

Table 19

**Private industry sector¹: Mean hourly earnings²
for major occupational groups**

Occupational group ³	Goods producing		Service providing						
	Construction	Manufacturing	Trade, transportation, and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
All workers	–	\$19.39	\$15.44	–	\$23.30	–	\$18.33	\$9.25	\$15.28
Management, professional, and related	–	36.34	31.79	–	31.84	–	26.44	16.38	23.23
Management, business, and financial	–	39.62	32.57	–	31.33	–	27.01	–	25.18
Professional and related	–	29.19	30.67	–	34.66	–	26.35	–	–
Service	–	14.52	11.56	–	11.34	–	10.01	7.90	9.77
Sales and office	–	17.82	13.21	–	20.51	–	13.59	11.57	15.67
Sales and related	–	30.77	13.38	–	34.52	–	11.63	12.81	20.23
Office and administrative support	–	14.93	12.87	–	13.36	–	13.60	10.60	13.23
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	–	21.29	20.46	–	15.98	–	14.40	–	18.25
Installation, maintenance, and repair	–	21.32	20.31	–	–	–	14.39	–	18.25
Production, transportation, and material moving	–	15.33	15.00	–	–	–	9.17	8.44	10.36
Production	–	15.69	13.14	–	–	–	8.19	9.88	10.44
Transportation and material moving	–	13.52	15.21	–	–	–	–	6.41	–

¹ Industry sectors are determined by the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

² Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighed by hours.

³ A classification system including about 800 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian

economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.