Appendix table 1

Number of workers¹ represented by the survey

Occupational group ²	Civilian workers	Private industry workers	State and local government workers
All workers	6,192,200	5,321,100	871,100
Management, professional, and related	2,207,300	1,691,700	515,600
Management, business, and financial	579,800	514,600	65,200
Professional and related	1,627,500	1,177,100	450,400
Service	1,364,600	1,176,900	187,700
Sales and office	1,461,500	1,359,800	101,700
Sales and related	610,500	597,400	13,100
Office and administrative support	851,000	762,400	88,600
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	363,100	330,800	32,300
Construction and extraction	196,500	177,700	18,900
Installation, maintenance, and repair	162,500	149,100	13,400
Production, transportation, and material moving	795,700	761,900	33,900
Production	385,500	381,100	4,400
Transportation and material moving	410,200	380,800	29,500

 $1\,$ The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series, for example, to measure employment trends or levels. $^2\,$ The NCS uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification coding

structure, which defines more than 800 unique occupations, to match jobs sampled by the survey. Military occupations are excluded from the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.

NATIONAL COMPENSATION SURVEY