

Table 2

Full-time and part-time¹ workers: Mean hourly earnings² for major occupational groups

Occupational group ³	Full-time			Part-time		
	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	\$21.08	\$20.46	\$24.76	\$11.34	\$11.02	\$15.57
Management, professional, and related	32.86	33.44	31.15	24.70	25.63	21.49
Management, business, and financial	36.09	36.67	32.69	27.96	27.61	29.96
Professional and related	31.18	31.36	30.77	24.41	25.43	21.01
Service	12.52	10.95	18.50	8.19	8.03	10.72
Sales and office	17.05	17.10	16.48	10.19	10.13	11.83
Sales and related	20.07	20.10	16.78	8.80	8.79	9.73
Office and administrative support	15.65	15.53	16.47	12.02	12.02	12.03
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	20.18	20.23	19.55	15.07	15.44	12.25
Construction and extraction	20.18	20.30	18.81	17.25	17.85	12.63
Installation, maintenance, and repair	20.32	20.31	20.48	13.89	14.18	10.80
Production, transportation, and material moving	15.60	15.51	18.67	10.05	9.88	13.77
Production	15.62	15.56	19.98	10.37	10.33	18.76
Transportation and material moving	15.58	15.46	18.17	9.98	9.76	13.67

¹ Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighed by hours.

³ A classification system including about 800 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.