Appendix table 1

Number of workers¹ represented by the survey

Occupational group ²	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	9,272,700	7,820,400	1,452,400
Management, professional, and related	2,418,400	1,646,200	772,200
Management, business, and financial	637,200	533,500	103,700
Professional and related	1,781,200	1,112,700	668,500
Service	2,054,300	1,731,600	322,700
Sales and office	2,496,800	2,305,600	191,200
Sales and related	900,700	892,700	8,000
Office and administrative support	1,596,100	1,412,900	183,200
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	835,100	723,800	111,300
Construction and extraction	416,700	358,100	58,700
Installation, maintenance, and repair	401,200	353,700	47,500
Production, transportation, and material moving	1,468,200	1,413,200	55,000
Production	752,500	733,800	18,700
Transportation and material moving	715,700	679,400	36,300

 $1\,$ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series, for example, to measure employment trends or levels. $^2\,$ The NCS uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification coding

structure, which defines more than 800 unique occupations, to match jobs sampled by the survey. Military occupations are excluded from the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY