Appendix table 1

Number of workers¹ represented by the survey

Occupational group ²	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	18,983,900	16,318,700	2,665,200
Management, professional, and related	5,154,000	3,715,000	1,439,000
Management, business, and financial	1,384,700	1,164,700	219,900
Professional and related	3,769,300	2,550,300	1,219,000
Service	4,159,100	3,565,100	594,000
Sales and office	4,754,800	4,376,700	378,100
Sales and related	1,655,000	1,637,600	17,500
Office and administrative support	3,099,700	2,739,100	360,600
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	1,372,100	1,236,900	135,200
Construction and extraction	658,500	572,800	85,800
Installation, maintenance, and repair	684,900	637,200	47,700
Production, transportation, and material moving	3,543,900	3,424,900	119,000
Production	1,907,700	1,888,200	19,500
Transportation and material moving	1,636,200	1,536,800	99,500

 $^{^{1}\,}$ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series, for example, to measure employment trends or levels.

The NCS uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification coding

structure, which defines more than 800 unique occupations, to match jobs sampled by the survey. Military occupations are excluded from the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.