

# NEWS RELEASE

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## METROPOLITAN AREA EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT — FEBRUARY 2022

Unemployment rates were lower in February than a year earlier in 388 of the 389 metropolitan areas and higher in 1 area, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. A total of 75 areas had jobless rates of less than 3.0 percent and 3 areas had rates of at least 10.0 percent. Nonfarm payroll employment increased over the year in 163 metropolitan areas and was essentially unchanged in 226 areas. The national unemployment rate in February was 4.1 percent, not seasonally adjusted, down from 6.6 percent a year earlier.

This news release presents statistics from two monthly programs. The civilian labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the national household survey estimates. These data pertain to individuals by where they reside. The employment data are from an establishment survey that measures nonfarm employment, hours, and earnings by industry. These data pertain to jobs on payrolls defined by where the establishments are located. For more information about the concepts and statistical methodologies used by these two programs, see the Technical Note.

### Metropolitan Area Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

In February, Elkhart-Goshen, IN, had the lowest unemployment rate, 1.7 percent, followed by Logan, UT-ID, and Provo-Orem, UT, 1.8 percent each. El Centro, CA, had the highest rate, 14.0 percent. A total of 221 areas had February jobless rates below the U.S. rate of 4.1 percent, 158 areas had rates above it, and 10 areas had rates equal to that of the nation. (See table 1 and map 1.)

### Current Employment Statistics (CES) Data Corrections

This news release contains corrections to errors in previously released employment data in table 3. A complete list of corrections in this news release and in the CES (State and Area) database can be found at [www.bls.gov/bls/errata/sae\\_errata.htm](http://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/sae_errata.htm).

The largest over-the-year unemployment rate decrease in February occurred in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV (-5.6 percentage points). Rates fell over the year by at least 4.0 percentage points in an additional eight areas. Yuma, AZ, recorded the only jobless rate increase (+1.8 percentage points).

Of the 51 metropolitan areas with a 2010 Census population of 1 million or more, Salt Lake City, UT, had the lowest jobless rate in February, 2.2 percent, followed by Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, IN, and Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI, 2.4 percent each. Cleveland-Elyria, OH, had the highest unemployment rate, 6.4 percent. All 51 large areas had over-the-year unemployment rate decreases, the largest of which was in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV (-5.6 percentage points). The smallest rate decrease occurred in Birmingham-Hoover, AL (-0.9 percentage point).

### **Metropolitan Division Unemployment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)**

Eleven of the most populous metropolitan areas are made up of 38 metropolitan divisions, which are essentially separately identifiable employment centers. In February, Nashua, NH-MA, had the lowest division unemployment rate, 2.7 percent, closely followed by Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL, and San Rafael, CA, 2.8 percent each. Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, MI, had the highest rate among the divisions, 7.1 percent. (See table 2.)

In February, all 38 metropolitan divisions had over-the-year unemployment rate decreases. Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA, had the largest rate decline (-5.3 percentage points). The smallest rate declines occurred in Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, MI, and Wilmington, DE-MD-NJ (-1.5 percentage points each).

### **Metropolitan Area Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)**

In February, nonfarm payroll employment increased over the year in 163 metropolitan areas and was essentially unchanged in 226 areas. The largest over-the-year employment increases occurred in New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA (+512,100), Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA (+417,000), and Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX (+275,800). The largest over-the-year percentage gains in employment occurred in Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ (+14.7 percent), Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, HI (+12.9 percent), and Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV (+12.7 percent). (See table 3 and map 2.)

Over the year, nonfarm employment increased in 47 metropolitan areas with a 2010 Census population of 1 million or more, while employment was essentially unchanged in 4 areas. The largest over-the-year percentage increase in employment in these large metropolitan areas occurred in Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV (+12.7 percent), followed by Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL (+9.2 percent), and Austin-Round Rock, TX (+9.1 percent).

### **Metropolitan Division Nonfarm Employment (Not Seasonally Adjusted)**

In February, nonfarm payroll employment increased over the year in 29 metropolitan divisions and was essentially unchanged in 9 divisions. The largest over-the-year increases in employment among the metropolitan divisions occurred in New York-Jersey City-White Plains, NY-NJ (+389,600), Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA (+324,200), and Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX (+207,300). (See table 4.)

The largest over-the-year percentage increase in employment occurred in San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, CA (+8.8 percent), followed by Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX, and Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, CA (+7.8 percent each).

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**The State Employment and Unemployment news release for March is scheduled to be released on Friday, April 15, 2022, at 10:00 a.m. (ET). The Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment news release for March is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, April 27, 2022, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).**

### **Changes to Local Area Unemployment Statistics Data**

Effective with the release of Regional and State Unemployment 2021 Annual Averages on March 2, 2022, the civilian labor force and unemployment data for census regions and divisions and all states, the District of Columbia, and the modeled substate areas presented in tables 1 and 2 of this news release were revised from 2017 to 2021 to incorporate updated inputs, new population controls, and reestimation of models. The new population controls reflect a "blended base," which is 2010 Census-based and controlled to elements from the 2020 Census and other sources. More information on these data revisions is available at [www.bls.gov/lau/important-information-on-revisions-to-data-for-model-based-areas-in-2022.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/important-information-on-revisions-to-data-for-model-based-areas-in-2022.htm).

Civilian labor force and unemployment data for the non-modeled metropolitan areas and divisions presented in tables 1 and 2 of this news release have been revised for 2021 to incorporate updated inputs and adjustment to new state control totals, though not yet finalized. Revised estimates for these areas and divisions will not be loaded into the BLS time-series database until finalized on April 15, 2022. Therefore, the database does not match the data for 2021 presented in this news release. For more information, see [www.bls.gov/lau/launews1.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/launews1.htm).

# Technical Note

This news release presents civilian labor force and unemployment data from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program (tables 1 and 2) for 389 metropolitan statistical areas and metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), plus 7 areas in Puerto Rico. Estimates for 38 metropolitan and NECTA divisions also are presented. Nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program (tables 3 and 4) are provided for the same areas. State estimates were previously published in the news release *State Employment and Unemployment*, and are republished in this news release for ease of reference. The LAUS and CES programs are both federal-state cooperative endeavors.

## Civilian labor force and unemployment—from the LAUS program

**Definitions.** The civilian labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employed persons and unemployed persons on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and older. *Employed* persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (typically the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. *Unemployed* persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on layoff expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The *civilian labor force* is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The *unemployment rate* is the number of unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

**Method of estimation.** Estimates for states, the District of Columbia, the Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale metropolitan division, and New York City are produced using time-series models with real-time benchmarking to national CPS totals. Model-based estimates are also produced for the following areas and their respective balances: the Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights, IL Metropolitan Division; Cleveland-Elyria, OH Metropolitan Statistical Area; Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, MI Metropolitan Statistical Area; Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL Metropolitan Division; and Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, WA Metropolitan Division. Modeling improves the statistical basis of the estimation for these areas and provides important tools for analysis, such as measures of errors and seasonally adjusted series. For all other substate

areas in this news release, estimates are prepared through indirect estimation procedures using a building-block approach. Estimates of employed persons, which are based largely on “place of work” estimates from the CES program, are adjusted to refer to place of residence as used in the CPS. Unemployment estimates are aggregates of persons previously employed in industries covered by state Unemployment Insurance (UI) laws and entrants to the labor force from the CPS. The substate estimates of employment and unemployment, which geographically exhaust the entire state, are adjusted proportionally to ensure that they add to the independently estimated model-based area totals. A detailed description of the estimation procedures is available from BLS upon request.

**Annual revisions.** Civilian labor force and unemployment data shown for the prior year reflect adjustments made at the beginning of each year, usually implemented with the issuance of January estimates. The adjusted model-based estimates typically reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in other input data sources, and model re-estimation. All substate estimates then are re-estimated using updated inputs and adjusted to add to the revised model-based totals. In early 2021, a new generation of time-series models was implemented, resulting in the replacement of data back to the series beginnings.

## Employment—from the CES program

**Definitions.** Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

**Method of estimation.** CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible, these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria. For some employment series, the estimates are produced with a model that uses direct sample estimates (described above) combined with other regressors to compensate for smaller sample sizes.

**Annual revisions.** Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to

adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

**Seasonal adjustment.** Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted for states, metropolitan areas, and metropolitan divisions at the total nonfarm level. For states, data are seasonally adjusted at the supersector level as well. Revisions to historical data for the most recent 5 years are made once a year, coincident with annual benchmark adjustments.

Payroll employment data are seasonally adjusted concurrently, using all available estimates, including those for the current month, to develop sample-based seasonal factors. Concurrent sample-based factors are created every month for the current month's preliminary estimate as well as the previous month's final estimate.

## **Reliability of the estimates**

The estimates presented in this news release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

## **Use of error measures**

**Civilian labor force and unemployment estimates.** Measures of sampling error are not available for metropolitan areas or metropolitan divisions. Model-based error measures for states are available on the BLS website at [www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/lastderr.htm). Measures of nonsampling error are not available for the areas contained in this news release. Information on recent data revisions for states and local areas is available online at [www.bls.gov/lau/launews1.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/launews1.htm).

**Employment estimates.** Changes in metropolitan area nonfarm payroll employment are cited in the analysis of this news release only if they have been determined to be statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level. Measures of sampling error for the total nonfarm employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at [www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm). Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states at the supersector level and for the private service providing, goods-producing, total private and total nonfarm levels are available on the BLS website at [www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm](http://www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm). Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at [www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf](http://www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf).

## **Area definitions**

The substate area data published in this news release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on April 10, 2018. Data reflect New England City and Town Area (NECTA) definitions, rather than county-based definitions, in the six New England States. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available online at [www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm](http://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm).

## **Additional information**

Estimates of unadjusted and seasonally adjusted civilian labor force and unemployment data for states and seven substate areas are available in the news release *State Employment and Unemployment*. Estimates of civilian labor force and unemployment for all states, metropolitan areas, counties, cities with a population of 25,000 or more, and other areas used in the administration of various federal economic assistance programs are available online at [www.bls.gov/lau/](http://www.bls.gov/lau/). Employment data from the CES program for states and metropolitan areas are available on the BLS website at [www.bls.gov/sae/](http://www.bls.gov/sae/).

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# LABOR FORCE DATA

## NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

**Table 1. Civilian labor force and unemployment by state and metropolitan area — Continued**

State and area	Civilian labor force				Unemployed							
	January		February		Number				Percent of labor force			
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>	January		February		2021	2022	January	
					2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>			2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>
Wisconsin - Continued												
Eau Claire.....	92,290	93,489	93,979	94,563	4,351	2,992	4,794	3,197	4.7	3.2	5.1	3.4
Fond du Lac.....	56,162	57,876	56,524	58,095	2,299	1,580	2,511	1,632	4.1	2.7	4.4	2.8
Green Bay.....	172,722	174,638	173,228	175,140	7,248	4,956	7,877	5,271	4.2	2.8	4.5	3.0
Janesville-Beloit.....	85,463	86,855	86,131	87,272	4,436	3,250	4,954	3,490	5.2	3.7	5.8	4.0
La Crosse-Onalaska.....	75,674	77,524	77,111	78,450	3,099	2,104	3,294	2,165	4.1	2.7	4.3	2.8
Madison.....	388,525	396,139	393,340	400,702	14,132	9,204	14,932	9,841	3.6	2.3	3.8	2.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis.....	806,668	806,985	813,996	815,178	41,311	27,732	43,854	29,853	5.1	3.4	5.4	3.7
Oshkosh-Neenah.....	91,986	92,686	92,367	93,011	3,525	2,350	3,815	2,451	3.8	2.5	4.1	2.6
Racine.....	97,711	98,281	98,187	98,734	5,565	3,920	6,025	4,241	5.7	4.0	6.1	4.3
Sheboygan.....	61,367	62,595	61,417	62,800	2,303	1,553	2,460	1,622	3.8	2.5	4.0	2.6
Wausau.....	73,823	75,293	73,903	75,495	2,668	1,925	2,923	2,058	3.6	2.6	4.0	2.7
Wyoming.....	288,774	288,837	290,079	288,769	16,944	11,674	17,366	11,607	5.9	4.0	6.0	4.0
Casper.....	39,220	39,316	39,412	39,326	3,149	2,019	3,287	1,959	8.0	5.1	8.3	5.0
Cheyenne.....	49,525	50,508	49,567	50,201	2,567	1,851	2,566	1,854	5.2	3.7	5.2	3.7
Puerto Rico.....	1,110,775	1,210,696	1,122,160	1,221,134	100,654	77,610	88,654	73,617	9.1	6.4	7.9	6.0
Aguadilla-Isabela.....	87,613	95,939	87,972	96,502	9,101	7,862	8,144	7,699	10.4	8.2	9.3	8.0
Arecibo.....	54,136	58,607	54,182	59,082	5,008	4,095	4,434	4,047	9.3	7.0	8.2	6.8
Guayama.....	20,096	21,701	20,256	21,864	1,933	1,599	1,747	1,548	9.6	7.4	8.6	7.1
Mayaguez.....	27,816	30,499	28,148	30,628	2,644	2,328	2,353	2,143	9.5	7.6	8.4	7.0
Ponce.....	93,410	101,817	94,079	102,273	9,731	8,512	8,784	8,180	10.4	8.4	9.3	8.0
San German.....	35,146	38,817	35,447	39,050	3,554	3,238	3,171	3,102	10.1	8.3	8.9	7.9
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas.....	747,595	815,540	757,834	824,723	64,083	45,828	55,700	42,951	8.6	5.6	7.3	5.2

<sup>1</sup> For operational reasons, these interstate areas are listed under the state that accounts for the larger share of the population, which is different from the state that contains the first principal city.

<sup>2</sup> The area boundary does not reflect the Office of Management and Budget delineation.

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary

NOTE: Data refer to place of residence. Data for Puerto Rico are derived from a monthly household survey similar to the Current Population Survey. Area delineations are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03, dated April 10, 2018, and are available on the BLS website at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausma.htm>. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state containing the first principal city, unless otherwise footnoted. Data for 2021 in this table have been revised to incorporate updated inputs and adjustment to new state controls. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.



**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted**

[In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>p</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>	Number	Percent
Alabama.....	2,002.8	2,037.1	2,017.3	2,057.7	40.4	2.0
Anniston-Oxford-Jacksonville.....	45.9	46.0	46.1	46.5	0.4	0.9
Auburn-Opelika.....	65.2	66.6	65.9	67.8	1.9	2.9
Birmingham-Hoover.....	526.4	538.7	530.1	542.0	11.9	2.2
Daphne-Fairhope-Foley.....	76.3	80.0	77.6	80.9	3.3	4.3
Decatur.....	56.5	56.7	56.7	57.2	0.5	0.9
Dothan.....	58.5	59.6	59.0	60.1	1.1	1.9
Florence-Muscle Shoals.....	55.2	55.5	55.4	56.5	1.1	2.0
Gadsden.....	33.6	33.4	33.7	33.7	0.0	0.0
Huntsville.....	245.5	251.7	247.6	254.3	6.7	2.7
Mobile.....	180.5	183.6	181.0	185.1	4.1	2.3
Montgomery.....	170.6	173.3	171.8	174.5	2.7	1.6
Tuscaloosa.....	104.8	107.0	106.1	107.4	1.3	1.2
Alaska.....	291.6	298.1	296.7	302.9	6.2	2.1
Anchorage.....	161.5	165.9	163.7	168.5	4.8	2.9
Fairbanks.....	34.3	34.6	34.7	35.2	0.5	1.4
Arizona.....	2,887.6	3,014.4	2,914.9	3,041.8	126.9	4.4
Flagstaff.....	59.4	66.1	60.3	66.6	6.3	10.4
Lake Havasu City-Kingman.....	51.9	54.4	52.7	55.2	2.5	4.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale <sup>1</sup> .....	2,158.2	2,250.9	2,179.7	2,269.3	89.6	4.1
Prescott.....	63.9	67.5	64.9	68.2	3.3	5.1
Sierra Vista-Douglas.....	34.4	33.9	34.0	34.2	0.2	0.6
Tucson <sup>1</sup> .....	372.1	388.3	375.0	392.2	17.2	4.6
Yuma.....	57.9	59.2	58.0	59.7	1.7	2.9
Arkansas.....	1,256.1	1,293.0	1,256.4	1,300.7	44.3	3.5
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers.....	263.3	276.9	265.8	282.4	16.6	6.2
Fort Smith.....	108.0	110.4	108.2	111.4	3.2	3.0
Hot Springs.....	37.4	38.2	37.6	38.7	1.1	2.9
Jonesboro.....	59.3	60.8	59.1	61.1	2.0	3.4
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway.....	350.9	361.9	350.4	363.1	12.7	3.6
Pine Bluff.....	31.3	30.7	31.1	31.2	0.1	0.3
California.....	15,839.6	17,031.9	16,146.8	17,249.2	1,102.4	6.8
Bakersfield.....	257.5	271.3	259.7	275.6	15.9	6.1
Chico.....	72.6	74.9	73.1	76.2	3.1	4.2
El Centro.....	51.1	55.0	51.5	55.3	3.8	7.4
Fresno.....	340.5	364.6	344.5	369.2	24.7	7.2
Hanford-Corcoran.....	38.7	40.1	39.1	40.7	1.6	4.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim.....	5,543.1	6,005.0	5,666.6	6,083.6	417.0	7.4
Madera.....	38.4	40.7	38.6	41.4	2.8	7.3
Merced.....	64.7	69.5	65.9	70.1	4.2	6.4
Modesto.....	170.5	178.9	172.8	180.4	7.6	4.4
Napa.....	60.4	68.5	63.9	70.0	6.1	9.5
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura.....	282.8	299.0	288.8	302.4	13.6	4.7
Redding.....	65.2	67.1	65.1	67.8	2.7	4.1
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario.....	1,503.8	1,610.0	1,529.7	1,628.0	98.3	6.4
Sacramento--Roseville--Arden-Arcade.....	967.8	1,019.8	981.4	1,032.7	51.3	5.2
Salinas.....	125.3	135.7	129.0	140.2	11.2	8.7
San Diego-Carlsbad.....	1,352.1	1,473.7	1,385.9	1,490.2	104.3	7.5
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward.....	2,211.7	2,375.4	2,247.2	2,402.2	155.0	6.9
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara.....	1,054.4	1,123.3	1,069.7	1,132.6	62.9	5.9
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande.....	106.4	115.3	110.1	116.7	6.6	6.0
Santa Cruz-Watsonville.....	90.2	98.0	92.9	99.4	6.5	7.0
Santa Maria-Santa Barbara.....	174.1	189.6	178.7	192.3	13.6	7.6
Santa Rosa.....	181.7	196.9	186.5	199.9	13.4	7.2
Stockton-Lodi.....	244.8	256.9	247.8	258.1	10.3	4.2
Vallejo-Fairfield.....	127.0	133.2	128.1	135.1	7.0	5.5
Visalia-Porterville.....	123.2	132.4	124.7	133.8	9.1	7.3
Yuba City.....	45.0	48.2	45.6	48.6	3.0	6.6
Colorado.....	2,633.2	2,777.3	2,667.0	2,813.2	146.2	5.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**

[In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>P</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Colorado - Continued						
Boulder.....	184.5	195.9	187.9	199.4	11.5	6.1
Colorado Springs.....	290.3	304.3	294.1	308.3	14.2	4.8
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood.....	1,452.9	1,528.6	1,468.5	1,549.1	80.6	5.5
Fort Collins.....	162.3	172.7	165.6	175.8	10.2	6.2
Grand Junction.....	61.5	65.4	62.8	66.2	3.4	5.4
Greeley.....	101.8	106.0	103.1	107.0	3.9	3.8
Pueblo.....	60.3	63.7	61.2	64.6	3.4	5.6
Connecticut.....	1,561.5	1,609.8	1,566.3	1,618.2	51.9	3.3
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk.....	369.0	386.0	369.1	387.0	17.9	4.8
Danbury.....	71.6	73.9	71.0	73.9	2.9	4.1
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford.....	546.1	554.6	549.3	558.0	8.7	1.6
New Haven.....	276.5	284.9	278.2	289.1	10.9	3.9
Norwich-New London-Westerly.....	112.4	115.9	112.2	116.4	4.2	3.7
Waterbury.....	62.8	64.8	62.4	64.7	2.3	3.7
Delaware.....	434.9	443.6	436.7	447.2	10.5	2.4
Dover.....	67.2	68.7	67.4	69.3	1.9	2.8
Salisbury <sup>2</sup> .....	147.8	152.1	149.3	154.1	4.8	3.2
District of Columbia.....	718.8	754.0	723.2	756.8	33.6	4.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria.....	3,118.4	3,224.8	3,130.4	3,254.3	123.9	4.0
Florida.....	8,643.7	9,145.8	8,731.3	9,260.7	529.4	6.1
Cape Coral-Fort Myers.....	276.1	290.7	279.6	294.9	15.3	5.5
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin.....	117.2	121.6	118.7	123.1	4.4	3.7
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach.....	202.0	209.7	205.3	212.1	6.8	3.3
Gainesville.....	144.3	149.5	146.6	151.9	5.3	3.6
Homosassa Springs.....	32.7	33.3	33.1	33.8	0.7	2.1
Jacksonville.....	715.0	747.3	719.3	758.2	38.9	5.4
Lakeland-Winter Haven.....	249.3	260.4	252.2	262.1	9.9	3.9
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach.....	2,575.1	2,728.4	2,602.0	2,756.9	154.9	6.0
Naples-Immokalee-Marco Island.....	153.4	160.9	154.9	162.7	7.8	5.0
North Port-Sarasota-Bradenton.....	307.4	330.7	311.2	335.7	24.5	7.9
Ocala.....	108.8	111.5	109.9	112.2	2.3	2.1
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford.....	1,211.2	1,325.4	1,224.9	1,337.6	112.7	9.2
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville.....	230.0	239.2	231.9	241.1	9.2	4.0
Panama City.....	79.9	82.7	80.8	83.8	3.0	3.7
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent.....	182.0	188.7	183.5	190.2	6.7	3.7
Port St. Lucie.....	156.0	160.9	157.3	163.3	6.0	3.8
Punta Gorda.....	50.1	52.3	50.8	53.0	2.2	4.3
Sebastian-Vero Beach.....	53.0	54.9	53.4	55.3	1.9	3.6
Sebring.....	25.1	25.0	25.4	25.3	-0.1	-0.4
Tallahassee.....	181.1	188.2	182.8	190.9	8.1	4.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater.....	1,358.9	1,430.0	1,370.2	1,446.1	75.9	5.5
The Villages.....	34.0	35.7	34.6	36.2	1.6	4.6
Georgia.....	4,442.8	4,675.4	4,473.6	4,715.9	242.3	5.4
Albany.....	59.8	61.1	60.3	61.7	1.4	2.3
Athens-Clarke County.....	93.3	99.8	94.1	100.3	6.2	6.6
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell.....	2,729.7	2,888.6	2,748.3	2,922.7	174.4	6.3
Augusta-Richmond County.....	234.6	238.7	236.2	238.9	2.7	1.1
Brunswick.....	42.1	44.2	42.1	43.9	1.8	4.3
Columbus.....	116.8	119.8	117.6	119.9	2.3	2.0
Dalton.....	63.6	66.4	64.4	66.6	2.2	3.4
Gainesville.....	92.8	96.5	93.6	96.7	3.1	3.3
Hinesville.....	21.0	21.2	21.2	21.2	0.0	0.0
Macon-Bibb County.....	98.2	102.2	98.6	102.6	4.0	4.1
Rome.....	40.1	41.4	40.8	41.9	1.1	2.7
Savannah.....	182.5	194.7	183.6	196.8	13.2	7.2
Valdosta.....	55.1	55.6	55.2	55.9	0.7	1.3
Warner Robins.....	76.0	78.3	76.3	78.4	2.1	2.8
Hawaii.....	550.1	592.6	558.0	600.8	42.8	7.7

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
 [In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>p</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>	Number	Percent
Hawaii - Continued						
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina.....	63.0	71.3	63.7	71.9	8.2	12.9
Urban Honolulu.....	400.6	426.6	407.0	433.2	26.2	6.4
Idaho.....	762.6	797.5	772.8	804.2	31.4	4.1
Boise City.....	350.7	368.6	356.5	371.6	15.1	4.2
Coeur d'Alene.....	66.7	69.7	67.2	70.5	3.3	4.9
Idaho Falls.....	72.7	75.4	73.1	76.3	3.2	4.4
Lewiston.....	27.6	28.8	28.1	28.7	0.6	2.1
Pocatello.....	35.7	38.1	36.6	38.5	1.9	5.2
Twin Falls.....	47.1	48.7	47.4	49.3	1.9	4.0
Illinois.....	5,579.7	5,841.8	5,626.4	5,885.5	259.1	4.6
Bloomington.....	84.8	91.4	86.4	92.4	6.0	6.9
Carbondale-Marion.....	53.8	55.7	54.8	57.1	2.3	4.2
Champaign-Urbana.....	109.9	114.4	112.3	116.0	3.7	3.3
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin.....	4,326.0	4,549.7	4,359.9	4,581.7	221.8	5.1
Danville.....	25.3	25.5	25.2	25.7	0.5	2.0
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island <sup>2</sup> .....	171.0	177.8	171.5	178.8	7.3	4.3
Decatur.....	45.3	47.3	46.1	47.7	1.6	3.5
Kankakee.....	41.6	41.6	41.8	41.9	0.1	0.2
Peoria.....	157.4	161.5	158.4	162.8	4.4	2.8
Rockford.....	135.6	140.9	135.8	141.7	5.9	4.3
Springfield.....	100.2	106.0	101.3	106.7	5.4	5.3
Indiana.....	3,006.4	3,106.5	3,008.2	3,132.1	123.9	4.1
Bloomington.....	73.4	79.2	73.8	80.8	7.0	9.5
Columbus.....	48.7	49.4	48.6	49.9	1.3	2.7
Elkhart-Goshen.....	136.7	145.4	137.6	146.0	8.4	6.1
Evansville.....	151.2	154.3	150.9	156.3	5.4	3.6
Fort Wayne.....	217.2	223.6	217.1	225.1	8.0	3.7
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson.....	1,051.9	1,095.7	1,053.0	1,099.7	46.7	4.4
Kokomo.....	36.9	35.6	37.0	35.8	-1.2	-3.2
Lafayette-West Lafayette.....	96.4	101.8	98.6	104.4	5.8	5.9
Michigan City-La Porte.....	38.4	40.0	38.3	40.2	1.9	5.0
Muncie.....	47.4	48.4	47.7	49.0	1.3	2.7
South Bend-Mishawaka.....	131.6	133.6	132.1	134.4	2.3	1.7
Terre Haute.....	63.6	65.6	63.8	66.4	2.6	4.1
Iowa.....	1,495.6	1,527.5	1,500.8	1,539.7	38.9	2.6
Ames.....	48.7	51.6	51.7	54.4	2.7	5.2
Cedar Rapids.....	136.3	137.5	136.2	138.1	1.9	1.4
Des Moines-West Des Moines.....	358.0	369.6	359.0	371.4	12.4	3.5
Dubuque.....	58.0	58.5	57.7	58.1	0.4	0.7
Iowa City.....	94.0	97.7	94.7	98.2	3.5	3.7
Sioux City.....	84.7	85.3	84.7	85.9	1.2	1.4
Waterloo-Cedar Falls.....	84.8	86.4	86.1	87.9	1.8	2.1
Kansas.....	1,348.8	1,368.5	1,346.9	1,382.6	35.7	2.7
Lawrence.....	47.4	51.1	48.8	52.5	3.7	7.6
Manhattan.....	37.0	39.2	38.8	40.3	1.5	3.9
Topeka.....	107.6	106.7	107.1	107.2	0.1	0.1
Wichita.....	286.1	294.2	286.7	295.2	8.5	3.0
Kentucky.....	1,851.6	1,906.0	1,851.7	1,922.5	70.8	3.8
Bowling Green.....	72.4	74.0	72.9	75.8	2.9	4.0
Elizabethtown-Fort Knox.....	52.5	52.5	52.4	52.7	0.3	0.6
Lexington-Fayette.....	263.4	272.4	263.3	274.6	11.3	4.3
Louisville/Jefferson County.....	644.3	657.9	643.7	665.3	21.6	3.4
Owensboro.....	50.1	51.1	50.2	51.8	1.6	3.2
Louisiana.....	1,835.6	1,883.2	1,843.3	1,902.3	59.0	3.2
Alexandria.....	60.5	61.8	60.4	62.4	2.0	3.3
Baton Rouge.....	384.8	395.3	386.4	400.5	14.1	3.6
Hammond.....	45.5	46.2	46.1	46.6	0.5	1.1

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
 [In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>p</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>	Number	Percent
Louisiana - Continued						
Houma-Thibodaux.....	81.3	78.7	81.9	80.2	-1.7	-2.1
Lafayette.....	192.4	196.8	192.7	198.6	5.9	3.1
Lake Charles.....	92.1	99.0	92.5	100.0	7.5	8.1
Monroe.....	74.3	74.9	74.2	76.1	1.9	2.6
New Orleans-Metairie.....	529.8	546.1	533.4	550.4	17.0	3.2
Shreveport-Bossier City.....	168.1	173.1	168.0	173.8	5.8	3.5
Maine.....	593.6	609.0	598.5	614.5	16.0	2.7
Bangor.....	63.1	66.2	64.5	67.4	2.9	4.5
Lewiston-Auburn.....	48.8	49.7	49.1	49.6	0.5	1.0
Portland-South Portland.....	198.3	200.9	199.3	201.8	2.5	1.3
Maryland.....	2,557.4	2,634.4	2,568.7	2,668.0	99.3	3.9
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson.....	1,318.3	1,370.1	1,323.0	1,383.8	60.8	4.6
California-Lexington Park.....	47.1	47.5	47.0	47.7	0.7	1.5
Cumberland.....	35.0	36.0	35.3	36.5	1.2	3.4
Hagerstown-Martinsburg.....	99.9	102.2	99.9	102.3	2.4	2.4
Massachusetts.....	3,349.8	3,522.7	3,377.0	3,558.5	181.5	5.4
Barnstable Town.....	88.9	94.8	88.9	95.2	6.3	7.1
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua.....	2,560.0	2,688.4	2,579.3	2,711.5	132.2	5.1
Leominster-Gardner.....	47.8	50.4	48.2	50.4	2.2	4.6
New Bedford.....	60.7	63.3	60.6	63.2	2.6	4.3
Pittsfield.....	35.9	37.6	36.0	37.6	1.6	4.4
Springfield.....	307.4	321.1	310.2	328.9	18.7	6.0
Worcester.....	267.0	278.5	268.8	280.6	11.8	4.4
Michigan.....	4,008.1	4,228.0	4,083.6	4,255.0	171.4	4.2
Ann Arbor.....	207.0	221.2	212.8	225.3	12.5	5.9
Battle Creek.....	51.6	53.4	52.8	54.2	1.4	2.7
Bay City.....	31.8	33.7	32.5	34.3	1.8	5.5
Detroit-Warren-Dearborn.....	1,852.7	1,960.9	1,881.4	1,961.2	79.8	4.2
Flint.....	126.0	130.9	128.7	132.4	3.7	2.9
Grand Rapids-Wyoming.....	520.6	544.9	530.1	550.6	20.5	3.9
Jackson.....	53.4	56.0	54.7	56.2	1.5	2.7
Kalamazoo-Portage.....	136.8	144.7	140.1	146.0	5.9	4.2
Lansing-East Lansing.....	212.8	216.2	218.2	221.4	3.2	1.5
Midland.....	34.0	35.4	34.3	35.5	1.2	3.5
Monroe.....	36.2	38.8	37.5	39.0	1.5	4.0
Muskegon.....	57.3	62.0	58.5	62.2	3.7	6.3
Niles-Benton Harbor.....	55.0	58.9	56.5	59.9	3.4	6.0
Saginaw.....	77.3	80.4	78.4	80.5	2.1	2.7
Minnesota.....	2,750.1	2,818.0	2,765.4	2,826.8	61.4	2.2
Duluth.....	124.7	129.3	125.9	130.4	4.5	3.6
Mankato-North Mankato.....	54.4	55.3	55.2	56.0	0.8	1.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington.....	1,876.1	1,921.4	1,883.7	1,929.5	45.8	2.4
Rochester.....	117.9	121.8	118.1	122.3	4.2	3.6
St. Cloud.....	102.2	106.0	103.3	106.2	2.9	2.8
Mississippi.....	1,117.0	1,145.1	1,118.2	1,158.0	39.8	3.6
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula.....	152.5	157.7	152.5	159.6	7.1	4.7
Hattiesburg.....	63.9	65.8	64.3	66.3	2.0	3.1
Jackson.....	265.5	268.2	264.9	270.2	5.3	2.0
Missouri.....	2,768.7	2,850.8	2,767.8	2,873.0	105.2	3.8
Cape Girardeau.....	43.3	44.0	43.2	44.5	1.3	3.0
Columbia.....	96.0	98.7	97.8	101.1	3.3	3.4
Jefferson City.....	75.4	76.2	75.1	76.4	1.3	1.7
Joplin.....	77.2	80.1	76.5	80.8	4.3	5.6
Kansas City.....	1,049.9	1,068.1	1,040.2	1,069.6	29.4	2.8
St. Joseph.....	59.1	59.9	58.9	60.6	1.7	2.9
St. Louis <sup>3</sup> .....	1,321.5	1,351.3	1,324.5	1,364.9	40.4	3.1
Springfield.....	214.0	219.2	214.7	223.7	9.0	4.2

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
 [In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>P</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
Montana.....	471.0	490.1	473.7	493.2	19.5	4.1
Billings.....	83.6	87.6	84.0	87.8	3.8	4.5
Great Falls.....	34.6	35.4	34.5	35.4	0.9	2.6
Missoula.....	60.4	63.3	61.0	63.8	2.8	4.6
Nebraska.....	983.3	999.3	983.9	1,012.8	28.9	2.9
Grand Island.....	40.6	41.0	40.7	41.3	0.6	1.5
Lincoln.....	182.2	183.5	183.5	187.6	4.1	2.2
Omaha-Council Bluffs.....	482.8	489.5	481.5	493.3	11.8	2.5
Nevada.....	1,273.6	1,412.0	1,291.9	1,425.1	133.2	10.3
Carson City.....	30.0	30.8	30.2	31.1	0.9	3.0
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise.....	901.6	1,023.3	916.2	1,032.5	116.3	12.7
Reno.....	237.5	249.0	240.9	251.3	10.4	4.3
New Hampshire.....	638.8	664.2	645.0	672.6	27.6	4.3
Dover-Durham.....	49.8	51.0	51.2	53.0	1.8	3.5
Manchester.....	106.8	109.1	107.9	110.0	2.1	1.9
Portsmouth.....	86.8	90.7	86.9	90.7	3.8	4.4
New Jersey.....	3,854.5	4,035.3	3,869.6	4,082.1	212.5	5.5
Atlantic City-Hammonton.....	111.1	126.1	112.5	129.0	16.5	14.7
Ocean City.....	32.2	34.1	32.5	34.4	1.9	5.8
Trenton.....	265.5	274.3	265.7	275.1	9.4	3.5
Vineland-Bridgeton.....	56.4	57.5	56.8	58.3	1.5	2.6
New Mexico.....	776.5	825.7	788.2	838.3	50.1	6.4
Albuquerque.....	369.4	391.5	375.1	397.5	22.4	6.0
Farmington.....	40.6	43.5	41.1	44.4	3.3	8.0
Las Cruces.....	69.2	73.1	70.6	75.1	4.5	6.4
Santa Fe.....	54.8	60.6	55.8	61.8	6.0	10.8
New York.....	8,647.8	9,118.5	8,740.4	9,228.1	487.7	5.6
Albany-Schenectady-Troy.....	428.5	443.8	433.8	448.0	14.2	3.3
Binghamton.....	91.5	94.9	92.9	96.2	3.3	3.6
Buffalo-Cheektowaga-Niagara Falls.....	500.3	521.1	507.1	524.6	17.5	3.5
Elmira.....	33.3	34.3	33.5	34.4	0.9	2.7
Glens Falls.....	47.9	50.7	48.3	50.7	2.4	5.0
Ithaca.....	56.8	59.5	61.2	60.8	-0.4	-0.7
Kingston.....	53.8	57.8	54.9	58.4	3.5	6.4
New York-Newark-Jersey City.....	8,884.7	9,351.6	8,943.5	9,455.6	512.1	5.7
Rochester.....	482.9	505.8	493.1	512.0	18.9	3.8
Syracuse.....	288.8	299.4	293.6	302.5	8.9	3.0
Utica-Rome.....	114.0	119.3	116.5	120.2	3.7	3.2
Watertown-Fort Drum.....	37.3	39.1	37.5	39.2	1.7	4.5
North Carolina.....	4,454.4	4,616.1	4,486.7	4,665.9	179.2	4.0
Asheville.....	186.9	194.1	187.5	195.6	8.1	4.3
Burlington.....	61.9	63.4	62.1	64.5	2.4	3.9
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia.....	1,214.2	1,251.7	1,220.1	1,264.8	44.7	3.7
Durham-Chapel Hill.....	323.1	336.1	327.5	340.9	13.4	4.1
Fayetteville.....	126.5	130.5	128.1	131.7	3.6	2.8
Goldsboro.....	39.8	40.8	40.2	40.9	0.7	1.7
Greensboro-High Point.....	347.0	356.3	349.0	359.1	10.1	2.9
Greenville.....	77.2	81.1	78.6	81.5	2.9	3.7
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton.....	149.0	153.6	149.6	154.9	5.3	3.5
Jacksonville.....	50.0	51.5	50.3	52.0	1.7	3.4
New Bern.....	43.8	45.0	44.0	44.9	0.9	2.0
Raleigh.....	636.8	668.4	641.0	675.9	34.9	5.4
Rocky Mount.....	53.9	54.8	53.8	53.7	-0.1	-0.2
Wilmington.....	128.8	135.6	129.9	136.7	6.8	5.2
Winston-Salem.....	263.2	267.4	264.9	269.5	4.6	1.7
North Dakota.....	402.4	415.8	403.9	418.7	14.8	3.7
Bismarck.....	70.6	72.3	70.4	72.0	1.6	2.3
Fargo.....	139.4	143.1	140.4	143.7	3.3	2.4

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**  
 [In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>P</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
North Dakota - Continued						
Grand Forks.....	50.5	52.5	51.3	52.9	1.6	3.1
Ohio.....	5,242.6	5,331.3	5,257.8	5,362.7	104.9	2.0
Akron.....	312.8	315.7	316.2	316.8	0.6	0.2
Canton-Massillon.....	162.1	164.3	162.5	165.1	2.6	1.6
Cincinnati.....	1,062.7	1,081.4	1,061.6	1,083.1	21.5	2.0
Cleveland-Elyria.....	998.9	1,019.8	1,001.3	1,032.0	30.7	3.1
Columbus.....	1,074.7	1,096.8	1,076.6	1,102.0	25.4	2.4
Dayton.....	368.3	375.7	368.7	379.5	10.8	2.9
Lima.....	50.1	50.2	50.1	50.5	0.4	0.8
Mansfield.....	49.1	49.2	49.1	49.5	0.4	0.8
Springfield.....	46.2	47.4	46.6	47.3	0.7	1.5
Toledo.....	287.2	293.5	288.7	296.3	7.6	2.6
Weirton-Steubenville <sup>2</sup> .....	37.7	38.6	38.1	39.1	1.0	2.6
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman.....	195.7	199.3	196.2	199.7	3.5	1.8
Oklahoma.....	1,613.3	1,640.1	1,611.0	1,657.2	46.2	2.9
Enid.....	23.8	23.9	24.0	23.9	-0.1	-0.4
Lawton.....	42.7	42.1	42.6	42.6	0.0	0.0
Oklahoma City.....	628.6	647.2	629.1	653.4	24.3	3.9
Tulsa.....	433.8	440.8	432.3	446.5	14.2	3.3
Oregon.....	1,791.6	1,891.6	1,814.1	1,917.0	102.9	5.7
Albany.....	44.1	46.2	44.8	46.4	1.6	3.6
Bend-Redmond.....	81.1	88.6	83.3	89.0	5.7	6.8
Corvallis.....	39.0	41.8	39.7	42.9	3.2	8.1
Eugene.....	149.3	155.8	151.2	156.7	5.5	3.6
Grants Pass.....	25.7	26.8	26.1	26.9	0.8	3.1
Medford.....	84.6	87.9	85.7	88.2	2.5	2.9
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro.....	1,119.5	1,185.6	1,131.5	1,199.5	68.0	6.0
Salem.....	162.3	171.7	165.1	171.9	6.8	4.1
Pennsylvania.....	5,549.4	5,757.9	5,592.0	5,826.8	234.8	4.2
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton.....	357.2	372.5	359.8	379.3	19.5	5.4
Altoona.....	56.9	59.1	57.1	59.3	2.2	3.9
Bloomsburg-Berwick.....	39.8	41.1	40.3	41.4	1.1	2.7
Chambersburg-Waynesboro.....	58.1	59.8	58.4	60.1	1.7	2.9
East Stroudsburg.....	54.5	56.5	54.9	56.9	2.0	3.6
Erie.....	114.5	119.4	116.4	120.8	4.4	3.8
Gettysburg.....	31.9	33.6	32.5	34.1	1.6	4.9
Harrisburg-Carlisle.....	327.9	341.5	331.1	347.0	15.9	4.8
Johnstown.....	47.9	49.3	48.9	50.1	1.2	2.5
Lancaster.....	241.1	248.9	243.4	251.1	7.7	3.2
Lebanon.....	50.6	52.3	51.1	52.7	1.6	3.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington.....	2,760.5	2,879.2	2,777.5	2,906.7	129.2	4.7
Pittsburgh.....	1,073.9	1,103.8	1,082.4	1,112.2	29.8	2.8
Reading.....	166.0	167.5	166.5	169.6	3.1	1.9
Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton.....	239.6	250.7	241.0	252.5	11.5	4.8
State College.....	68.6	74.1	71.7	75.8	4.1	5.7
Williamsport.....	48.6	49.1	49.2	50.0	0.8	1.6
York-Hanover.....	176.8	181.9	177.3	182.9	5.6	3.2
Rhode Island.....	454.7	472.6	461.3	479.2	17.9	3.9
Providence-Warwick.....	545.0	569.9	550.6	575.1	24.5	4.4
South Carolina.....	2,092.7	2,148.1	2,108.2	2,181.4	73.2	3.5
Charleston-North Charleston.....	358.7	375.0	361.5	378.0	16.5	4.6
Columbia.....	389.9	391.5	393.7	398.7	5.0	1.3
Florence.....	88.0	89.6	88.8	89.8	1.0	1.1
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin.....	416.4	426.8	420.8	433.7	12.9	3.1
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort.....	78.7	81.3	79.2	82.4	3.2	4.0
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach.....	159.7	169.5	162.0	172.9	10.9	6.7
Spartanburg.....	161.6	164.4	162.2	165.4	3.2	2.0
Sumter.....	37.7	37.9	38.3	38.1	-0.2	-0.5

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**

[In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>P</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>P</sup>	Number	Percent
South Dakota.....	422.9	430.7	424.2	433.6	9.4	2.2
Rapid City.....	65.5	68.0	66.0	69.4	3.4	5.2
Sioux Falls.....	156.0	160.0	156.1	159.7	3.6	2.3
Tennessee.....	3,022.0	3,136.7	3,040.8	3,173.0	132.2	4.3
Chattanooga.....	257.9	264.6	260.9	266.9	6.0	2.3
Clarksville.....	92.2	95.7	92.8	96.5	3.7	4.0
Cleveland.....	45.7	46.4	46.9	47.0	0.1	0.2
Jackson.....	68.7	68.8	68.6	69.4	0.8	1.2
Johnson City.....	80.7	82.9	81.9	84.2	2.3	2.8
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol.....	114.6	118.0	115.4	119.2	3.8	3.3
Knoxville.....	397.2	411.9	401.6	418.1	16.5	4.1
Memphis.....	629.8	649.1	629.4	653.4	24.0	3.8
Morristown.....	46.1	47.4	46.8	47.8	1.0	2.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin.....	1,019.1	1,076.5	1,023.2	1,089.3	66.1	6.5
Texas.....	12,281.4	12,995.1	12,311.3	13,160.1	848.8	6.9
Abilene.....	70.4	72.6	70.3	73.3	3.0	4.3
Amarillo.....	119.2	123.1	119.5	123.8	4.3	3.6
Austin-Round Rock.....	1,108.3	1,202.3	1,112.3	1,214.0	101.7	9.1
Beaumont-Port Arthur.....	149.2	154.0	148.6	155.6	7.0	4.7
Brownsville-Harlingen.....	145.1	150.6	145.0	151.7	6.7	4.6
College Station-Bryan.....	119.0	125.6	121.2	128.6	7.4	6.1
Corpus Christi.....	179.2	185.5	180.2	188.0	7.8	4.3
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington.....	3,709.1	3,954.8	3,710.8	3,986.6	275.8	7.4
El Paso.....	310.5	322.2	312.4	324.2	11.8	3.8
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land.....	2,971.6	3,130.0	2,982.5	3,175.5	193.0	6.5
Killeen-Temple.....	142.7	147.9	142.2	149.5	7.3	5.1
Laredo.....	99.6	105.2	99.8	106.3	6.5	6.5
Longview.....	91.2	95.4	91.3	95.9	4.6	5.0
Lubbock.....	146.0	153.2	147.5	154.8	7.3	4.9
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission.....	265.7	278.9	266.4	282.2	15.8	5.9
Midland.....	95.7	104.0	96.5	105.6	9.1	9.4
Odessa.....	68.1	73.1	68.0	73.8	5.8	8.5
San Angelo.....	47.6	49.2	47.6	49.7	2.1	4.4
San Antonio-New Braunfels.....	1,026.4	1,083.3	1,027.0	1,096.9	69.9	6.8
Sherman-Denison.....	47.6	49.5	47.6	49.8	2.2	4.6
Texarkana.....	57.3	59.6	57.5	60.2	2.7	4.7
Tyler.....	104.3	108.7	105.2	109.9	4.7	4.5
Victoria.....	38.0	38.7	37.8	38.8	1.0	2.6
Waco.....	120.1	126.9	120.0	128.2	8.2	6.8
Wichita Falls.....	56.6	57.7	56.7	58.0	1.3	2.3
Utah.....	1,564.7	1,627.5	1,580.5	1,646.5	66.0	4.2
Logan.....	66.7	69.7	68.1	71.0	2.9	4.3
Ogden-Clearfield.....	267.3	276.0	270.0	278.5	8.5	3.1
Provo-Orem.....	282.6	298.8	286.8	303.5	16.7	5.8
St. George.....	73.5	77.1	75.5	78.5	3.0	4.0
Salt Lake City.....	748.5	772.7	753.1	780.3	27.2	3.6
Vermont.....	283.1	295.9	287.6	297.9	10.3	3.6
Burlington-South Burlington.....	113.8	118.0	117.5	119.7	2.2	1.9
Virginia.....	3,852.0	3,940.9	3,865.5	3,985.9	120.4	3.1
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford.....	73.8	77.5	77.1	82.7	5.6	7.3
Charlottesville.....	111.7	116.2	112.8	118.1	5.3	4.7
Harrisonburg.....	65.7	67.8	66.9	70.5	3.6	5.4
Lynchburg.....	99.0	101.3	99.7	101.8	2.1	2.1
Richmond.....	650.7	659.2	651.0	665.4	14.4	2.2
Roanoke.....	154.9	157.3	155.9	158.2	2.3	1.5
Staunton-Waynesboro.....	49.1	50.4	49.1	51.1	2.0	4.1
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News.....	752.9	761.3	755.8	767.7	11.9	1.6
Winchester.....	65.6	67.1	65.8	68.6	2.8	4.3
Washington.....	3,213.3	3,392.2	3,242.8	3,434.6	191.8	5.9

See footnotes at end of table.

**ESTABLISHMENT DATA**
**NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED**
**Table 3. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state and metropolitan area, not seasonally adjusted — Continued**

[In thousands]

State and area	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>p</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>	Number	Percent
Washington - Continued						
Bellingham.....	85.8	93.0	86.9	93.7	6.8	7.8
Bremerton-Silverdale.....	87.7	91.6	88.5	93.2	4.7	5.3
Kennewick-Richland.....	110.3	116.9	111.2	119.1	7.9	7.1
Longview.....	38.8	40.5	39.2	41.4	2.2	5.6
Mount Vernon-Anacortes.....	46.6	49.5	46.9	50.0	3.1	6.6
Olympia-Tumwater.....	113.3	121.1	114.9	122.5	7.6	6.6
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue.....	1,928.3	2,035.0	1,942.4	2,055.2	112.8	5.8
Spokane-Spokane Valley.....	240.3	257.3	243.1	260.8	17.7	7.3
Walla Walla.....	28.0	29.2	28.3	29.8	1.5	5.3
Wenatchee.....	42.5	45.5	43.0	46.0	3.0	7.0
Yakima.....	80.8	85.9	81.8	87.0	5.2	6.4
West Virginia.....	662.4	681.5	666.7	690.5	23.8	3.6
Beckley.....	40.4	41.8	40.5	41.9	1.4	3.5
Charleston.....	101.4	102.2	102.0	103.0	1.0	1.0
Huntington-Ashland.....	125.3	128.5	125.2	130.1	4.9	3.9
Morgantown.....	65.9	68.0	67.5	70.0	2.5	3.7
Parkersburg-Vienna.....	35.4	36.7	35.5	36.7	1.2	3.4
Wheeling.....	57.7	59.4	58.0	59.7	1.7	2.9
Wisconsin.....	2,798.5	2,841.6	2,810.1	2,872.9	62.8	2.2
Appleton.....	120.9	123.6	120.4	123.8	3.4	2.8
Eau Claire.....	82.1	83.7	83.3	84.8	1.5	1.8
Fond du Lac.....	45.3	47.0	45.4	47.3	1.9	4.2
Green Bay.....	170.0	172.3	169.4	173.2	3.8	2.2
Janesville-Beloit.....	66.2	67.6	66.1	68.0	1.9	2.9
La Crosse-Onalaska.....	73.5	75.5	74.7	76.5	1.8	2.4
Madison.....	386.4	395.9	390.3	401.5	11.2	2.9
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis.....	810.6	817.0	813.2	827.3	14.1	1.7
Oshkosh-Neenah.....	92.6	93.5	92.7	94.2	1.5	1.6
Racine.....	73.4	74.4	73.2	74.7	1.5	2.0
Sheboygan.....	59.4	60.8	59.2	61.0	1.8	3.0
Wausau.....	69.8	71.6	69.7	71.4	1.7	2.4
Wyoming.....	266.2	275.0	268.1	278.7	10.6	4.0
Casper.....	35.7	36.8	36.0	37.3	1.3	3.6
Cheyenne.....	45.4	47.1	45.8	47.2	1.4	3.1
Puerto Rico.....	844.9	896.2	848.6	902.9	54.3	6.4
Aguadilla-Isabela.....	50.3	53.8	50.4	54.0	3.6	7.1
Arecibo.....	34.3	36.0	34.2	36.2	2.0	5.8
Guayama.....	14.0	14.5	13.8	14.5	0.7	5.1
Mayaguez.....	31.1	32.5	31.2	32.7	1.5	4.8
Ponce.....	66.0	70.0	66.4	70.1	3.7	5.6
San German.....	19.3	20.7	19.4	20.9	1.5	7.7
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas.....	609.8	648.3	613.6	654.0	40.4	6.6
Virgin Islands.....	34.5	34.6	34.9	35.1	0.2	0.6

<sup>1</sup> Data featured in this table were incorrectly published on March 14, 2022. BLS corrected the data in the LABSTAT database on March 25, 2022. See [https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/sae\\_errata.htm](https://www.bls.gov/bls/errata/sae_errata.htm) for a complete listing of impacted series and BLS products.

<sup>2</sup> For operational reasons, these interstate areas are listed under the state that accounts for the larger share of the population, which is different from the state that contains the first principal city.

<sup>3</sup> Area boundary does not reflect official OMB delineation.

p Preliminary

NOTE: Data are counts of jobs by place of work. Estimates subsequent to the current benchmark are preliminary and will be revised when new information becomes available. Area delineations are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03, dated April 10, 2018, and are available on the BLS website at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm>. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state containing the first principal city, unless otherwise footnoted. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.

## ESTABLISHMENT DATA

### NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED

**Table 4. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by state, selected metropolitan area, and metropolitan division, not seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>**

[In thousands]

State, area, and division	January		February		Change from February 2021 to February 2022 <sup>p</sup>	
	2021	2022	2021	2022 <sup>p</sup>	Number	Percent
California.....	15,839.6	17,031.9	16,146.8	17,249.2	1,102.4	6.8
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim.....	5,543.1	6,005.0	5,666.6	6,083.6	417.0	7.4
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine.....	1,495.9	1,603.6	1,528.3	1,621.1	92.8	6.1
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale.....	4,047.2	4,401.4	4,138.3	4,462.5	324.2	7.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward.....	2,211.7	2,375.4	2,247.2	2,402.2	155.0	6.9
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley.....	1,078.6	1,140.4	1,095.5	1,154.5	59.0	5.4
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco.....	1,032.9	1,129.1	1,049.3	1,141.4	92.1	8.8
San Rafael.....	100.2	105.9	102.4	106.3	3.9	3.8
District of Columbia.....	718.8	754.0	723.2	756.8	33.6	4.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria <sup>2</sup> .....	3,118.4	3,224.8	3,130.4	3,254.3	123.9	4.0
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville <sup>3</sup> .....	556.0	577.3	557.7	583.2	25.5	4.6
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria <sup>2</sup> .....	2,562.4	2,647.5	2,572.7	2,671.1	98.4	3.8
Florida.....	8,643.7	9,145.8	8,731.3	9,260.7	529.4	6.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach.....	2,575.1	2,728.4	2,602.0	2,756.9	154.9	6.0
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach.....	820.5	862.1	827.5	868.1	40.6	4.9
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall.....	1,137.7	1,215.1	1,150.5	1,232.2	81.7	7.1
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach.....	616.9	651.2	624.0	656.6	32.6	5.2
Illinois.....	5,579.7	5,841.8	5,626.4	5,885.5	259.1	4.6
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin <sup>2</sup> .....	4,326.0	4,549.7	4,359.9	4,581.7	221.8	5.1
Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights.....	3,443.7	3,634.4	3,472.8	3,659.6	186.8	5.4
Elgin.....	232.5	246.4	234.8	249.5	14.7	6.3
Gary.....	256.4	264.4	255.9	266.2	10.3	4.0
Lake County-Kenosha County <sup>2</sup> .....	393.4	404.5	396.4	406.4	10.0	2.5
Massachusetts.....	3,349.8	3,522.7	3,377.0	3,558.5	181.5	5.4
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua <sup>2</sup> .....	2,560.0	2,688.4	2,579.3	2,711.5	132.2	5.1
Boston-Cambridge-Newton.....	1,734.5	1,829.7	1,750.2	1,848.1	97.9	5.6
Brockton-Bridgewater-Easton.....	73.0	75.0	74.0	76.2	2.2	3.0
Framingham.....	157.2	161.7	157.6	161.7	4.1	2.6
Haverhill-Newburyport-Amesbury Town <sup>2</sup> .....	61.6	65.0	62.0	64.8	2.8	4.5
Lawrence-Methuen Town-Salem <sup>2</sup> .....	76.7	80.0	76.9	80.3	3.4	4.4
Lowell-Billerica-Chelmsford <sup>2</sup> .....	150.2	157.1	149.9	158.6	8.7	5.8
Lynn-Saugus-Marblehead.....	40.8	43.4	40.8	43.1	2.3	5.6
Nashua <sup>2</sup> .....	124.5	129.3	124.9	131.0	6.1	4.9
Peabody-Salem-Beverly.....	85.0	88.5	86.6	88.9	2.3	2.7
Taunton-Middleborough-Norton.....	56.5	58.7	56.4	58.8	2.4	4.3
Michigan.....	4,008.1	4,228.0	4,083.6	4,255.0	171.4	4.2
Detroit-Warren-Dearborn.....	1,852.7	1,960.9	1,881.4	1,961.2	79.8	4.2
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia.....	702.7	751.0	714.6	746.4	31.8	4.5
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills.....	1,150.0	1,209.9	1,166.8	1,214.8	48.0	4.1
New York.....	8,647.8	9,118.5	8,740.4	9,228.1	487.7	5.6
New York-Newark-Jersey City <sup>2</sup> .....	8,884.7	9,351.6	8,943.5	9,455.6	512.1	5.7
Dutchess County-Putnam County.....	131.6	136.1	133.4	138.4	5.0	3.7
Nassau County-Suffolk County.....	1,217.3	1,265.2	1,222.0	1,276.2	54.2	4.4
Newark <sup>3</sup> .....	1,126.6	1,177.3	1,130.9	1,194.2	63.3	5.6
New York-Jersey City-White Plains <sup>2</sup> .....	6,409.2	6,773.0	6,457.2	6,846.8	389.6	6.0
Pennsylvania.....	5,549.4	5,757.9	5,592.0	5,826.8	234.8	4.2
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington <sup>2</sup> .....	2,760.5	2,879.2	2,777.5	2,906.7	129.2	4.7
Camden <sup>3</sup> .....	512.6	542.5	516.3	548.7	32.4	6.3
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County.....	1,018.9	1,056.6	1,022.0	1,062.7	40.7	4.0
Philadelphia.....	883.5	931.8	893.0	943.5	50.5	5.7
Wilmington <sup>3</sup> .....	345.5	348.3	346.2	351.8	5.6	1.6
Texas.....	12,281.4	12,995.1	12,311.3	13,160.1	848.8	6.9
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington.....	3,709.1	3,954.8	3,710.8	3,986.6	275.8	7.4
Dallas-Plano-Irving.....	2,652.6	2,841.5	2,656.1	2,863.4	207.3	7.8
Fort Worth-Arlington.....	1,056.5	1,113.3	1,054.7	1,123.2	68.5	6.5
Washington.....	3,213.3	3,392.2	3,242.8	3,434.6	191.8	5.9
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue.....	1,928.3	2,035.0	1,942.4	2,055.2	112.8	5.8
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett.....	1,619.5	1,717.7	1,630.0	1,731.9	101.9	6.3
Tacoma-Lakewood.....	308.8	317.3	312.4	323.3	10.9	3.5

<sup>1</sup> These 11 areas contain all of the 38 metropolitan divisions.

<sup>2</sup> Part of the area (or division) is in one or more adjacent states.

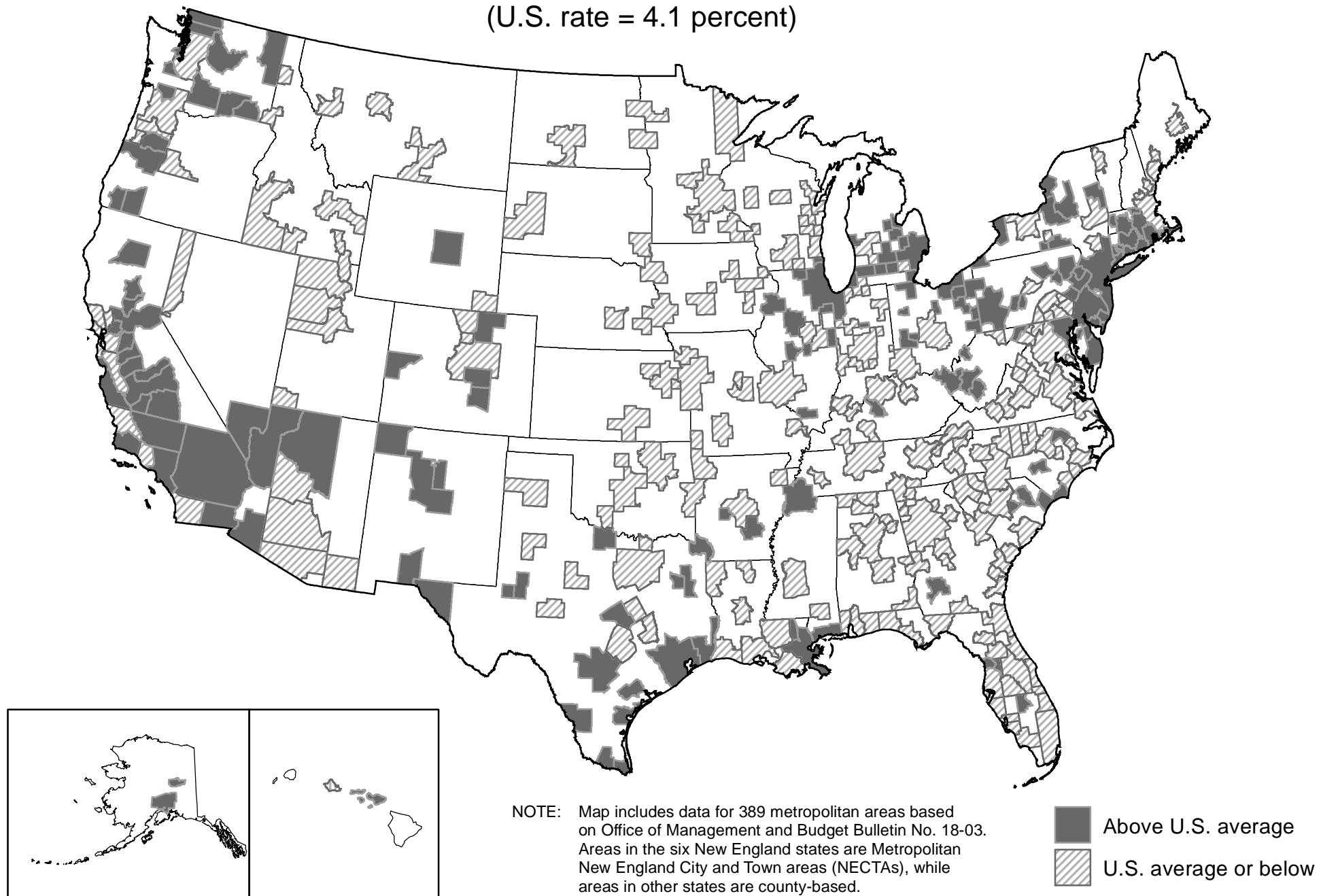
<sup>3</sup> All of the division is in one or more adjacent states.

p Preliminary

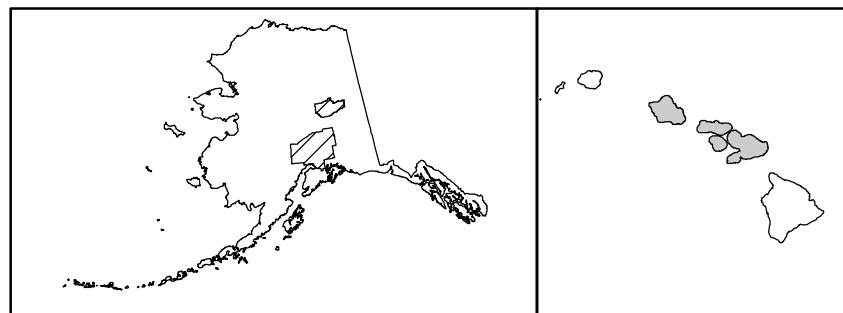
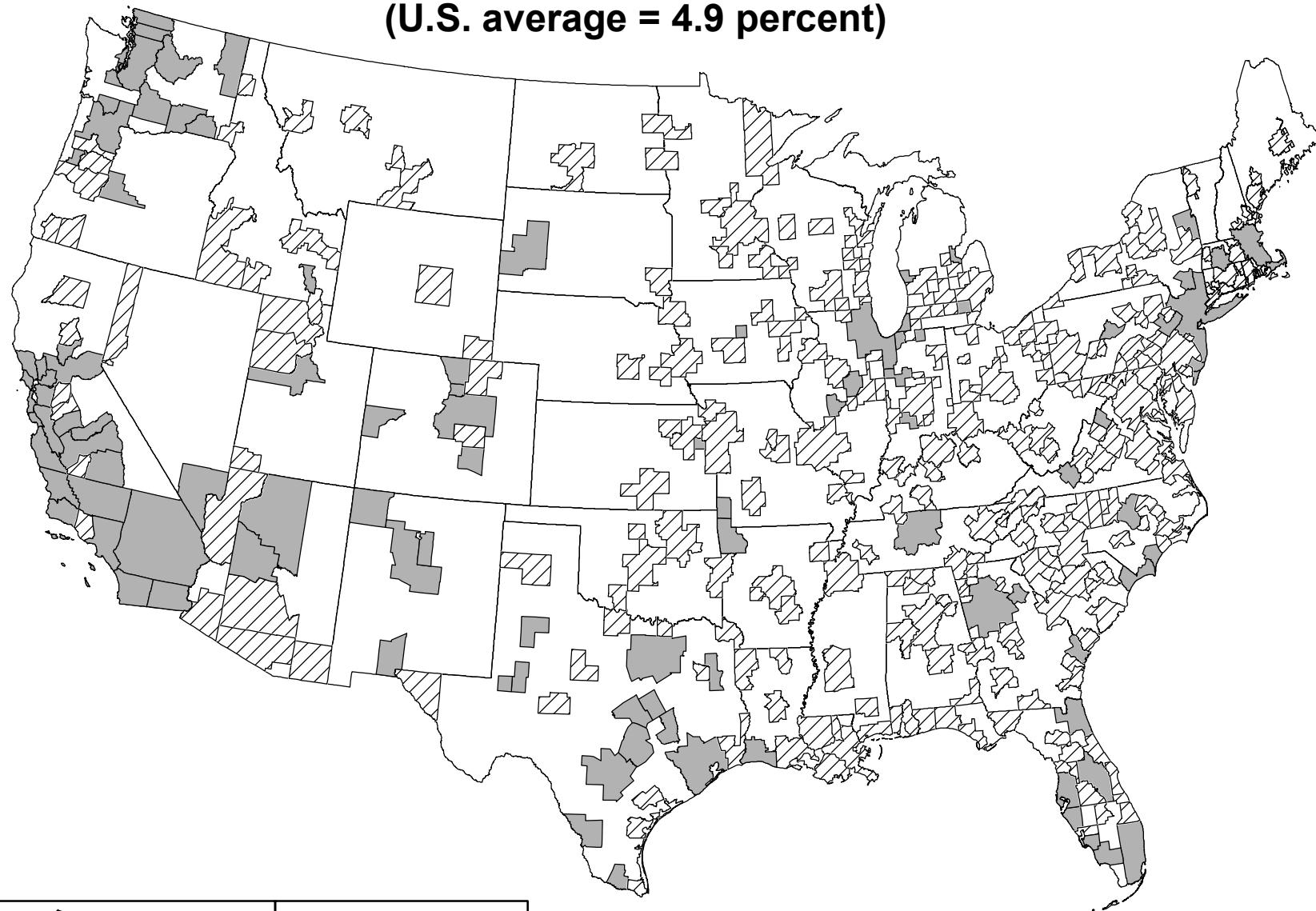
NOTE: Data are counts of jobs by place of work. Data have been revised to reflect 2021 benchmark levels. Estimates subsequent to the current benchmark are preliminary and will be revised when new information becomes available. Area definitions are based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03, dated April 10, 2018, and available at <https://www.bls.gov/lau/usmsa.htm>. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town Areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county-based. Some metropolitan areas lie in two or more states. They are listed under the state containing the first principal city. Metropolitan divisions are listed under their metropolitan areas. Some divisions lie in more than one state, and some, like Camden, NJ, are totally outside the states under which their metropolitan areas are listed. For Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV, the metropolitan area and division titles are identical. Estimates for the latest month are subject to revision the following month.

# Map 1. Unemployment rates for metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted, February 2022

(U.S. rate = 4.1 percent)



**Map 2. Over-the-year percentage change in employment, by metropolitan area,  
not seasonally adjusted, February 2022  
(U.S. average = 4.9 percent)**



NOTE: Map includes data for 389 metropolitan areas based on Office of Management and Budget Bulletin No. 18-03. Areas in the six New England states are Metropolitan New England City and Town areas (NECTAs), while areas in other states are county based.

Above U.S. average  
 U.S. average or below