 3.7 percent. (See table 5.)

In 2004, the labor force participation rate for mothers of children younger than a year old was 52.9 percent. Among married mothers of infants, the rate was 51.7 percent, down by 3.0 percentage points since its most recent high in 2002. Among unmarried mothers with children under a year old, 56.6 percent were working or looking for work in 2004. The jobless rate for unmarried mothers of infants was 19.7 percent in 2004, and the rate for married mothers was 4.7 percent. (See table 6.)

Technical Note

The estimates in this release are based on annual average data from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a national sample survey of about 60,000 households conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the U.S. Census Bureau. The information relates to the labor force status of persons 16 years old and over in the civilian noninstitutional population during an "average" week of the year.

The data for 2004 presented in this release are not strictly comparable with data for 2003 and earlier years because of the introduction in January 2004 of revised population controls used in the CPS. The effect of the revised population controls on the family estimates is unknown. However, the effect of the new controls on the monthly CPS estimates was to decrease the December 2003 employment level by 409,000 and the unemployment level by 27,000. The updated controls had little or no effect on unemployment rates and other ratios. For additional information, see "Adjustments to Household Survey Population Estimates in January 2004" in the February 2004 issue of *Employment and Earnings*, available on the the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps04adj.pdf.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request: Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone number: 1-800-877-8339.

Reliability of the estimates

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or *sampling error*, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

The CPS data also are affected by *nonsampling error*. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

For a full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors, see the "Explanatory Notes and Estimates of Error" section of *Employment and Earnings*.

Definitions

Definitions of the principal terms used in this release are presented below.

Family. A family is a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption. The count of families is for "primary" families only, that is, the householder and all other persons related to and residing with the householder. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses.

Householder. The householder is the family reference person. This is the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented. The relationship of other individuals in the household is defined in terms of relationship to the householder. The race or ethnicity of the family is determined by that of the householder.

Married, spouse present; other marital status. These terms denote the marital status of individuals at the time of interview. Married, spouse present, refers to husbands and wives living together in the same household, even though one may be temporarily absent on business, on vacation, on a visit, in a hospital, or for other reasons. Other marital status includes persons who are never-married; married, spouse absent; widowed; or divorced. Married, spouse absent relates to persons who are separated due to marital problems, as well as husbands and wives who are living apart because one or the other was employed elsewhere, on duty with the Armed Forces, or any other reasons.

Children. Data on children refer to own children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children, of the husband, wife, or person maintaining the family. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, other related children, and all unrelated children living in the household.

Employed. Employed persons are (a) all those who, during the survey reference week, did any work at all as paid employees, worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in a family-operated enterprise; and (b) all those who did not work but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, vacation, child-care problems, labor disputes, or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off and whether or not they were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed. The unemployed are persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work at that time, and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not be looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Civilian labor force. The civilian labor force comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed.

Unemployment rate. The unemployment rate is the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

Labor force participation rate. The labor force participation rate is the labor force as a percent of the population.

Table 1. Employment and unemployment in families by race and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003-04 annual averages

Characteristic	2003	2004	
Total			
Total families	75,301	75,872	
With amplayed mambar(a)	61 761	60 404	
With employed member(s)	61,761 82.0	62,424 82.3	
Some usually work full time 1	57,229	57,813	
With no employed member	13,540	13,447	
As percent of total families	18.0	17.7	
With unemployed member(s)	6,079	5,593	
As percent of total families	8.1	7.4	
Some member(s) employed	4,285	3,915	
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	70.5	70.0	
Some usually work full time ¹	3,790	3,494	
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	62.3	62.5	
White			
Total families	61,995	62,250	
Maria de la companya	E4 000	F	
With employed member(s)	51,002	51,350	
As percent of total families	82.3	82.5	
Some usually work full time ¹	47,356	47,620	
With no employed member	10,993	10,900	
As percent of total families	17.7	17.5	
With unemployed member(s)	4,411	4,078	
As percent of total families	7.1	6.6	
Some member(s) employed	3,245	3,000	
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	73.6	73.6	
Some usually work full time 1	2,873	2,677	
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	65.1	65.7	
Black or African American			
Total families	8,869	8,860	
With employed member(s)	6,906	6,920	
As percent of total families	77.9	78.1	
Some usually work full time ¹	6,270	6,292	
With no employed member	1,963	1,940	
As percent of total families	22.1	21.9	
With unemployed member(s)	1,213	1.127	
As percent of total families	13.7	12.7	
Some member(s) employed	695	625	
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	57.3	55.5	
Some usually work full time ¹	612	556	
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	50.5	49.3	
Asian			
Total families	2,880	3,107	
With employed member(s)	2,566	2,775	
As percent of total families	89.1	89.3	
Some usually work full time 1	2,424	2,630	
With no employed member	315	332	
As percent of total families	10.9	10.7	
With unemployed member(s)	271	208	
As percent of total families	9.4	6.7	
no percent di teta i annico	9.4 224	171	
	£24		
Some member(s) employed	go 7	201	
Some member(s) employed	82.7 107	82.1	
Some member(s) employed	82.7 197 72.7	82.1 154 74.1	

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and unemployment in families by race and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2003-04 annual averages — Continued

Characteristic	2003	2004
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity		
Total families	9,185	9,305
With employed member(s)	7,907	8,071
As percent of total families	86.1	86.7
As percent of total families	7,383	7,566
With no employed member	1,277	1,235
As percent of total families	13.9	13.3
With unemployed member(s)	1,020	950
As percent of total families	11.1	10.2
Some member(s) employed	715	664
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	70.1	69.9
Some usually work full time 1	640	594
As percent of families with unemployed member(s)	62.7	62.5

Usually work 35 hours or more a week at all jobs. NOTE: The race or ethnicity of the family is determined by that of the householder. Estimates for the above race groups (white, black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons

whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Data for 2004 reflect revised population controls used in the Current Population Survey.

Table 2. Families by presence and relationship of employed members and family type, 2003-04 annual averages

Obavastavistia	Nun	nber	Percent distribution		
Characteristic	2003	2004	2003	2004	
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES					
Total	57,074	57,188	100.0	100.0	
Member(s) employed, total Husband only Wife only Husband and wife Other employment combinations No member(s) employed	47,535 11,403 3,863 29,077 3,193 9,539	47,767 11,712 3,843 28,991 3,222 9,420	83.3 20.0 6.8 50.9 5.6 16.7	83.5 20.5 6.7 50.7 5.6 16.5	
FAMILIES MAINTAINED BY WOMEN ¹					
Total	13,450	13,614	100.0	100.0	
Member(s) employed, total Householder only Householder and other member(s) Other member(s), not householder No member(s) employed	10,187 5,987 2,539 1,660 3,263	10,358 6,021 2,701 1,636 3,255	75.7 44.5 18.9 12.3 24.3	76.1 44.2 19.8 12.0 23.9	
FAMILIES MAINTAINED BY MEN 1					
Total	4,777	5,071	100.0	100.0	
Member(s) employed, total	4,039 1,954 1,427 658 739	4,299 2,060 1,557 682 772	84.6 40.9 29.9 13.8 15.5	84.8 40.6 30.7 13.5 15.2	

¹ No spouse present. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Data for 2004

reflect revised population controls used in the Current Population Survey.

Table 3. Unemployment in families by presence and relationship of employed members and family type, 2003-04 annual averages

Characteristic	Num	nber	Percent distribution		
Characteristic	2003	2004	2003	2004	
MARRIED-COUPLE FAMILIES					
With unemployed member(s), total	3,857	3,521	100.0	100.0	
No member employed	713	615	18.5	17.5	
Some member(s) employed	3,144	2,906	81.5	82.5	
Husband unemployed	1,600	1,333	41.5	37.9	
Wife employed	1,023	850	26.5	24.2	
Wife unemployed	1,129	1,041	29.3	29.6	
Husband employed	991	913	25.7	25.9	
Other family member unemployed	1,129	1,147	29.3	32.6	
FAMILIES MAINTAINED BY WOMEN 1					
With unemployed member(s), total	1,612	1,521	100.0	100.0	
No member employed	842	829	52.3	54.5	
Some member(s) employed	770	692	47.8	45.5	
Householder unemployed	791	758	49.1	49.8	
Other member(s) employed	162	146	10.0	9.6	
Other member(s) unemployed	821	764	50.9	50.2	
FAMILIES MAINTAINED BY MEN ¹					
With unemployed member(s), total	610	551	100.0	100.0	
No member employed	239	234	39.2	42.5	
Some member(s) employed	371	316	60.8	57.5	
Householder unemployed	340	296	55.7	53.7	
Other member(s) employed	158	117	25.9	21.3	
Other member(s) unemployed	270	255	44.3	46.3	

¹ No spouse present. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Data for 2004

reflect revised population controls used in the Current Population Survey.

Table 4. Families with own children: Employment status of parents by age of youngest child and family type, 2003-04 annual averages

Characteristic	Nun	nber	Percent distribution		
Grial acteristic	2003	2004	2003	2004	
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS					
	05 400	05.070	100.0	100.0	
Total	35,428	35,379	100.0	100.0	
Parent(s) employed	32,002	32,013	90.3	90.5	
No parent employed	3,426	3,366	9.7	9.5	
Married-couple families	25,383	25,175	100.0	100.0	
Parent(s) employed	24,553	24,424	96.7	97.0	
Mother employed	16,820	16,557	66.3	65.8	
Both parents employed	15,420	15,257	60.7	60.6	
Mother employed, not father	1,400	1,300	5.5	5.2	
Father employed, not mother	7,733	7,867	30.5	31.2	
Neither parent employed	830	751	3.3	3.0	
Families maintained by women ¹	8,069	8,161	100.0	100.0	
Mother employed	5,804	5,875	71.9	72.0	
Mother not employed	2,265	2,286	28.1	28.0	
	2,200	2,200	20.1	20.0	
Families maintained by men ¹	1,975	2,043	100.0	100.0	
Father employed	1,645	1,713	83.3	83.9	
Father not employed	331	330	16.8	16.1	
WITH OWN CHILDREN 6 TO 17 YEARS, NONE YOUNGER					
Total	20,125	20,095	100.0	100.0	
Parent(s) employed	18,309	18,307	91.0	91.1	
No parent employed	1,814	1,788	9.0	8.9	
Married-couple families	13,917	13,806	100.0	100.0	
Parent(s) employed	13,473	13,381	96.8	96.9	
Mother employed	10,214	10,089	73.4	73.1	
Both parents employed	9,323	9,269	67.0	67.1	
Mother employed, not father	890	820	6.4	5.9	
Father employed, not mother	3,261	3,292	23.4	23.8	
Neither parent employed	443	425	3.2	3.1	
Families maintained by women ¹	5,009	5,040	100.0	100.0	
Mother employed	3,851	3,884	76.9	77.1	
	,	· '	23.1	22.9	
Mother not employed	1,157	1,156	23.1	22.9	
Families maintained by men ¹	1,199	1,250	100.0	100.0	
Father employed	985	1,043	82.2	83.4	
Father not employed	214	207	17.8	16.6	
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS					
Total	15,302	15,284	100.0	100.0	
Parent(s) employed	13,692	13,705	89.5	89.7	
No parent employed	1,608	1,578	10.5	10.3	
Married-couple families	11,466	11,369	100.0	100.0	
Parent(s) employed	11,080	11,044	96.6	97.1	
Mother employed	6,607	6,468	57.6	56.9	
Both parents employed	6,097	5,988	53.2	52.7	
Mother employed, not father	510	481	4.4	4.2	
Father employed, not mother	4,474	4,575	39.0	40.2	
Neither parent employed	385	326	3.4	2.9	
Families maintained by women ¹	3,061	3,122	100.0	100.0	
Mother employed	1,953	1,991	63.8	63.8	
Mother employed	1,953	1,991	36.2	36.2	
Families maintained by men ¹	776 659	793 671	100.0 84.9	100.0 84.6	
Father not employed	116	122	14.9	15.4	
Tautor not omployed	110	''	1-7.0	10.4	

No spouse present. NOTE: Own children include sons, daughters, step-children, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren,

and other related and unrelated children. Detail may not sum to totals due to rounding. Data for 2004 reflect revised population controls used in the Current Population Survey.

Table 5. Employment status of the population by sex, marital status, and presence and age of own children under 18, 2003-04 annual averages

Characteristic		2003		2004			
Onaraciensuc	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS							
Civilian noninstitutional population	. 64,932	28,402	36,530	64,758	28,272	36,486	
Civilian labor force	. 52,727	26,739	25,988	52,288	26,607	25,681	
Participation rate	. 81.2	94.1	71.1	80.7	94.1	70.4	
Employed		25,638	24,466	49,957	25,696	24,261	
Employment-population ratio	. 77.2	90.3	67.0	77.1	90.9	66.5	
Full-time workers 1	. 42,880	24,762	18,118	42,758	24,794	17,964	
Part-time workers ²	. 7,223	876	6,347	7,200	902	6,298	
Unemployed		1,101	1,523	2,331	911	1,420	
Unemployment rate	. 5.0	4.1	5.9	4.5	3.4	5.5	
Married, spouse present							
Civilian noninstitutional population		26,049	26,427	52,109	25,852	26,258	
Civilian labor force		24,638	18,138	42,247	24,449	17,798	
Participation rate		94.6	68.6	81.1	94.6	67.8	
Employed		23,712	17,416	40,847	23,703	17,144	
Employment-population ratio		91.0	65.9	78.4	91.7	65.3	
Full-time workers ¹	. 35,315	22,954	12,360	35,141	22,935	12,206	
Part-time workers ²	. 5,813	757	5,056	5,706	768	4,938	
Unemployed		926	722	1,400	747	653	
Unemployment rate	. 3.9	3.8	4.0	3.3	3.1	3.7	
Other marital status ³							
Civilian noninstitutional population	. 12,455	2,354	10,102	12,649	2,420	10,229	
Civilian labor force	. 9,950	2,100	7,850	10,042	2,158	7,883	
Participation rate		89.2	77.7	79.4	89.2	77.1	
Employed	. 8,975	1,926	7,050	9,110	1,993	7,117	
Employment-population ratio		81.8	69.8	72.0	82.4	69.6	
Full-time workers 1		1,807	5,759	7,617	1,859	5,757	
Part-time workers ²		118	1,291	1,494	134	1,360	
Unemployed		175	800	931	165	766	
Unemployment rate		8.3	10.2	9.3	7.6	9.7	
ITH OWN CHILDREN 6 TO 17 YEARS, NONE YOUNGER							
Civilian noninstitutional population		15,653	20,290	35,874	15,597	20,277	
Civilian labor force		14,572	15,790	30,182	14,516	15,666	
Participation rate		93.1	77.8	84.1	93.1	77.3	
Employed		14,008	15,032	29,013	14,056	14,957	
Employment-population ratio		89.5	74.1	80.9	90.1	73.8	
Full-time workers ¹	. 25,116	13,558	11,557	25,069	13,597	11,473	
Part-time workers ²	. 3,925	450	3,475	3,944	459	3,485	
Unemployed	· ·	564	758	1,170	460	709	
Unemployment rate	. 4.4	3.9	4.8	3.9	3.2	4.5	
WITH OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 YEARS							
Civilian noninstitutional population		12,749	16,240	28,884	12,675	16,210	
Civilian labor force	. 22,365	12,167	10,198	22,106	12,091	10,014	
Participation rate	. 77.2	95.4	62.8	76.5	95.4	61.8	
Employed	. 21,063	11,630	9,433	20,944	11,640	9,304	
Employment-population ratio		91.2	58.1	72.5	91.8	57.4	
Full-time workers 1		11,203	6,561	17,689	11,197	6,491	
Part-time workers ²	,	426	2,872	3,256	443	2,813	
Unemployed		538	765	1,162	451	710	
Unemployment rate	. 5.8	4.4	7.5	5.3	3.7	7.1	
WITH NO OWN CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS							
Civilian noninstitutional population	. 154,714	76,510	78,204	156,900	77,739	79,160	
Civilian labor force	,	50,036	42,284	93,511	50,771	42,740	
Participation rate		65.4	54.1	59.6	65.3	54.0	
Employed		46,294	39,939	87,748	47,282	40,467	
Employment-population ratio		60.5	51.1	55.9	60.8	51.1	
Full-time workers ¹	69,073	39,245	29,827	70,244	40,134	30,110	
Part-time workers ²	17,160	7,049	10,111	17,505	7,148	10,357	
Unemployed		3,741	2,345	5,763	3,489	2,274	
Onemployed							

 $^{^{1}\,}$ Usually work 35 hours or more a week at all jobs. $^{2}\,$ Usually work less than 35 hours a week at all jobs.

Table 6. Employment status of mothers with own children under 3 years old by single year of age of youngest child and marital status, 2003-04 annual averages

		Civilian labor force							
	Civilian noninstitutional		Dereant of	Employed			Unem	ployed	
	population	Total	Percent of population	Total	Percent of population	Full-time workers ¹	Part-time workers ²	Number	Percent of labor force
2003									
TOTAL MOTHERS									
With own children under 3 years old	9,450 2,987 3,353 3,110	5,563 1,896 1,997 1,670	58.9 63.5 59.6 53.7	5,115 1,752 1,842 1,521	54.1 58.7 54.9 48.9	3,430 1,205 1,223 1,002	1,685 547 619 519	446 143 154 149	8.0 7.5 7.7 8.9
Married, spouse present									
With own children under 3 years old	7,165 2,243 2,541 2,381	4,068 1,350 1,458 1,260	56.8 60.2 57.4 52.9	3,872 1,281 1,395 1,196	54.0 57.1 54.9 50.2	2,529 853 906 770	1,342 428 488 426	197 69 64 64	4.8 5.1 4.4 5.1
Other marital status ³									
With own children under 3 years old	2,287 744 813 730	1,495 546 539 410	65.4 73.4 66.3 56.2	1,244 471 448 325	54.4 63.3 55.1 44.5	902 352 317 233	341 118 131 92	250 75 91 84	16.7 13.7 16.9 20.5
2004									
TOTAL MOTHERS									
With own children under 3 years old	9,345 2,813 3,273 3,259	5,377 1,746 1,906 1,725	57.5 62.1 58.2 52.9	4,964 1,630 1,759 1,575	53.1 57.9 53.7 48.3	3,360 1,152 1,172 1,035	1,604 477 587 540	414 116 147 151	7.7 6.6 7.7 8.7
Married, spouse present									
With own children under 3 years old	7,071 2,111 2,519 2,441	3,910 1,246 1,401 1,262	55.3 59.0 55.6 51.7	3,740 1,200 1,337 1,203	52.9 56.8 53.1 49.3	2,513 839 877 797	1,227 361 459 406	170 46 65 59	4.4 3.7 4.6 4.7
Other marital status ³									
With own children under 3 years old	2,274 702 754 818	1,467 499 505 463	64.5 71.1 66.9 56.6	1,224 430 422 372	53.8 61.2 56.0 45.4	847 314 295 238	377 116 127 134	243 70 82 91	16.6 13.9 16.3 19.7

Usually work 35 hours or more a week at all jobs.
 Usually work less than 35 hours a week at all jobs.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}\,$ Includes never-married, divorced, separated, and widowed persons. NOTE: See NOTE, table 4.