RSE Table 21

Civilian supervisory workers: Relative standard errors of mean weekly and annual earnings for selected management occupations

Occupation ¹	Weekly ²		Annual ⁴	
	Mean earnings	Relative error ³	Mean earnings	Relative error ³
Management occupations Team leader	\$1,367	9.4%	\$70,442	9.4%
First line	1,316	4.2 7.6	68,080 108,517	4.2 7.6
General and operations managers First line		10.5	71,917	10.5
Second line Computer and information systems managers		15.1	136,245	15.1
First line Financial managers	1,679	6.6	87,328	6.6
First line Education administrators, elementary and secondary school	1,493	19.1 6.5	77,639	19.1 6.5
First line Education administrators, postsecondary First line	1,542 1.300	5.2	75,800 67,220	5.2
Lodging managers First line	876	12.3	45,530	12.3
Medical and health services managers First line	1,169	21.0	60,813	21.0

The NCS uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification coding structure, which defines more than 800 unique occupations, to match jobs sampled by the survey. Military occupations are excluded from the survey.
Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to wardware analysis.

employees, exclusive of overtime. ³ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see chapter 8 of the BLS Handbook of

Methods, at http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/homch8_a.htm. ⁴ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees, exclusive of overtime.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria. Broad occupational groups may include data for subordinate occupational groups not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY