Notes on current labor statistics	58	Labor compensation and collective bargaining data
Comparative indicators		y
Labor market indicators	71	30. Employment Cost Index, compensation
Labor force data		private industry
4. Employment status of the population, seasonally adjusted		private industry
 Selected employment indicators, seasonally adjusted Selected unemployment indicators, seasonally adjusted Duration of unemployment, seasonally adjusted 	74	Price data
8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, seasonally adjusted9. Unemployment rates by sex and age,		38. Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity and service groups
seasonally adjusted	75 76	local data, all items
seasonally adjusted		41. Producer Price Indexes by stage of processing
13. Average weekly hours by industry, seasonally adjusted		43. Annual data: Producer Price Indexes by stage of processing
14. Average hourly earnings by industry, seasonally adjusted		44. U.S. export price indexes by end-use category
Average hourly earnings by industry Average weekly earnings by industry		46. U.S. international price indexes for selected categories of services
 Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted	84	Productivity data
seasonally adjusted		47. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, and unit costs, data seasonally adjusted
seasonally adjusted20. Separations levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted		48. Annual indexes of multifactor productivity
21. Quits levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted		50. Annual indexes of output per hour for select industries 123
22. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, 10 largest counties	87	International comparisons data
 Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, by State Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment 	e 89	51. Unemployment rates in 10 countries, seasonally adjusted
and Wages, by ownership	ages,	52. Annual data: Employment status of the civilian working-age population, 10 countries
Wages, by metropolitan area27. Annual data: Employment status of the population	97	Injury and Illness data
Annual data: Employment levels by industry Annual data: Average hours and earnings level, by industry		54. Annual data: Occupational injury and illness

Notes on Current Labor Statistics

This section of the Review presents the principal statistical series collected and calculated by the Bureau of Labor Statistics: series on labor force; employment; unemployment; labor compensation; consumer, producer, and international prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness statistics. In the notes that follow, the data in each group of tables are briefly described; key definitions are given; notes on the data are set forth; and sources of additional information are cited.

General notes

The following notes apply to several tables in this section:

Seasonal adjustment. Certain monthly and quarterly data are adjusted to eliminate the effect on the data of such factors as climatic conditions, industry production schedules, opening and closing of schools, holiday buying periods, and vacation practices, which might prevent short-term evaluation of the statistical series. Tables containing data that have been adjusted are identified as "seasonally adjusted." (All other data are not seasonally adjusted.) Seasonal effects are estimated on the basis of current and past experiences. When new seasonal factors are computed each year, revisions may affect seasonally adjusted data for several preceding years.

Seasonally adjusted data appear in tables 1-14, 17-21, 48, and 52. Seasonally adjusted labor force data in tables 1 and 4-9 and seasonally adjusted establishment survey data shown in tables 1, 12-14, and 17 are revised in the March 2007 Review. A brief explanation of the seasonal adjustment methodology appears in "Notes on the data."

Revisions in the productivity data in table 54 are usually introduced in the September issue. Seasonally adjusted indexes and percent changes from month-to-month and quarter-to-quarter are published for numerous Consumer and Producer Price Index series. However, seasonally adjusted indexes are not published for the U.S. average All-Items CPI. Only seasonally adjusted percent changes are available for this series.

Adjustments for price changes. Some data-such as the "real" earnings shown in table 14—are adjusted to eliminate the effect of changes in price. These adjustments are made by dividing current-dollar values by the Consumer Price Index or the appropriate component of the index, then multiplying by 100. For example, given a current hourly wage rate of \$3 and a current price index number of 150, where 1982 = 100, the hourly rate expressed in 1982 dollars is \$2 (\$3/150 \times 100 = \$2). The \$2 (or any other resulting

values) are described as "real," "constant," or "1982" dollars.

Sources of information

Data that supplement the tables in this section are published by the Bureau in a variety of sources. Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these Notes describing each set of data. For detailed descriptions of each data series, see BLS Handbook of Methods, Bulletin 2490. Users also may wish to consult Major Programs of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Report 919. News releases provide the latest statistical information published by the Bureau; the major recurring releases are published according to the schedule appearing on the back cover of this issue.

More information about labor force, employment, and unemployment data and the household and establishment surveys underlying the data are available in the Bureau's monthly publication, Employment and Earnings. Historical unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the household survey are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/cps/

Historically comparable unadjusted and seasonally adjusted data from the establishment survey also are available on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/ces/

Additional information on labor force data for areas below the national level are provided in the BLS annual report, Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment.

For a comprehensive discussion of the Employment Cost Index, see Employment Cost Indexes and Levels, 1975-95, BLS Bulletin 2466. The most recent data from the Employee Benefits Survey appear in the following Bureau of Labor Statistics bulletins: Employee Benefits in Medium and Large Firms; Employee Benefits in Small Private Establishments; and Employee Benefits in State and Local Governments.

More detailed data on consumer and producer prices are published in the monthly periodicals, The CPI Detailed Report and Producer Price Indexes. For an overview of the 1998 revision of the CPI, see the December 1996 issue of the Monthly Labor Review. Additional data on international prices appear in monthly news releases.

Listings of industries for which productivity indexes are available may be found on the Internet:

www.bls.gov/lpc/

For additional information on international comparisons data, see International Comparisons of Unemployment, Bulletin

Detailed data on the occupational injury and illness series are published in Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in the United States, by Industry, a BLS annual bulletin.

Finally, the Monthly Labor Review carries analytical articles on annual and longer term developments in labor force, employment, and unemployment; employee compensation and collective bargaining; prices; productivity; international comparisons; and injury and illness data.

Symbols

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified.

n.e.s. = not elsewhere specified.

- preliminary. To increase the timeliness of some series, preliminary figures are issued based on representative but incomplete returns.
- revised. Generally, this revision reflects the availability of later data, but also may reflect other adjustments.

Comparative Indicators

(Tables 1-3)

Comparative indicators tables provide an overview and comparison of major BLS statistical series. Consequently, although many of the included series are available monthly, all measures in these comparative tables are presented quarterly and annually.

Labor market indicators include employment measures from two major surveys and information on rates of change in compensation provided by the Employment Cost Index (ECI) program. The labor force participation rate, the employment-population ratio, and unemployment rates for major demographic groups based on the Current Population ("household") Survey are presented, while measures of employment and average weekly hours by major industry sector are given using nonfarm payroll data. The Employment Cost Index (compensation), by major sector and by bargaining status, is chosen from a variety of BLS compensation and wage measures because it provides a comprehensive measure of employer costs for hiring labor, not just outlays for wages, and it is not affected by employment shifts among occupations and industries.

Data on changes in compensation, pric**es, and productivity** are presented in table 2. Measures of rates of change of compensation and wages from the Employment Cost Index program are provided for all civilian nonfarm workers (excluding Federal and household workers) and for all private nonfarm workers. Measures of changes in consumer prices for all urban consumers; producer prices by stage of processing; overall prices by stage of processing; and overall export and import price indexes are given. Measures of productivity (output per hour of all persons) are provided for major sectors.

Alternative measures of wage and compensation rates of change, which reflect the overall trend in labor costs, are summarized in table 3. Differences in concepts and scope, related to the specific purposes of the series, contribute to the variation in changes among the individual measures.

Notes on the data

Definitions of each series and notes on the data are contained in later sections of these notes describing each set of data.

Employment and Unemployment Data

(Tables 1; 4-29)

Household survey data

Description of the series

Employment data in this section are obtained from the Current Population Survey, a program of personal interviews conducted monthly by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sample consists of about 60,000 households selected to represent the U.S. population 16 years of age and older. Households are interviewed on a rotating basis, so that three-fourths of the sample is the same for any 2 consecutive months.

Definitions

Employed persons include (1) all those who worked for pay any time during the week which includes the 12th day of the month or who worked unpaid for 15 hours or more in a family-operated enterprise and (2) those who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, industrial dispute, or similar reasons. A person working at more than one job is counted only in the job at which he or she worked the greatest number of hours.

Unemployed persons are those who did not work during the survey week, but were available for work except for temporary illness and had looked for jobs within the preceding 4 weeks. Persons who did not look for work because they were on layoff are also counted among the unemployed. **The unemployment rate** represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force.

The civilian labor force consists of all employed or unemployed persons in the civilian noninstitutional population. Persons not in the labor force are those not classified as employed or unemployed. This group includes discouraged workers, defined as persons who want and are available for a job and who have looked for work sometime in the past 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months), but are not currently looking, because they believe there are no jobs available or there are none for which they would qualify. The civilian noninstitutional population comprises all persons 16 years of age and older who are not inmates of penal or mental institutions, sanitariums, or homes for the aged, infirm, or needy. The civilian labor force participation rate is the proportion of the civilian noninstitutional population that is in the labor force. The employment-population ratio is employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

Notes on the data

From time to time, and especially after a decennial census, adjustments are made in the Current Population Survey figures to correct for estimating errors during the intercensal years. These adjustments affect the comparability of historical data. A description of these adjustments and their effect on the various data series appears in the Explanatory Notes of *Employment and Earnings*. For a discussion of changes introduced in January 2003, see "Revisions to the Current Population Survey Effective in January 2003" in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf).

Effective in January 2003, BLS began using the X-12 ARIMA seasonal adjustment program to seasonally adjust national labor force data. This program replaced the X-11 ARIMA program which had been used since January 1980. See "Revision of Seasonally Adjusted Labor Force Series in 2003," in the February 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* (available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cps/cpsrs.pdf) for a discussion of the introduction of the use of X-12 ARIMA for seasonal adjustment of the labor force data and the effects that it had on the data.

At the beginning of each calendar year, historical seasonally adjusted data usually are revised, and projected seasonal adjustment factors are calculated for use during the January–June period. The historical season-

ally adjusted data usually are revised for only the most recent 5 years. In July, new seasonal adjustment factors, which incorporate the experience through June, are produced for the July–December period, but no revisions are made in the historical data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on national household survey data, contact the Division of Labor Force Statistics: (202) 691–6378.

Establishment survey data

Description of the series

Employment, hours, and earnings data in this section are compiled from payroll records reported monthly on a voluntary basis to the Bureau of Labor Statistics and its cooperating State agencies by about 160,000 businesses and government agencies, which represent approximately 400,000 individual worksites and represent all industries except agriculture. The active CES sample covers approximately one-third of all nonfarm payroll workers. Industries are classified in accordance with the 2002 North American Industry Classification System. In most industries, the sampling probabilities are based on the size of the establishment; most large establishments are therefore in the sample. (An establishment is not necessarily a firm; it may be a branch plant, for example, or warehouse.) Self-employed persons and others not on a regular civilian payroll are outside the scope of the survey because they are excluded from establishment records. This largely accounts for the difference in employment figures between the household and establishment surveys.

Definitions

An **establishment** is an economic unit which produces goods or services (such as a factory or store) at a single location and is engaged in one type of economic activity.

Employed persons are all persons who received pay (including holiday and sick pay) for any part of the payroll period including the 12th day of the month. Persons holding more than one job (about 5 percent of all persons in the labor force) are counted in each establishment which reports them.

Production workers in the goods-producing industries cover employees, up through the level of working supervisors, who engage directly in the manufacture or construction of the establishment's product. In private service-providing industries, data are collected for nonsupervisory workers, which include most employees except those in executive, managerial, and supervisory positions. Those

workers mentioned in tables 11-16 include production workers in manufacturing and natural resources and mining; construction workers in construction; and nonsupervisory workers in all private service-providing industries. Production and nonsupervisory workers account for about four-fifths of the total employment on private nonagricultural payrolls.

Earnings are the payments production or nonsupervisory workers receive during the survey period, including premium pay for overtime or late-shift work but excluding irregular bonuses and other special payments. Real earnings are earnings adjusted to reflect the effects of changes in consumer prices. The deflator for this series is derived from the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

Hours represent the average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers for which pay was received, and are different from standard or scheduled hours. Overtime hours represent the portion of average weekly hours which was in excess of regular hours and for which overtime premiums were paid.

The **Diffusion Index** represents the percent of industries in which employment was rising over the indicated period, plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment; 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment. In line with Bureau practice, data for the 1-, 3-, and 6month spans are seasonally adjusted, while those for the 12-month span are unadjusted. Table 17 provides an index on private nonfarm employment based on 278 industries, and a manufacturing index based on 84 industries. These indexes are useful for measuring the dispersion of economic gains or losses and are also economic indicators.

Notes on the data

Establishment survey data are annually adjusted to comprehensive counts of employment (called "benchmarks"). The March 2003 benchmark was introduced in February 2004 with the release of data for January 2004, published in the March 2004 issue of the Review. With the release in June 2003, CES completed a conversion from the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and completed the transition from its original quota sample design to a probability-based sample design. The industry-coding update included reconstruction of historical estimates in order to preserve

time series for data users. Normally 5 years of seasonally adjusted data are revised with each benchmark revision. However, with this release, the entire new time series history for all CES data series were re-seasonally adjusted due to the NAICS conversion, which resulted in the revision of all CES time series.

Also in June 2003, the CES program introduced concurrent seasonal adjustment for the national establishment data. Under this methodology, the first preliminary estimates for the current reference month and the revised estimates for the 2 prior months will be updated with concurrent factors with each new release of data. Concurrent seasonal adjustment incorporates all available data, including first preliminary estimates for the most current month, in the adjustment process. For additional information on all of the changes introduced in June 2003, see the June 2003 issue of *Employment and Earnings* and "Recent changes in the national Current Employment Statistics survey," Monthly Labor Review, June 2003, pp. 3–13.

Revisions in State data (table 11) occurred with the publication of January 2003 data. For information on the revisions for the State data, see the March and May 2003 issues of Employment and Earnings, and "Recent changes in the State and Metropolitan Area CES survey," Monthly Labor Review, June 2003, pp. 14–19.

Beginning in June 1996, the BLS uses the X-12-ARIMA methodology to seasonally adjust establishment survey data. This procedure, developed by the Bureau of the Census, controls for the effect of varying survey intervals (also known as the 4- versus 5-week effect), thereby providing improved measurement of over-the-month changes and underlying economic trends. Revisions of data, usually for the most recent 5-year period, are made once a year coincident with the benchmark revisions.

In the establishment survey, estimates for the most recent 2 months are based on incomplete returns and are published as preliminary in the tables (12–17 in the *Review*). When all returns have been received, the estimates are revised and published as "final" (prior to any benchmark revisions) in the third month of their appearance. Thus, December data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March. For the same reasons, quarterly establishment data (table 1) are preliminary for the first 2 months of publication and final in the third month. Fourth-quarter data are published as preliminary in January and February and as final in March.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on

establishment survey data, contact the Division of Current Employment Statistics: (202) 691–6555.

Unemployment data by State

Description of the series

Data presented in this section are obtained from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, which is conducted in cooperation with State employment security agencies.

Monthly estimates of the labor force, employment, and unemployment for States and sub-State areas are a key indicator of local economic conditions, and form the basis for determining the eligibility of an area for benefits under Federal economic assistance programs such as the Job Training Partnership Act. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates are presented in table 10. Insofar as possible, the concepts and definitions underlying these data are those used in the national estimates obtained from the CPS.

Notes on the data

Data refer to State of residence. Monthly data for all States and the District of Columbia are derived using standardized procedures established by BLS. Once a year, estimates are revised to new population controls, usually with publication of January estimates, and benchmarked to annual average CPS levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on data in this series, call (202) 691-6392 (table 10) or (202) 691-6559 (table 11).

Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages

Description of the series

Employment, wage, and establishment data in this section are derived from the quarterly tax reports submitted to State employment security agencies by private and State and local government employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and from Federal, agencies subject to the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program. Each quarter, State agencies edit and process the data and send the information to the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) data, also referred as ES-202 data, are the most complete enumeration of employment and wage information by industry at the national, State, metropolitan area, and county levels. They have broad economic significance in evaluating labor market trends and major industry developments.

Definitions

In general, the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages monthly employment data represent the number of covered workers who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period that included the 12th day of the month. Covered private industry employment includes most corporate officials, executives, supervisory personnel, professionals, clerical workers, wage earners, piece workers, and part-time workers. It excludes proprietors, the unincorporated self-employed, unpaid family members, and certain farm and domestic workers. Certain types of nonprofit employers, such as religious organizations, are given a choice of coverage or exclusion in a number of States. Workers in these organizations are, therefore, reported to a limited degree.

Persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, paid vacation, and the like, are included. Persons on the payroll of more than one firm during the period are counted by each UI-subject employer if they meet the employment definition noted earlier. The employment count excludes workers who earned no wages during the entire applicable pay period because of work stoppages, temporary layoffs, illness, or unpaid vacations.

Federal employment data are based on reports of monthly employment and quarterly wages submitted each quarter to State agencies for all Federal installations with employees covered by the Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) program, except for certain national security agencies, which are omitted for security reasons. Employment for all Federal agencies for any given month is based on the number of persons who worked during or received pay for the pay period that included the 12th of the month.

An **establishment** is an economic unit, such as a farm, mine, factory, or store, that produces goods or provides services. It is typically at a single physical location and engaged in one, or predominantly one, type of economic activity for which a single industrial classification may be applied. Occasionally, a single physical location encompasses two or more distinct and significant activities. Each activity should be reported as a separate establishment if separate records are kept and the various activities are classified under different NAICS industries.

Most employers have only one establishment; thus, the establishment is the predominant reporting unit or statistical entity for reporting employment and wages data. Most employers, including State and local governments who operate more than one establishment in a State, file a Multiple Worksite Report each quarter, in addition to their quarterly us report. The Multiple Worksite Report is used to collect separate employment and wage data for each of the employer's establishments, which are not detailed on the UI report. Some very small multi-establishment employers do not file a Multiple Worksite Report. When the total employment in an employer's secondary establishments (all establishments other than the largest) is 10 or fewer, the employer generally will file a consolidated report for all establishments. Also, some employers either cannot or will not report at the establishment level and thus aggregate establishments into one consolidated unit, or possibly several units, though not at the establishment level.

For the Federal Government, the reporting unit is the **installation**: a single location at which a department, agency, or other government body has civilian employees. Federal agencies follow slightly different criteria than do private employers when breaking down their reports by installation. They are permitted to combine as a single statewide unit: 1) all installations with 10 or fewer workers, and 2) all installations that have a combined total in the State of fewer than 50 workers. Also, when there are fewer than 25 workers in all secondary installations in a State, the secondary installations may be combined and reported with the major installation. Last, if a Federal agency has fewer than five employees in a State, the agency headquarters office (regional office, district office) serving each State may consolidate the employment and wages data for that State with the data reported to the State in which the headquarters is located. As a result of these reporting rules, the number of reporting units is always larger than the number of employers (or government agencies) but smaller than the number of actual establishments (or installations).

Data reported for the first quarter are tabulated into **size** categories ranging from worksites of very small size to those with 1,000 employees or more. The size category is determined by the establishment's March employment level. It is important to note that each establishment of a multi-establishment firm is tabulated separately into the appropriate size category. The total employment level of the reporting multi-establishment firm is not used in the size tabulation.

Covered employers in most States report total wages paid during the calendar quarter, regardless of when the services were performed. A few State laws, however, specify that wages be reported for, or based on the period during which services are performed rather than the period during which compensation is paid. Under most State laws or regulations, wages include bonuses, stock options, the cash value of meals and lodging, tips and other gratuities, and, in some States, employer contributions to certain deferred compensation plans such as 401(k) plans.

Covered employer contributions for old-age, survivors, and disability insurance (OASDI), health insurance, unemployment insurance, workers' compensation, and private pension and welfare funds are not reported as wages. Employee contributions for the same purposes, however, as well as money withheld for income taxes, union dues, and so forth, are reported even though they are deducted from the worker's gross pay.

Wages of covered Federal workers represent the gross amount of all payrolls for all pay periods ending within the quarter. This includes cash allowances, the cash equivalent of any type of remuneration, severance pay, withholding taxes, and retirement deductions. Federal employee remuneration generally covers the same types of services as for workers in private industry.

Average annual wage per employee for any given industry are computed by dividing total annual wages by annual average employment. A further division by 52 yields average weekly wages per employee. Annual pay data only approximate annual earnings because an individual may not be employed by the same employer all year or may work for more than one employer at a time.

Average weekly or annual wage is affected by the ratio of full-time to part-time workers as well as the number of individuals in high-paying and low-paying occupations. When average pay levels between States and industries are compared, these factors should be taken into consideration. For example, industries characterized by high proportions of part-time workers will show average wage levels appreciably less than the weekly pay levels of regular full-time employees in these industries. The opposite effect characterizes industries with low proportions of part-time workers, or industries that typically schedule heavy weekend and overtime work. Average wage data also may be influenced by work stoppages, labor turnover rates, retroactive payments, seasonal factors, bonus payments, and so on.

Notes on the data

Beginning with the release of data for 2001, publications presenting data from the Covered Employment and Wages program have switched to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System

(NAICS) as the basis for the assignment and tabulation of economic data by industry. NAICS is the product of a cooperative effort on the part of the statistical agencies of the United States, Canada, and Mexico. Due to difference in NAICS and Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) structures, industry data for 2001 is not comparable to the SIC-based data for earlier years.

Effective January 2001, the program began assigning Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments to local government ownership. This BLS action was in response to a change in Federal law dealing with the way Indian Tribes are treated under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. This law requires federally recognized Indian Tribes to be treated similarly to State and local governments. In the past, the Covered Employment and Wage (CEW) program coded Indian Tribal Councils and related establishments in the private sector. As a result of the new law, CEW data reflects significant shifts in employment and wages between the private sector and local government from 2000 to 2001. Data also reflect industry changes. Those accounts previously assigned to civic and social organizations were assigned to tribal governments. There were no required industry changes for related establishments owned by these Tribal Councils. These tribal business establishments continued to be coded according to the economic activity of that entity.

To insure the highest possible quality of data, State employment security agencies verify with employers and update, if necessary, the industry, location, and ownership classification of all establishments on a 3-year cycle. Changes in establishment classification codes resulting from the verification process are introduced with the data reported for the first quarter of the year. Changes resulting from improved employer reporting also are introduced in the first quarter. For these reasons, some data, especially at more detailed geographic levels, may not be strictly comparable with earlier years.

County definitions are assigned according to Federal Information Processing Standards Publications as issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Areas shown as counties include those designated as independent cities in some jurisdictions and, in Alaska, those areas designated by the Census Bureau where counties have not been created. County data also are presented for the New England States for comparative purposes, even though townships are the more common designation used in New England (and New Jersey).

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) defines metropolitan areas for use in Federal statistical activities and updates these definitions as needed. Data in this table use metropolitan area criteria established by OMB in definitions issued June 30, 1999 (OMB Bulletin No. 99-04). These definitions reflect information obtained from the 1990 Decennial Census and the 1998 U.S. Census Bureau population estimate. A complete list of metropolitan area definitions is available from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS), Document Sales, 5205 Port Royal Road, Springfield, Va. 22161, telephone 1-800-553-6847.

OMB defines metropolitan areas in terms of entire counties, except in the six New England States where they are defined in terms of cities and towns. New England data in this table, however, are based on a county concept defined by OMB as New England County Metropolitan Areas (NECMA) because county-level data are the most detailed available from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages. The NECMA is a county-based alternative to the city- and town-based metropolitan areas in New England. The NECMA for a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) include: (1) the county containing the first-named city in that MSA title (this county may include the first-named cities of other MSA, and (2) each additional county having at least half its population in the MSA in which first-named cities are in the county identified in step 1. The NECMA is officially defined areas that are meant to be used by statistical programs that cannot use the regular metropolitan area definitions in New England.

For additional information on the covered employment and wage data, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 691-6567.

Job Openings and Labor **Turnover Survey**

Description of the series

Data for the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) are collected and compiled from a sample of 16,000 business establishments. Each month, data are collected for total employment, job openings, hires, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. The JOLTS program covers all private nonfarm establishments such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as Federal, State, and local government entities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The JOLTS sample design is a random sample drawn from a universe of more than eight million establishments compiled as part of the operations of the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, or QCEW, program. This program includes all employers subject to State unemployment insurance (UI) laws and Federal agencies subject to Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE).

The sampling frame is stratified by ownership, region, industry sector, and size class. Large firms fall into the sample with virtual certainty. JOLTS total employment estimates are controlled to the employment estimates of the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey. A ratio of CES to JOLTS employment is used to adjust the levels for all other JOLTS data elements. Rates then are computed from the adjusted levels.

The monthly JOLTS data series begin with December 2000. Not seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, 16 private industry divisions and 2 government divisions based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), and four geographic regions. Seasonally adjusted data on job openings, hires, total separations, and quits levels and rates are available for the total nonfarm sector, selected industry sectors, and four geographic regions.

Definitions

Establishments submit job openings infor-mation for the last business day of the reference month. A job opening requires that (1) a specific position exists and there is work available for that position; and (2) work could start within 30 days regardless of whether a suitable candidate is found; and (3) the employer is actively recruiting from outside the establishment to fill the position. Included are full-time, part-time, permanent, short-term, and seasonal openings. Active recruiting means that the establishment is taking steps to fill a position by advertising in newspapers or on the Internet, posting help-wanted signs, accepting applications, or using other similar methods.

Jobs to be filled only by internal transfers, promotions, demotions, or recall from layoffs are excluded. Also excluded are jobs with start dates more than 30 days in the future, jobs for which employees have been hired but have not yet reported for work, and jobs to be filled by employees of temporary help agencies, employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The job openings rate is computed by dividing the number of job openings by the sum of employment and job openings, and multiplying that quotient by 100.

Hires are the total number of additions

to the payroll occurring at any time during the reference month, including both new and rehired employees and full-time and parttime, permanent, short-term and seasonal employees, employees recalled to the location after a layoff lasting more than 7 days, on-call or intermittent employees who returned to work after having been formally separated, and transfers from other locations. The hires count does not include transfers or promotions within the reporting site, employees returning from strike, employees of temporary help agencies or employee leasing companies, outside contractors, or consultants. The hires rate is computed by dividing the number of hires by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100.

Separations are the total number of terminations of employment occurring at any time during the reference month, and are reported by type of separation—quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Quits are voluntary separations by employees (except for retirements, which are reported as other separations). Layoffs and discharges are involuntary separations initiated by the employer and include layoffs with no intent to rehire, formal layoffs lasting or expected to last more than 7 days, discharges resulting from mergers, downsizing, or closings, firings or other discharges for cause, terminations of permanent or short-term employees, and terminations of seasonal employees. Other separations include retirements, transfers to other locations, deaths, and separations due to disability. Separations do not include transfers within the same location or employees on strike.

The separations rate is computed by dividing the number of separations by employment, and multiplying that quotient by 100. The quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations rates are computed similarly, dividing the number by employment and multiplying by 100.

Notes on the data

The JOLTS data series on job openings, hires, and separations are relatively new. The full sample is divided into panels, with one panel enrolled each month. A full complement of panels for the original data series based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system was not completely enrolled in the survey until January 2002. The supple-mental panels of establishments needed to create NA-ICS estimates were not completely enrolled until May 2003. The data collected up until those points are from less than a full sample. Therefore, estimates from earlier months should be used with caution, as fewer sampled

units were reporting data at that time.

In March 2002, BLS procedures for collecting hires and separations data were revised to address possible underreporting. As a result, JOLTS hires and separations estimates for months prior to March 2002 may not be comparable with estimates for March 2002 and later.

The Federal Government reorganization that involved transferring approximately 180,000 employees to the new Department of Homeland Security is not reflected in the JOLTS hires and separations estimates for the Federal Government. The Office of Personnel Management's record shows these transfers were completed in March 2003. The inclusion of transfers in the JOLTS definitions of hires and separations is intended to cover ongoing movements of workers between establishments. The Department of Homeland Security reorganization was a massive one-time event, and the inclusion of these intergovernmental transfers would distort the Federal Government time series.

Data users should note that seasonal adjustment of the IOLTS series is conducted with fewer data observations than is customary. The historical data, therefore, may be subject to larger than normal revisions. Because the seasonal patterns in economic data series typically emerge over time, the standard use of moving averages as seasonal filters to capture these effects requires longer series than are currently available. As a result, the stable seasonal filter option is used in the seasonal adjustment of the JOLTS data. When calculating seasonal factors, this filter takes an average for each calendar month after detrending the series. The stable seasonal filter assumes that the seasonal factors are fixed; a necessary assumption until sufficient data are available. When the stable seasonal filter is no longer needed, other program features also may be introduced, such as outlier adjustment and extended diagnostic testing. Additionally, it is expected that more series, such as layoffs and discharges and additional industries, may be seasonally adjusted when more data are available.

JOLTS hires and separations estimates cannot be used to exactly explain net changes in payroll employment. Some reasons why it is problematic to compare changes in payroll employment with JOLTS hires and separations, especially on a monthly basis, are: (1) the reference period for payroll employment is the pay period including the 12th of the month, while the reference period for hires and separations is the calendar month; and (2) payroll employment can vary from month to month simply because part-time and oncall workers may not always work during

the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Additionally, research has found that some reporters systematically underreport separations relative to hires due to a number of factors, including the nature of their payroll systems and practices. The shortfall appears to be about 2 percent or less over a 12-month period.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey, contact the Division of Administrative Statistics and Labor Turnover at (202) 961–5870.

Compensation and Wage Data

(Tables 1-3; 30-37)

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) produces a variety of compensation data. These include: The Employment Cost Index (ECI) and NCS benefit measures of the incidence and provisions of selected employee benefit plans. Selected samples of these measures appear in the following tables. NCS also compiles data on occupational wages and the Employer Costs for Employee Compensation (ECEC).

Employment Cost Index

Description of the series

The **Employment Cost Index** (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the rate of change in compensation per hour worked and includes wages, salaries, and employer costs of employee benefits. It is a Laspeyres Index that uses fixed employment weights to measure change in labor costs free from the influence of employment shifts among occupations and industries.

The ECI provides data for the civilian economy, which includes the total private nonfarm economy excluding private households, and the public sector excluding the Federal government. Data are collected each quarter for the pay period including the 12th day of March, June, September, and December.

Sample establishments are classified by industry categories based on the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS). Within a sample establishment, specific job categories are selected and classified into about 800 occupations according to the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) System. Individual occupations are combined to represent one of ten intermediate aggregations, such as professional and related occupations, or one of five higher level aggre-

gations, such as management, professional, and related occupations.

Fixed employment weights are used each quarter to calculate the most aggregate series—civilian, private, and State and local government. These fixed weights are also used to derive all of the industry and occupational series indexes. Beginning with the March 2006 estimates, 2002 fixed employment weights from the Bureau's Occupational Employment Statistics survey were introduced. From March 1995 to December 2005, 1990 employment counts were used. These fixed weights ensure that changes in these indexes reflect only changes in compensation, not employment shifts among industries or occupations with different levels of wages and compensation. For the series based on bargaining status, census region and division, and metropolitan area status, fixed employment data are not available. The employment weights are reallocated within these series each quarter based on the current ECI sample. The indexes for these series, consequently, are not strictly comparable with those for aggregate, occupational, and industry series.

Definitions

Total compensation costs include wages, salaries, and the employer's costs for employee benefits.

Wages and salaries consist of earnings before payroll deductions, including production bonuses, incentive earnings, commissions, and cost-of-living adjustments.

Benefits include the cost to employers for paid leave, supplemental pay (including nonproduction bonuses), insurance, retirement and savings plans, and legally required benefits (such as Social Security, workers' compensation, and unemployment

Excluded from wages and salaries and employee benefits are such items as paymentin-kind, free room and board, and tips.

Notes on the data

The ECI data in these tables reflect the con-version to the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. ECI series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

The ECI for changes in wages and salaries in the private nonfarm economy was published beginning in 1975. Changes in total compensation cost—wages and salaries and

benefits combined—were published beginning in 1980. The series of changes in wages and salaries and for total compensation in the State and local government sector and in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding Federal employees) were published beginning in 1981. Historical indexes (December 2005=100) are available on the Internet: www.bls.gov/ect/

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Employment Cost Index is available at www. **bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm** or by telephone at (202) 691-6199.

National Compensation Survey Benefit Measures

Description of the series

NCS benefit measures of employee benefits are published in two separate reports. The annual summary provides data on the incidence of (access to and participation in) selected benefits and provisions of paid holidays and vacations, life insurance plans, and other selected benefit programs. Data on percentages of establishments offering major employee benefits, and on the employer and employee shares of contributions to medical care premiums also are presented. Selected benefit data appear in the following tables. A second publication, published later, contains more detailed information about health and retirement plans.

Definitions

Employer-provided benefits are benefits that are financed either wholly or partly by the employer. They may be sponsored by a union or other third party, as long as there is some employer financing. However, some benefits that are fully paid for by the employee also are included. For example, long-term care insurance paid entirely by the employee are included because the guarantee of insurability and availability at group premium rates are considered a benefit.

Employees are considered as having access to a benefit plan if it is available for their use. For example, if an employee is permitted to participate in a medical care plan offered by the employer, but the employee declines to do so, he or she is placed in the category with those having access to medical care.

Employees in contributory plans are considered as participating in an insurance or retirement plan if they have paid required contributions and fulfilled any applicable service requirement. Employees in noncontributory plans are counted as participating

regardless of whether they have fulfilled the service requirements.

Defined benefit pension plans use predetermined formulas to calculate a retirement benefit (if any), and obligate the employer to provide those benefits. Benefits are generally based on salary, years of service, or both.

Defined contribution plans generally specify the level of employer and employee contributions to a plan, but not the formula for determining eventual benefits. Instead, individual accounts are set up for participants, and benefits are based on amounts credited to these accounts.

Tax-deferred savings plans are a type of defined contribution plan that allow participants to contribute a portion of their salary to an employer-sponsored plan and defer income taxes until withdrawal.

Flexible benefit plans allow employees to choose among several benefits, such as life insurance, medical care, and vacation days, and among several levels of coverage within a given benefit.

Notes on the data

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE NCS benefit measures is available at www.bls. gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

Work stoppages

Description of the series

Data on work stoppages measure the number and duration of major strikes or lockouts (involving 1,000 workers or more) occurring during the month (or year), the number of workers involved, and the amount of work time lost because of stoppage. These data are presented in table 37.

Data are largely from a variety of published sources and cover only establishments directly involved in a stoppage. They do not measure the indirect or secondary effect of stoppages on other establishments whose employees are idle owing to material shortages or lack of service.

Definitions

Number of stoppages: The number of strikes and lockouts involving 1,000 workers or more and lasting a full shift or longer.

Workers involved: The number of workers directly involved in the stoppage.

Number of days idle: The aggregate number of workdays lost by workers involved in the stoppages.

Days of idleness as a percent of esti-

mated working time: Aggregate workdays lost as a percent of the aggregate number of standard workdays in the period multiplied by total employment in the period.

Notes on the data

This series is not comparable with the one terminated in 1981 that covered strikes involving six workers or more.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on work stop-pages data is available at **www. bls. gov/cba/home.htm** or by telephone at (202) 691–6199.

Price Data

(Tables 2; 38-46)

Price data are gathered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics from retail and primary markets in the United States. Price indexes are given in relation to a base period—December 2003 = 100 for many Producer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), 1982–84 = 100 for many Consumer Price Indexes (unless otherwise noted), and 1990 = 100 for International Price Indexes.

Consumer Price Indexes

Description of the series

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in the prices paid by urban consumers for a fixed market basket of goods and services. The CPI is calculated monthly for two population groups, one consisting only of urban households whose primary source of income is derived from the employment of wage earners and clerical workers, and the other consisting of all urban households. The wage earner index (CPI-W) is a continuation of the historic index that was introduced well over a half-century ago for use in wage negotiations. As new uses were developed for the CPI in recent years, the need for a broader and more representative index became apparent. The all-urban consumer index (CPI-U), introduced in 1978, is representative of the 1993-95 buying habits of about 87 percent of the noninstitutional population of the United States at that time, compared with 32 percent represented in the CPI-W. In addition to wage earners and clerical workers, the CPI-U covers professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, shortterm workers, the unemployed, retirees, and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, fuel, drugs, transportation fares, doctors'

and dentists' fees, and other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. The quantity and quality of these items are kept essentially unchanged between major revisions so that only price changes will be measured. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

Data collected from more than 23,000 retail establishments and 5,800 housing units in 87 urban areas across the country are used to develop the "U.S. city average." Separate estimates for 14 major urban centers are presented in table 39. The areas listed are as indicated in footnote 1 to the table. The area indexes measure only the average change in prices for each area since the base period, and do not indicate differences in the level of prices among cities.

Notes on the data

In January 1983, the Bureau changed the way in which homeownership costs are meaured for the CPI-U. A rental equivalence method replaced the asset-price approach to homeownership costs for that series. In January 1985, the same change was made in the CPI-W. The central purpose of the change was to separate shelter costs from the investment component of homeownership so that the index would reflect only the cost of shelter services provided by owner-occupied homes. An updated CPI-U and CPI-W were introduced with release of the January 1987 and January 1998 data.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7000.

Producer Price Indexes

Description of the series

Producer Price Indexes (PPI) measure average changes in prices received by domestic producers of commodities in all stages of processing. The sample used for calculating these indexes currently contains about 3,200 commodities and about 80,000 quotations per month, selected to represent the movement of prices of all commodities produced in the manufacturing; agriculture, forestry, and fishing; mining; and gas and electricity and public utilities sectors. The stage-of-processing structure of PPI organizes products by class of buyer and degree of fabrication (that is, finished goods, intermediate goods, and crude materials). The traditional commodity structure of PPI organizes products by similarity of end use or material composition. The industry and product structure of PPI organizes data in accordance with the 2002 North American Industry Classification System and product codes developed by the U.S. Census Bureau.

To the extent possible, prices used in calculating Producer Price Indexes apply to the first significant commercial transaction in the United States from the production or central marketing point. Price data are generally collected monthly, primarily by mail questionnaire. Most prices are obtained directly from producing companies on a voluntary and confidential basis. Prices generally are reported for the Tuesday of the week containing the 13th day of the month.

Since January 1992, price changes for the various commodities have been averaged together with implicit quantity weights representing their importance in the total net selling value of all commodities as of 1987. The detailed data are aggregated to obtain indexes for stage-of-processing groupings, commodity groupings, durability-of-product groupings, and a number of special composite groups. All Producer Price Index data are subject to revision 4 months after original publication.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of Industrial Prices and Price Indexes: (202) 691–7705.

International Price Indexes

Description of the series

The International Price Program produces monthly and quarterly export and import price indexes for nonmilitary goods and services traded between the United States and the rest of the world. The export price index provides a measure of price change for all products sold by U.S. residents to foreign buyers. ("Residents" is defined as in the national income accounts; it includes corporations, businesses, and individuals, but does not require the organizations to be U.S. owned nor the individuals to have U.S. citizenship.) The import price index provides a measure of price change for goods purchased from other countries by U.S. residents.

The product universe for both the import and export indexes includes raw materials, agricultural products, semifinished manufactures, and finished manufactures, including both capital and consumer goods. Price data for these items are collected primarily by mail questionnaire. In nearly all cases, the data are collected directly from the exporter or importer, although in a few cases, prices are obtained from other sources.

To the extent possible, the data gathered refer to prices at the U.S. border for exports and at either the foreign border or the U.S. border for imports. For nearly all products, the prices refer to transactions completed during the first week of the month. Survey respondents are asked to indicate all discounts, allow-

ances, and rebates applicable to the reported prices, so that the price used in the calculation of the indexes is the actual price for which the product was bought or sold.

In addition to general indexes of prices for U.S. exports and imports, indexes are also published for detailed product categories of exports and imports. These categories are defined according to the five-digit level of detail for the Bureau of Economic Analysis End-use Classification, the three-digit level for the Standard International Trade Classification (SITC), and the four-digit level of detail for the Harmonized System. Aggregate import indexes by country or region of origin are also available.

BLS publishes indexes for selected categories of internationally traded services, calculated on an international basis and on a balance-of-payments basis.

Notes on the data

The export and import price indexes are weighted indexes of the Laspeyres type. The trade weights currently used to compute both indexes relate to 2000.

Because a price index depends on the same items being priced from period to period, it is necessary to recognize when a product's specifications or terms of transaction have been modified. For this reason, the Bureau's questionnaire requests detailed descriptions of the physical and functional characteristics of the products being priced, as well as information on the number of units bought or sold, discounts, credit terms, packaging, class of buyer or seller, and so forth. When there are changes in either the specifications or terms of transaction of a product, the dollar value of each change is deleted from the total price change to obtain the "pure" change. Once this value is determined, a linking procedure is employed which allows for the continued repricing of the item.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, contact the Division of International Prices: (202) 691-7155.

Productivity Data

(Tables 2; 47–50)

Business and major sectors Description of the series

The productivity measures relate real output to real input. As such, they encompass a family of measures which include single-factor input measures, such as output per hour, multifactor productivity (output per unit of combined labor and capital inputs). The Bureau indexes show the change in output relative to changes in the various inputs. The measures cover the business, nonfarm business, manufacturing, and nonfinancial corporate sectors.

Corresponding indexes of hourly compensation, unit labor costs, unit nonlabor payments, and prices are also provided.

Definitions

Output per hour of all persons (labor productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per hour of labor input. Output per unit of capital services (capital productivity) is the quantity of goods and services produced per unit of capital services input. Multifactor productivity is the quantity of goods and services produced per combined inputs. For private business and private nonfarm business, inputs include labor and capital units. For manufacturing, inputs include labor, capital, energy, nonenergy materials, and purchased business services.

Compensation per hour is total compensation divided by hours at work. Total compensation equals the wages and salaries of employees plus employers' contributions for social insurance and private benefit plans, plus an estimate of these payments for the self-employed (except for nonfinancial corporations in which there are no self-employed). Real compensation per hour is compensation per hour deflated by the change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers.

Unit labor costs are the labor compensation costs expended in the production of a unit of output and are derived by dividing compensation by output. Unit nonlabor payments include profits, depreciation, interest, and indirect taxes per unit of output. They are computed by subtracting compensation of all persons from current-dollar value of output and dividing by output.

Unit nonlabor costs contain all the components of unit nonlabor payments except unit profits.

Unit profits include corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments per unit of output.

Hours of all persons are the total hours at work of payroll workers, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

Labor inputs are hours of all persons adjusted for the effects of changes in the education and experience of the labor force.

Capital services are the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets-equipment, structures, land, and inventories—weighted by rental prices for each type of asset.

Combined units of labor and capital inputs are derived by combining changes in labor and capital input with weights which represent each component's share of total cost. Combined units of labor, capital, energy, materials, and purchased business services are similarly derived by combining changes in each input with weights that represent each input's share of total costs. The indexes for each input and for combined units are based on changing weights which are averages of the shares in the current and preceding year (the Tornquist index-number formula).

Notes on the data

Business sector output is an annually-weighted index constructed by excluding from real gross domestic product (GDP) the following outputs: general government, nonprofit institutions, paid employees of private households, and the rental value of owner-occupied dwellings. Nonfarm business also excludes farming. Private business and private nonfarm business further exclude government enterprises. The measures are supplied by the U.S. Department of Commerce's Bureau of Economic Analysis. Annual estimates of manufacturing sectoral output are produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Quarterly manufacturing output indexes from the Federal Reserve Board are adjusted to these annual output measures by the BLS. Compensation data are developed from data of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Hours data are developed from data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The productivity and associated cost measures in tables 47-50 describe the relationship between output in real terms and the labor and capital inputs involved in its production. They show the changes from period to period in the amount of goods and services produced per unit of input.

Although these measures relate output to hours and capital services, they do not measure the contributions of labor, capital, or any other specific factor of production. Rather, they reflect the joint effect of many influences, including changes in technology; shifts in the composition of the labor force; capital investment; level of output; changes in the utilization of capacity, energy, material, and research and development; the organization of production; managerial skill; and characteristics and efforts of the work force.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this productivity series, contact the Division of Productivity Research: (202) 691-5606.

output per unit of labor input, or output per

unit of capital input, as well as measures of

Industry productivity measures

Description of the series

The BLS industry productivity indexes measure the relationship between output and inputs for selected industries and industry groups, and thus reflect trends in industry efficiency over time. Industry measures include labor productivity, multifactor productivity, compensation, and unit labor costs.

The industry measures differ in methodology and data sources from the productivity measures for the major sectors because the industry measures are developed independently of the National Income and Product Accounts framework used for the major sector measures.

Definitions

Output per hour is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of labor input. For most industries, output indexes are derived from data on the value of industry output adjusted for price change. For the remaining industries, output indexes are derived from data on the physical quantity of production.

The **labor input** series is based on the hours of all workers or, in the case of some transportation industries, on the number of employees. For most industries, the series consists of the hours of all employees. For some trade and services industries, the series also includes the hours of partners, proprietors, and unpaid family workers.

Unit labor costs represent the labor compensation costs per unit of output produced, and are derived by dividing an index of labor compensation by an index of output. Labor compensation includes payroll as well as supplemental payments, including both legally required expenditures and payments for voluntary programs.

Multifactor productivity is derived by dividing an index of industry output by an index of combined inputs consumed in producing that output. Combined inputs include capital, labor, and intermediate purchases. The measure of capital input represents the flow of services from the capital stock used in production. It is developed from measures of the net stock of physical assets—equipment, structures, land, and inventories. The measure of intermediate purchases is a combination of purchased materials, services, fuels, and electricity.

Notes on the data

The industry measures are compiled from

data produced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Census Bureau, with additional data supplied by other government agencies, trade associations, and other sources.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Industry Productivity Studies: (202) 691–5618, or visit the Web site at: www.bls.gov/lpc/home.htm

International Comparisons

(Tables 51-53)

Labor force and unemployment

Description of the series

Tables 51 and 52 present comparative measures of the labor force, employment, and unemployment approximating U.S. concepts for the United States, Canada, Australia, Japan, and six European countries. The Bureau adjusts the figures for these selected countries, for all known major definitional differences, to the extent that data to prepare adjustments are available. Although precise comparability may not be achieved, these adjusted figures provide a better basis for international comparisons than the figures regularly published by each country. For further information on adjustments and comparability issues, see Constance Sorrentino, "International unemployment rates: how comparable are they?" Monthly Labor Review, June 2000, pp. 3–20, available on the Internet at www. bls.gov/opub/mlr/2000/06/art1full.pdf.

Definitions

For the principal U.S. definitions of the labor force, employment, and unemployment, see the Notes section on Employment and Unemployment Data: Household survey data.

Notes on the data

Foreign country data are adjusted as closely as possible to the U.S. definitions. Primary areas of adjustment address conceptual differences in upper age limits and definitions of employment and unemployment, provided that reliable data are available to make these adjustments. Adjustments are made where applicable to include employed and unemployed persons above upper age limits; some European countries do not include persons older than age 64 in their labor force measures, because a large portion of this population has retired. Adjustments are made to exclude active duty military from employment figures, although a small

number of career military may be included in some European countries. Adjustments are made to exclude unpaid family workers who worked fewer than 15 hours per week from employment figures; U.S. concepts do not include them in employment, whereas most foreign countries include all unpaid family workers regardless of the number of hours worked. Adjustments are made to include full-time students seeking work and available for work as unemployed when they are classified as not in the labor force.

Where possible, lower age limits are based on the age at which compulsory schooling ends in each country, rather than based on the U.S. standard of 16. Lower age limits have ranged between 13 and 16 over the years covered; currently, the lower age limits are either 15 or 16 in all 10 countries.

Some adjustments for comparability are not made because data are unavailable for adjustment purposes. For example, no adjustments to unemployment are usually made for deviations from U.S. concepts in the treatment of persons waiting to start a new job or passive job seekers. These conceptual differences have little impact on the measures. Furthermore, BLS studies have concluded that no adjustments should be made for persons on layoff who are counted as employed in some countries because of their strong job attachment as evidenced by, for example, payment of salary or the existence of a recall date. In the United States, persons on layoff have weaker job attachment and are classified as unemployed.

The annual labor force measures are obtained from monthly, quarterly, or continuous household surveys and may be calculated as averages of monthly or quarterly data. Quarterly and monthly unemployment rates are based on household surveys. For some countries, they are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and, therefore, are less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures. The labor force measures may have breaks in series over time due to changes in surveys, sources, or estimation methods. Breaks are noted in data tables.

For up-to-date information on adjustments and breaks in series, see the Technical Notes of *Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics*, 10 Countries, on the Internet at www.bls.gov/fls/flscomparelf.htm, and the Notes of *Unemployment rates in 10 countries, civilian labor force basis, approximating U.S. concepts, seasonally adjusted*, on the Internet at www.bls.gov/fls/flsjec.pdf.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, contact the Division of Foreign Labor Statistics: (202) 691–5654 or **flshelp@bls.gov.**

Manufacturing productivity and labor costs

Description of the series

Table 53 presents comparative indexes of manufacturing output per hour (labor productivity), output, total hours, compensation per hour, and unit labor costs for the United States, Australia, Canada, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Singapore, Taiwan, and 10 European countries. These measures are trend comparisons—that is, series that measure changes over time—rather than level comparisons. BLS does not recommend using these series for level comparisons because of technical problems.

BLS constructs the comparative indexes from three basic aggregate measures—output, total labor hours, and total compensation. The hours and compensation measures refer to employees (wage and salary earners) in Belgium and Taiwan. For all other economies, the measures refer to all employed persons, including employees, self-employed persons, and unpaid family workers.

The data for recent years are based on the United Nations System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA 93). Manufacturing is generally defined according to the International Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC). However, the measures for France include parts of mining as well. For the United States and Canada, manufacturing is defined according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS 97).

Definitions

Output. For most economies, the output measures are real value added in manufacturing from national accounts. However, output for Japan prior to 1970 and for the Netherlands prior to 1960 are indexes of industrial production. The manufacturing value added measures for the United Kingdom are essentially identical to their indexes of industrial production.

For United States, the output measure for the manufacturing sector is a chain-weighted index of real gross product originating (deflated value added) produced by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the U.S. Department of Commerce. Most of the other economies now also use chain-weighted as opposed to fixed-year weights that are periodically updated.

To preserve the comparability of the U.S. measures with those of other economies, BLS uses gross product originating in manufacturing for the United States. The gross product originating series differs from the manufacturing output series that BLS publishes in its quarterly news releases on U.S. productivity and costs (and that underlies the measures that appear in tables 48 and 50 in this section). The quarterly measures are on a "sectoral output" basis, rather than a valueadded basis. Sectoral output is gross output less intrasector transactions.

Total hours refer to hours worked in all economies. The measures are developed from statistics of manufacturing employment and average hours. For most other economies, recent years' aggregate hours series are obtained from national statistical offices, usually from national accounts. However, for some economies and for earlier years, BLS calculates the aggregate hours series using employment figures published with the national accounts, or other comprehensive employment series, and data on average hours worked.

Hourly compensation is total compensation divided by total hours. Total compensation includes all payments in cash or in-kind made directly to employees plus employer expenditures for legally required insurance programs and contractual and private benefit plans. For Australia, Canada, France, Singapore, and Sweden, compensation is increased to account for important taxes on payroll or employment. For the United Kingdom, compensation is reduced between 1967 and 1991 to account for subsidies.

Labor productivity is defined as real output per hour worked. Although the labor productivity measure presented in this release relates output to the hours worked of persons employed in manufacturing, it does not measure the specific contributions of labor as a single factor of production. Rather, it reflects the joint effects of many influences, including new technology, capital investment, capacity utilization, energy use, and managerial skills, as well as the skills and efforts of the workforce.

Unit labor costs are defined as the cost of labor input required to produce one unit of output. They are computed as compensation in nominal terms divided by real output. Unit labor costs can also be computed by dividing hourly compensation by output per hour, that is, by labor productivity.

Notes on the data

The measures for recent years may be based on current indicators of manufacturing output (such as industrial production indexes), employment, average hours, and hourly compensation until national accounts and other statistics used for the long-term measures become available.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on this series, go to http://www.bls.gov/news. release/prod4.toc.htm or contact the Division of International Labor Comparison at (202) 691–5654.

Occupational Injury and Illness Data

(Tables 54–55)

Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

Description of the series

The Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses collects data from employers about their workers' job-related nonfatal injuries and illnesses. The information that employers provide is based on records that they maintain under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Self-employed individuals, farms with fewer than 11 employees, employers regulated by other Federal safety and health laws, and Federal, State, and local government agencies are excluded from the survey.

The survey is a Federal-State cooperative program with an independent sample selected for each participating State. A stratified random sample with a Neyman allocation is selected to represent all private industries in the State. The survey is stratified by Standard Industrial Classification and size of employment.

Definitions

Under the Occupational Safety and Health Act, employers maintain records of nonfatal work-related injuries and illnesses that involve one or more of the following: loss of consciousness, restriction of work or motion, transfer to another job, or medical treatment other than first aid.

Occupational injury is any injury such as a cut, fracture, sprain, or amputation that results from a work-related event or a single, instantaneous exposure in the work environ-

Occupational illness is an abnormal condition or disorder, other than one resulting from an occupational injury, caused by exposure to factors associated with employment. It includes acute and chronic illnesses or disease which may be caused by inhalation, absorption, ingestion, or direct contact.

Lost workday injuries and illnesses are cases that involve days away from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Lost workdays include the number of workdays (consecutive or not) on which the employee was either away from work or at work in some restricted capacity, or both,

because of an occupational injury or illness. BLS measures of the number and incidence rate of lost workdays were discontinued beginning with the 1993 survey. The number of days away from work or days of restricted work activity does not include the day of injury or onset of illness or any days on which the employee would not have worked, such as a Federal holiday, even though able to work.

Incidence rates are computed as the number of injuries and/or illnesses or lost work days per 100 full-time workers.

Notes on the data

The definitions of occupational injuries and illnesses are from *Recordkeeping Guidelines* for Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, September 1986).

Estimates are made for industries and employment size classes for total recordable cases, lost workday cases, days away from work cases, and nonfatal cases without lost workdays. These data also are shown separately for injuries. Illness data are available for seven categories: occupational skin diseases or disorders, dust diseases of the lungs, respiratory conditions due to toxic agents, poisoning (systemic effects of toxic agents), disorders due to physical agents (other than toxic materials), disorders associated with repeated trauma, and all other occupational illnesses.

The survey continues to measure the number of new work-related illness cases which are recognized, diagnosed, and reported during the year. Some conditions, for example, long-term latent illnesses caused by exposure to carcinogens, often are difficult to relate to the workplace and are not adequately recognized and reported. These long-term latent illnesses are believed to be understated in the survey's illness measure. In contrast, the overwhelming majority of the reported new illnesses are those which are easier to directly relate to workplace activity (for example, contact dermatitis and carpal tunnel syndrome).

Most of the estimates are in the form of incidence rates, defined as the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 equivalent full-time workers. For this purpose, 200,000 employee hours represent 100 employee years (2,000 hours per employee). Full detail on the available measures is presented in the annual bulletin, *Occupational Injuries and Illnesses: Counts, Rates, and Characteristics*.

Comparable data for more than 40 States and territories are available from the BLS Office of Safety, Health and Working Conditions. Many of these States publish data on State and local government employees in addition to private industry data.

Mining and railroad data are furnished to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration and the Federal Railroad Administration. Data from these organizations are included in both the national and State data published annually.

With the 1992 survey, BLS began publishing details on serious, nonfatal incidents resulting in days away from work. Included are some major characteristics of the injured and ill workers, such as occupation, age, gender, race, and length of service, as well as the circumstances of their injuries and illnesses (nature of the disabling condition, part of body affected, event and exposure, and the source directly producing the condition). In general, these data are available nationwide for detailed industries and for individual States at more aggregated industry levels.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on occupational injuries and illnesses, contact the Office of Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6180, or access the Internet at: www.bls.gov/iif/

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries

The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries compiles a complete roster of fatal job-related injuries, including detailed data about the fatally injured workers and the fatal events. The program collects and cross checks fatality information from multiple sources, including death certificates, State and Federal workers' compensation reports, Occupational Safety and Health Administration and Mine Safety

and Health Administration records, medical examiner and autopsy reports, media accounts, State motor vehicle fatality records, and follow-up questionnaires to employers.

In addition to private wage and salary workers, the self-employed, family members, and Federal, State, and local government workers are covered by the program. To be included in the fatality census, the decedent must have been employed (that is working for pay, compensation, or profit) at the time of the event, engaged in a legal work activity, or present at the site of the incident as a requirement of his or her job.

Definition

A fatal work injury is any intentional or unintentional wound or damage to the body resulting in death from acute exposure to energy, such as heat or electricity, or kinetic energy from a crash, or from the absence of such essentials as heat or oxygen caused by a specific event or incident or series of events within a single workday or shift. Fatalities that occur during a person's commute to or from work are excluded from the census, as well as work-related illnesses, which can be difficult to identify due to long latency periods.

Notes on the data

Twenty-eight data elements are collected, coded, and tabulated in the fatality program, including information about the fatally injured worker, the fatal incident, and the machinery or equipment involved. Summary worker demographic data and event characteristics are included in a national news release that is available about 8 months after the end of the reference year. The Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries was initiated in 1992 as a joint Federal-State effort. Most States issue summary information at the time of the national news release.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION on the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries contact the BLS Office of Safety, Health, and Working Conditions at (202) 691–6175, or the Internet at: www.bls.gov/iif/

1. Labor market indicators

Selected indicators	2007	2008		2007			20	08		20	09
Selected indicators	2007	2008	II	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II
Employment data											
Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional											
population (household survey): 1											
Labor force participation rate	66.0	66.0	66.0	65.9	66.0	66.0	66.1	66.1	65.9	65.6	65.8
Employment-population ratio	63.0	62.2	63.0	62.9	62.8	62.8	62.5	62.1	61.3	60.3	59.7
Unemployment rate	4.6	5.8	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.4	6.0	6.9	8.1	9.2
Men	4.7	6.1	4.6	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.6	6.5	7.5	8.8	10.4
16 to 24 years	11.6	14.4	11.5	11.8	12.1	12.7	13.5	14.9	16.5	18.0	20.0
25 years and older	3.6	4.8	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.9	4.2	5.1	6.0	7.4	8.8
Women	4.5	5.4	4.4	4.6	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.6	6.1	7.2	8.0
16 to 24 years	9.4	11.2	9.0	9.7	9.9	10.1	11.1	11.9	11.6	12.9	14.4
25 years and older	3.6	4.4	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.5	5.2	6.2	6.9
Employment, nonfarm (payroll data), in thousands: 1											
Total nonfarm	137,598	137,066	137,645	137,652	138,152	137,814	137,356	136,732	135,074	133,000	131,692
Total private	115,380	114,566	115,400	115,389	115,783	115,373	114,834	114,197	112,542	110,457	109,138
Goods-producing	22,233	21,419	22,289	22,099	22,043	21,800	21,507	21,247	20,532	19,520	18,815
Manufacturing	13,879	13,431	13,889	13,796	13,777	13,643	13,505	13,322	12,902	12,296	11,854
Service-providing	115,366	115,646	115,356	115,553	116,109	116,014	115,849	115,485	114,542	113,480	112,877
Average hours:											
Total private	33.9	33.6	33.9	33.8	33.8	33.8	33.6	33.6	33.3	33.1	33.0
Manufacturing	41.2	40.8	41.3	41.3	41.2	41.2	40.9	40.5	39.9	39.4	39.5
Overtime	4.2	3.7	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.8	3.5	2.9	2.6	2.8
Employment Cost Index ^{1, 2, 3}											
Total compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm ⁴	3.3	2.6	.8	1.0	.6	.8	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4
Private nonfarm		2.4	.9	.8	.6	.9	.7	.6	.2	.4	.3
Goods-producing ⁵		2.4	1.0	.5	.6	1.0	.7	.4	.3	.4	.3
Service-providing ⁵		2.5	.9	.9	.6	.9	.7	.6	.3	.4	.3
State and local government		3.0	.6	1.8	.7	.5	.5	1.7	.3	.6	.5
Workers by bargaining status (private nonfarm):						.5					
Union	2.0	2.8	1.2	.5	.7	.8	.8	.7	.6	1.0	.6
Nonunion.	3.2	2.4	.9	.8	.6	.9	.7	.6	.0	.3	.2

¹ Quarterly data seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, household survey data reflect revised population controls. Nonfarm data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SIC based data.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter.

³ The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

⁴ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

⁵ Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing. Serviceproviding industries include all other private sector industries.

2. Annual and quarterly percent changes in compensation, prices, and productivity

Selected measures	2007	2008		2007			20	08		20	09
Selected measures	2007	2000	II	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II
Compensation data ^{1, 2, 3}											
Employment Cost Index—compensation:											
Civilian nonfarm	3.3	2.6	0.8	1.0	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.4
Private nonfarm	3.0	2.4	.9	.8	.6	.9	.7	.6	.2	.4	.3
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries:											
Civilian nonfarm	3.4	2.7	.7	1.0	.7	.8	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4
Private nonfarm	3.3	2.6	.8	.9	.6	.9	.7	.6	.3	.4	.3
Price data ¹											
Consumer Price Index (All Urban Consumers): All Items	2.8	3.8	1.5	.1	.7	1.7	2.5	0	-3.9	1.2	1.4
Producer Price Index:											
Finished goods	3.9	6.3	1.9	.1	1.8	2.8	4.2	1	-7.4	.1	3.1
Finished consumer goods	4.5	7.4	2.5	.2	1.9	3.4	5.2	4	-10.0	.1	4.3
Capital equipment	1.8	2.8	1	1	1.2	.7	.6	1.0	1.9	1	.0
Intermediate materials, supplies, and components	4.1	10.5	3.2	.1	2.0	5.0	6.9	.7	-13.6	-2.0	2.7
Crude materials	12.1	21.5	3.8	-2.4	11.9	14.5	14.9	-15.6	-32.1	-7.4	13.1
Productivity data ⁴											
Output per hour of all persons:											
Business sector	1.8	1.9	3.5	5.5	1.6	.2	3.1	.3	.8	.2	6.3
Nonfarm business sector	1.8	1.8	2.8	5.5	2.0	1	3.1	1	.8	.3	6.4
Nonfinancial corporations 5	1.0	1.9	2.8	-1.1	5.3	-2.7	6.9	3.2	-1.4	-6.0	-

¹ Annual changes are December-to-December changes. Quarterly changes are calculated using the last month of each quarter. Compensation and price data are not seasonally adjusted, and the price data are not compounded.

only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

3. Alternative measures of wage and compensation changes

		Quar	terly cha	ange		F	our qu	arters ei	nding—	
Components		2008		20	09		2008		200	9
	II	Ш	IV	I	II	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Average hourly compensation: 1										
All persons, business sector	1.6	4.5	2.6	-2.5	0.1	2.6	2.9	2.5	1.5	1.1
All persons, nonfarm business sector	1.3	4.5	2.9	-2.4	.2	2.7	3.1	2.6	1.5	1.3
Employment Cost Index—compensation: 2										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.1	1.8
Private nonfarm	.7	.6	.2	.4	.3	3.0	2.8	2.4	1.9	1.5
Union	.8	.7	.6	1.0	.6	2.7	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.9
Nonunion	.7	.6	.2	.3	.2	3.0	2.8	2.4	1.8	1.2
State and local government	.5	1.7	.3	.6	.5	3.5	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.2
Employment Cost Index—wages and salaries: ²										
Civilian nonfarm ³	.7	.8	.3	.4	.4	3.2	3.1	2.7	2.2	1.8
Private nonfarm	.7	.6	.3	.4	.3	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.0	1.6
Union	1.1	.7	.7	.6	.7	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.7
Nonunion	.7	.6	.2	.4	.2	3.2	3.0	2.5	1.9	1.4
State and local government	.5	1.8	.3	.5	.5	3.4	3.5	3.1	3.0	3.0

¹ Seasonally adjusted. "Quarterly average" is percent change from a quarter ago, at an annual rate.

Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

² Excludes Federal and private household workers.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes

⁴ Annual rates of change are computed by comparing annual averages. Quarterly percent changes reflect annual rates of change in quarterly indexes. The data are seasonally adjusted.

⁵ Output per hour of all employees.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ $\,$ Excludes Federal and private household workers.

4. Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	Annual				2008						20	υ9			
	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
TOTAL															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	231,867	233,788	234,107	234,360	234,612	234,828	235,035	234,739	234,913	235,086	235,271	235,452	235,655	235,870	236,087
Civilian labor force	153,124	154,287	154,823	154,621	154,878	154,620	154,447	153,716	154,214	154,048	154,731	155,081	154,926	154,504	154,577
Participation rate	. 66.0	66.0	66.1	66.0	66.0	65.8	65.7	65.5	65.6	65.5	65.8	65.9	65.7	65.5	65.5
Employed	146,047	145,362	145,273	145,029	144,657	144,144	143,338	142,099	141,748	140,887	141,007	140,570	140,196	140,041	139,649
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	63.0	62.2	62.1	61.9	61.7	61.4	61.0	60.5	60.3	59.9	59.9	59.7	59.5	59.4	59.2
Unemployed	7,078	8,924	9,550	9,592	10,221	10,476	11,108	11,616	12,467	13,161	13,724	14,511	14,729	14,462	14,928
Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	4.6 78,743	5.8 79,501	6.2 79,284	6.2 79,739	6.6 79,734	6.8 80,208	7.2 80,588	7.6 81,023	8.1 80,699	8.5 81,038	8.9 80,541	9.4 80,371	9.5 80,729	9.4 81,366	9.7 81,509
	70,743	79,501	79,204	79,739	79,734	00,200	60,566	01,023	60,099	01,030	60,541	00,371	00,729	01,300	61,509
Men, 20 years and over															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	103,555	104,453	104,613	104,741	104,869	104,978	105,083	104,902	104,999	105,095	105,196	105,299	105,412	105,530	105,651
Civilian labor force	78,596	79,047	79,308	79,392	79,380	79,335	78,998	78,585	78,687	78,578	79,081	79,395	79,291	79,045	79,231
Participation rate	75.9	75.7	75.8	75.8	75.7	75.6	75.2	74.9	74.9	74.8	75.2	75.4	75.2	74.9	75.0
Employed	75,337	74,750	74,737	74,503	74,292	74,045	73,285	72,613	72,293	71,655	71,678	71,593	71,387	71,319	71,204
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	72.8	71.6	71.4	71.1	70.8	70.5	69.7	69.2	68.9	68.2	68.1	68.0	67.7	67.6	67.4
Unemployed	3,259	4,297	4,572	4,889	5,088	5,290	5,714	5,972	6,394	6,923	7,403	7,802	7,904	7,726	8,027
Unemployment rate	4.1	5.4	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.7	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.4	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.1
Not in the labor force	. 24,959	25,406	25,305	25,349	25,489	25,643	26,085	26,318	26,312	26,516	26,115	25,904	26,121	26,485	26,420
Women, 20 years and over															
· •															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	111,330	112,260	112,401	112,518	112,633	112,731	112,825	112,738	112,824	112,908	112,999	113,089	113,189	113,296	113,405
Civilian labor force	67,516	68,382	68,666	68,385	68,700	68,753	68,891	68,584	68,917	68,977	69,148	69,112	69,060	68,985	68,923
Participation rate	60.6	60.9	61.1	60.8	61.0	61.0	61.1	60.8	61.1	61.1	61.2	61.1	61.0	60.9	60.8
Employed	64,799	65,039	65,003	65,008	64,975	64,902	64,860	64,298	64,271	64,148	64,226	63,895	63,810	63,789	63,662
Employment-pop-	50.0	F7.0		o			-7-	F7.0	o	50.0	50.0	50.5		50.0	
ulation ratio ²	58.2 2,718	57.9 3,342	57.8 3,662	57.8 3,377	57.7 3,725	57.6 3,851	57.5 4,031	57.0 4,286	57.0 4,646	56.8 4,828	56.8 4,922	56.5 5,217	56.4 5,249	56.3 5,196	56.1 5,261
Unemployed	4.0	4.9	5.3	4.9	5.4	5.6	5.9	6.2	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6
Unemployment rate Not in the labor force	43,814	43,878	43,736	44,133	43,933	43,978	43,935	44,154	43,907	43,931	43,850	43,976	44,130	44,311	44,481
Not in the labor loice	. 40,014	40,070	40,700	44,100	40,000	40,570	40,000	44,134	40,307	40,001	40,000	40,370	44,100	44,011	77,701
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	16,982	17,075	17,092	17,101	17,110	17,118	17,126	17,098	17,090	17,083	17,076	17,064	17,053	17,044	17,031
Civilian labor force	7,012	6,858	6,849	6,844	6,799	6,531	6,557	6,547	6,610	6,493	6,501	6,573	6,575	6,474	6,423
Participation rate	41.3	40.2	40.1	40.0	39.7	38.2	38.3	38.3	38.7	38.0	38.1	38.5	38.6	38.0	37.7
Employed	5,911	5,573	5,533	5,518	5,390	5,196	5,194	5,188	5,184	5,083	5,103	5,082	4,999	4,933	4,783
Employment-pop-		-,-	-,	-,-	.,	-,	-, -	-,	-, -	.,	-,	-,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	,
ulation ratio ²	34.8	32.6	32.4	32.3	31.5	30.4	30.3	30.3	30.3	29.8	29.9	29.8	29.3	28.9	28.1
Unemployed	1,101	1,285	1,316	1,326	1,408	1,335	1,363	1,359	1,427	1,410	1,398	1,491	1,576	1,541	1,640
Unemployment rate	15.7	18.7	19.2	19.4	20.7	20.4	20.8	20.8	21.6	21.7	21.5	22.7	24.0	23.8	25.5
Not in the labor force	9,970	10,218	10,243	10,257	10,311	10,587	10,568	10,551	10,480	10,590	10,575	10,491	10,478	10,570	10,608
White ³															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population ¹	188,253	189,540	189,747	189,916	190,085	190,221	190,351	190,225	190,331	190,436	190,552	190,667	190,801	190,944	191,086
Civilian labor force	124,935	125,635	125,987	125,844	126,298	126,029	125,634	125,312	125,703	125,599	126,110	126,423	126,199	125,997	126,118
Participation rate	66.4	66.3	66.4	66.3	66.4	66.3	66.0	65.9	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.3	66.1	66.0	66.0
Employed	119,792	119,126	119,082	118,964	118,722	118,226	117,357	116,692	116,481	115,693	115,977	115,561	115,202	115,123	114,922
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	63.6	62.8	62.8	62.6	62.5	62.2	61.7	61.3	61.2	60.8	60.9	60.6	60.4	60.3	60.1
Unemployed	5,143	6,509	6,904	6,880	7,577	7,803	8,277	8,621	9,222	9,906	10,133	10,862	10,997	10,874	11,197
Unemployment rate	4.1	5.2	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.6	6.9	7.3	7.9	8.0	8.6	8.7	8.6	8.9
Not in the labor force	63,319	63,905	63,761	64,072	63,787	64,193	64,718	64,913	64,628	64,837	64,441	64,244	64,601	64,947	64,968
Black or African American ³															
Civilian noninstitutional		0=													
population '	27,485	27,843	27,896	27,939	27,982	28,021	28,059	28,052	28,085	28,118	28,153	28,184	28,217	28,252	28,290
Civilian labor force	17,496	17,740	17,949	17,733	17,768	17,708	17,796	17,791	17,703	17,542	17,816	17,737	17,700	17,684	17,584
Participation rate	63.7	63.7	64.3	63.5	63.5	63.2	63.4	63.4	63.0	62.4	63.3	62.9	62.7	62.6	62.2
Employed	16,051	15,953	16,026	15,709	15,762	15,703	15,674	15,546	15,336	15,212	15,142	15,095	15,103	15,111	14,929
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	58.4	57.3	57.4	56.2	56.3	56.0	55.9	55.4	54.6	54.1	53.8	53.6	53.5	53.5	52.8
Unemployed	1,445	1,788	1,923	2,024	2,006	2,005	2,122	2,245	2,368	2,330	2,673	2,642	2,597	2,573	2,655
Unemployment rate	8.3	10.1	10.7	11.4	11.3	11.3	11.9	12.6	13.4	13.3	15.0	14.9	14.7	14.5	15.1
Not in the labor force	9,989	10,103	9,947	10,206	10,214	10,313	10,263	10,261	10,382	10,576	10,337	10,446	10,517	10,568	10,706

See footnotes at end of table.

4. Continued—Employment status of the population, by sex, age, race, and Hispanic origin, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	Annual a	average			2008						20	09			
Employment status	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Hispanic or Latino															
ethnicity															
Civilian noninstitutional															
population 1	31,383	32,141	32,273	32,369	32,465	32,558	32,649	32,417	32,501	32,585	32,671	32,753	32,839	32,926	33,017
Civilian labor force	21,602	22,024	22,201	22,259	22,187	22,074	22,134	21,931	22,100	22,175	22,376	22,438	22,347	22,526	22,341
Participation rate	68.8	68.5	68.8	68.8	68.3	67.8	67.8	67.7	68.0	68.1	68.5	68.5	68.1	68.4	67.7
Employed	20,382	20,346	20,404	20,506	20,232	20,168	20,096	19,800	19,684	19,640	19,854	19,595	19,623	19,745	19,433
Employment-pop-															
ulation ratio ²	64.9	63.3	63.2	63.4	62.3	61.9	61.6	61.1	60.6	60.3	60.8	59.8	59.8	60.0	58.9
Unemployed	1,220	1,678	1,797	1,752	1,955	1,906	2,038	2,132	2,416	2,536	2,521	2,843	2,724	2,781	2,908
Unemployment rate	5.6	7.6	8.1	7.9	8.8	8.6	9.2	9.7	10.9	11.4	11.3	12.7	12.2	12.3	13.0
Not in the labor force	9,781	10,116	10,072	10,111	10,278	10,484	10,515	10,486	10,401	10,410	10,295	10,315	10,491	10,400	10,675

¹ The population figures are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (white and black or African American) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. In addition, persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race and, therefore, are classified by ethnicity as well as by race. Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

5. Selected employment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[In thousands]

0-1	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Selected categories	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Characteristic															
Employed, 16 years and older	146,047	145,362	145,273	145,029	144,657	144,144	143,338	142,099	141,748	140,887	141,007	140,570	140,196	140,041	139,649
Men	78,254	77,486	77,484	77,249	76,938	76,577	75,847	75,092	74,777	74,053	74,116	74,033	73,777	73,703	73,519
Women	67,792	67,876	67,789	67,780	67,720	67,567	67,491	67,007	66,970	66,834	66,890	66,537	66,419	66,339	66,131
Married men, spouse															
present	46,314	45,860	45,804	45,887	45,787	45,610	45,182	44,712	44,502	44,470	44,469	44,255	44,294	43,992	43,943
Married women, spouse															
present	35,832	35,869	35,994	35,864	35,590	35,649	35,632	35,375	35,563	35,481	35,444	35,391	35,464	35,377	35,199
Persons at work part time ¹															
All industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	4,401	5,875	5,879	6,292	6,848	7,323	8,038	7,839	8,626	9,049	8,910	9,084	8,989	8,798	9,076
Slack work or business															
conditions	2,877	4,169	4,240	4,418	4,953	5,399	6,020	5,766	6,443	6,857	6,699	6,794	6,783	6,849	6,941
Could only find part-time															
work	1,210	1,389	1,412	1,514	1,514	1,585	1,617	1,667	1,764	1,839	1,810	1,922	1,980	1,835	2,044
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	19,756	19,343	19,690	19,275	19,083	18,886	18,922	18,864	18,855	18,833	19,065	18,872	18,718	19,018	18,814
Nonagricultural industries:															
Part time for economic															
reasons	4,317	5,773	5,802	6,167	6,742	7,209	7,932	7,705	8,543	8,942	8,826	8,928	8,845	8,647	8,945
Slack work or business															
conditions	2,827	4,097	4,171	4,279	4,889	5,304	5,938	5,660	6,390	6,773	6,650	6,681	6,699	6,733	6,844
Could only find part-time															
work	1,199	1,380	1,385	1,541	1,499	1,579	1,619	1,658	1,760	1,850	1,802	1,909	1,969	1,776	2,020
Part time for noneconomic															
reasons	19,419	19,005	19,269	18,930	18,808	18,635	18,642	18,567	18,562	18,493	18,661	18,502	18,358	18,621	18,436

¹ Excludes persons "with a job but not at work" during the survey period for such reasons as vacation, illness, or industrial disputes.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

² Civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population.

 $^{^{3}}$ Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race.

6. Selected unemployment indicators, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Unemployment rates]

Calcated actoropies	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Selected categories	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Characteristic															
Total, 16 years and older	4.6	5.8	6.2	6.2	6.6	6.8	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.5	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	15.7	18.7	19.2	19.4	20.7	20.4	20.8	20.8	21.6	21.7	21.5	22.7	24.0	23.8	25.5
Men, 20 years and older	4.1	5.4	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.7	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.8	9.4	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.1
Women, 20 years and older	4.0	4.9	5.3	4.9	5.4	5.6	5.9	6.2	6.7	7.0	7.1	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6
White, total ¹	4.1	5.2	5.5	5.5	6.0	6.2	6.6	6.9	7.3	7.9	8.0	8.6	8.7	8.6	8.9
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	13.9	16.8	17.3	17.5	18.6	18.4	18.7	18.4	19.1	20.0	19.7	20.3	21.4	22.2	24.1
Men, 16 to 19 years	15.7	19.1	19.5	19.7	22.6	21.4	21.4	21.8	22.2	23.3	22.5	24.4	23.9	25.8	27.9
Women, 16 to 19 years	12.1	14.4	15.0	15.2	14.4	15.3	16.0	14.8	16.0	16.7	16.9	16.0	18.9	18.5	20.1
Men, 20 years and older	3.7	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.8	7.4	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.2	9.1	9.3
Women, 20 years and older	3.6	4.4	4.7	4.2	4.9	5.1	5.5	5.8	6.1	6.5	6.4	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.9
Black or African American, total 1	8.3	10.1	10.7	11.4	11.3	11.3	11.9	12.6	13.4	13.3	15.0	14.9	14.7	14.5	15.1
Both sexes, 16 to 19 years	29.4	31.2	29.3	29.8	32.9	32.2	33.7	36.5	38.8	32.5	34.7	39.4	37.9	35.7	34.7
Men, 16 to 19 years		35.9	29.8	32.9	37.2	42.0	35.2	44.0	45.6	41.2	42.1	46.1	44.4	39.2	46.0
Women, 16 to 19 years	25.3	26.8	28.9	26.7	27.8	23.2	32.2	29.8	32.1	25.2	27.2	34.0	32.4	32.5	24.7
Men, 20 years and older		10.2	10.6	11.9	11.8	12.1	13.4	14.1	14.9	15.4	17.2	16.8	16.4	15.8	17.0
Women, 20 years and older	6.7	8.1	9.1	9.3	8.9	9.0	8.9	9.2	9.9	9.9	11.5	11.2	11.3	11.7	11.9
Hispanic or Latino ethnicity	5.6	7.6	8.1	7.9	8.8	8.6	9.2	9.7	10.9	11.4	11.3	12.7	12.2	12.3	13.0
Married men, spouse present	2.5	3.4	3.7	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.4	5.0	5.5	5.8	6.3	6.8	6.9	6.9	7.1
Married women, spouse present	2.8	3.6	3.7	3.5	4.2	4.3	4.5	4.7	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.6	5.5	5.4
Full-time workers	4.6	5.8	6.3	6.3	6.8	7.0	7.5	8.0	8.6	9.2	9.6	10.2	10.3	10.1	10.5
Part-time workers	4.9	5.5	5.7	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.9	6.1	6.0	5.9	6.0	6.3
Educational attainment ²															
Less than a high school diploma	7.1	9.0	9.7	9.8	10.4	10.6	10.9	12.0	12.6	13.3	14.8	15.5	15.5	15.4	15.6
High school graduates, no college ³	4.4	5.7	5.8	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.7	8.0	8.3	9.0	9.3	10.0	9.8	9.4	9.7
Some college or associate degree	3.6	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.6	6.2	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.7	8.0	7.9	8.2
Bachelor's degree and higher ⁴	2.0	2.6	2.7	2.6	3.1	3.2	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7

¹ Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race were included in the group they identified as the main race.

7. Duration of unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

[Numbers in thousands]															
Weeks of	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
unemployment	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Less than 5 weeks	2,542	2,932	3,242	2,864	3,108	3,255	3,267	3,658	3,404	3,371	3,346	3,275	3,204	3,233	3,026
5 to 14 weeks	2,232	2,804	2,874	3,083	3,055	3,141	3,398	3,519	3,969	4,041	3,982	4,321	4,066	3,557	4,120
15 weeks and over	2,303	3,188	3,447	3,662	4,109	3,964	4,517	4,634	5,264	5,715	6,211	7,002	7,833	7,880	7,816
15 to 26 weeks	1,061	1,427	1,568	1,621	1,834	1,757	1,927	1,987	2,347	2,534	2,531	3,054	3,452	2,916	2,828
27 weeks and over	1,243	1,761	1,878	2,041	2,275	2,207	2,591	2,647	2,917	3,182	3,680	3,948	4,381	4,965	4,988
Mean duration, in weeks	16.8	17.9	17.6	18.7	19.8	18.9	19.7	19.8	19.8	20.1	21.4	22.5	24.5	25.1	24.9
Median duration, in weeks	8.5	9.4	9.3	10.3	10.6	10.0	10.6	10.3	11.0	11.2	12.5	14.9	17.9	15.7	15.4

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

 $^{^{2}\,\,}$ Data refer to persons 25 years and older.

8. Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Numbers in thousands]

Reason for	Annual a	average			2008						20	09			
unemployment	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Job losers ¹	3,515	4,789	4,994	5,348	5,811	6,156	6,471	6,980	7,696	8,243	8,814	9,546	9,649	9,560	9,818
On temporary layoff	976	1,176	1,279	1,396	1,367	1,413	1,524	1,441	1,488	1,557	1,625	1,832	1,762	1,680	1,718
Not on temporary layoff	2,539	3,614	3,715	3,952	4,443	4,744	4,946	5,539	6,208	6,686	7,189	7,714	7,886	7,880	8,100
Job leavers	793	896	999	982	946	940	1,007	917	820	887	890	910	822	885	829
Reentrants	2,142	2,472	2,678	2,587	2,650	2,655	2,777	2,751	2,834	2,974	3,087	3,180	3,335	3,312	3,307
New entrants	627	766	829	822	825	760	829	780	1,005	868	900	956	947	967	1,085
Percent of unemployed															
Job losers ¹	49.7	53.7	52.6	54.9	56.8	58.6	58.4	61.1	62.3	63.5	64.4	65.4	65.4	64.9	65.3
On temporary layoff	13.8	13.2	13.5	14.3	13.4	13.4	13.8	12.6	12.0	12.0	11.9	12.6	11.9	11.4	11.4
Not on temporary layoff	35.9	40.5	39.1	40.6	43.4	45.1	44.6	48.5	50.2	51.5	52.5	52.9	53.5	53.5	53.9
Job leavers	11.2	10.0	10.5	10.1	9.2	8.9	9.1	8.0	6.6	6.8	6.5	6.2	5.6	6.0	5.5
Reentrants	30.3	27.7	28.2	26.6	25.9	25.3	25.1	24.1	22.9	22.9	22.5	21.8	22.6	22.5	22.0
New entrants	8.9	8.6	8.7	8.4	8.1	7.2	7.5	6.8	8.1	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.6	7.2
Percent of civilian															
labor force															
Job losers ¹		3.1	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.0	4.2	4.5	5.0	5.4	5.7	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.4
Job leavers	.5	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.6	.5	.6	.6	.6	.5	.6	.5
Reentrants	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1
New entrants	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5	.7	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7

¹ Includes persons who completed temporary jobs.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

9. Unemployment rates by sex and age, monthly data seasonally adjusted

[Civilian workers]

Cay and aga	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Sex and age	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Total, 16 years and older	4.6	5.8	6.2	6.2	6.6	6.8	7.2	7.6	8.1	8.5	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.7
16 to 24 years	10.5	12.8	13.3	13.4	13.8	13.9	14.7	14.8	15.5	16.3	16.7	17.3	17.8	17.8	18.2
16 to 19 years	15.7	18.7	19.2	19.4	20.7	20.4	20.8	20.8	21.6	21.7	21.5	22.7	24.0	23.8	25.5
16 to 17 years	17.5	22.1	22.2	21.7	23.1	24.1	24.1	21.4	22.9	23.7	23.0	23.4	25.1	25.4	26.4
18 to 19 years	14.5	16.8	17.4	17.8	18.4	18.3	19.1	20.2	21.0	20.9	21.3	22.9	23.7	23.0	25.0
20 to 24 years	8.2	10.2	10.7	10.8	10.6	11.1	12.1	12.1	12.9	14.0	14.7	15.0	15.2	15.3	15.1
25 years and older	3.6	4.6	5.0	5.0	5.3	5.6	6.0	6.4	6.9	7.2	7.5	8.1	8.2	8.1	8.3
25 to 54 years	3.7	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.8	6.3	6.7	7.2	7.6	7.8	8.4	8.5	8.4	8.7
55 years and older	. 3.1	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.6	4.8	4.9	5.2	5.6	6.2	6.4	6.7	7.0	6.7	6.8
Men, 16 years and older	4.7	6.1	6.4	6.8	7.2	7.4	7.9	8.3	8.8	9.5	10.0	10.5	10.6	10.5	10.9
16 to 24 years	. 11.6	14.4	14.6	14.8	16.5	16.1	16.9	17.1	17.6	19.3	19.8	20.2	19.8	20.0	20.7
16 to 19 years	17.6	21.2	21.1	21.4	24.7	24.0	23.3	24.4	24.9	25.7	25.6	26.7	26.2	27.0	29.8
16 to 17 years	. 19.4	25.2	24.5	23.2	27.3	28.8	27.0	26.5	26.5	28.2	26.3	26.1	25.8	27.7	29.8
18 to 19 years	. 16.5	19.0	19.0	20.4	21.7	21.2	21.5	22.8	24.7	24.6	25.3	27.8	26.9	27.0	29.8
20 to 24 years	8.9	11.4	11.7	11.9	12.9	12.9	14.2	14.1	14.6	16.7	17.5	17.5	17.2	17.1	16.8
25 years and older	3.6	4.8	5.1	5.5	5.6	5.9	6.4	6.9	7.5	7.9	8.3	9.0	9.2	9.0	9.5
25 to 54 years	3.7	5.0	5.3	5.8	5.8	6.1	6.7	7.3	7.9	8.3	8.8	9.5	9.5	9.5	10.0
55 years and older	. 3.2	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.7	5.1	5.1	5.3	6.0	6.3	6.7	7.0	7.7	7.4	7.5
Women, 16 years and older	4.5	5.4	5.9	5.5	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.7	7.3	7.5	7.6	8.0	8.3	8.1	8.2
16 to 24 years	9.4	11.2	12.0	11.9	10.7	11.5	12.4	12.2	13.3	13.1	13.3	14.2	15.7	15.5	15.6
16 to 19 years	13.8	16.2	17.3	17.3	16.5	16.7	18.2	17.1	18.3	17.8	17.4	18.6	21.8	20.5	21.1
16 to 17 years		19.1	20.1	20.3	19.2	19.7	21.2	16.2	19.8	19.4	19.9	20.7	24.4	23.2	22.9
18 t0 19 years	12.5	14.3	15.6	14.9	14.7	15.1	16.6	17.5	17.0	17.2	17.1	17.5	20.4	18.8	19.9
20 to 24 years		8.8	9.5	9.4	8.1	9.2	9.8	10.0	10.9	11.0	11.5	12.2	12.8	13.3	13.2
25 years and older		4.4	4.9	4.4	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.8	6.2	6.5	6.6	7.0	7.0	6.9	7.0
25 to 54 years	3.8	4.6	5.1	4.6	5.2	5.4	5.7	6.0	6.4	6.7	6.7	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.2
55 years and older1	3.0	3.7	4.5	3.9	4.3	4.3	4.3	5.4	5.3	5.8	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.1	6.7

¹ Data are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: Beginning in January 2003, data reflect revised population controls used in the household survey.

10. Unemployment rates by State, seasonally adjusted

State	July	June	July	State	July	June	July
State	2008	2009 ^p	2009 ^p	State	2008	2009 ^p	2009 ^p
Alabama	5.1	10.1	10.2	Missouri	6.1	9.3	9.3
Alaska	6.7	8.3	8.2	Montana	4.5	6.4	6.7
Arizona	5.7	8.7	9.2	Nebraska	3.3	5.0	5.0
Arkansas	5.0	7.2	7.4	Nevada	6.7	11.9	12.5
California	7.3	11.6	11.9	New Hampshire	3.8	6.8	6.8
Colorado	4.9	7.6	7.8	New Jersey		9.2	9.3
Connecticut	5.8	7.9	7.8	New Mexico	4.2	6.8	7.0
Delaware	4.8	8.4	8.1	New York	5.4	8.7	8.6
District of Columbia	7.0	10.9	10.6	North Carolina	6.3	11.0	10.9
Florida	6.3	10.7	10.8	North Dakota	3.3	4.2	4.2
Georgia	6.2	10.1	10.3		6.7	11.1	11.2
Hawaii	4.0	7.3	7.0	Oklahoma	3.9	6.4	6.6
Idaho	5.0	8.4	8.8	Oregon	6.3	12.0	11.8
Illinois	6.7	10.3	10.4	Pennsylvania	5.4	8.4	8.5
Indiana	6.0	10.7	10.6	Rhode Island	7.9	12.4	12.7
lowa	4.1	6.2	6.5	South Carolina	6.9	12.1	11.7
Kansas	4.3	7.0	7.5	South Dakota	3.0	5.0	4.9
Kentucky	6.5	10.9	11.1	Tennessee	6.6	10.8	10.7
Louisiana	4.4	6.8	7.4	Texas	4.9	7.5	7.9
Maine	5.4	8.6	8.5	Utah	3.4	5.7	6.0
Maryland	4.4	7.2	7.2	Vermont	4.6	7.3	6.8
Massachusetts	5.2	8.6	8.8	Virginia	4.0	7.1	6.9
Michigan	8.3	15.2	15.0	Washington	5.3	9.2	8.9
Minnesota	5.4	8.4	8.1	West Virginia	4.2	9.1	8.9
Mississippi	7.3	9.1	9.7	Wisconsin	4.6	9.0	9.0
				Wyoming	3.3	5.9	6.5

p = preliminary

11. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by State, seasonally adjusted

State	July 2008	June 2009 ^p	July 2009 ^p	State	July 2008	June 2009 ^p	July 2009 ^p
Alabama	2,161,527	2,127,390	2,108,750	Missouri	3,010,020	2,995,945	3,003,321
Alaska	357,440	359,320	358,054	Montana	506,482	499,170	499,049
Arizona	3,146,036	3,145,412	3,153,879	Nebraska	994,572	984,400	980,794
Arkansas	1,370,777	1,367,119	1,361,928	Nevada	1,374,762	1,400,378	1,400,331
California	18,405,284	18,501,485	18,458,451	New Hampshire	738,531	738,496	740,208
Colorado	2,730,874	2,700,034	2,690,935	New Jersey	4,497,826	4,550,492	4,561,769
Connecticut	1,877,881	1,878,610	1,884,593	New Mexico	959,044	954,480	953,279
Delaware	442,689	437,327	433,983	New York	9,691,152	9,775,221	9,741,365
District of Columbia	333,035	328,293	329,606	North Carolina	4,536,387	4,554,663	4,535,411
Florida	9,240,335	9,202,891	9,207,857	North Dakota	370,205	365,321	364,159
Georgia	4,845,555	4,765,522	4,764,573	Ohio	5,979,879	5,973,139	5,951,729
Hawaii	654,853	645,319	645,433	Oklahoma	1,749,922	1,777,563	1,778,175
Idaho	755,550	749,417	754,591	Oregon	1,961,165	1,978,460	1,972,457
Illinois	6,694,696	6,652,588	6,646,220	Pennsylvania	6,396,148	6,439,939	6,389,316
Indiana	3,234,314	3,213,243	3,158,473	Rhode Island	568,056	569,948	573,584
lowa	1,676,005	1,682,357	1,677,863	South Carolina	2,154,794	2,195,408	2,182,993
Kansas	1,496,103	1,522,093	1,530,471	South Dakota	444,601	446,854	447,037
Kentucky	2,044,027	2,077,602	2,069,566	Tennessee	3,041,094	3,038,221	3,022,089
Louisiana	2,073,979	2,067,340	2,066,449	Texas	11,708,438	11,972,833	12,017,910
Maine	707,466	701,842	700,478	Utah	1,383,701	1,371,556	1,368,519
Maryland	2,998,410	2,953,280	2,956,023	Vermont	354,799	359,460	360,235
Massachusetts	3,425,606	3,420,398	3,440,444	Virginia	4,123,932	4,157,365	4,148,781
Michigan	4,927,360	4,869,232	4,857,097	Washington	3,476,183	3,563,389	3,556,136
Minnesota	2,933,841	2,956,917	2,964,399	West Virginia	804,769	790,341	788,662
Mississippi	1,316,676	1,296,899	1,291,409	Wisconsin	3,077,959	3,092,772	3,081,545
				Wyoming	293,377	290,799	291,256

NOTE: Some data in this table may differ from data published elsewhere because of the continual updating of the database.

p = preliminary

12. Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

[In thousands]	Annual	average			2008						20	109			
Industry	2007	2008	Aua	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	_		June	1ID	A D
			Aug.			-					Apr.	May		July	Aug. ^p
TOTAL NONFARM TOTAL PRIVATE	137,598 115,380	137,066 114,566	137,053 114,497	136,732 114,197	136,352 113,813	135,755 113,212	135,074 112,542	134,333 111,793	133,652 111,105	133,000 110,457	132,481 109,865	132,178 109,573	131,715 109,182	131,411 108,936	131,210 108,754
GOODS-PRODUCING	22,233	21,419	21,351	21,247	21,063	20,814	20,532	20,127	19,832	19,520	19,253	19,041	18,829	18,713	18,581
Natural resources and															
mining	724 60.1	774 57.0	787 56.1	794 56.5	794 56.6	793 56.6	789 55.7	781 55.2	771 54.5	754 51.9	740 51.4	731 51.3	721 51.4	715 51.1	709 51.3
Logging Mining	663.8	717.0	730.6	737.7	737.7	736.8	733.3	725.3	716.4	701.9	689.0	679.6	669.3	663.8	657.3
Oil and gas extraction	146.2	161.6	164.7	166.3	166.5	167.4	169.4	167.7	167.8	166.9	167.0	168.1	166.9	165.5	165.4
Mining, except oil and gas 1	223.4	227.7	230.0	230.2	230.5	230.7	229.2	227.9	225.7	222.8	220.4	219.4	217.4	215.6	215.4
Coal mining Support activities for mining	77.2 294.3	80.6 327.7	81.7 335.9	82.5 341.2	83.1 340.7	84.3 338.7	84.5 334.7	84.9 329.7	84.1 322.9	83.3 312.2	82.4 301.6	81.4 292.1	80.3 285.0	79.0 282.7	79.3 276.5
Construction	7,630	7,215	7,177	7,131	7,066	6,939	6,841	6,706	6,593	6,470	6,367	6,310	6,231	6,162	6,102
Construction of buildings	1,774.2	1,659.3	1,647.5 966.1	1,625.0 960.2	1,609.9 952.6	1,588.4 942.5	1,572.9 933.2	1,536.9 926.6	1,509.5 919.0	1,481.5 907.2	1,461.7 885.5	1,451.2 876.1	1,433.4 862.1	1,415.1 854.4	1,408.9 848.3
Heavy and civil engineering Speciality trade contractors	1,005.4 4,850.2	970.2 4,585.3	4,563.1	4,545.4	4,503.9	4,408.5	4,335.2	4,242.2	4,164.4	4,081.4	4,019.6	3,983.1	3,935.9	3,892.4	3,844.7
Manufacturing	13,879	13,431	13,387	13,322	13,203	13,082	12,902	12,640	12,468	12,296	12,146	12,000	11,877	11,836	11,770
Production workers	9,975	9,649	9,608	9,543	9,425	9,322	9,174	8,946	8,804	8,654	8,532	8,409	8,316	8,301	8,258
Durable goods Production workers	8,808 6,250	8,476 5,986	8,439 5,948	8,392 5,898	8,300 5,805	8,216 5,741	8,085 5,633	7,881 5,458	7,753 5,352	7,620 5,239	7,490 5,130	7,372 5,034	7,271 4,957	7,248 4,957	7,193 4,916
Wood products	515.3	459.6	451.9	446.4	438.8	429.8	416.2	403.9	390.4	388.4	382.4	373.5	367.1	364.3	362.1
Nonmetallic mineral products	500.5	468.1	464.5	460.2	458.2	450.1	441.2	434.3	425.8	417.0	415.5	410.7	406.1	405.5	403.4
Primary metals Fabricated metal products	455.8 1,562.8	443.3 1,528.3	440.8 1,530.6	441.1 1,519.4	438.6 1,505.0	429.8 1,486.3	419.6 1,461.5	409.3 1,425.3	395.2 1,399.0	386.4 1,370.3	376.2 1,344.1	367.8 1,325.9	360.3 1,308.8	358.8 1,295.1	357.5 1,286.8
Machinery	1,187.1	1,185.6	1,187.5	1,183.1	1,179.3	1,162.7	1,150.2	1,126.0	1,100.8	1,070.5	1,051.4	1,032.0	1,016.3	1,003.2	997.9
Computer and electronic															
products ¹ Computer and peripheral	1,272.5	1,247.6	1,248.3	1,246.5	1,239.8	1,233.3	1,223.7	1,212.9	1,196.9	1,187.1	1,171.1	1,156.1	1,142.4	1,134.5	1,125.2
equipment Communications equipment	186.2 128.1	182.8 129.0	182.6 129.1	182.8 129.2	182.4 128.6	181.8 129.5	180.0 129.1	180.3 129.6	175.5 129.0	173.5 128.5	167.8 127.8	164.2 127.4	162.7 126.5	162.4 126.3	160.4 125.4
Semiconductors and															
electronic components Electronic instruments	447.5 443.2	432.4 441.6	432.3 442.6	431.0 442.5	428.4 440.2	423.2 438.8	417.4 437.5	410.5 433.8	403.3 431.9	397.6 430.9	389.2 431.1	382.8 427.2	375.6 424.4	371.0 422.2	367.9 419.7
	443.2	441.0	442.0	442.5	440.2	430.0	437.5	455.6	431.9	430.9	431.1	421.2	424.4	422.2	415.7
Electrical equipment and appliances	429.4	424.9	425.5	422.6	421.3	417.5	412.0	406.1	399.1	389.7	382.0	378.4	377.0	374.0	372.9
Transportation equipment	1,711.9	1,606.5	1,584.5	1,572.6	1,531.3	1,532.5	1,501.8	1,423.5	1,423.7	1,400.4	1,365.9	1,335.3	1,309.6	1,339.0	1,320.8
Furniture and related															
products	531.1	481.0	475.7	470.3	458.8	449.6	440.6	428.6	417.4	408.8	401.0	394.4	388.1	382.7	378.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing Nondurable goods	641.7 5,071	630.8 4,955	630.1 4,948	629.4 4,930	628.5 4,903	624.2 4,866	618.4 4,817	611.0 4,759	604.5 4,715	601.1 4,676	600.4 4,656	597.4 4,628	595.1 4,606	590.9 4,588	588.2 4,577
Production workers	3,725	3,663	3,660	3,645	3,620	3,581	3,541	3,488	3,452	3,415	3,402	3,375	3,359	3,344	3,342
Food manufacturing	1,484.1	1,484.8	1,482.7	1,484.3	1,484.7	1,489.0	1,477.6	1,470.7	1,467.2	1,464.4	1,474.9	1,471.7	1,473.8	1,473.9	1,475.5
Beverages and tobacco															
products	198.2	199.0	199.2	199.3	197.2	196.4	195.8	194.2	191.3	191.6	190.9	190.5	190.0	189.4	189.9
Textile mills Textile product mills	169.7 157.7	151.0 147.5	149.5 145.2	147.5 145.5	145.6 144.5	140.6 143.5	136.8 141.2	133.6 137.4	130.0 134.2	128.2 129.3	127.3 127.5	126.1 127.0	124.5 126.7	122.5 125.9	122.4 125.6
Apparel	214.6	198.4	200.4	197.3	192.8	187.1	183.5	178.9	176.3	173.8	169.9	170.2	165.8	166.7	165.1
Leather and allied products	33.8	33.6	34.5	34.3	33.9	32.6	32.6	32.4	31.9	31.7	31.7	31.5	30.8	31.3	30.6
Paper and paper products	458.2	445.8	444.7	441.9	439.7	437.1	433.4	427.3	422.5	418.3	415.1	410.5	409.1	407.2	406.0
Printing and related support	622.1	594.1	E01 E	587.6	582.3	574.1	567.0	558.1	549.2	541.5	534.4	529.6	522.8	518.4	514.6
activities Petroleum and coal products	114.5	117.1	591.5 118.0	117.9	117.8	117.2	116.9	114.2	114.6	114.5	114.6	114.5	114.5	114.3	114.3
Chemicals	860.9	849.8	847.3	844.3	843.4	842.6	837.1	832.7	828.2	823.4	818.9	814.9	811.0	807.4	804.4
Plastics and rubber products	757.2	734.2	734.7	729.7	721.1	705.9	694.9	679.7	669.3	659.0	651.1	641.4	637.1	631.3	629.0
SERVICE-PROVIDING	115,366	115,646	115,702	115,485	115,289	114,941	114,542	114,206	113,820	113,480	113,228	113,137	112,886	112,698	112,629
PRIVATE SERVICE- PROVIDING	93,147	93,146	93,146	92,950	92,750	92,398	92,010	91,666	91,273	90,937	90,612	90,532	90,353	90,223	90,173
Trade, transportation,	00.00	00.55-	00.5=	00.00	00 :==	00.00-	05.01-	05	05.55-	05 :==	05.55	05.55	05.55	05.1-	05 :
and utilities Wholesale trade	26,630 6,015.2	26,385 5,963.7	26,354 5,954.3	26,257 5,947.2	26,157 5,920.1	26,005 5,890.3	25,843 5,850.7	25,735 5,819.3	25,605 5,773.7	25,479 5,741.3	25,371 5,710.8	25,308 5,695.7	25,258 5,680.3	25,174 5,666.8	25,152 5,654.0
Durable goods	3,121.5	3,060.7	3,052.4	3,047.2	3,026.1	3,004.9	2,978.6	2,959.6	2,926.2	2,899.4	2,875.5	2,861.8	2,848.1	2,836.8	2,827.1
Nondurable goods	2,062.2	2,053.0	2,049.0	2,044.1	2,040.5	2,033.6	2,025.1	2,013.9	2,006.6	2,002.5	1,997.7	1,996.6	1,994.0	1,992.2	1,987.3
Electronic markets and															
agents and brokers	831.5	850.1	852.9	855.9	853.5 15,216.8	851.8	847.0	845.8	840.9	839.4	837.6	837.3	838.2	837.8	839.6
Retail trade Motor vehicles and parts	15,520.0	15,356.3	15,334.5	15,278.2	15,216.8	15,126.0	15,037.9	14,991.5	14,934.3	14,872.4	14,839.7	14,811.6	14,791.5	14,747.0	14,738.2
	1 000 0	1 044 5	1 000 0	1 040 4	1 700 7	1 770 5	1 745 0	1 720 4	1 716 0	1 701 0	1 600 0	1 601 0	1 672 0	1 660 0	1 672 4
dealers ¹ Automobile dealers	1,908.3 1,242.2	1,844.5 1,186.0	1,832.6 1,176.2	1,818.4 1,164.8	1,792.7 1,141.7	1,770.5 1,121.2	1,745.6 1,099.9	1,730.1 1,088.6	1,716.8 1,078.7	1,701.8 1,067.7	1,690.2 1,057.1	1,681.6 1,050.2	1,673.9 1,042.6	1,669.9 1,040.4	1,673.4 1,044.1
Furniture and home															
furnishings stores Electronics and appliance	574.6	542.8	542.3	538.4	532.4	522.6	514.2	508.3	499.7	497.7	492.4	486.3	484.7	483.9	480.4
stores	549.4	549.6	551.0	547.1	545.1	541.5	538.6	535.5	533.7	518.6	518.0	517.0	515.7	513.1	513.5

See notes at end of table.

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

[In thousands]	Annual	average			2008						20	109			
Industry	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^p	Aug. ^p
Building material and garden			- 3								•			- Cu.,	719.
supply storesFood and beverage stores	1,309.3 2,843.6	1,253.1 2,858.4	1,245.9 2,853.8	1,248.4 2,846.5	1,245.9 2,851.9	1,235.8 2,843.5	1,227.8 2,835.1	1,214.9 2,835.3	1,207.1 2,826.0	1,193.5 2,827.6	1,189.3 2,828.9	1,186.3 2,828.0	1,181.1 2,828.8	1,175.3 2,823.5	1,169.0 2,821.4
Health and personal care	2,043.0	2,030.4	2,000.0	2,040.5	2,051.9	2,043.3	2,000.1	2,000.0	2,020.0	2,027.0	2,020.3	2,020.0	2,020.0	2,023.3	2,021.4
stores	993.1 861.5	1,002.4 843.4	999.0 840.9	998.9 834.8	995.9 836.1	989.4 836.9	991.2 834.4	985.7 833.0	986.9 832.1	985.0 830.4	984.2 831.1	984.7 829.0	984.3 829.9	984.1 830.3	983.9 833.5
Clothing and clothing	001.5	043.4	640.9	034.0	030.1	630.9	034.4	633.0	032.1	030.4	031.1	029.0	029.9	030.3	033.5
accessories stores	1,500.0	1,484.2	1,483.3	1,478.5	1,471.5	1,462.2	1,448.5	1,445.0	1,443.8	1,433.4	1,432.7	1,426.8	1,420.1	1,414.4	1,407.1
Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	656.3	646.7	645.8	641.6	641.2	633.1	624.3	620.8	613.6	610.0	608.8	607.0	605.1	605.4	605.8
General merchandise stores1 Department stores	3,020.6 1,591.5	3,047.1 1,557.0	3,058.2 1,554.4	3,045.8 1,541.9	3,025.5 1,523.9	3,024.5 1,517.5	3,029.2 1,521.2	3,040.7 1,529.1	3,040.7 1,532.6	3,045.5 1,530.9	3,041.2 1,524.0	3,041.8 1,526.0	3,045.1 1,528.6	3,032.8 1,523.3	3,034.6 1,528.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	865.4	847.8	845.6	844.3	845.0	838.3	825.0	819.5	815.1	810.4	805.3	805.8	804.8	797.6	799.0
Nonstore retailers	437.9	436.3	436.1	435.5	433.6	427.7	424.0	422.7	418.8	418.5	417.6	417.3	418.0	416.7	416.6
Transportation and warehousing	4,540.9	4,505.0	4,506.0	4,471.3	4,456.9	4,424.4	4,389.9	4,354.4	4,327.0	4,295.5	4,251.7	4,233.5	4,218.4	4,193.9	4,193.6
Air transportation	491.8 233.7	492.6 229.5	488.1 228.8	483.2 227.6	482.1 229.5	481.6 229.0	477.8 226.8	476.8 227.1	474.8 224.1	474.0 220.7	466.8 217.9	466.7 214.6	463.9 212.2	462.9 212.2	463.6 213.2
Water transportation	65.5	65.2	64.9	64.5	63.9	62.6	60.3	59.7	60.9	59.6	58.1	57.2	56.5	55.7	56.2
Truck transportation	1,439.2	1,391.1	1,390.3	1,378.1	1,370.3	1,358.0	1,340.8	1,323.3	1,313.9	1,300.3	1,283.2	1,277.4	1,269.5	1,264.6	1,261.3
Transit and ground passenger transportation	412.1	418.1	422.7	414.4	413.8	411.7	410.1	408.1	406.4	406.2	401.8	405.4	413.0	407.0	406.7
Pipeline transportation	39.9	42.0	42.5	43.1	43.3	43.2	43.3	43.1	43.1	43.0	43.0	42.5	42.3	41.8	42.5
Scenic and sightseeing transportation	28.6	28.0	27.3	27.1	27.1	27.2	27.2	26.9	27.0	27.0	27.2	28.5	27.7	28.7	28.5
Support activities for transportation	584.2	589.9	592.1	589.5	588.0	582.2	579.5	569.3	561.0	554.6	550.3	545.6	537.8	532.5	533.9
Couriers and messengers	580.7	575.9	575.7	572.9	570.5	565.7	564.6	563.2	563.7	558.5	556.0	550.5	551.5	547.8	549.0
Warehousing and storage Utilities	665.2 553.4	672.8 559.5	673.6 559.3	670.9 560.5	668.4 562.8	663.2 564.0	659.5 564.6	656.9 569.3	652.1 570.0	651.6 570.1	647.4 568.5	645.1 567.5	644.0 567.8	640.7 566.1	638.7 565.7
Information	3,032	2,997	2,990	2,986	2,982	2,965	2,940	2,924	2,918	2,905	2,884	2,858	2,845	2,834	2,826
Publishing industries, except Internet	901.2	882.6	879.4	876.6	872.6	863.6	857.8	846.3	836.3	827.8	820.1	808.6	801.8	795.6	787.9
Motion picture and sound															
recording industries Broadcasting, except Internet.	380.6 325.2	381.6 315.9	380.0 313.8	381.7 313.0	388.7 312.9	385.0 313.1	377.2 308.1	376.7 306.5	389.8 302.5	393.7 299.0	389.5 296.3	381.3 294.2	379.3 291.9	380.3 290.2	382.9 288.6
Internet publishing and broadcasting															
Telecommunications	1,030.6	1,021.4	1,023.1	1,021.6	1,014.5	1,010.2	1,004.0	1,001.6	999.5	996.7	989.3	986.4	981.6	978.2	976.0
ISPs, search portals, and data processing	267.8	261.6	259.8	259.6	258.9	257.5	256.4	257.0	254.6	253.9	255.5	253.8	254.4	254.8	257.0
Other information services	126.3	133.6	133.6	133.6	134.1	135.1	136.5	135.7	134.8	134.1	133.7	133.2	135.5	135.3	134.0
Financial activities Finance and insurance	8,301 6,132.0	8,146 6,015.2	8,141 6,010.6	8,115 5,994.3	8,088 5,978.7	8,043 5,948.7	8,010 5,924.0	7,954 5,890.4	7,898 5,853.9	7,857 5,829.5	7,811 5,799.6	7,784 5,781.6	7,751 5,760.5	7,737 5,748.0	7,712 5,729.8
Monetary authorities—	,	,					,			,	,		·	·	
central bank Credit intermediation and	21.6	22.2	22.3	22.3	22.1	21.5	21.3	21.0	20.9	20.8	20.5	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.3
related activities ¹ Depository credit	2,866.3	2,735.8	2,724.4	2,722.4	2,706.4	2,692.8	2,680.8	2,665.3	2,648.8	2,635.4	2,619.8	2,613.5	2,604.0	2,602.1	2,592.4
intermediation ¹ Commercial banking	1,823.5 1,351.4	1,819.5 1,359.9	1,818.4 1,360.1	1,814.8 1,359.0	1,811.1 1,356.0	1,806.9 1,352.7	1,804.9 1,351.8	1,798.1 1,346.6	1,790.9 1,340.5		1,778.0 1,329.4				
Securities, commodity contracts, investments	848.6	858.1	861.4	851.4	847.8	842.1	839.9	826.5	814.9	805.8	797.0	791.7	786.4	782.3	780.5
Insurance carriers and related activities	2,306.8	2,308.8	2,312.0	2,307.6	2,311.0	2,300.9	2,292.0	2,287.4	2,281.1	2,279.4	2,274.3	2,268.3	2,261.9	2,256.5	2,249.6
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	88.7	90.3	90.5	90.6	91.4	91.4	90.0	90.2	88.2	88.1	88.0	87.8	87.9	86.9	87.0
Real estate and rental															
and leasingReal estate	2,169.1 1,500.4	2,130.2 1,481.1	2,130.0 1,482.4	2,120.6 1,474.5	2,109.0 1,471.2	2,093.8 1,461.7	2,085.8 1,458.2	2,063.2 1,444.9	2,043.8 1,432.4	2,027.0 1,421.9	2,011.7 1,411.9	2,002.7 1,405.1	1,990.6 1,396.3		1,981.9 1,392.5
Rental and leasing services	640.3	620.9	619.4	617.7	609.7	603.8	599.3	589.9	583.2	576.6	571.5	569.2	566.5	564.6	562.1
Lessors of nonfinancial intangible assets	28.4	28.2	28.2	28.4	28.1	28.3	28.3	28.4	28.2	28.5	28.3	28.4	27.8	27.6	27.3
Professional and business															
services Professional and technical	17,942	17,778	17,727	17,675	17,612	17,488	17,356	17,205	17,029	16,910	16,783	16,756	16,655	16,624	16,605
services ¹ Legal services	7,659.5 1,175.4	7,829.7 1,163.7	7,833.0 1,161.0	7,834.4 1,160.2	7,844.0 1,160.2	7,827.7 1,157.7	7,797.2 1,156.8	7,765.5 1,154.1	7,729.2 1,148.7	7,697.9 1,144.9	7,670.7 1,139.4	7,652.4 1,136.9	7,615.6 1,131.7	7,598.9 1,128.2	7,582.6 1,128.1
Accounting and bookkeeping services	935.9	950.1	947.9	945.6	946.4	941.0	933.7	927.5	924.4	929.5	929.3	938.0	936.8	934.8	934.3
Architectural and engineering services	1,432.2	1,444.8	1,447.2	1,441.4	1,437.1	1,428.6	1,419.4	1,411.1	1,394.2	1,377.9	1,364.1	1,350.3	1,335.9	1,324.5	1,320.6
See notes at end of table															

12. Continued—Employment of workers on nonfarm payrolls by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted [In thousands]

Industry	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
y	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^p	Aug. ^p
Computer systems design and related services	1,372.1	1,450.3	1,460.6	1,461.6	1,466.1	1,467.9	1,466.8	1,462.4	1,463.7	1,459.2	1,460.4	1,457.0	1,456.0	1,462.6	1,459.9
Management and technical consulting services	952.7	1,008.9	1,011.6	1,021.0	1,022.9	1,024.9	1,020.5	1,025.7	1,021.6	1,016.0	1,016.7	1,017.9	1,015.7	1,014.9	1,015.6
Management of companies and enterprises	1,866.4	1,894.6	1,895.2	1,887.1	1,882.8	1,882.0	1,872.1	1,871.7	1,862.1	1,852.6	1,840.2	1,829.9	1,823.8	1,819.7	1,818.4
Administrative and waste															
services Administrative and support	8,416.3	8,053.7	7,998.6	7,953.2	7,884.8	7,778.3	7,686.3	7,567.5	7,437.8	7,359.4	7,272.3	7,274.0	7,215.2	7,205.8	7,203.9
services ¹	8,061.3	7,693.5	7,637.0 3.089.5	7,591.9 3.049.8	7,522.0	7,414.2	7,324.4	7,203.1	7,076.5	6,999.2	6,911.7	6,912.7 2,501.9	6,854.3	6,843.7	6,841.5
Employment services ' Temporary help services	3,545.9 2,597.4	3,144.4 2,342.6	2,301.1	2.264.2	2,987.7 2,218.9	2,896.7 2,128.5	2,829.5 2,055.6	2,720.5 1,965.7	2,638.7 1,892.7	2,567.0 1,835.4	2,506.4 1,781.5	1,780.6	2,470.3 1,750.9	2,459.5 1.745.2	2,455.9 1,738.3
Business support services Services to buildings	817.4	823.2	814.9	818.1	820.8	823.7	816.0	817.6	805.0	799.1	792.9	790.5	783.8	783.9	781.9
and dwellings	1,849.5	1,847.0	1,847.0	1,843.3	1,837.4	1,829.4	1,818.1	1,812.5	1,796.8	1,791.5	1,778.7	1,786.1	1,771.2	1,769.8	1,767.3
Waste management and remediation services	355.0	360.2	361.6	361.3	362.8	364.1	361.9	364.4	361.3	360.2	360.6	361.3	360.9	362.1	362.4
Educational and health															
services	18,322	18,855	18,950	18,957	18,981	19,044	19,080	19,119	19,138	19,158	19,175	19,215	19,248	19,262	19,308
Educational services Health care and social	2,941.4	3,036.6	3,083.7	3,055.1	3,047.3	3,066.0	3,063.1	3,088.4	3,083.1	3,077.9	3,077.4	3,077.6	3,082.0	3,072.2	3,076.3
assistance	15,380.2	15,818.5	15,865.9	15,901.9	15,934.1	15,977.8	16,017.0	16,030.3	16,054.7	16,080.1	16,097.8	16,137.7	16,166.1	16,190.2	16,231.5
Ambulatory health care	=											=			
services Offices of physicians	5,473.5 2,201.6	5,660.7 2,265.7	5,683.8 2.272.7	5,699.5 2,279.0	5,706.1 2,283.3	5,727.7 2,289.8	5,742.6 2,294.5	5,753.3 2,300.4	5,770.1 2,304.4	5,779.8 2.308.0	5,794.1 2,310.5	5,812.9 2,314.6	5,830.6 2,321.9	5,842.0 2,329.8	5,856.3 2,336.1
Outpatient care centers	512.0	532.5	537.2	534.8	536.6	536.9	536.7	538.0	538.5	537.7	538.7	539.3	543.5	542.0	543.3
Home health care services	913.8	958.0	963.4	966.8	968.6	975.6	980.7	981.4	991.0	996.7	1,004.5	1,013.3	1,016.7	1,018.2	1,021.1
Hospitals	4,515.0	4,641.1	4,660.7	4,668.9	4,681.9	4,692.4	4,703.7	4,707.5	4,711.3	4,715.1	4,716.7	4,719.1	4,718.9	4,722.4	4,723.0
Nursing and residential															
care facilities 1	2,958.3 1,602.6	3,008.1 1,613.7	3,009.9 1,612.6	3,007.6 1,608.9	3,013.2 1,611.0	3,022.3 1,614.5	3,029.6 1,617.3	3,029.4 1,616.6	3,033.6 1,617.9	3,041.0 1,621.8	3,042.8 1,624.5	3,049.1 1,626.8	3,056.3 1,628.9	3,064.7 1,631.4	3,072.8 1,635.9
Nursing care facilities	2,433.4	2,508.7	2,511.5	2,525.9	2,532.9	2,535.4	2,541.1	2,540.1	2,539.7	2,544.2	2,544.2	2,556.6	2,560.3	2,561.1	2,579.4
Social assistance 1	850.4	859.2	851.6	862.5	862.3	863.2	864.3	862.7	860.4	858.2	853.9	860.3	854.3	845.9	856.5
Leisure and hospitality	13,427	13,459	13,454	13,428	13,395	13,344	13,304	13,268	13,236	13,202	13,168	13,195	13,176	13,177	13,163
Arts, entertainment,	1,969.2	1,969.3	1,964.7	1,955.3	1,952.0	1,944.0	1,947.1	1,943.8	1,936.2	1,928.7	1,900.6	1,901.8	1,885.5	1,897.8	1,892.9
and recreation Performing arts and	1,909.2	1,909.3	1,904.7	1,955.5	1,952.0	1,944.0	1,947.1	1,943.0	1,930.2	1,920.7	1,900.0	1,901.0	1,000.0	1,097.0	1,092.9
spectator sports	405.0	406.3	406.2	402.9	402.5	398.8	401.4	405.7	398.6	400.5	392.9	396.8	393.8	400.0	396.3
Museums, historical sites, zoos, and parks	130.3	131.8	132.1	130.6	129.6	130.6	130.8	130.3	130.9	130.6	130.5	130.9	130.8	130.5	130.5
Amusements, gambling, and recreation	1,433.9	1,431.2	1,426.4	1,421.8	1,419.9	1,414.6	1,414.9	1,407.8	1,406.7	1,397.6	1,377.2	1,374.1	1,360.9	1,367.3	1,366.1
Accommodations and food services	11,457.4	11.489.3	11,489.3	11,472.4	11,442.7	11,399.6	11,356.5	11,323.7	11,299.7	11,273.2	11,267.0	11,293.6	11,290.0	11,278.8	11,270.3
Accommodations	1,866.9	1,857.3	1,843.6	1,841.3	1,827.9	1,812.1	1,794.3	1,768.4	1,754.7	1,732.7	1,723.6	1,728.7	1,721.0	1,715.5	1,713.8
Food services and drinking	0.500	0.000.0	0.045 -	0.034.4	0.044.0	0.507.5	0.500.0	0.555.0	0.545.0	0.540.5	0.540 :	0.501.0	0.500.0	0.500.0	0.550.5
places Other services	9,590.4 5,494	9,632.0 5,528	9,645.7 5,530	9,631.1 5,532	9,614.8 5,535	9,587.5 5,509	9,562.2 5,477	9,555.3 5,461	9,545.0 5,449	9,540.5 5,426	9,543.4 5,420	9,564.9 5,416	9,569.0 5,420	9,563.3 5,415	9,556.5 5,407
Repair and maintenance	1,253.4	1,228.2	1,220.6	1,221.2	1,216.4	1,204.7	1,189.9	1,184.7	1,177.3	1,166.3	1,163.7	1,158.4	1,157.8	1,155.1	1,155.9
Personal and laundry services	1,309.7	1,326.6	1,331.7	1,333.9	1,330.1	1,323.2	1,320.9	1,313.6	1,312.5	1,302.4	1,297.3	1,293.3	1,298.4	1,296.1	1,295.9
Membership associations and organizations	2,931.1	2,973.3	2,977.6	2,977.1	2,988.3	2,980.7	2,965.7	2,963.1	2,958.7	2,956.8	2,958.6	2,964.3	2,963.9	2,963.4	2,955.2
Government	22,218	22,500	22,556	22,535	22,539	22,543	22,532	22,540	22,547	22,543	22,616	22,605	22,533	22,475	22,456
Federal	2,734	2,764	2,768	2,771	2,775	2,783	2,778	2,793	2,796	2,808	2,876	2,860	2,817	2,826	2,824
Federal, except U.S. Postal Service	1,964.7	2,016.8	2,027.1	2,034.3	2,043.5	2,052.4	2,057.3	2,065.8	2,071.0	2,086.0	2,154.6	2,150.2	2,111.1	2,120.9	2,127.6
U.S. Postal Service	769.1	747.5	740.6	736.5	731.9	730.1	720.9	726.9	724.9	721.7	721.0	709.5	705.9	705.4	696.0
State	5,122	5,178	5,204	5,192	5,194	5,197	5,196	5,192	5,192	5,186	5,189	5,189	5,174	5,149	5,150
Education Other State government	2,317.5 2,804.3	2,359.0 2,818.9	2,379.5 2,824.6	2,373.3 2,818.9	2,372.8 2,820.7	2,380.3 2,816.4	2,381.3 2,814.8	2,380.2 2,811.6	2,382.3 2,809.4	2,379.9 2,805.9	2,385.5 2,803.5	2,386.2 2,802.5	2,377.9 2,796.3	2,357.2 2,791.4	2,354.3 2,795.9
Local	14,362	14,557	14,584	14,572	14,570	14,563	14,558	14,555	14,559	14,549	14,551	14,556	14,542	14,500	14,482
Education	7,986.8	8,075.6	8,084.5	8,075.4	8,071.6	8,067.6	8,060.5	8,070.7	8,076.7	8,078.7	8,081.4	8,078.0	8,070.2	8,015.6	7,998.6
Other local government	6,375.5	6,481.8	6,499.4	6,496.4	6,498.3	6,495.6	6,497.7	6,484.7	6,482.5	6,469.8	6,469.2	6,478.3	6,471.3	6,484.6	6,483.3

 1 Includes other industries not shown separately. NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision. p = preliminary.

13. Average weekly hours of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Industry	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^p	Aug. ^p
TOTAL PRIVATE	. 33.9	33.6	33.7	33.6	33.5	33.4	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.0	33.1	33.1
GOODS-PRODUCING	40.6	40.2	40.2	39.9	39.8	39.5	39.4	39.3	39.2	38.9	39.0	39.0	39.0	39.3	39.3
Natural resources and mining	45.9	45.1	45.3	44.5	44.7	45.3	44.3	44.2	43.9	43.4	43.0	43.3	43.3	42.9	43.4
Construction	39.0	38.5	38.6	38.3	38.3	37.7	38.0	37.9	38.0	37.7	37.5	37.6	37.6	37.8	37.9
Manufacturing Overtime hours	1	40.8 3.7	40.8 3.7	40.5 3.5	40.4 3.5	40.2 3.2	39.9 2.9	39.8 2.9	39.5 2.7	39.4 2.6	39.6 2.7	39.4 2.8	39.5 2.8	39.9 2.9	39.9 2.9
Durable goods		41.1 3.7	41.1 3.7	40.6 3.4	40.6 3.4	40.4 3.1	40.0 2.8	39.8 2.7	39.6 2.5	39.3 2.4	39.5 2.5	39.4 2.6	39.4 2.6	39.9 2.7	39.9 2.7
Overtime hours		38.6	-	38.4					37.1	36.9	-				37.7
Wood products			38.8		38.1	37.6	36.8	36.9			37.0	36.9	37.4	37.7	
Nonmetallic mineral products	1	42.1	42.2	41.9	41.8	40.9	40.9	40.2	40.0	39.9	40.2	40.5	40.8	41.5	41.1
Primary metals	1	42.2	42.5	41.8	41.4	40.9	40.5	40.4	40.1	40.1	40.0	40.0	39.7	40.1	40.4
Fabricated metal products	1	41.3 42.3	41.1 42.5	40.9 42.1	40.8	40.8	40.3	39.7 40.9	39.5 40.6	39.0 40.1	39.2	39.2 39.9	39.3 39.8	39.4 39.9	39.5 39.8
Machinery	1				41.8	41.4	41.1				40.1				
Computer and electronic products	40.6 41.2	41.0 40.9	41.0 40.8	40.8 41.0	40.8 40.4	41.3 40.2	40.4 39.7	40.7 39.4	40.5 38.9	39.9 38.8	40.2 39.6	40.0 39.3	40.0 38.8	40.2 38.9	40.4 39.0
Electrical equipment and appliances		40.9	41.7	40.9				39.4 40.4	40.1	40.0			40.4	41.9	39.0 41.6
Transportation equipment Furniture and related products	1	38.1	37.9	37.4	41.3 37.4	40.9 37.2	40.9 37.3	37.7	37.4	37.7	40.6 37.6	40.0 37.8	37.8	37.9	37.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing		38.9	39.4	38.7	38.9	38.5	38.3	38.4	38.2	38.2	38.3	38.0	37.8	38.3	38.4
Nondurable goods	40.8	40.4	40.4	40.2	40.2	39.9	39.7	39.7	39.5	39.4	39.6	39.6	39.6	39.8	39.9
Overtime hours	4.1	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.1	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3
Food manufacturing		40.5	40.5	40.3	40.3	39.9	39.8	40.1	39.9	40.1	40.1	40.0	39.9	39.6	40.1
Beverage and tobacco products	40.7	38.8	38.2	38.2	38.1	37.9	36.7	37.0	37.0	36.2	35.8	36.5	35.3	35.0	35.4
Textile mills	40.3	38.7	39.5	38.9	38.4	37.7	37.0	37.1	36.4	36.3	36.9	36.8	37.8	37.6	37.5
Textile product mills	39.7	38.6	38.7	38.1	37.9	37.9	37.1	37.0	37.1	37.0	37.5	38.3	38.0	38.4	38.3
Apparel	37.2	36.4	36.5	35.9	36.3	36.2	36.0	36.0	35.6	36.1	36.1	36.1	35.6	36.2	35.6
Leather and allied products	38.2	37.5	37.5	37.5	36.9	34.4	34.7	34.0	33.3	32.8	32.4	32.0	32.0	33.3	33.6
Paper and paper products	43.1	42.9	42.9	42.4	42.2	42.1	41.9	41.6	41.5	41.1	41.4	41.2	41.8	42.2	41.9
Printing and related support	20.4	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	200	20.0	07.7	07.0	07.5	07.7	07.0	20.4	20.5	20.0
activities		38.3	38.2	38.3	38.3	38.2	38.0	37.7	37.3	37.5	37.7	37.6	38.1	38.5	38.6
Petroleum and coal products		44.6	45.6	45.2	45.2	44.4	45.3	45.1	43.8	44.3	43.8	43.4	43.4	43.2	44.2
Chemicals Plastics and rubber products		41.5 41.0	41.4 41.0	41.3 40.7	41.5 40.6	41.3 40.6	41.1 40.0	41.1 39.9	41.1 39.6	40.9 39.4	41.0 39.8	41.1 39.8	41.2 39.8	41.6 40.4	41.4 40.3
PRIVATE SERVICE-	41.5	41.0	41.0	40.7	40.0	40.0	40.0	39.9	39.0	39.4	39.0	39.0	39.0	40.4	40.5
PROVIDING	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.1	32.1	32.0	32.0	31.9	32.0	32.0
Trade, transportation, and	. 32.4	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.2	32.2	32.1	32.1	32.0	32.0	31.9	32.0	32.0
utilities	33.3	33.2	33.2	33.2	33.1	33.0	32.9	32.9	32.8	32.7	32.8	32.9	32.8	32.8	32.8
	38.2	38.2	38.3	38.1	38.2	38.1	37.8	38.1	37.9	37.8	37.8	37.6	37.6	37.4	37.6
Wholesale trade						1								-	
Retail trade		30.0	30.0	30.1	29.9	29.8	29.7	29.7	29.8	29.7	29.8	29.9	29.8	29.8	29.8
Transportation and warehousing		36.4	36.4	36.4	36.3	36.1	36.2	36.0	35.7	35.7	35.8	36.0	35.8	36.3	36.3
Utilities	1	42.7	42.3	42.7	42.5	42.4	42.9	42.6	43.2	42.4	42.3	42.1	41.9	41.9	42.0
Information		36.7	36.8	36.9	36.9	37.0	37.0	37.2	36.9	36.7	36.4	36.5	36.4	36.4	36.4
Financial activities	35.9	35.8	36.1	36.0	35.9	36.1	35.9	36.2	36.2	36.1	36.0	36.0	35.9	35.9	36.1
Professional and business															
services		34.8	34.9	34.8	34.9	34.9	34.8	34.9	34.8	34.7	34.7	34.7	34.6	34.6	34.7
Education and health services	32.6	32.5	32.6	32.5	32.5	32.4	32.4	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.3	32.2	32.2	32.2
Leisure and hospitality	25.5	25.2	25.2	25.2	25.1	25.0	25.0	24.8	25.0	24.8	24.8	24.7	24.7	24.7	24.7
Other services	30.9	30.8	30.9	30.7	30.7	30.7	30.6	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.5	30.5	30.3	30.4	30.4

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

NOTE: See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

p = preliminary.

14. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry, monthly data seasonally adjusted

la dicata i	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Industry	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^p	Aug. ^p
TOTAL PRIVATE															
Current dollars	\$17.43	\$18.08	\$18.18	\$18.21	\$18.28	\$18.34	\$18.40	\$18.43	\$18.46	\$18.50	\$18.50	\$18.53	\$18.54	\$18.59	\$18.66
Constant (1982) dollars	8.33	8.30	8.20	8.21	8.33	8.54	8.65	8.64	8.61	8.64	8.65	8.65	8.57	8.59	8.58
GOODS-PRODUCING	18.67	19.33	19.43	19.48	19.56	19.63	19.69	19.72	19.78	19.85	19.82	19.84	19.85	19.92	19.91
Natural resources and mining	20.97	22.50	23.01	23.08	23.03	23.28	23.23	23.14	23.14	23.33	23.38	23.26	23.28	23.23	23.16
Construction	20.95	21.87	22.02	22.09	22.17	22.28	22.41	22.43	22.42	22.59	22.55	22.59	22.58	22.60	22.61
Manufacturing	17.26	17.74	17.78	17.81	17.89	17.94	17.96	17.99	18.07	18.10	18.11	18.11	18.13	18.27	18.25
Excluding overtime	16.43	16.97	17.01	17.07	17.15	17.25	17.33	17.36	17.47	17.52	17.51	17.49	17.51	17.63	17.61
Durable goods	18.20	18.70	18.74	18.74	18.84	18.91	18.94	18.99	19.09	19.17	19.18	19.23	19.22	19.44	19.38
Nondurable goods	15.67	16.15	16.19	16.28	16.35	16.37	16.39	16.43	16.49	16.46	16.49	16.45	16.54	16.54	16.60
PRIVATE SERVICE-PRIVATE SERVICE-															ĺ
PROVIDING	17.11	17.77	17.87	17.90	17.97	18.03	18.10	18.14	18.17	18.20	18.21	18.24	18.25	18.30	18.39
Trade,transportation, and															
utilities	15.78	16.16	16.23	16.20	16.23	16.29	16.31	16.36	16.38	16.38	16.38	16.42	16.38	16.41	16.54
Wholesale trade	19.59	20.14	20.28	20.20	20.22	20.29	20.31	20.41	20.52	20.59	20.70	20.87	20.79	20.86	20.99
Retail trade	12.75	12.87	12.92	12.91	12.89	12.93	12.94	12.97	12.96	12.97	12.96	12.97	12.96	12.98	13.10
Transportation and warehousing	17.72	18.41	18.48	18.47	18.58	18.66	18.66	18.72	18.67	18.68	18.62	18.63	18.54	18.58	18.67
Utilities	27.88	28.84	28.89	28.86	28.91	28.91	29.16	29.22	29.67	29.31	29.29	29.45	29.44	29.48	29.83
Information	23.96	24.77	24.95	24.90	24.99	24.94	24.91	24.98	25.09	25.31	25.28	25.41	25.45	25.42	25.62
Financial activities	19.64	20.27	20.37	20.43	20.43	20.41	20.53	20.53	20.55	20.62	20.64	20.75	20.78	20.75	20.86
Professional and business															ĺ
services	20.15	21.19	21.38	21.47	21.63	21.78	21.97	22.04	22.17	22.26	22.26	22.26	22.32	22.42	22.50
Education and health															
services	18.11	18.88	18.96	19.04	19.08	19.13	19.20	19.18	19.24	19.24	19.33	19.34	19.39	19.45	19.49
Leisure and hospitality	10.41	10.84	10.89	10.90	10.92	10.90	10.94	10.97	10.97	10.98	10.97	10.99	11.05	11.07	11.13
Other services	15.42	16.08	16.17	16.20	16.24	16.29	16.29	16.30	16.25	16.23	16.22	16.24	16.24	16.29	16.35

Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory Data relate to production workers in construction, and nonsupervisory p = preliminary. workers in the service-providing industries.

15. Average hourly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

13. Average nouny earnings or p	Annual				2008							09			
Industry	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^p	Aug. ^p
TOTAL PRIVATE	\$17.43	\$18.08	\$18.10	\$18.25	\$18.27	\$18.40	\$18.40	\$18.49	\$18.57	\$18.57	\$18.52	\$18.47	\$18.42	\$18.49	\$18.60
Seasonally adjusted	1 ' '	-	18.18	18.21	18.28	18.34	18.40	18.43	18.46	18.50	18.50	18.53	18.54	18.59	18.66
GOODS-PRODUCING	18.67	19.33	19.53	19.63	19.61	19.65	19.75	19.64	19.64	19.74	19.78	19.83	19.83	19.97	19.99
Natural resources and mining	. 20.97	22.50	23.06	23.19	22.98	23.31	23.53	23.41	23.19	23.40	23.40	23.10	22.94	23.08	23.05
Construction	20.95	21.87	22.16	22.34	22.28	22.32	22.52	22.32	22.25	22.45	22.44	22.54	22.47	22.68	22.75
Manufacturing	17.26	17.74	17.75	17.84	17.86	17.94	18.06	18.03	18.07	18.09	18.13	18.09	18.12	18.18	18.21
Durable goods	18.20	18.70	18.72	18.80	18.81	18.92	19.06	18.99	19.09	19.17	19.20	19.20	19.22	19.33	19.36
Wood products	13.68	14.20	14.25	14.37	14.44	14.58	14.66	14.69	14.77	14.67	14.72	14.91	14.84	15.03	15.12
Nonmetallic mineral products	16.93	16.90	16.85	16.94	16.92	16.85	16.73	16.82	17.03	17.19	17.37	17.25	17.39	17.44	17.46
Primary metals		20.18	20.28	20.36	20.01	19.98	20.05	19.80	19.75	19.69	19.98	19.80	19.90	20.18	20.05
Fabricated metal products	16.53	16.99	17.08	17.14	17.18	17.21	17.36	17.24	17.30	17.29	17.41	17.38	17.43	17.47	17.52
Machinery	17.72	17.97	17.97	18.08	18.11	18.18	18.15	18.16	18.17	18.26	18.20	18.36	18.25	18.37	18.36
Computer and electronic products	19.94	21.03	21.21	21.23	21.42	21.37	21.44	21.46	21.42	21.71	21.73	21.70	21.67	21.85	22.03
Electrical equipment and appliances	15.93	15.78	15.94	15.99	15.83	15.74	15.88	15.81	15.93	15.95	15.99	16.15	16.23	16.39	16.39
Transportation equipment	23.04	23.83	23.88	24.05	24.10	24.37	24.58	24.66	24.69	24.80	24.76	24.85	24.95	25.01	24.79
Furniture and related products	14.32	14.54	14.59	14.54	14.55	14.77	14.92	14.95	14.85	15.02	15.00	15.02	15.11	15.22	15.13
Miscellaneous manufacturing	14.66	15.19	15.33	15.31	15.33	15.42	15.60	15.66	15.97	16.02	16.07	16.18	16.08	16.18	16.23
Nondurable goods	15.67	16.15	16.15	16.30	16.32	16.35	16.43	16.51	16.48	16.43	16.51	16.43	16.50	16.51	16.52
Food manufacturing		14.00	14.02	14.15	14.10	14.17	14.26	14.34	14.30	14.24	14.27	14.26	14.34	14.34	14.44
Beverages and tobacco products		19.35	18.60	18.97	19.41	19.98	19.95	20.07	20.25	20.40	20.25	20.38	20.20	20.15	20.28
Textile mills		13.57	13.67	13.72	13.71	13.69	13.80	13.90	13.76	13.88	13.79	13.63	13.62	13.49	13.79
Textile product mills		11.73	11.78	11.81	11.62	11.59	11.72	11.59	11.53	11.34	11.34	11.34	11.56	11.18	11.37
		-			11.02				11.53	11.34	-			_	11.37
Apparel		11.40	11.28	11.48		11.35	11.38	11.46		-	11.44	11.28	11.38	11.38	
Leather and allied products		12.96	12.94	12.98	13.14	13.61	13.47	14.10	14.19	14.21	14.34	13.85	14.06	13.69	13.59
Paper and paper products		18.88	18.81	19.04	19.11	18.89	19.11	19.27	18.99	18.90	19.29	19.09	19.29	19.45	19.06
Printing and related support activities		16.75	16.83	16.90	16.99	16.86	17.01	16.79	16.79	16.69	16.76	16.61	16.56	16.54	16.76
Petroleum and coal products		27.46	27.69	28.25	28.69	28.28	28.17	29.13	29.57	29.80	29.26	29.18	29.42	29.69	29.61
Chemicals	. 19.55	19.49	19.53	19.77	19.67	19.77	19.72	19.89	19.96	19.93	20.02	20.16	20.18	20.35	20.27
Plastics and rubber products	15.39	15.85	15.86	15.94	16.03	16.13	16.24	16.24	16.22	16.20	16.19	16.09	16.06	15.83	15.88
PRIVATE SERVICE- PROVIDING	17.11	17.77	17.73	17.90	17.94	18.10	18.09	18.23	18.33	18.31	18.24	18.18	18.11	18.16	18.29
Trade, transportation, and															
utilities	15.78	16.16	16.21	16.27	16.24	16.26	16.14	16.37	16.47	16.45	16.42	16.40	16.35	16.39	16.56
Wholesale trade		20.14	20.23	20.20	20.21	20.41	20.36	20.44	20.65	20.64	20.69	20.78	20.66	20.83	21.04
Retail trade		12.87	12.93	13.01	12.89	12.85	12.74	12.96	12.99	13.02	13.01	12.99	12.96	12.99	13.12
Transportation and warehousing		18.41	18.52	18.53	18.55	18.69	18.62	18.68	18.73	18.64	18.58	18.54	18.54	18.64	18.75
Utilities		28.84	28.64	28.95	29.00	28.96	29.28	29.27	29.70	29.42	29.50	29.50	29.27	29.33	29.56
Information	23.96	24.77	24.87	25.03	25.06	25.03	24.86	25.03	25.12	25.40	25.24	25.41	25.26	25.30	25.66
Financial activities	19.64	20.27	20.29	20.42	20.41	20.54	20.50	20.48	20.68	20.67	20.65	20.72	20.66	20.65	20.87
Professional and business															
services	20.15	21.19	21.12	21.31	21.45	21.97	22.01	22.16	22.52	22.52	22.28	22.15	22.11	22.25	22.40
Education and health															
services	18.11	18.88	18.95	19.08	19.04	19.10	19.23	19.26	19.26	19.23	19.33	19.29	19.32	19.47	19.43
Leisure and hospitality	10.41	10.84	10.79	10.89	10.93	10.93	11.05	11.03	11.06	11.00	10.99	10.99	10.97	10.96	11.02
Other services	15.42	16.08	16.10	16.22	16.17	16.24	16.27	16.34	16.34	16.33	16.27	16.29	16.16	16.17	16.30

¹ Data relate to production workers in natural resources and mining and manufacturing, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the service-providing industries.

16. Average weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers¹ on private nonfarm payrolls, by industry

TOTAL PRIVATE. 500-14 807-99 1815 1815 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810 1810	Industry	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Secondary Adjustment	madati y	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July ^p	Aug. ^p
Securally adjusted	TOTAL PRIVATE	\$590.04	\$607.99	\$613.59	\$613.20	\$613.87	\$620.08	\$610.88	\$608.32	\$616.52	\$614.67	\$607.46	\$609.51	\$609.70	\$613.87	\$624.96
National Information Section S		-	-													617.65
Manufacturing 982.84 101.75 105.15 104.15 103.87 107.85 104.15 103.87 107.85 104.85 105.87 107.85 104.85 105	GOODS-PRODUCING	757.34	776.60	794.87	791.09	788.32	782.07	778.15	762.03	758.10	763.94	759.55	773.37	779.32	788.82	795.60
CONSTRUCTION 616.66 62.56 675.22 697.03 686.06 645.06 785.07 787.02 787.0		962.64	1.013.78	1.051.54	1.041.23	1.038.70	1.072.26	1.040.03	1.020.68	1.008.77	1.003.86	994.50	990.99	1.000.18	987.82	1,016.51
Manufacturing											l ' l					
Wood products																730.22
Wood products	Durable goods	754.77	767.56	775.01	770.80	767.45	766.26	771.93	750.11	748.33	751.46	746.88	752.64	763.03	765.47	778.27
Nonestal consense products. 167 177 1713 752 752 752 752 757																
Primary metalls.	-															
February																818.04
Machinery																695.54
Computer and electronic products. 808.80 861.43 809.61 874.68 876.08 891.13 883.33 866.98 863.23 864.06 809.51 863.66 873.30 869.63 885.67 869.63 8	•															728.89
Electrical equipment and appliances																
Electrical equipment and appliancess	products	808.80	861.43	869.61	874.68	876.08	891.13	883.33	866.98	863.23	864.06	860.51	863.66	873.30	869.63	885.61
Transportation equipment. 988.79 989.94 1,002.96 990.86 1,002.56 994.30 1,022.53 993.80 990.07 992.00 985.45 991.52 1,015.47 1,017.91 1,043.6f Funditure and related products. 560.84 564.20 566.09 549.81 542.72 546.49 583.98 559.13 547.97 583.25 552.00 566.25 578.71 579.88 576.44 Miscoclian-cous manufacturing. 569.99 591.73 608.60 595.56 593.27 593.67 600.60 599.76 603.67 613.57 610.66 614.84 612.65 618.00 631.35 600.00	Electrical equipment and															
Furniture and related products. 560.84 554.20 566.09 549.81 542.72 546.49 563.96 559.13 547.97 563.25 552.00 566.25 578.71 579.88 576.44 Miscolaneous manufacturing. 569.99 591.73 608.60 595.65 593.27 593.67 600.60 599.78 603.67 613.57 610.66 614.84 612.65 618.08 633.34 Miscolaneous products. 550.00 566.25 578.71 579.88 576.44 606.00 599.78 603.67 613.57 610.66 614.84 612.65 618.08 633.34 670.00 599.78 603.67 613.57 610.66 614.84 612.65 618.08 633.34 619.00 599.78 603.67 613.57 610.66 614.84 612.65 618.08 633.34 619.00 599.78 603.67 613.57 610.66 614.84 612.65 618.08 633.34 619.00 618.00 599.78 603.67 613.57 610.66 614.84 612.65 618.08 633.34 619.00 619.00 618.00 612.44 612.45 619.00 618.00 612.44 612.45 619.00 618.00 612.44 612.45 619.00 618.00 618.00 619.00 618.00 612.45 619.00 618																639.21
Products Section Sec		986.79	999.94	1,002.96	990.86	1,002.56	994.30	1,022.53	993.80	990.07	992.00	985.45	991.52	1,015.47	1,017.91	1,043.66
Miscellaneous manufacturing		560.84	554 20	566 00	549 61	542 72	546 40	563 98	559 13	547 97	563.25	552 00	566 25	578 71	579 88	576.45
Manufacturing		300.04	334.20	300.03	343.01	342.72	340.43	303.30	555.15	347.57	303.23	332.00	300.23	570.71	37 3.00	370.43
Food manufacturing		569.99	591.73	608.60	595.56	593.27	593.67	600.60	599.78	603.67	613.57	610.66	614.84	612.65	618.08	631.35
Food manufacturing		639 99	652 20	654.08	663.41	659 33	658 91	657 20	650 49	644 37	644.06	642 24	647 34	656 70	655 45	660.80
Beverages and tobacco products	-															
Textile product mills		001.02	000.01	0.2.02	001.01	0,0.20	0.2	0.0.20	000.00	001.00	000.00	000.10	070.10	0,0.00	000.00	001.00
Textile product mills	products	755.22	750.18	716.10	720.86	729.82	767.23	726.18	728.54	741.15	730.32	706.73	754.06	719.12	705.25	726.02
Appereix 141.09 416.17 410.59 409.84 411.96 414.28 410.92 407.98 403.56 407.61 409.55 408.34 407.40 414.23 416.74 476.84 476.84 479.84 465.43 470.55	Textile mills	524.40	524.93	542.70	544.68	525.09	520.22	514.74	510.13	493.98	502.46	496.44	497.50	520.28	507.22	525.40
Leather and allied products. 495.50	Textile product mills	467.77	453.12	460.60	452.32	438.07	441.58	441.84	423.04	426.61	419.58	417.31	432.05	448.53	429.31	437.75
Paper and paper products	Apparel															402.70
Support activities 632.02 642.50 644.59 655.72 659.21 652.48 654.89 627.95 622.91 627.54 625.15 617.89 625.97 628.52 645.26 Petroleum and coal products 1,112.73 1,224.26 1,259.90 1,302.33 1,322.61 1,275.43 1,256.38 1,307.94 1,286.30 1,290.34 1,258.18 1,254.74 1,285.65 1,309.33 1,308.76 Chemicals 819.54 808.80 810.50 820.46 814.34 822.43 814.44 811.51 820.36 815.14 816.82 820.51 835.45 844.53 841.22 Plastics and rubber products 635.63 649.04 650.26 655.13 652.42 658.10 657.72 647.98 639.07 636.66 633.03 635.56 644.01 633.20 643.14 PROVIDING 554.89 574.31 576.23 578.17 577.67 588.25 578.88 579.71 592.06 587.75 580.03 579.9																462.06 798.61
Petroleum and coal products	Printing and related															
products	support activities	632.02	642.50	644.59	655.72	659.21	652.48	654.89	627.95	622.91	627.54	625.15	617.89	625.97	628.52	645.26
Chemicals		4 440 70	4 004 00	4.050.00	4 000 00	4 000 04	4 075 40	4.050.00	4 007 04	4 000 00	4 000 04	4 050 40	4 054 74	4 005 05	4 000 00	4 000 70
PRIVATE SERVICE-PROVIDING																841.21
PRIVATE SERVICE- PROVIDING	Plastics and rubber															
PROVIDING	products	635.63	649.04	650.26	655.13	652.42	658.10	657.72	647.98	639.07	636.66	633.03	635.56	644.01	633.20	643.14
Trade, transportation, and utilities	PRIVATE SERVICE-															
and utilities 526.07 535.79 541.41 543.42 535.92 536.58 531.01 530.39 538.57 537.92 536.28 542.51 551.43 Wholesale trade 748.94 769.91 774.81 767.60 772.02 787.83 767.57 770.59 784.70 782.26 775.88 779.25 776.82 776.96 799.52 Retail trade 385.11 386.39 391.78 395.50 384.12 381.65 380.93 378.43 384.50 384.09 385.10 388.40 387.50 393.60 396.22 Transportation and warehousing 654.95 670.33 679.68 676.35 671.51 680.32 679.63 663.14 663.04 665.45 655.87 661.88 663.73 678.50 690.00 Utilities 1,182.65 1,231.19 1,205.74 1,244.85 1,238.30 1,236.59 1,256.11 1,243.98 1,286.01 1,241.52 1,256.41 1,226.41 1,226.41 1,226.41 1,226.41	PROVIDING	554.89	574.31	576.23	578.17	577.67	588.25	578.88	579.71	592.06	587.75	580.03	579.94	577.71	582.94	594.43
Wholesale trade	Trade, transportation,															
Retail trade	and utilities	526.07	535.79	541.41	543.42	535.92	536.58	531.01	530.39	538.57	537.92	535.29	537.92	536.28	542.51	551.45
Transportation and warehousing	Wholesale trade	748.94	769.91	774.81	767.60	772.02	787.83	767.57	770.59	784.70	782.26	775.88	779.25	776.82	776.96	799.52
warehousing 654.95 670.33 679.68 676.35 671.51 680.32 679.63 663.14 663.04 665.45 655.87 661.88 663.73 678.50 690.00 Utilities 1,182.65 1,231.19 1,205.74 1,244.85 1,238.30 1,236.59 1,256.11 1,243.98 1,286.01 1,241.52 1,250.80 1,241.95 1,226.41 1,223.06 1,238.50 Information 874.65 908.44 917.70 926.11 924.71 936.12 917.33 921.10 931.95 934.72 911.16 914.76 911.89 920.92 946.88 Financial activities 705.13 726.37 726.38 728.99 728.64 753.82 731.85 735.23 761.02 754.46 739.27 739.70 737.56 737.21 765.93 Professional and business services 700.82 738.25 739.20 739.46 750.75 775.54 761.55 762.30 785.95 785.95 766.43 766.39 767.22	Retail trade	385.11	386.39	391.78	395.50	384.12	381.65	380.93	378.43	384.50	384.09	385.10	388.40	387.50	393.60	396.22
Utilities 1,182.65 1,231.19 1,205.74 1,248.85 1,238.30 1,236.59 1,256.11 1,243.98 1,241.52 1,250.80 1,241.95 1,226.41 1,223.06 1,238.50 Information 874.65 908.44 917.70 926.11 924.71 936.12 917.33 921.10 931.95 934.72 911.16 914.76 911.89 920.92 946.88 Financial activities 705.13 726.37 726.38 728.99 728.64 753.82 731.85 735.23 761.02 754.46 739.27 739.70 737.56 737.21 765.93 Professional and business services 700.82 738.25 739.20 739.46 750.75 775.54 761.55 762.30 785.95 766.43 766.39 767.22 767.63 790.72 Education and 914.30 617.77 620.10 616.90 624.57 621.13 622.10 624.02 623.05 620.49 619.21 620.17 628.88 631.48	Transportation and															
Information	warehousing	654.95		679.68		671.51	680.32	679.63	663.14	663.04	665.45	655.87	661.88		678.50	690.00
Financial activities	Utilities	1,182.65	1,231.19	1,205.74	1,244.85	1,238.30	1,236.59	1,256.11	1,243.98	1,286.01	1,241.52	1,250.80	1,241.95	1,226.41	1,223.06	1,238.56
Professional and business services		874.65	908.44	917.70	926.11	924.71	936.12	917.33	921.10	931.95	934.72	911.16	914.76	911.89	920.92	946.85
business services	Financial activities	705.13	726.37	726.38	728.99	728.64	753.82	731.85	735.23	761.02	754.46	739.27	739.70	737.56	737.21	765.93
Education and		700.82	738 25	739 20	739 46	750 75	775 54	761 55	762 30	785 95	785 95	766 43	766 39	767 22	767 63	790 72
health services		. 30.02	. 30.20	. 55.20	. 30.40	. 30.73		. 51.00	. 32.00	. 30.00	. 30.00	. 30.40	. 30.00	. 51.22	. 57.00	
		590.09	614.30	617.77	620.10	616.90	624.57	621.13	622.10	624.02	623.05	620.49	619.21	620.17	628.88	631.48
Other services	Leisure and hospitality	265.52	273.27	278.38	272.25	273.25	273.25	270.73	264.72	275.39	272.80	270.35	271.45	274.25	277.29	282.11
	Other services	477.06	494.99	500.71	497.95	496.42	501.82	496.24	498.37	501.64	498.07	494.61	495.22	489.65	493.19	502.04

construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory workers in the serviceproviding industries.

Dash indicates data not available.

p = preliminary.

17. Diffusion indexes of employment change, seasonally adjusted

[In percent]

[In percent]												
Timespan and year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
				Priva	te nonfa	arm pay	rolls, 2	78 indu	stries			
Over 1-month span:												
2005	52.6	60.1	54.1	58.1	56.8	58.3	58.5	59.2	54.2	55.9	62.7	57.6
2006	64.9	62.2	63.8	59.8	49.1	51.8	59.2	55.4	55.7	56.3	59.4	60.7
2007	53.5	55.5	52.4	49.4	55.9	48.3	50.7	46.5	55.9	57.2	59.4	57.9
2008	42.1	40.6	44.1	41.1	42.6	36.9	37.6	39.1	34.7	33.0	27.1	20.5
2009	22.1	20.8	19.6	21.8	29.3	25.8	30.3	34.9				
Over 3-month span:												
2005	51.7	57.2	59.0	59.8	57.9	62.0	60.5	62.9	60.3	55.5	56.3	62.7
2006	67.7	68.6	65.1	65.1	60.5	58.9	55.5	57.0	55.0	54.4	59.0	64.2
2007	62.5	54.8	54.2	54.8	54.1	50.4	52.8	48.7	53.3	53.9	58.3	62.5
2008	57.7	44.8	40.2	39.7	37.3	33.6	33.6	32.8	34.9	33.2	26.9	20.8
2009	18.6	14.2	15.1	15.3	20.3	22.0	22.0	24.2				
Over 6-month span:												
2005	55.4	57.9	58.1	57.0	58.3	60.9	63.1	63.3	61.6	59.6	61.4	62.5
2006	64.6	63.8	67.5	66.2	65.5	66.6	60.3	61.1	57.9	57.9	62.4	59.0
2007	60.3	57.2	60.5	58.3	55.5	56.5	52.8	52.4	56.6	54.4	56.8	59.0
2008	56.6	53.0	50.7	47.4	40.2	33.4	31.0	33.4	30.6	29.0	26.0	24.4
2009	21.6	17.2	15.1	15.3	15.9	16.6	15.9	20.1				
Over 12-month span:												
2005	60.9	60.9	60.0	59.2	58.3	60.3	61.3	63.3	60.7	59.2	59.8	61.8
2006	67.2	65.5	65.9	62.9	65.5	66.8	64.8	64.4	66.6	65.9	64.9	66.2
2007	63.3	59.4	61.1	59.6	59.2	58.3	56.8	57.2	59.4	58.9	58.1	59.6
2008	54.4 24.0	56.1 22.0	52.6 19.9	49.1 18.1	50.2 17.5	47.8 17.2	43.7 16.2	42.3 15.7	38.0	37.8	32.3	28.2
2009	24.0	22.0	10.0	10.1	17.0		10.2	10.7				
				Mar	ufactur	ing pay	rolls, 8	4 indus	tries			
Over 1-month span:												
2005	36.7	46.4	42.2	46.4	40.4	33.7	41.0	43.4	45.8	47.6	44.6	47.0
2006	57.8	49.4	53.6	47.0	37.3	50.6	49.4	42.2	40.4	42.8	41.0	44.0
2007	44.6	41.0	30.7	24.7	38.0	32.5	43.4	30.7	39.2	42.8	60.8	48.2
2008	30.7	28.9	37.3	32.5	40.4	25.3	25.9	27.7	22.9	18.7	15.1	10.2
2009	6.0	9.6	10.8	16.3	11.4	12.0	24.1	28.3				
Over 3-month span:	00.7	40.4	44.0	44.0	05.5	00.4			40.0		00.0	40.0
2005	36.7	43.4	41.0	41.6	35.5	36.1	34.9	36.7	42.2	44.0	38.6	48.8
2006	56.6	57.2	48.2	48.2	44.6	50.0	43.4	45.2	36.7	33.1	35.5	39.2
2007	40.4	33.1	33.1	28.9	29.5	30.1	31.9	28.9	30.7	30.7	39.2	51.2
2008	48.8	33.7	28.3	29.5	26.5	22.9	19.9	16.9	22.3	21.1	15.1	11.4
2009	6.0	3.6	3.6	7.8	8.4	12.0	8.4	12.0				
Over 6-month span:	00.7	20.0	20.0	00.4	05.5	04.0	20.0	20.1	00.4	20.0	20.7	20.0
2005	33.7	39.8	38.0	36.1	35.5	34.9	39.8	36.1	36.1	38.0	36.7	39.8
2006	45.2	45.2	50.6	48.8	50.6	50.0	45.2	47.0	43.4	42.2	39.8	34.3
2007	37.3	33.1	29.5	28.9	30.7	34.9	28.9		29.5	28.3	33.7	38.0
2008	34.3	30.1	37.3	35.5	25.3	20.5	17.5		16.9	13.3	11.4	9.6
2009	9.0	4.8	4.8	6.0	4.8	4.8	7.2	8.4				
Over 12-month span:	45.0	44.0	40.0	44.0	00.7	05.5	00.5	24.2	00.4	20.7	00.7	00.0
2005	45.2	44.0	42.2	41.0	36.7	35.5	32.5		33.1	33.7	33.7	38.0
2006	44.0	41.0	41.0	39.8	39.8	45.2	42.2		47.0	48.8	45.8	44.6
2007	39.8	36.7	37.3	30.7	28.9	29.5	30.7	28.9	33.1	28.9	34.3	35.5
2008	27.7	28.9	25.9	25.3	30.7	27.1	24.7	19.3	21.7	21.7	16.9	15.1
2009	8.4	4.8	4.8	4.8	6.0	6.0	6.6	4.8				
								1				

NOTE: Figures are the percent of industries with employment increasing plus one-half of the industries with unchanged employment, where 50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment.

See the "Definitions" in this section. See "Notes on the data" for a description of the most recent benchmark revision.

Data for the two most recent months are preliminary.

18. Job openings levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p
Total ²	2,973	2,633	2,513	2,523	2,513	2,408	2,387	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8
Industry														
Total private ²	2,606	2,269	2,042	2,191	2,163	2,090	2,077	2.3	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9
Construction	58	51	29	39	56	47	62	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.8	1.0
Manufacturing	141	115	95	105	113	110	125	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	488	414	332	466	469	393	439	1.9	1.6	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.7
Professional and business services	482	428	461	451	445	431	401	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.4
Education and health services	589	537	515	530	531	553	514	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.6
Leisure and hospitality	332	289	322	265	276	256	247	2.4	2.1	2.4	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.8
Government	367	353	461	310	322	314	307	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3
Region ³														
Northeast	607	583	520	554	609	508	507	2.4	2.3	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.0
South	1,109	1,000	942	888	882	870	871	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Midwest	563	499	512	512	496	509	507	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7
West	638	556	570	544	561	517	541	2.1	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

West Virginia; Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming. NOTE: The job openings level is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month; the job openings rate is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month as a percent of total employment plus job openings.

19. Hires levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent	t		
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p
Total ²	4,339	4,099	4,117	3,942	3,919	4,228	4,029	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.1
Industry														
Total private ²	4,042	3,799	3,822	3,739	3,654	3,930	3,762	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.6	3.5
Construction	370	343	341	365	277	355	306	5.6	5.3	5.4	5.8	4.5	5.8	5.0
Manufacturing	257	244	236	206	225	272	249	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	814	883	888	842	744	819	802	3.2	3.5	3.5	3.3	2.9	3.3	3.2
Professional and business services	730	668	733	721	644	686	708	4.3	4.0	4.4	4.3	3.9	4.1	4.3
Education and health services	527	483	475	473	530	522	541	2.8	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.8
Leisure and hospitality	704	693	691	695	695	716	700	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3
Government	275	271	340	273	262	282	264	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.2
Region ³														
Northeast	837	696	729	712	735	714	710	3.3	2.8	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.9
South	1,566	1,458	1,619	1,423	1,428	1,544	1,517	3.2	3.0	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.3	3.2
Midwest	904	943	901	867	839	885	930	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.0	3.1
West	960	931	949	995	917	1,042	867	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.1	3.5	2.9

¹ Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; West: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The hires level is the number of hires during the entire month; the hires rate is the number of hires during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont: South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia,

P = preliminary.

Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

p = preliminary.

20. Total separations levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjust
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			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p
Total ²	4,833	4,712	4,641	4,356	4,306	4,430	4,265	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3
Industry														
Total private ²	4,555	4,434	4,362	4,066	3,939	4,147	3,960	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.6	3.8	3.6
Construction	463	463	437	411	355	444	353	7.0	7.2	6.9	6.5	5.7	7.2	5.8
Manufacturing	424	401	390	367	352	329	318	3.4	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities	920	1,001	982	951	816	874	826	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.2	3.5	3.3
Professional and business services	951	778	839	771	698	738	721	5.6	4.6	5.0	4.6	4.2	4.4	4.3
Education and health services	498	466	462	419	489	500	506	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.6
Leisure and hospitality	731	751	716	684	696	713	718	5.5	5.7	5.4	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.5
Government	271	265	255	288	340	298	291	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.3
Region ³														
Northeast	783	878	700	774	799	716	743	3.1	3.5	2.8	3.1	3.2	2.9	3.0
South	1,742	1,741	1,682	1,565	1,535	1,602	1,509	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.4	3.2
Midwest	1,121	1,085	1,065	1,016	958	958	967	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2
West	1,188	978	1,188	980	1,053	1,181	1,066	4.0	3.3	4.0	3.3	3.6	4.0	3.6

¹ Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; **West:** Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The total separations level is the number of total separations during the entire month; the total separations rate is the number of total separations during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

21. Quits levels and rates by industry and region, seasonally adjusted

			Levels ¹	(in thou	ısands)						Percent			
Industry and region				2009							2009			
	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p
Total ²	1,911	1,856	1,777	1,788	1,787	1,778	1,739	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3
Industry														
Total private ²	1,831	1,749	1,678	1,682	1,680	1,673	1,639	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Construction	87	102	74	84	70	68	63	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.0
Manufacturing	105	81	80	86	93	82	81	.8	.7	.7	.7	.8	.7	.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities	372	444	385	398	391	415	384	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5
Professional and business services	310	278	272	281	257	265	255	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5
Education and health services	258	249	228	249	264	235	245	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.3
Leisure and hospitality	431	433	430	396	429	411	429	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.3	3.1	3.3
Government	115	107	99	107	111	107	104	.5	.5	.4	.5	.5	.5	.5
Region ³														
Northeast	271	273	263	303	279	234	265	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1
South	759	751	691	718	693	724	677	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4
Midwest	468	431	410	397	403	435	372	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.2
West	453	408	453	398	434	404	435	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.5

Detail will not necessarily add to totals because of the independent seasonal adjustment of the various series.

Midwest: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, Wisconsin; **West**: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming.

NOTE: The quits level is the number of quits during the entire month; the quits rate is the number of quits during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

 $^{^2\,}$ Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia; West Virginia;

p= preliminary

² Includes natural resources and mining, information, financial activities, and other services, not shown separately.

³ Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia;

p = preliminary.

22. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, fourth quarter 2008.

0					
County by NAICS supersector	fourth quarter 2008 (thousands)	December 2008 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2007-08 ²	Fourth quarter 2008	Percent chang fourth quarter 2007-08 ²
Inited States ³	9,177.5	133,870.4	-2.3	\$918	2.2
Private industry		111,752.9	-2.9	919	2.0
Natural resources and mining		1,802.7	2.0	996	5.1
Construction		6,636.1	-10.2	1,052	4.9
Manufacturing		12,891.3	-6.2	1,094	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		26,316.1	-3.5	766	1.1
Information		2,948.2	-3.4	1,360	.1
Financial activities		7,853.7	-3.2	1,390	4
Professional and business services		17,366.1	-4.1	1,201	3.7
Education and health services		18,304.3	2.9	872	3.7
Leisure and hospitality		12,957.7	-1.7	390	1.8
Other services		4,445.7	7	581	2.8
Government		22,117.5	.9	914	4.0
os Angeles, CA	433.9	4,152.9	-3.4	1,075	1.8
Private industry		3,552.8	-3.8	1,064	1.1
Natural resources and mining		10.5	-2.7	1,261	5.4
Construction		136.7	-12.3	1,138	4.8
Manufacturing		417.6	-5.9	1,107	3.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		802.4	-5.4	833	8
Information		207.5	(4)	1,889	(4)
Financial activities		231.8	-5.7	1,462	-3.8
Professional and business services		574.2	(⁴) (⁴)	1,306	(⁴) (⁴)
Education and health services		500.0		979	(4)
Leisure and hospitality		396.1	-1.6	927	5.9
Other services		258.8	.5	454	1.1
Government	4.0	600.1	(4)	1,141	5.6
ook, IL		2,480.0	-2.8	1,118	1.5
Private industry		2,169.2	-3.3	1,126	1.3
Natural resources and mining		1.1	-5.6	998	-5.0
Construction		82.8	-10.5	1,478	6.9
Manufacturing		219.9	-6.5	1,119	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		467.7	-4.9	840	4
Information		56.1	-3.2	1,487	-4.3
Financial activities		203.7	-4.3	2,007	.7
Professional and business services		423.4	-4.8	1,525	3.5
Education and health services		386.1	3.1	930	1.3
Leisure and hospitality		227.5	-2.2	440	.0
Other services		96.1 310.8	1 .8	783 1,058	3.2 2.9
V 1 NV					
lew York, NY		2,386.4	-1.3	1,856	6
Private industry		1,934.3	-1.6	2,041	7
Natural resources and mining		.2	-3.6	1,594	4.7
Construction		36.3 33.7	.6 -8.3	1,939 1,565	.6 .7
Manufacturing Trade, transportation, and utilities		255.2	-3.3	1,294	-1.5
Information		134.5	-1.5	2,055	-1.3
Financial activities		369.0	-3.9	4,085	-1.3
Professional and business services		489.1	-2.4	2,173	.6
Education and health services		297.7	1.6	1,133	6.0
Leisure and hospitality		224.3	.8	889	7
Other services		90.2	.7	1,102	(4)
Government		452.1	.0	1,062	1.6
arria TV	00.1	0.079.1	1.0	1 107	2.6
arris, TX Private industry	98.1 97.6	2,078.1 1,820.6	1.0	1,187 1,215	2.6 2.3
Natural resources and mining		85.8	7.1	2,872	-7.6
Construction		156.9	.5	1,217	7.1
Manufacturing		187.7	2.4	1,468	-3.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		443.1	.6	1,035	4.0
Information		32.0	-2.4	1,393	8.2
Financial activities	10.6	117.9	-2.7	1,517	4.7
Professional and business services	19.6	336.9	2	1,448	3.7
Education and health services	10.4	224.3	3.1	958	3.2
Leisure and hospitality		175.2	6	404	4.7
Other services		59.6	.4	673	3.2
Government	.5	257.5	1.8	988	5.2
aricopa, AZ		1,741.0	-5.8	892	2.1
Private industry		1,512.8	-6.9	893	2.2
Natural resources and mining	.5	9.0	-4.9	1,026	20.6
Construction		115.5	-25.3	986	3.4
Manufacturing		120.8	-8.0	1,217	3.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	22.9	365.7	-6.8	796	.9
Information	1.7	29.4	-4.1	1,098	3.4
Financial activities		140.1	-4.8	1,066	4
		289.2	-8.5	989	5.0
Professional and business services					
Professional and business services Education and health services		216.8	5.7	999	2.3
	10.3	216.8 176.8 48.4	5.7 -5.3 -4.9	999 420 613	2.3 -1.4 2.7

See footnotes at end of table.

22. Continued—Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: 10 largest counties, fourth quarter 2008.

	Establishments,	Emp	loyment	Average	weekly wage ¹
County by NAICS supersector	fourth quarter 2008 (thousands)	December 2008 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2007-08 ²	Fourth quarter 2008	Percent change, fourth quarter 2007-08 ²
Orange, CA	102.7	1,451.2	-4.8	\$1,043	1.4
Private industry	101.3	1,301.1	-5.3	1,043	1.2
Natural resources and mining	.2	4.2	-9.0	665	-2.8
Construction	6.9	83.3	-14.9	1,234	4.5
Manufacturing	5.3	166.4	-5.7	1,226	2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		272.3	-6.9	947	1.4
Information		29.0	-3.8	1,423	4.0
Financial activities		110.0	-7.5	1,582	-2.6
Professional and business services		258.3	-7.6	1,259	6.0
Education and health services		150.8	3.2	960	2.3
Leisure and hospitality		171.7	-2.2	406	1.5
Other services		49.0	3	569	-4.2
Government	1.4	150.1	8	1,044	3.2
Pallas, TX Private industry		1,484.4 1,314.7	-1.2 -1.6	1,123 1,141	1.1 1.1
Natural resources and mining		8.5	12.6	4,744	(4)
Construction		80.1	(⁴)	1,075	(⁴)
Manufacturing		129.8	-5.4	1,224	1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		308.2	-2.1	990	-4.2
Information		47.3	-4.2	1,524	3.6
Financial activities		142.9	(4)	1,429	-1.7
Professional and business services		275.6	(4)	1,375	2.4
Education and health services		153.9	3.8	1,059	3.1
Leisure and hospitality	5.4	128.5	(4)	493	(4)
Other services	6.6	39.0	-1.2	682	3.6
Government	.5	169.7	2.3	984	2.2
San Diego, CA		1,309.1	-3.0	981	2.0
Private industry		1,082.3	-3.5	960	1.6
Natural resources and mining		9.4	-11.4	577	2
Construction		70.4	-14.3	1,140	5.5
Manufacturing		100.4	-3.3	1,306	.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		218.3	-6.3	759	.7
Information		38.6	.6	1,970	2.3 -1.0
Financial activities		74.2 210.9	-5.7 -4.4	1,171 1,238	2.0
Education and health services		138.3	4.2	953	3.1
Leisure and hospitality		158.2	-2.3	425	3.9
Other services		58.4	2.0	491	1.7
Government		226.8	4	1,079	2.8
King, WA	77.6	1,175.3	-1.5	1,130	4.0
Private industry	77.0	1,018.2	-2.0	1,140	4.0
Natural resources and mining		2.9	7.0	1,573	11.8
Construction	6.6	63.8	-11.6	1,197	6.8
Manufacturing		108.8	-3.3	1,449	7.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		221.8	-2.9	955	1.0
Information		81.4	6.1	1,982	3.9
Financial activities		72.4	-5.0	1,418	2.6
Professional and business services	_	185.4	-3.3	1,378	4.6
Education and health services		129.3	4.6	894	3.8
Leisure and hospitality		108.6	-2.5	450	1.6
Other services		43.7 157.1	8 1.9	631 1,069	3.6 4.2
/liami-Dade. FL	86.8	1.003.9	-4.2	924	2.6
B	00.4	851.3	-4.2 -4.7	924	2.0
Natural resources and mining		9.6	-4.7	457	-11.1
Construction		42.0	-21.4	973	5.3
Manufacturing		41.2	-11.7	818	1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		253.4	-4.0	814	1.2
Information		19.0	-8.1	1,266	5.2
Financial activities		67.2	-7.6	1,387	.1
Professional and business services		132.2	-5.2	1,229	6.6
Education and health services		145.9	2.8	901	1.7
Leisure and hospitality		104.0	-1.9	514	.6
Other services		36.2	-3.3	579	6.0

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^2}$ Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications. See Notes on Current Labor Statistics.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the

⁴ Data do not meet BLS or State agency disclosure standards.

23. Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages: by State, fourth quarter 2008.

	Establishments,	Emp	oyment	Average	weekly wage ¹
State	fourth quarter 2008 (thousands)	December 2008 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2007-08	Fourth quarter 2008	Percent change fourth quarter 2007-08
Jnited States ²	9,177.5	133,870.4	-2.3	\$918	2.2
Alabama	121.6	1,909.8	-3.1	790	3.5
Alaska	21.4	303.9	1.6	927	5.7
Arizona	164.5	2,557.9	-5.1	848	2.7
Arkansas	86.5	1,168.2	-1.5	706	-1.0
California	1,370.0	15,288.5	-3.2	1,042	.7
Colorado	177.1	2,295.8	-1.5	932	.5
Connecticut	113.5	1,688.0	-1.7	1,164	1.2
Delaware	29.4	416.8	-3.0	943	1.9
District of Columbia	34.4	687.5	.3	1,570	5.1
Florida	623.0	7,586.6	-5.3	824	1.6
Georgia	276.7	3,970.3	-3.5	853	2.3
Hawaii	39.3	614.7	-3.5	821	3.5
daho	57.2	634.1	-3.9	693	1.0
Ilinois	371.5	5,795.8	-2.3	985	1.0
ndiana	161.4	2,831.3	-3.4	764	2.7
owa	94.6	1,483.7	-1.0	756	3.1
Kansas	87.2	1,370.2	2	769	3.1
Kentucky	108.4	1,783.2	-2.6	754	3.0
ouisiana	128.5	1,907.5	.1	829	5.9
Maine	51.1	595.3	-2.1	735	4.0
Maryland	164.3	2,531.8	-1.9	1,010	2.4
Massachusetts	215.1	3,239.6	-1.1	1,154	1.8
Michigan	258.2	3,993.3	-4.9	903	3.6
Minnesota	172.0	2,658.8	-1.9	907	2.6
Mississippi	71.0	1,117.2	-2.8	679	3.8
Missouri	175.7	2,700.9	-1.7	842	7.9
Montana	43.2	433.8	-1.5	678	2.9
Nebraska	60.4	923.1	3	730	1.0
Nevada	77.5	1,206.5	-6.5	862	-1.1
New Hampshire	49.9	626.2	-2.0	936	2.2
New Jersey	273.7	3,927.7	-2.4	1,123	2.8
New Mexico	54.9	821.2	-1.2	768	3.9
New York	585.9	8,677.4	-1.0	1,169	1.4
North Carolina	260.1	4,003.8	-3.0	793	1.9
North Dakota	25.8	354.4	1.9	725	5.1
Ohio	293.0	5,167.5	-3.2	816	2.6
Oklahoma	100.8	1,559.8	.0	755	4.9
Oregon	134.1	1,676.6	-3.7	808	1.3
Pennsylvania	344.0	5.645.8	-1.3	897	2.6
Rhode Island	35.9	464.3	-3.4	887	5.7
South Carolina	119.5	1,837.1	-3.5	731	2.1
South Dakota	30.8	395.2	.4	663	2.5
Tennessee	143.1	2,695.7	-3.3	824	1.4
exas	566.6	10,510.8	.4	933	2.4
Jtah	88.3	1,215.0	-2.1	770	1.4
/ermont	25.1	304.4	-1.7	774	4.3
/irginia	233.5	3,656.8	-1.3	953	3.3
Vashington	222.8	2,885.0	-1.8	918	3.7
Vest Virginia	48.9	713.8	1	735	7.1
Visconsin	161.1	2,753.2	-1.9	793	3.0
Nyoming	25.2	284.5	1.5	850	4.3
Puerto Rico	55.3	1,028.5	-2.9	528	2.3
/irgin Islands	3.6	45.5	-1.4	731	8

¹ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

 $^{^2\,}$ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

24. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, by ownership

Year	Average establishments	Average annual employment	Total annual wages (in thousands)	Average annual wage per employee	Average weekly wage
		Total co	overed (UI and UCFE)		
1998	7,634,018	124.183.549	\$3,967,072,423	\$31,945	\$614
1999	7,820,860	127,042,282	4,235,579,204	33,340	641
2000	7,879,116	129,877,063	4,587,708,584	35,323	679
2001	7,984,529	129,635,800	4,695,225,123	36,219	697
2002	8,101,872	128,233,919	4,714,374,741	36,764	707
2003	8,228,840	127,795,827	4,826,251,547	37,765	726
2004	8,364,795	129,278,176	5,087,561,796	39,354	757
2005	8,571,144	131,571,623	5,351,949,496	40,677	782
2006	8,784,027	133,833,834	5,692,569,465	42,535	818
2007	8,971,897	135,366,106	6,018,089,108	44,458	855
			UI covered		
1998	7,586,767	121,400,660	\$3,845,494,089	\$31,676	\$609
1999	7,771,198	124,255,714	4,112,169,533	33,094	636
2000	7,828,861	127,005,574	4,454,966,824	35,077	675
2001	7,933,536	126,883,182	4,560,511,280	35,943	691
2002	8,051,117	125,475,293	4,570,787,218	36,428	701
2003	8,177,087	125,031,551	4,676,319,378	37,401	719
2004	8,312,729	126,538,579	4,929,262,369	38,955	749
2005	8,518,249	128,837,948	5,188,301,929	40,270	774
2006	8,731,111	131,104,860	5,522,624,197	42,124	810
2007	8,908,198	132,639,806	5,841,231,314	44,038	847
		Privat	te industry covered		
1998	7,381,518	105,082,368	\$3,337,621,699	\$31,762	\$611
1999	7,560,567	107,619,457	3,577,738,557	33,244	639
2000	7,622,274	110,015,333	3,887,626,769	35,337	680
2001	7,724,965	109,304,802	3,952,152,155	36,157	695
2002	7,839,903	107,577,281	3,930,767,025	36,539	703
2003	7,963,340	107,065,553	4,015,823,311	37,508	721
2004	8,093,142	108,490,066	4,245,640,890	39,134	753
2005	8,294,662	110,611,016	4,480,311,193	40,505 42,414	779 816
2007	8,505,496 8,681,001	112,718,858 114,012,221	4,780,833,389 5,057,840,759	44,362	853
		State ç	overnment covered		
1998	67,347	4,240,779	\$142,512,445	\$33,605	\$646
1999	70,538	4,296,673	149,011,194	34,681	667
2000	65,096	4,370,160	158,618,365	36,296	698
2001	64,583	4,452,237	168,358,331	37,814	727
2002	64,447	4,485,071	175,866,492	39,212	754
2003	64,467	4,481,845	179,528,728	40,057	770
2004	64,544	4,484,997	184,414,992	41,118	791
2005	66,278	4,527,514	191,281,126	42,249	812
2006	66,921	4,565,908	200,329,294	43,875	844
2007	67,381	4,611,395	211,677,002	45,903	883
		Local	government covered		
1998	137,902	12,077,513	\$365,359,945	\$30,251	\$582
1999	140,093	12,339,584	385,419,781	31,234	601
2000	141,491	12,620,081	408,721,690	32,387	623
2001	143,989	13,126,143	440,000,795	33,521	645
2002	146,767	13,412,941	464,153,701	34,605	665
2003	149,281	13,484,153	480,967,339	35,669	686
2004	155,043	13,563,517	499,206,488	36,805	708
2005	157,309	13,699,418	516,709,610	37,718	725
2006	158,695	13,820,093	541,461,514	39,179	753
					784
2007	159,816	14,016,190	571,713,553	40,790	
2007	159,816		571,713,553 vernment covered (UCF		
		Federal gov	rernment covered (UCF	E)	\$840
1998	47,252	Federal gov 2,782,888	rernment covered (UCF	FE) \$43,688	\$840 852
1998 1999	47,252 49,661	Federal gov 2,782,888 2,786,567	\$121,578,334 123,409,672	\$43,688 44,287	852
1998	47,252 49,661 50,256	2,782,888 2,786,567 2,871,489	\$121,578,334 123,409,672 132,741,760	\$43,688 44,287 46,228	852 889
1998	47,252 49,661 50,256 50,993	2,782,888 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619	\$121,578,334 123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843	\$43,688 44,287 46,228 48,940	852 889 941
1998	47,252 49,661 50,256 50,993 50,755	2,782,888 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627	\$121,578,334 123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523	\$43,688 44,287 46,228 48,940 52,050	852 889 941 1,001
1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2002	47,252 49,661 50,256 50,993 50,755 51,753	2,782,888 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627 2,764,275	\$121,578,334 123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170	\$43,688 44,287 46,228 48,940 52,050 54,239	852 889 941 1,001 1,043
1998	47,252 49,661 50,256 50,993 50,755 51,753 52,066	2,782,888 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627 2,764,275 2,739,596	\$121,578,334 123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170 158,299,427	\$43,688 44,287 46,228 48,940 52,050 54,239 57,782	852 889 941 1,001 1,043 1,111
1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2002	47,252 49,661 50,256 50,993 50,755 51,753	2,782,888 2,786,567 2,871,489 2,752,619 2,758,627 2,764,275	\$121,578,334 123,409,672 132,741,760 134,713,843 143,587,523 149,932,170	\$43,688 44,287 46,228 48,940 52,050 54,239	852 889 941 1,001 1,043

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

25. Annual data: Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, establishment size and employment, private ownership, by supersector, first quarter 2007

					Size	of establishn	nents			
Industry, establishments, and employment	Total	Fewer than 5 workers ¹	5 to 9 workers	10 to 19 workers	20 to 49 workers	50 to 99 workers	100 to 249 workers	250 to 499 workers	500 to 999 workers	1,000 or more workers
Total all industries ² Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	8,572,894	5,189,837	1,407,987	933,910	648,489	220,564	124,980	30,568	11,049	5,510
	112,536,714	7,670,620	9,326,775	12,610,385	19,566,806	15,156,364	18,718,813	10,438,705	7,479,948	11,568,298
Natural resources and mining Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	124,002	69,260	23,451	15,289	10,137	3,250	1,842	519	190	64
	1,686,694	111,702	155,044	205,780	304,936	222,684	278,952	179,598	126,338	101,660
Construction Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	883,409	580,647	141,835	84,679	52,336	15,341	6,807	1,326	350	88
	7,321,288	835,748	929,707	1,137,104	1,564,722	1,046,790	1,004,689	443,761	232,556	126,211
Manufacturing Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	361,070	136,649	61,845	54,940	53,090	25,481	19,333	6,260	2,379	1,093
	13,850,738	238,848	415,276	755,931	1,657,463	1,785,569	2,971,836	2,140,531	1,613,357	2,271,927
Trade, transportation, and utilities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,905,750	1,017,012	381,434	248,880	160,549	53,721	34,536	7,315	1,792	511
	25,983,275	1,683,738	2,539,291	3,335,327	4,845,527	3,709,371	5,140,740	2,510,273	1,167,986	1,051,022
Information Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	143,094	81,414	20,986	16,338	13,384	5,609	3,503	1,134	489	237
	3,016,454	113,901	139,730	222,710	411,218	387,996	533,877	392,350	335,998	478,674
Financial activities Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	863,784	563,670	155,984	81,849	40,668	12,037	6,313	1,863	939	461
	8,146,274	890,816	1,029,911	1,080,148	1,210,332	822,627	945,396	645,988	648,691	872,365
Professional and business services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,456,681	989,991	196,645	125,014	83,127	32,388	20,412	5,902	2,263	939
	17,612,073	1,375,429	1,292,744	1,685,085	2,520,739	2,243,595	3,102,005	2,012,609	1,535,591	1,844,276
Education and health services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	812,914	388,773	179,011	116,031	75,040	27,393	18,815	4,153	1,906	1,792
	17,331,231	700,195	1,189,566	1,559,689	2,258,922	1,908,595	2,828,678	1,409,073	1,319,128	4,157,385
Leisure and hospitality Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	716,126	275,121	120,795	132,408	134,766	39,766	10,681	1,639	646	304
	12,949,319	439,080	815,688	1,858,394	4,054,666	2,648,733	1,510,212	551,528	438,008	633,010
Other services Establishments, first quarter Employment, March	1,119,209	908,792	118,963	57,419	25,169	5,562	2,731	457	95	21
	4,402,263	1,109,065	776,354	756,783	732,313	379,320	401,371	152,994	62,295	31,768

¹ Includes establishments that reported no workers in March 2007.

NOTE: Data are final. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

 $^{^{2}\,}$ Includes data for unclassified establishments, not shown separately.

26. Average annual wages for 2006 and 2007 for all covered workers $\mbox{^{\sc i}}$ by metropolitan area

Metropolitan areas² Abilene, TX Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian, PR Akron, OH Albany, GA Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Allonona, PA Amarillo, TX Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Atlanta-City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Austin-Round Rock, TX Bakersfield, CA Baltimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Baton Rouge, LA Battle Creek, MI Bay City, MI Bingham, WA Bend, OR Billings, MT Bingham-Hoover, AL Bismarck, ND Bloomington-Normal, IL Biose City-Nampa, ID Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Boulder, CO	2006 \$44,165 29,842 19,277 382,335 41,027 36,934 31,329 39,787 30,394 33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 42,955 32,184 30,373 43,5724 35,308 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 36,924 37,746 36,934 37,746 37,74	\$46,139 31,567 20,295 39,499 33,378 42,191 38,191 32,757 41,784 31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	Percen change 2006-0: 4.5 4.5 5.8 5.3 3.7 3.2 2.8 4.6 5.0 4.8 5.3 4.7 3.6 5.2 4.8 3.3 4.7 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 6.2 4.4 5.6 6.2 6.2 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6
Abilene, TX Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian, PR Akron, OH Akron, OH Albany, GA Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Altoona, PA Amarillo, TX Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anchorage, AK Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Athens-Clarke County, GA Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Atlantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Austin-Round Rock, TX Bakersfield, CA Batlimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Battle Creek, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bellingham, WA Bend, OR Billings, MT Billings, MT Billings, MT Billinghamton, NY Billinghamton, NY Billinghamton, NY Billinghamton, NP Billing	29,842 19,277 38,088 32,335 41,027 36,934 31,329 39,787 30,394 33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,268 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 30,468 30,468 31,485 45,737 31,746 31	31,567 20,295 39,499 33,378 42,191 38,191 32,757 41,784 31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 48,159 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	5.8 5.3 3.7 2.8 3.4 4.6 5.0 6.0 4.8 5.2 1.7 3.6 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3
Aguadilla-Isabela-San Sebastian, PR Aktron, OH Albany, GA Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allouquerque, PA-NJ Altoona, PA Amarillo, TX Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Atthens-Clarke County, GA Attlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Attlanta-City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Austin-Round Rock, TX Baltimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Battle Creek, MI Bay City, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bellingham, WA Bend, OR Billingham, WA Bend, OR Billingham, MT Binghamton, NY Birmingham-Hoover, AL Bilsomeric-Rounds, ID Bloomington-Normal, IL Boose City-Nampa, ID Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Booulder, CO Boulder, CO Boulder, CO Booselor, MA-NH Booulder, CO Booselor, MA-NH Booulder, CO Booselor, MA-NH Booston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Boolder, CO Booselor, MA-NH Booston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	19,277 38,088 32,335 41,027 36,934 31,329 30,394 33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 33,485 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 39,362 35,094 39,362 35,094 33,319 33,270 35,048	20,295 39,499 33,378 42,191 32,757 41,784 31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	5.3 3.7 2.8 4.6 5.2 6.0 4.8 5.2 1.7 3.5 2.3 4.8 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 5.2 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0
Akron, OH Albany, GA Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Altoona, PA Amarillo, TX Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Attens-Clarke County, GA Attanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Attanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Attantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Austin-Round Rock, TX Bakersfield, CA Baltimore-Towson, MD Baarnstable Town, MA Baston Rouge, LA Battle Creek, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bellinghamton, NY Birmingham-Hoover, AL Bismarck, ND Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA Bloomington-IN Bloomington-Normal, IL Boosen-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Booulder, CO Boulder, CO Bootlone, MA Bootlone, Normal, IL Boosen-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Bootlon-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Bootlone-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Bootlone-Ca	38,088 32,335 41,027 36,934 31,329 39,787 30,394 35,374 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468	39,499 33,378 42,191 38,191 32,757 41,784 31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.7 3.2 3.4 4.6 5.0 5.0 6.0 4.8 3.1 3.6 3.5 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 3.4 5.6 3.5 3.6 6.2 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7 4.7
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY Albuquerque, NM Alexandria, LA Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Altoona, PA Amarillo, TX Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anderson, SC Ann Arbor, MI Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Attanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Attantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Austin-Round Rock, TX Bakersfield, CA Bastlimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Battle Creek, MI Bay City, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bellingham, WA Bend, OR Billingham, WA Bend, OR Billingham, Hoover, AL Bismarck, ND Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA Bloomington-Normal, IL Bolose City-Nampa, ID Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Boloston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH B	32,335 41,027 36,934 31,329 39,787 30,394 33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 32,268 32,268 35,468 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 39,026 32,618 39,026 32,618 33,270 35,048 45,798	33,378 42,191 38,191 32,757 41,784 31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.2 2.8 4.60 5.2 6.0 4.8 5.1 2.1 5.7 3.5 2.3 4.7 5.7 3.5 2.3 4.8 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3
Alkexandria, LA Alklientown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Altoona, PA Amarillo, TX Ames, IA Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anchorage, AK Anderson, IN Anniston-Oxford, AL Appleton, WI Asheville, NC Attlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Attlanta-City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Autlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Attlantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Autlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA Attlantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Autlanta-Caromond Rock, TX Balatimore-Towson, MD Bangor, ME Barnstable Town, MA Battle Creek, MI Bay City, MI Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX Bellingham, WA Bend, OR Billings, MT Binghamton, NY Birmingham-Hoover, AL Bismarck, ND Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA Bloomington-Normal, IL Bolose City-Nampa, ID Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Boulder, CO Boulder,	36,934 31,329 39,787 30,394 33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048	38,191 32,757 41,784 31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,628 35,680 40,628 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.4 4.6 5.2 6.0 4.8 2.1 2.3 4.7 5.7 5.7 3.5 2.3 4.8 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 5.6 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Alloona, PA Alloona Alloona, PA Alloona Alloona, PA Alloona Allo	31,329 39,787 30,394 33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,724 35,308 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048	32,757 41,784 31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	4.6 5.2 6.0 4.8 5.3 2.3 4.7 5.7 3.5 2.3 4.8 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 3.4 3.6 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 3.6 3.6 6.2 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3
Atlantic City, NJ Auburn-Opelika, AL Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC Austin-Round Rock, TX Alakersfield, CA Barnstable Town, MD Barnstable Town, MA	30,394 33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 32,268 32,268 35,308 32,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 39,362 35,308 32,618 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 45,798	31,988 35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	5.2 6.0 4.8 5.3 2.1 2.3 4.7 5.7 3.5 2.3 3.6 3.6 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.3 3.6 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6
Imarillo, TX Imes, IA Imes, IA Imes, IA Imes, IA Imes, IA Imeson, IN Imeroria	33,574 35,331 42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,026 32,618 39,026 32,618 39,026 32,618 39,026 32,618 39,026 31,477 31,746	35,574 37,041 45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	6.0 4.8 5.3 2.1 2.3 4.7 3.6 3.5 2.3 4.8 3.3 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.0 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.2 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3 6.3
Anchorage, AK underson, AK underson, IN underson, IN underson, SC unn Arbor, MI underson, SC underson, MC underson, SC underson, MC	42,955 32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 32,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 30,468 30,468 30,468 31,737 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048	45,237 32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	5.3 2.13 4.7 5.7 5.7 3.6 3.5 2.3 4.8 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 6.3
inderson, IN inderson, SC inn Arbor, MI inniston-Oxford, AL intersection of the inniston inni	32,184 30,373 47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 35,308 32,268 35,485 45,737 36,020 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048	32,850 31,086 49,427 34,593 36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	2.1 2.3 4.7 5.7 3.6 3.5 2.3 3.6 3.6 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 6.3
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nniston-Oxford, AL ppleton, WI usheville, NC uthens-Clarke County, GA utlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA utlantic City, NJ uuburn-Opelika, AL uugusta-Riichmond County, GA-SC uustin-Round Rock, TX sakersfield, CA saltimore-Towson, MD sangor, ME samstable Town, MA sattle Creek, MI say City, MI seaumont-Port Arthur, TX sellingham, WA send, OR sillingham, WA send, OR sillingham-Hoover, AL sismarck, ND slacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA sloomington-Normal, IL sloose City-Nampa, ID soston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH soulder, CO soulde	47,186 32,724 35,308 32,268 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 39,026 32,618 33,270 35,048 40,798	49,427 34,593 36,575 33,405 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	5.7 3.6 2.3 4.8 3.6 3.6 3.6 4.4 3.4 3.4 3.5 6.2 4.4 3.4 3.5 3.2 1.7 4.2 3.0 6.3
poleton, WI shews County, GA shewille, NC sheville, NC sheville, NC shewille, NC shewill, NC shewille, NC shewill, NC shewille, NC shewill, NC shewil	35,308 32,268 32,268 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 30,468 35,638 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 45,798	36,575 33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 43,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.6 3.5 2.3 4.8 3.3 3.6 1.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.5 5.0 3.0 6.3
uthens-Clarke County, GA uthanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA uthantic City, NJ uburn-Opelika, AL ugusta-Richmond County, GA-SC ustin-Round Rock, TX sakersfield, CA saltimore-Towson, MD sarngor, ME sarnstable Town, MA sattle Creek, MI say City, MI seaumont-Port Arthur, TX sellingham, WA send, OR silimigs, MT singhamton, NY sirmingham-Hoover, AL sissmarck, ND slacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA sloomington, IN sloomington-Normal, IL sloise City-Nampa, ID soston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH soulder, CO suggested su	32,268 33,485 45,889 38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 36,220 45,177 31,746 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 45,798	33,406 34,256 48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.5 2.3 4.8 3.6 3.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 6.3
thens-Clarke County, GA tilanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA tilantic City, NJ uburn-Opelika, AL ugusta-Richmond County, GA-SC ustin-Round Rock, TX akersfield, CA altimore-Towson, MD angor, ME arnstable Town, MA atton Rouge, LA attle Creek, MI ay City, MI eaumont-Port Arthur, TX ellingham, WA end, OR illings, MT inghamton, NY irmingham-Hoover, AL ismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA loomington-Normal, IL oise City-Nampa, ID oston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH oulder, CO ould	45,889 38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	48,111 39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	2.3 4.8 3.3 3.6 1.6 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
tlantic City, NJ uburn-Opelika, AL ugusta-Richmond County, GA-SC ustin-Round Rock, TX akersfield, CA altimore-Towson, MD angor, ME arnstable Town, MA atton Rouge, LA attle Creek, MI ay City, MI eaumont-Port Arthur, TX ellingham, WA end, OR illingham, WA end, OR illingham, WA lingham-Hoover, AL ismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA loloomington-Normal, IL oise City-Nampa, ID oston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH oulder, CO	38,018 30,468 35,638 45,737 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	39,276 31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.3 3.6 3.6 1.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
uburn-Opelika, AL ugusta-Richmond County, GA-SC ustin-Round Rock, TX akersfield, CA altimore-Towson, MD angor, ME arnstable Town, MA aton Rouge, LA attle Creek, MI ay City, MI eaumont-Port Arthur, TX ellingham, WA end, OR illings, MT inghamton, NY irmingham-Hoover, AL ismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA loomington-Normal, IL oise City-Nampa, ID oston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH oulder, CO oulder	30,468 35,638 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	31,554 36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.6 3.6 1.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 6.3
ugusta-Richmond County, GA-SC ustin-Round Rock, TX lakersfield, CA latimore-Towson, MD lamgor, ME larnstable Town, MA latitle Creek, MI lay City, MI leaumont-Port Arthur, TX leilingham, WA lend, OR limingham-Hoover, AL lismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA leloomington, IN loose City-Nampa, ID looston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH loodelington, IN looston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH loodelington, IN looston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH loodelington, IN looston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH looleding CO leithon and loose looked loo	35,638 45,737 36,020 45,177 31,746 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 39,026 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	36,915 46,458 38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.6 1.6 6.2 4.4 3.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 6.3
lakersfield, CA latitimore-Towson, MD langor, ME langor, ME larmstable Town, MA latton Rouge, LA lattle Creek, MI lay City, MI leaumont-Port Arthur, TX leillingham, WA lend, OR lillingham, MT linghamton, NY lirmingham-Hoover, AL lismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA loomington, IN loise City-Nampa, ID loise City-Nampa, ID loiseton-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH loulder, CO look latton MD lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA loomington-Normal, IL loise City-Nampa, ID	36,020 45,177 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	38,254 47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	6.2 4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
latimore-Towson, MD langor, ME larnstable Town, MA laton Rouge, LA latile Creek, MI late Larnstable Town, MA latile Creek, MI late Larnstable L	45,177 31,746 36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 33,270 40,798	47,177 32,829 37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	4.4 3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
larnstable Town, MA lataton Rouge, LA lattle Creek, MI lay City, MI leaumont-Port Arthur, TX leilingham, WA lend, OR limingham-Hoover, AL lismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA leloomington, IN loise City-Nampa, ID loise City-Nampa, ID loiset ON look Color Co	36,437 37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	37,691 39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.4 5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
Jaton Rouge, LA Jaton Rouge, LA Jatel Creek, MI Jay City, MI Jeaumont-Port Arthur, TX Jealingham, WA Jeend, OR Jellingham, WA Jeend, OR Jellingham, WA Jeend, OR Jellingham, WI Jellingham, WI Jellingham, MT Jellinghamton, NY Jellinghamton, NY Jellinghamton, NY Jellinghamton, NY Jellinghamton, NY Jellinghamton, NO Jell	37,245 39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	39,339 40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	5.6 3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
lattle Creek, MI lay City, MI leaumont-Port Arthur, TX leillingham, WA lend, OR lillings, MT linghamton, NY lirmingham-Hoover, AL lismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA leloomington, IN loiose City-Nampa, ID loise City-Nampa, ID loiseton-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH loulder, CO	39,362 35,094 39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	40,628 35,680 40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	3.2 1.7 4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
ieaumont-Port Arthur, TX iellingham, WA iend, OR iillings, MT iiinghamton, NY iirmingham-Hoover, AL iismarck, ND illacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA iloomington, IN illoose City-Nampa, ID ioston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	39,026 32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	40,682 34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	4.2 5.0 3.0 6.3
iellingham, WA iend, OR isinghamton, NY iinghamton, NY iimghamton, NY iimghamton, NY iismarck, ND ilacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA illoomington, IN isloomington-Normal, IL ioise City-Nampa, ID ioston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH ioulder, CO	32,618 33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	34,239 34,318 35,372 36,322	5.0 3.0 6.3
lend, OR illilings, MT inghamton, NY irmingham-Hoover, AL ismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA loomington, IN loise City-Nampa, ID ioston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH oulder, CO	33,319 33,270 35,048 40,798	34,318 35,372 36,322	3.0 6.3
inghamton, NY irimingham-Hoover, AL irimingham-Hoover, AL irimingham-Hoover, AL irimingham-Hoover, AL irimingham, IN irimingham, IN irimingham, IL irimingham, ID irimingham, ID irimingham, ID irimingham, ID irimingham, I	35,048 40,798	36,322	
irmingham-Hoover, AL ismarck, ND lacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA loomington, IN loomington-Normal, IL oise City-Nampa, ID oston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH oulder. CO	40,798		
ilsmarck, ND Islacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA Isloomington, IN Isloomington-Normal, IL Isloise City-Nampa, ID Islooton-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Isloulder, CO		42,570	4.3
Bloomington, IN Bloomington-Normal, IL Boise City-Nampa, ID Boiston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Boiston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	01001	34,118	4.8
loise City-Nampa, ID Soston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH Soulder, CO	34,024 30,913	35,248 32,028	3.6 3.6
ioise City-Nampa, ID ioston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH ioulder. CO	41,359	42,082	1.7
Soulder, CO	36,734	37,553	2.2
1: ', 6 10/	56,809 50,944	59,817 52,745	5.3 3.5
Bowling Green, KY	32,529	33,308	2.4
Rramarton-Silvardala WA	37,694 74,890	39,506 79,973	4.8 6.8
rridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT rrownsville-Harlingen, TX	25,795	27,126	5.2
runswick, GAuffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	32,717 36,950	32,705 38,218	0.0 3.4
	32,835		0.9
Burlington, NCBurlington, VT	32,835 40,548	33,132 41,907	3.4
Canton-Massillon, OH	33,132	34,091	2.9
cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL	37,065 40,115	37,658 42,030	1.6 4.8
Casper, WY	38,307	41,105	7.3
Champaign-Urbana, IL	38,976 34,422	41,059 35,788	5.3 4.0
Charleston, WV	36,887	38,687	4.9
harleston-North Charleston, SC	35,267	36,954	4.8
harlotte-Gastonia-Concord, NC-SC	45,732	46,975	2.7
harlottesville, VAharlottesville, VAhattanooga, TN-GA	39,051 35,358	40,819 36,522	4.5 3.3
hevenne. WY	35,306	36,191	2.5
hicago-Naperville-Joliet, IL-IN-WIhico, CA	48,631 31,557	50,823 33,207	4.5 5.2
incinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	41,447	42,969	3.7
larksville, TN-KY	30,949	32,216 34,666	4.1 4.8
leveland, TNleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	33,075 41,325	42,783	4.8 3.5
coeur d'Alene, ID	29,797	31,035	4.2
college Station-Bryan, TX	30,239 38,325	32,630 39,745	7.9 3.7
iolumbia, MO	32,207	33,266	3.7
	35,209	36,293	3.1
columbus, GA-AL	32,334 40,107	34,511 41,078	6.7 2.4
olumbus, OH	41,168	42,655	3.6
Corpus Christi, TX	35,399 40,586	37,186	5.0

See footnotes at end of table.

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2006 and 2007 for all covered workers by metropolitan area

	Average annual wages ³						
Metropolitan area₂	2006	2007	Percent change 2006-07				
Cumberland, MD-WV Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX Dalton, GA Danville, IL Danville, IL Danville, VA Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL Dayton, OH Decatur, AL Decatur, IL Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL	39,375	\$31,373 49,627 34,433 34,086 30,212 39,385 40,223 35,931 41,039 32,196	5.1 4.4 3.5 2.9 4.6 4.9 2.1 3.0 4.2 3.2				
Denver-Aurora, CO Des Moines, IA Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI Dothan, AL Dover, DE Dubuque, IA Dubuque, IA Duluth, MN-WI Durham, NC Eau Claire, WI EI Centro, CA	48,232 41,358 47,455 31,473 34,571 33,044	50,180 42,895 49,019 32,367 35,978 34,240 35,202 52,420 32,792 32,419	4.0 3.7 3.3 2.8 4.1 3.6 4.5 6.3 3.4 7.9				
Elizabethtown, KY Elkhart-Goshen, IN Elmira, NY El Paso, TX Erie, PA Eugene-Springfield, OR Evansville, IN-KY Fairbanks, AK Fajardo, PR Fargo, ND-MN	33,213 33,257 36,858 41,296 21,002	32,701 36,566 34,879 31,354 34,788 34,329 37,182 42,345 22,075 35,264	2.0 1.9 2.7 4.9 4.7 3.2 0.9 2.5 5.1 5.1				
Farmington, NM Fayetteville, NC Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO Flagstaff, AZ Flint, MI Florence, SC Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL Fond du Lac, WI Fort Collins-Loveland, CO Fort Smith, AR-OK	31,281 35,734 32,231 39,409 33,610 29,518 33,376 37,940	38,572 33,216 37,325 34,473 39,310 34,305 30,699 34,664 39,335 31,236	6.5 6.2 4.5 7.0 -0.3 2.1 4.0 3.9 3.7 1.0				
Fort Walton Beach-Crestview-Destin, FL Fort Wayne, IN Fresno, CA Gadsden, AL Gainesville, FL Gainesville, GA Glens Falls, NY Goldsboro, NC Grand Forks, ND-MN Grand Junction, CO	35,641 33,504 29,499 34,573 34,765 32,780 29,331 29,234	35,613 36,542 35,111 30,979 36,243 36,994 33,564 30,177 30,745 36,221	3.5 2.5 4.8 5.0 4.8 6.4 2.4 2.9 5.2 7.4				
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI Great Falls, MT Greeley, CO Green Bay, WI Greensboro-High Point, NC Greenville, NC Greenville, SC Guayama, PR Gulfport-Biloxi, MS Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV	29,542 35,144 36,677 35,898 32,432	38,953 31,009 37,066 37,788 37,213 33,703 36,536 26,094 34,971 35,468	2.4 5.0 5.5 3.0 3.7 3.9 3.0 6.3 0.8 2.4				
Hanford-Corcoran, CA Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA Harrisonburg, VA Harford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT Hattiesburg, MS Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA Holland-Grand Haven, MI Honolulu, HI Hot Springs, AR	39,807 31,522 51,282 30,059 31,323 31,416 36,895 39,009	32,504 41,424 32,718 54,188 30,729 32,364 33,210 37,470 40,748 28,448	4.4 4.1 3.8 5.7 2.2 3.3 5.7 1.6 4.5 2.8				
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA Houston-Baytown-Sugar Land, TX Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH Huntsville, AL Idaho Falls, ID Indianapolis, IN Iowa City, IA Ithaca, NY Jackson, MI Jackson, MS	50,177 32,648 44,659 31,632 41,307 35,913 38,337 36,836	41,604 53,494 33,973 45,763 29,878 42,227 37,457 39,387 38,267 35,771	8.3 6.6 4.1 2.5 -5.5 2.2 4.3 2.7 3.9 3.4				

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2006 and 2007 for all covered workers by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages3
Metropolitan area₂	2006	2007	Percent change 2006-07
Jackson, TN	\$34,477	\$35,059	1.7
	40,192	41,437	3.1
	25,854	27,005	4.5
	36,732	36,790	0.2
	31,771	32,903	3.6
	31,058	31,985	3.0
Johnstown, PA Jonesboro, AR Joplin, MO Kalamazoo-Portage, MI	29,972	31,384	4.7
	28,972	30,378	4.9
	30,111	31,068	3.2
	37,099	38,402	3.5
Kankakee-Bradley, IL Kansas City, MO-KS Kennewick-Richland-Pasco, WA Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA Kingston, NY Knoxville, TN Kokomo, IN La Crosse, WI-MN Lafayette, IN	32,389	33,340	2.9
	41,320	42,921	3.9
	38,750	40,439	4.4
	31,511	32,915	4.5
	35,100	36,399	3.7
	33,697	35,018	3.9
	37,216	38,386	3.1
	45,808	47,269	3.2
	31,819	32,949	3.6
	35,380	36,419	2.9
Lafayette, LA Lake Charles, LA Lakeland, FL Lancaster, PA Lansing-East Lansing, MI Laredo, TX Las Cruces, NM Las Vegas-Paradise, NV Lawrence, KS Lawton, OK	38,170 35,883 33,530 36,171 39,890 28,051 29,969 40,139 29,896 29,830	40,684 37,447 34,394 37,043 40,866 29,009 31,422 42,336 30,830 30,617	6.6 4.4 2.6 2.4 3.4 4.8 5.5 3.1 2.6
Lebanon, PA Lewiston, ID-WA Lewiston-Auburn, ME Lexington-Fayette, KY Lima, OH Lincoln, NE Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR Logan, UT-ID Longview, TX Longview, WA	31,790	32,876	3.4
	30,776	31,961	3.9
	32,231	33,118	2.8
	37,926	39,290	3.6
	33,790	35,177	4.1
	33,703	34,750	3.1
	36,169	39,305	8.7
	26,766	27,810	3.9
	35,055	36,956	5.4
	35,140	37,101	5.6
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA Louisville, KY-IN Lubbock, TX Lynchburg, VA Macon, GA Madera, CA Madison, WI Manchester-Nashua, NH Mansfield, OH Mayaguez, PR	48,680	50,480	3.7
	38,673	40,125	3.8
	31,977	32,761	2.5
	33,242	34,412	3.5
	34,126	34,243	0.3
	31,213	33,266	6.6
	40,007	41,201	3.0
	46,659	49,235	5.5
	33,171	33,109	-0.2
	20,619	21,326	3.4
McAllen-Edinburg-Pharr, TX Medford, OR Memphis, TN-MS-AR Meroed, CA Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Miami Beach, FL Michigan City-La Porte, IN Midland, TX Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI Missoula, MT	26,712	27,651	3.5
	31,697	32,877	3.7
	40,580	42,339	4.3
	31,147	32,351	3.9
	42,175	43,428	3.0
	31,383	32,570	3.8
	42,625	45,574	6.9
	42,049	43,261	2.9
	46,931	49,542	5.6
	30,652	32,233	5.2
Mobile, AL Modesto, CA Monroe, LA Monroe, MI Montgomery, AL Morgantown, WV Morristown, TN Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA Muncie, IN Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI	36,126	36,890	2.1
	35,468	36,739	3.6
	30,618	31,992	4.5
	40,938	41,636	1.7
	35,383	36,223	2.4
	32,608	35,241	8.1
	31,914	32,806	2.8
	32,851	34,620	5.4
	30,691	31,326	2.1
	33,949	34,982	3.0
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, SC Napa, CA Naples-Marco Island, FL Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro, TN New Haven-Milford, CT New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA Niles-Benton Harbor, MI Norwich-New London, CT Ocala, FL	27,905	28,576	2.4
	41,788	44,171	5.7
	39,320	41,300	5.0
	41,003	42,728	4.2
	44,892	47,039	4.8
	42,434	43,255	1.9
	61,388	65,685	7.0
	36,967	38,140	3.2
	43,184	45,463	5.3
	31,330	31,623	0.9

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2006 and 2007 for all covered workers $\mbox{^{\sc i}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	rages3
Metropolitan area ²	2006	2007	Percent change 2006-07
Ocean City, NJ	\$31,801	\$32,452	2.0
Odessa, TX	37,144	41,758	12.4
Ogden-Clearfield, UT	32,890 35,846	34,067 37,192	3.6
OKIahoma City, OK	37,787	39,678	5.0
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA	38,139	39,273	3.0
Orlando, FL	37,776 39,538	38,633 41,014	2.3 3.7
Owensboro, KY	32,491	33,593	3.4
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	45,467	47,669	4.8
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL	39,778	40,975	3.0
Panama City-Lynn Haven, FLParkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH	33,341 32,213	33,950 33,547	1.8 4.1
Pascagoula, MS	36,287	39,131	7.8
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL	33,530	34,165	1.9
Peoria, ILPhiladelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	42,283 48,647	43,470 50,611	2.8 4.0
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ	42,220	43,697	3.5
Pine Bluff, AR	32,115	33,094	3.0
Pittsburgh, PA	40,759	42,910	5.3
Pittsfield, MA	36,707	38,075	3.7
Pocatello, ID	28,418 20,266	29,268 21,019	3.0 3.7
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME	36,979	38,497	4.1
Portland-Vancouver-Beaverton, OR-WA	42,607	44,335	4.1
Port St. Lucie-Fort Pierce, FL	34,408 39,528	36,375 40,793	5.7 3.2
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY Prescott, AZ	30,625	32,048	4.6
Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA	39,428 32,308	40,674 34,141	3.2 5.7
Pueblo, CO Punta Gorda, FL	30,941 32,370	32,552 32,833	5.2 1.4
Racine, WI	39,002	40,746	4.5
Raleigh-Cary, NC	41,205	42,801	3.9
Reading, PA	29,920 38,048	31,119 39,945	4.0 5.0
Redding, CA	33,307	34,953	4.9
Reno-Sparks, NV	39,537 42,495	41,365 44,530	4.6 4.8
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	36,668	37,846	3.2
Roanoke, VA	33,912	35,419	4.4
Rochester, MN	42,941	44,786	4.3
Rochester, NY	39,481 37,424	40,752 38,304	3.2
Rocky Mount, NC Rome, GA	31,556	32,527	3.1
Roome, GA	34,850 44,552	33,041	-5.2 4.1
SacramentoArden-ArcadeRoseville, CASaginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI	37,747	46,385 37,507	-0.6
St. Cloud. MN	33,018	33,996	3.0
St. George, UT	28,034	29,052	3.6
St. Joseph, MO-KSSt. Louis, MO-IL	31,253 41.354	31,828 42,873	1.8 3.7
Salem, OR	32,764	33,986	3.7
Salinas, CA	37,974	39,419	3.8
Salisbury, MDSalt Lake City, UT	33,223 38,630	34,833 40,935	4.8 6.0
San Angelo, TX	30,168	30,920	2.5
San Antonio, TX	36,763	38,274	4.1
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CASandusky, OH	45,784 33,526	47,657 33,471	4.1 -0.2
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	61,343	64,559	5.2
San German-Cabo Rojo, PR	19,498	19,777	1.4
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	76,608	82,038	7.1 4.5
San Juan-Caguas-Guaynabo, PRSan Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA	24,812 35,146	25,939 36,740	4.5
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA	40,326	41,967	4.1
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CASanta Fe, NM	40,776 35,320	41,540 37,395	1.9 5.9
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA	41,533	42,824	3.1
	35,751	36,424	1.9
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL		36,695	2.8 4.2
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL	35,684		4.4
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL	35,684 32,813 49,455	34,205 51,924	5.0
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL Savannah, GA Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA Sheboygan, WI	32,813 49,455 35,908	51,924 37,049	3.2
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL Savannah, GA Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA Sheboygan, WI Shemoan-Denison TX	32,813 49,455 35,908 34,166	51,924 37,049 35,672	3.2 4.4
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL Savannah, GA Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA Sheboygan, WI Shemoan-Denison TX	32,813 49,455 35,908 34,166 33,678	51,924 37,049 35,672 34,892	3.2
Sarasota-Bradenton-Venice, FL Savannah, GA Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA Sheboygan, WI	32,813 49,455 35,908 34,166	51,924 37,049 35,672	3.2 4.4 3.6

26. Continued — Average annual wages for 2006 and 2007 for all covered workers $\mbox{}^{\mbox{\tiny !}}$ by metropolitan area

	Avera	age annual w	ages ³
Metropolitan area ²	2006	2007	Percent change, 2006-07
Spokane, WA Springfield, IL Springfield, MA Springfield, MO Springfield, OH State College, PA Stockton, CA Sumter, SC Syracuse, NY Tallahassee, FL	\$34,016	\$35,539	4.5
	40,679	42,420	4.3
	37,962	39,487	4.0
	30,786	31,868	3.5
	31,844	32,017	0.5
	35,392	36,797	4.0
	36,426	37,906	4.1
	29,294	30,267	3.3
	38,081	39,620	4.0
	35,018	36,543	4.4
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL Terre Haute, IN Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR Toledo, OH Topeka, KS Trenton-Ewing, NJ Tucson, AZ Tulsa, OK Tuscaloosa, AL Tyler, TX	38,016	39,215	3.2
	31,341	32,349	3.2
	32,545	34,079	4.7
	37,039	38,538	4.0
	34,806	36,109	3.7
	54,274	56,645	4.4
	37,119	38,524	3.8
	37,637	38,942	3.5
	35,613	36,737	3.2
	36,173	37,184	2.8
Utica-Rome, NY Valdosta, GA Vallejo-Fairfield, CA Vero Beach, FL Victoria, TX Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC Visalia-Porterville, CA Waco, TX Warner Robins, GA	32,457	33,916	4.5
	26,794	27,842	3.9
	40,225	42,932	6.7
	33,823	35,901	6.1
	36,642	38,317	4.6
	37,749	39,408	4.4
	36,071	37,734	4.6
	29,772	30,968	4.0
	33,450	34,679	3.7
	38,087	39,220	3.0
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA Wausau, WI Weirton-Steubenville, WV-OH Wenatchee, WA Wheeling, WV-OH Wichita, KS Wichita Falls, TX Williamsport, PA Wilmington, NC	58,057	60,711	4.6
	34,329	35,899	4.6
	34,438	35,710	3.7
	31,416	32,893	4.7
	28,340	29,475	4.0
	30,620	31,169	1.8
	38,763	39,662	2.3
	30,785	32,320	5.0
	31,431	32,506	3.4
	32,948	34,239	3.9
Winchester, VA-WV Winston-Salem, NC Worcester, MA Yakima, WA Yauco, PR York-Hanover, PA Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA Yuba City, CA Yuma, AZ	34,895	36,016	3.2
	37,712	38,921	3.2
	42,726	44,652	4.5
	28,401	29,743	4.7
	19,001	19,380	2.0
	37,226	38,469	3.3
	33,852	34,698	2.5
	33,642	35,058	4.2
	28,369	30,147	6.3

¹ Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

 $^{^2}$ Includes data for Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA) as defined by OMB Bulletin No. 04-03 as of February 18, 2004.

³ Each year's total is based on the MSA definition for the specific year. Annual changes include differences resulting from changes in MSA definitions.

⁴ Totals do not include the six MSAs within Puerto Rico.

27. Annual data: Employment status of the population

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status	1998 ¹	1999 ¹	2000 ¹	2001 ¹	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Civilian noninstitutional population	205,220	207,753	212,577	215,092	217,570	221,168	223,357	226,082	228,815	231,867	233,788
Civilian labor force	137,673	139,368	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287
Labor force participation rate	67.1	67.1	67.1	66.8	66.6	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.0	66.0
Employed	131,463	133,488	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736	139,252	141,730	144,427	146,047	145,362
Employment-population ratio	64.1	64.3	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2
Unemployed	6,210	5,880	5,692	6,801	8,378	8,774	8,149	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924
Unemployment rate	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8
Not in the labor force	67,547	68,385	69,994	71,359	72,707	74,658	75,956	76,762	77,387	78,743	79,501

¹ Not strictly comparable with prior years.

28. Annual data: Employment levels by industry

[In thousands]

Industry	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Total private employment	106,021	108,686	110,995	110,708	108,828	108,416	109,814	111,899	114,113	115,420	114,792
Total nonfarm employment	125,930	128,993	131,785	131,826	130,341	129,999	131,435	133,703	136,086	137,623	137,248
Goods-producing	24,354	24,465	24,649	23,873	22,557	21,816	21,882	22,190	22,531	22,221	21,404
Natural resources and mining	645	598	599	606	583	572	591	628	684	723	774
Construction	6,149	6,545	6,787	6,826	6,716	6,735	6,976	7,336	7,691	7,614	7,175
Manufacturing	17,560	17,322	17,263	16,441	15,259	14,510	14,315	14,226	14,155	13,884	13,455
Private service-providing	81,667	84,221	86,346	86,834	86,271	86,600	87,932	89,709	91,582	93,199	93,387
Trade, transportation, and utilities	25,186	25,771	26,225	25,983	25,497	25,287	25,533	25,959	26,276	26,608	26,332
Wholesale trade	5,795	5,893	5,933	5,773	5,652	5,608	5,663	5,764	5,905	6,028	6,012
Retail trade	14,609	14,970	15,280	15,239	15,025	14,917	15,058	15,280	15,353	15,491	15,265
Transportation and warehousing	4,168	4,300	4,410	4,372	4,224	4,185	4,249	4,361	4,470	4,536	4,495
Utilities	613	609	601	599	596	577	564	554	549	553	560
Information	3,218	3,419	3,630	3,629	3,395	3,188	3,118	3,061	3,038	3,029	2,987
Financial activities	7,462	7,648	7,687	7,808	7,847	7,977	8,031	8,153	8,328	8,308	8,192
Professional and business services	15,147	15,957	16,666	16,476	15,976	15,987	16,394	16,954	17,566	17,962	17,863
Education and health services	14,446	14,798	15,109	15,645	16,199	16,588	16,953	17,372	17,826	18,327	18,878
Leisure and hospitality	11,232	11,543	11,862	12,036	11,986	12,173	12,493	12,816	13,110	13,474	13,615
Other services	4,976	5,087	5,168	5,258	5,372	5,401	5,409	5,395	5,438	5,491	5,520
Government	19,909	20,307	20,790	21,118	21,513	21,583	21,621	21,804	21,974	22,203	22,457

29. Annual data: Average hours and earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers on nonfarm

payrolls, by industry											
Industry	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Private sector:	04.5	04.0	04.0	04.0	20.0	00.7			20.0	20.0	20.0
Average beyrly carpings (in dellars)	34.5 13.01	34.3 13.49	34.3 14.02	34.0 14.54	33.9 14.97	33.7 15.37	33.7 15.69	33.8 16.13	33.9 16.76	33.8 17.42	33.6 18.05
Average hourly earnings (in dollars) Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	448.56	463.15	481.01	493.79	506.75	518.06	529.09	544.33	567.87	589.72	606.84
Goods-producing:	440.00	400.10	401.01	400.70	000.70	010.00	020.00	011.00	007.07	000.72	000.01
Average weekly hours	40.8	40.8	40.7	39.9	39.9	39.8	40.0	40.1	40.5	40.6	40.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.23	14.71	15.27	15.78	16.33	16.80	17.19	17.60	18.02	18.67	19.31
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	580.99	599.99	621.86	630.01	651.61	669.13	688.13	705.31	730.16	757.06	775.28
Natural resources and mining											
Average weekly hours	44.9	44.2	44.4	44.6	43.2	43.6	44.5	45.6	45.6	45.9	45.0
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	16.20	16.33	16.55	17.00	17.19	17.56	18.07	18.72	19.90	20.96	22.42
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	727.28	721.74	734.92	757.92	741.97	765.94	803.82	853.71	907.95	961.78	1008.27
Construction:											
Average weekly hours	38.8	39.0	39.2	38.7	38.4	38.4	38.3	38.6	39.0	39.0	38.5
Average weekly carrings (in dollars)	16.23 629.75	16.80 655.11	17.48 685.78	18.00 695.89	18.52 711.82	18.95 726.83	19.23 735.55	19.46 750.22	20.02 781.21	20.95 816.06	21.86 841.46
Average weekly earnings (in dollars) Manufacturing:	029.73	000.11	000.70	095.69	/11.02	720.03	733.33	730.22	701.21	610.00	041.40
Average weekly hours	41.4	41.4	41.3	40.3	40.5	40.4	40.8	40.7	41.1	41.2	40.8
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.45	13.85	14.32	14.76	15.29	15.74	16.14	16.56	16.81	17.26	17.72
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	557.09	573.25	590.77	595.19	618.75	635.99	658.49	673.33	691.02	711.36	723.51
Private service-providing:											
Average weekly hours	32.8	32.7	32.7	32.5	32.5	32.3	32.3	32.4	32.5	32.4	32.3
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	12.61	13.09	13.62	14.18	14.59	14.99	15.29	15.74	16.42	17.10	17.73
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	413.50	427.98	445.74	461.08	473.80	484.68	494.22	509.58	532.78	554.78	572.96
Trade, transportation, and utilities:											
Average weekly hours	34.2	33.9	33.8	33.5	33.6	33.6	33.5	33.4	33.4	33.3	33.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	12.39	12.82	13.31	13.70	14.02	14.34	14.58	14.92	15.39	15.79	16.19
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	423.30	434.31	449.88	459.53	471.27	481.14	488.42	498.43	514.34	526.38	537.00
Wholesale trade:	20.0	20.0	20.0	00.4	20.0	07.0	07.0	07.7	20.0	20.0	00.0
Average hourly corpings (in dellars)	38.6 15.07	38.6 15.62	38.8 16.28	38.4 16.77	38.0 16.98	37.9 17.36	37.8 17.65	37.7 18.16	38.0 18.91	38.2 19.59	38.2 20.13
Average hourly earnings (in dollars) Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	582.21	602.77	631.40	643.45	644.38	657.29	667.09	685.00	718.63	748.90	769.74
Retail trade:	302.21	002.77	031.40	043.43	044.50	057.25	007.03	003.00	7 10.00	740.50	703.74
Average weekly hours	30.9	30.8	30.7	30.7	30.9	30.9	30.7	30.6	30.5	30.2	30.0
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	10.05	10.45	10.86	11.29	11.67	11.90	12.08	12.36	12.57	12.76	12.90
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	582.21	602.77	631.40	643.45	644.38	657.29	667.09	685.00	718.63	748.90	769.74
Transportation and warehousing:											
Average weekly hours	38.7	37.6	37.4	36.7	36.8	36.8	37.2	37.0	36.9	36.9	36.4
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.12	14.55	15.05	15.33	15.76	16.25	16.52	16.70	17.28	17.73	18.39
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	546.86	547.97	562.31	562.70	579.75	598.41	614.82	618.58	636.97	654.83	669.44
Utilities:	40.0	40.0	40.0	44.4	40.0	44.4	40.0			40.4	40.0
Average weekly hours Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	42.0 21.48	42.0 22.03	42.0 22.75	41.4 23.58	40.9 23.96	41.1 24.77	40.9 25.61	41.1 26.68	41.4 27.40	42.4 27.87	42.6 28.84
Average nouny earnings (in dollars)	902.94	924.59	955.66	977.18	979.09	1017.27	1048.44	1095.90	1135.34	1182.17	1230.08
Information:	002.04	024.00	000.00	077.10	070.00	1017.27	1040.44	1000.00	1100.04	1102.17	1200.00
Average weekly hours	36.6	36.7	36.8	36.9	36.5	36.2	36.3	36.5	36.6	36.5	36.7
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	17.67	18.40	19.07	19.80	20.20	21.01	21.40	22.06	23.23	23.94	24.74
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	646.34	675.47	700.86	730.88	737.77	760.45	777.25	805.08	850.42	873.63	907.02
Financial activities:											
Average weekly hours	36.0	35.8	35.9	35.8	35.6	35.5	35.5	35.9	35.7	35.9	35.9
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	13.93	14.47	14.98	15.59	16.17	17.14	17.52	17.95	18.80	19.64	20.28
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	500.98	517.57	537.37	557.92	575.54	609.08	622.87	644.99	672.21	705.29	727.38
Professional and business services:											
Average weekly hours	34.3	34.4	34.5	34.2	34.2	34.1	34.2	34.2	34.6	34.8	34.8
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	14.27	14.85	15.52	16.33	16.81	17.21	17.48	18.08	19.13	20.13	21.15
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	490.00	510.99	535.07	557.84	574.66	587.02	597.56	618.87	662.27	700.15	736.55
Education and health services: Average weekly hours	32.2	32.1	32.2	32.3	32.4	32.3	32.4	32.6	32.5	32.6	32.5
Average weekly flours	13.00	13.44	13.95	14.64	15.21	15.64	16.15	16.71	17.38	18.11	18.78
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	418.82	431.35	449.29	473.39	492.74	505.69	523.78	544.59	564.94	590.18	611.03
Leisure and hospitality:				0.00			-=0 0		2201	2200	
Average weekly hours	26.2	26.1	26.1	25.8	25.8	25.6	25.7	25.7	25.7	25.5	25.2
Average hourly earnings (in dollars)	7.67	7.96	8.32	8.57	8.81	9.00	9.15	9.38	9.75	10.41	10.83
Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	200.82	208.05	217.20	220.73	227.17	230.42	234.86	241.36	250.34	265.45	272.97
Other services:											
	32.6	32.5	32.5	32.3	32.0	31.4	31.0	30.9	30.9	30.9	30.8
Average weekly hours					1						
Average weekly hours Average hourly earnings (in dollars) Average weekly earnings (in dollars)	11.79 384.25	12.26 398.77	12.73 413.41	13.27 428.64	13.72 439.76	13.84 434.41	13.98 433.04	14.34 443.37	14.77 456.50	15.42 476.80	15.86 488.22

NOTE: Data reflect the conversion to the 2002 version of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), replacing the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. NAICS-based data by industry are not comparable with SIC-based data.

30. Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		2007			20	80		20	09	Percent change	
Series	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	3 months ended	12 months ended
										June	e 2009
Civilian workers ²	105.0	106.1	106.7	107.6	108.3	109.2	109.5	109.9	110.3	0.4	1.8
Workers by occupational group											
	105 5	106.7	107.2	108.3	109.0	1101	110.4	110.0	111 1		1.0
Management, professional, and related	105.5	106.7				110.1	110.4	110.9	111.1	.2	1.9
Management, business, and financial	105.2	106.2	106.6	108.2	108.9	109.7	109.8	110.0	110.1	.1	1.1
Professional and related	105.7	107.0	107.6	108.4	109.0	110.4	110.7	111.3	111.6	.3	2.4
Sales and office	104.8	105.5	106.4	106.8	107.7	108.2	108.3	108.4	108.7	.3	.9
Sales and related	103.6	104.1	105.2	105.0	106.1	106.0	105.5	104.3	104.5	.2	-1.5
Office and administrative support	105.5	106.4	107.1	108.0	108.6	109.5	110.0	110.8	111.3	.5	2.5
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	105.1	106.1	106.8	107.7	108.4	109.3	109.8	110.1	110.7	.5	2.1
Construction and extraction	105.7	106.5	107.4	108.5	109.6	110.3	110.8	111.0	111.6	.5	1.8
Installation, maintenance, and repair	104.4	105.6	106.2	106.7	107.0	108.0	108.6	109.1	109.5	.4	2.3
Production, transportation, and material moving	103.5	104.2	104.7	105.6	107.0	106.9	107.2	108.0	103.5	.5	2.2
Production	102.8	103.3	104.1	104.8	105.3	105.9	106.2	107.2	107.7	.5	2.3
Transportation and material moving	104.4	105.3	105.6	106.6	107.3	108.1	108.4	108.9	109.5	.6	2.1
Service occupations.	105.5	106.9	107.7	108.4	109.1	110.2	110.6	111.5	111.9	.4	2.6
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	103.9	104.4	105.0	106.1	106.8	107.3	107.5	108.0	108.2	.2	1.3
Manufacturing	102.9	103.2	103.8	104.7	105.1	105.6	105.9	106.5	106.7	.2	1.5
Service-providing	105.2	106.4	107.0	107.8	108.5	109.5	109.8	110.3	110.6	.3	1.9
Education and health services	105.5	107.2	107.9	108.6	109.2	110.8	111.1	111.7	112.2	.4	2.7
Health care and social assistance	106.1	107.2	107.9	108.9	109.6	110.4	110.8	111.7	112.2	.4	2.4
	105.7	107.1	107.5	108.4	109.0	110.4	110.8	111.7	112.2	.5	2.8
Hospitals									_		
Nursing and residential care facilities	105.0	105.6	106.3	107.3	108.2	109.0	109.6	110.3	110.8	.5	2.4
Education services	104.9	107.3	107.9	108.3	108.9	111.1	111.3	111.8	112.1	.3	2.9
Elementary and secondary schools	105.0	107.4	107.9	108.2	108.8	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.1	.2	3.0
Public administration ³	106.6	108.0	109.1	109.7	110.1	111.6	112.0	113.0	113.8	.7	3.4
Private industry workers	104.9	105.7	106.3	107.3	108.0	108.7	108.9	109.3	109.6	.3	1.5
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	105.5	106.4	106.8	108.1	108.9	109.6	109.9	110.4	110.5	.1	1.5
Management, business, and financial	105.1	106.0	106.3	108.0	108.7	109.3	109.5	109.6	109.7	.1	.9
Professional and related	105.9	106.7	107.3	108.3	109.0	109.9	110.3	111.0	111.1	.1	1.9
Sales and office	104.7	105.3	106.1	106.6	107.5	107.9	107.9	107.9	108.3	.4	.7
Sales and related	103.6	104.2	105.2	105.0	106.2	106.0	105.5	104.3	104.5	.2	-1.6
Office and administrative support	105.4	106.0	106.7	107.8	108.5	109.2	109.6	110.5	110.9	.4	2.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	105.0	105.9	106.7	107.6	108.3	109.0	109.6	109.9	110.3	.4	1.8
Construction and extraction	105.7	106.5	107.4	108.6	109.7	110.3	110.8	110.9	111.5	.5	1.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair	104.1	105.2	105.8	106.3	106.6	107.4	108.1	108.6	108.9	.3	2.2
Production, transportation, and material moving	103.3	103.9	104.5	105.5	106.0	106.6	106.9	107.7	108.1	.4	2.0
Production	102.8	103.2	104.0	104.8	105.2	105.8	106.1	107.1	107.6	.5	2.3
Transportation and material moving	104.1	104.9	105.3	106.4	107.2	107.7	107.9	108.4	108.9	.5	1.6
Service occupations.	105.2	106.4	107.0	107.8	108.7	109.4	109.8	110.7	110.9	.2	2.0
Workers by industry and occupational group										1	
Goods-producing industries	103.9	104.4	105.0	106.1	106.8	107.2	107.5	107.9	108.2	.3	1.3
Management, professional, and related	103.8	104.3	104.4	106.1	106.6	106.7	106.6	106.8	106.7	1	.1
Sales and office	103.7	104.1	104.8	105.1	106.3	106.7	107.1	107.3	107.4	.1	1.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	105.3	106.1	107.0	108.1	109.0	109.8	110.4	110.4	110.9	.5	1.7
Production, transportation, and material moving	102.9	103.3	104.0	104.8	105.3	105.8	106.2	107.0	107.5	.5	2.1
Construction	105.9	106.9	107.6	108.9	110.1	110.6	110.9	110.9	111.2	.3	1.0
Manufacturing	103.9	100.9	107.8	100.9	105.1	105.6	105.9	106.5	106.7	.2	1.5
Management, professional, and related	102.9	103.2	103.5	104.7	105.1	105.4	105.4	105.7	105.7	.0	.5
•	103.3	103.5	103.3	104.9							
Sales and office.	103.2			105.0	106.1 104.5	106.7	107.0	107.3	107.1 107.1	2	.9
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	102.4	102.8 103.1	103.9 103.8	104.5	104.5	105.3 105.5	106.0 105.8	106.6 106.7	107.1	.5 .5	2.5 2.1
Service-providing industries	105.2	106.1	106.7	107.7	108.5	109.1	109.4	109.8	110.1	.3	1.5
Management, professional, and related	105.9	106.8	107.3	108.5	109.3	110.2	110.6	111.1	111.2	.1	1.7
Sales and office	104.8	105.4	106.3	106.8	107.7	108.0	108.0	108.0	108.4	.4	.ε
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	104.5	105.7	106.2	106.7	107.3	107.8	108.4	109.0	109.5	.5	2.1
Production, transportation, and material moving	104.0	104.7	105.2	106.4	107.0	107.6	107.8	108.5	109.0	.5	1.9
									111.0		2.1
Service occupations	105.3	106.4	107.1	107.9	108.7	109.5	109.8	110.7	111.0	.3	2.1

30. Continued—Employment Cost Index, compensation, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		2007			20	08		20	09	Percent	change
Series	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	3 months ended	12 months ended
										June	2009
Wholesale trade	104.6	104.2	105.3	105.7	107.2	107.1	106.8	107.1	106.9	-0.2	-0.3
Retail trade	103.9	105.1	106.1	106.6	107.6	108.2	108.1	108.3	108.8	.5	1.1
Transportation and warehousing	104.0	104.5	104.5	105.6	106.4	106.8	106.9	107.4	107.9	.5	1.4
Utilities	104.7	105.0	105.6	106.5	108.1	108.1	108.9	109.6	110.9	1.2	2.6
Information	105.6	105.8	106.1	106.1	106.2	107.2	107.4	107.7	107.5	2	1.2
Financial activities	104.6	105.4	105.6	106.8	107.3	107.4	107.1	106.8	107.9	1.0	.6
Finance and insurance	104.9	105.7	106.1	107.0	107.7	107.6	107.2	106.9	108.1	1.1	.4
Real estate and rental and leasing	103.0	104.1	103.7	105.5	105.7	106.4	106.6	106.6	106.9	.3	1.1
Professional and business services	105.9	106.9	107.5	109.0	109.9	110.8	111.6	111.9	111.9	.0	1.8
Education and health services	105.7	106.9	107.7	108.6	109.4	110.3	110.6	111.5	111.9	.4	2.3
Education services	104.9	106.7	107.5	108.1	109.1	111.4	111.3	111.9	112.0	.1	2.7
Health care and social assistance	105.9	106.9	107.8	108.8	109.4	110.1	110.5	111.5	111.9	.4	2.3
Hospitals	105.6	106.5	107.3	108.2	109.1	110.1	110.7	111.5	112.0	.4	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	106.0	107.5	108.1	109.0	109.3	110.6	111.4	112.2	112.0	2	2.5
Accommodation and food services	106.4	108.1	108.6	109.5	110.0	111.4	112.1	113.0	112.6	4	2.4
Other services, except public administration	106.1	107.1	107.6	108.7	109.4	109.9	109.9	110.8	110.8	.0	1.3
State and local government workers	105.7	107.6	108.4	108.9	109.4	111.3	111.6	112.3	112.9	.5	3.2
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	105.4	107.5	108.3	108.8	109.3	111.3	111.6	112.0	112.6	.5	3.0
Professional and related	105.3	107.5	108.2	108.6	109.1	111.1	111.4	111.9	112.4	.4	3.0
Sales and office	106.2	107.9	108.6	108.8	109.3	111.0	111.3	112.4	113.0	.5	3.4
Office and administrative support	106.4	108.2	108.9	109.3	109.8	111.4	111.8	112.8	113.3	.4	3.2
Service occupations	106.3	108.0	109.1	109.7	110.0	111.9	112.4	113.4	114.0	.5	3.6
Workers by industry											
Education and health services	105.3	107.5	108.2	108.6	109.1	111.2	111.5	111.9	112.4	.4	3.0
Education services.	105.0	107.4	108.0	108.4	108.8	111.0	111.2	111.8	112.1	.3	3.0
Schools	104.9	107.4	108.0	108.4	108.8	111.0	111.2	111.8	112.1	.3	3.0
Elementary and secondary schools		107.4	108.0	108.3	108.8	111.1	111.4	112.0	112.2	.2	3.1
Health care and social assistance	107.6	108.6	109.3	110.1	111.1	112.7	113.2	113.3	114.8	1.3	3.3
Hospitals	106.3	107.5	108.2	109.2	109.7	110.8	111.3	112.4	113.5	1.0	3.5
Public administration ³	106.6	108.0	109.1	109.7	110.1	111.6	112.0	113.0	113.8	.7	3.4

¹ Cost (cents per hour worked) measured in the Employment Cost Index consists of wages, salaries, and employer cost of employee benefits.

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

² Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.

³ Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.

31. Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group [December 2005 = 100]

Series	1	2007 20		2008				Percent chang				
Series	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	3 months ended	12 mor ende	
										June	2009	
Civilian workers ¹	105.0	106.0	106.7	107.6	108.4	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.4	0.4		1.8
Workers by occupational group												
Management, professional, and related	105.4	106.6	107.1	108.2	109.0	110.1	110.5	111.0	111.2	.2		2.0
Management, business, and financial	105.4	106.4	106.7	108.2	109.0	109.8	110.1	110.4	110.5	.1		1.4
Professional and related		106.7	107.4	108.3	109.0	110.3	110.7	111.2	111.5	.3		2.3
Sales and office		105.4	106.2	106.7	107.7	108.1	108.1	108.1	108.6	.5		.8
Sales and related		104.3 106.1	105.5 106.8	105.2 107.8	106.6 108.5	106.3 109.3	105.6 109.8	104.3 110.6	104.7 111.2	.4 .5		-1.8 2.5
Office and administrative support												
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		106.3	107.1	108.1	109.0	109.9	110.6	110.7	111.2	.5		2.0
Construction and extraction		106.6 105.8	107.7 106.4	109.0 107.0	109.9 107.8	110.7 108.8	111.3 109.6	111.4 110.0	111.8 110.5	.4 .5		1.7 2.5
Production, transportation, and material moving		103.8	105.4	107.0	107.8	100.0	108.0	108.5	109.0	.5		2.0
Production		104.3	104.7	105.7	106.5	107.2	107.5	108.2	108.7	.5		2.1
Transportation and material moving		105.1	105.5	106.6	107.3	108.2	108.5	108.8	109.5	.6		2.1
Service occupations		106.5	107.3	108.0	108.7	109.9	110.3	111.2	111.6	.4		2.7
Workers by industry												
Goods-producing.		105.4	106.0	107.1	108.0	108.6	109.0	109.2	109.5	.3		1.4
Manufacturing		104.5	104.9	105.9	106.7	107.4	107.7	108.1	108.4	.3		1.6
Service-providing		106.2	106.8	107.7	108.5	109.4	109.7	110.2	110.5	.3		1.8
Education and health services		106.6	107.4	108.0	108.7	110.2	110.5	111.0	111.4	.4		2.5
Health care and social assistance		107.1	107.9	108.9	109.6	110.4	110.9	111.7	112.2	.4		2.4
Hospitals		106.7	107.4	108.4	109.4	110.5	111.3	112.0	112.6	.5		2.9
Nursing and residential care facilities		105.8 106.2	106.4 106.9	107.4 107.3	108.1 107.9	109.1 110.0	109.7 110.2	110.3 110.5	110.9 110.7	.5 .2		2.6 2.6
Education services Elementary and secondary schools		106.2	106.9	107.3	107.9	109.9	110.2	110.5	110.7	ے. 1.		2.8
Public administration ²		106.4	107.4	108.2	108.6	109.9	110.4	111.3	112.3	.9		3.4
Private industry workers	105.1	106.0	106.6	107.6	108.4	109.1	109.4	109.8	110.1	.3		1.6
,												
Workers by occupational group Management, professional, and related	105.8	106.7	107.2	108.5	109.3	110.1	110.5	111.1	111.1	.0		1.6
Management, business, and financial		106.7	107.2	108.2	109.0	109.7	110.5	110.3	110.3	.0		1.2
Professional and related		107.0	107.6	108.7	109.5	110.4	110.9	111.6	111.8	.2		2.1
Sales and office		105.3	106.2	106.7	107.7	108.0	108.0	107.9	108.3	.4		.6
Sales and related		104.4	105.5	105.3	106.6	106.4	105.7	104.3	104.7	.4		-1.8
Office and administrative support		106.0	106.7	107.7	108.5	109.2	109.7	110.6	111.1	.5		2.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	105.1	106.2	107.1	108.1	109.0	109.8	110.5	110.6	111.0	.4		1.8
Construction and extraction	. 105.8	106.7	107.8	109.2	110.1	110.8	111.5	111.4	111.7	.3		1.5
Installation, maintenance, and repair	. 104.2	105.6	106.1	106.8	107.6	108.5	109.3	109.7	110.2	.5		2.4
Production, transportation, and material moving		104.5	105.0	106.0	106.8	107.5	107.8	108.3	108.8	.5		1.9
Production		104.2	104.6	105.6	106.4	107.2	107.4	108.1	108.5	.4		2.0
Transportation and material moving		105.0	105.4	106.5	107.4	108.0	108.3	108.5	109.2	.6		1.7
Service occupations	. 105.3	106.5	107.1	107.9	108.8	109.7	110.1	111.0	111.2	.2		2.2
Workers by industry and occupational group												
Goods-producing industries		105.4	106.0	107.1	108.0		109.0	109.2	109.5	.3		1.4
Management, professional, and related		105.9	106.0	107.7	108.4	108.7	108.8	109.3	109.3	.0		.8
Sales and office		104.7	105.5	105.8	107.2	107.6	107.9	108.1	108.3	.2		1.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		106.5	107.6	108.8	109.6	110.5	111.3	111.1	111.4	.3		1.6
Production, transportation, and material moving	103.7	104.4	104.8	105.7	106.6	107.3	107.6	108.0	108.5	.5		1.8
Construction	106.0	107.0	107.8	109.0	110.0	110.6	111.1	111.2	111.4	.2		1.3
Manufacturing		104.5	104.9	105.9	106.7	107.4	107.7	108.1	108.4	.3		1.6
Management, professional, and related		105.0	105.3	106.7	107.2	107.6	107.8	108.4	108.5	.1		1.2
Sales and office		103.9	104.7	105.5	106.9	107.6	108.1	108.2	108.2	.0		1.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving		105.0 104.2	105.9 104.5	106.8 105.4	107.1 106.3	108.1 107.1	109.0 107.3	108.8 107.7	109.2 108.2	.4 .5		2.0 1.8
Service-providing industries	. 105.3	106.1	106.8	107.7	108.6	109.3	109.6	110.0	110.3	.3		4.6
Management, professional, and related		106.1	106.8	107.7	108.6	1109.3	110.8	111.4	111.5	.3 .1		1.6 1.9
Sales and office		105.8	107.4	106.8	109.4	108.0	10.8	107.9	108.3	.1		.6
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		105.4	106.3	106.8	107.7	108.6	109.3	107.9	110.5	.5		2.3
Production, transportation, and material moving		103.7	105.3	106.9	108.0	100.6	109.3	109.9	10.3	.6		2.1
Service occupations		104.6	103.2	108.0	107.1	107.8	110.1	111.0	111.3	.3		2.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		104.6	105.5	105.9	107.2	107.5	107.4	107.8	108.2	.4		.9

31. Continued—Employment Cost Index, wages and salaries, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		2007			20	08		20	09	Percent change		
Series	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	3 months ended	12 months ended	
										June	2009	
Wholesale trade	104.8	104.0	105.2	105.2	107.2	106.8	106.4	106.8	106.5	-0.3	-0.7	
Retail trade	104.2	105.1	106.1	106.4	107.6	108.1	108.1	108.3	108.9	.6	1.2	
Transportation and warehousing	103.7	104.1	104.2	105.0	106.0	106.7	106.9	107.2	107.9	.7	1.8	
Utilities	105.5	106.1	106.8	108.0	109.3	109.3	109.6	111.0	112.0	.9	2.5	
Information	104.9	105.2	105.3	105.3	106.3	107.3	107.5	107.8	108.1	.3	1.7	
Financial activities	104.9	106.0	105.9	107.2	107.7	107.7	107.2	106.8	107.9	1.0	.2	
Finance and insurance	105.5	106.5	106.6	107.9	108.4	108.2	107.6	107.1	108.5	1.3	.1	
Real estate and rental and leasing	102.4	103.6	103.1	104.5	104.7	105.3	105.7	105.6	105.8	.2	1.1	
Professional and business services	105.9	106.7	107.5	109.1	110.0	111.0	111.9	112.3	112.2	1	2.0	
Education and health services	105.6	106.9	107.7	108.6	109.2	110.2	110.6	111.4	111.8	.4	2.4	
Education services	104.6	106.4	107.4	107.9	108.6	110.8	110.8	111.1	111.2	.1	2.4	
Health care and social assistance	105.8	107.0	107.8	108.7	109.4	110.1	110.6	111.5	111.9	.4	2.3	
Hospitals	105.4	106.5	107.2	108.2	109.2	110.3	111.1	111.8	112.3	.4	2.8	
Leisure and hospitality	106.4	108.1	108.8	109.7	109.9	111.4	112.3	113.1	112.8	3	2.6	
Accommodation and food services	106.5	108.4	109.0	110.0	110.4	111.9	112.8	113.7	113.2	4	2.5	
Other services, except public administration	106.1	107.3	107.9	109.2	109.9	110.4	110.4	111.4	111.4	.0	1.4	
State and local government workers	104.6	106.4	107.1	107.7	108.2	110.1	110.4	110.9	111.5	.5	3.0	
Workers by occupational group												
Management, professional, and related	104.3	106.3	107.0	107.6	108.2	110.1	110.4	110.7	111.2	.5	2.8	
Professional and related	104.2	106.3	107.0	107.5	108.1	110.1	110.3	110.6	111.1	.5	2.8	
Sales and office	104.8	106.3	107.0	107.4	107.9	109.3	109.7	110.5	111.2	.6	3.1	
Office and administrative support	105.0	106.5	107.3	107.8	108.3	109.7	110.1	111.0	111.6	.5	3.0	
Service occupations	105.2	106.5	107.7	108.3	108.6	110.4	110.9	112.0	112.7	.6	3.8	
Workers by industry												
Education and health services	104.2	106.3	107.1	107.5	108.1	110.2	110.5	110.7	111.1	.4	2.8	
Education services	103.9	106.1	106.8	107.2	107.7	109.9	110.1	110.4	110.7	.3	2.8	
Schools	103.9	106.1	106.8	107.2	107.7	109.9	110.1	110.4	110.7	.3	2.8	
Elementary and secondary schools	103.8	106.0	106.6	106.9	107.5	109.8	110.1	110.3	110.5	.2	2.8	
Health care and social assistance	107.2	108.2	109.2	110.1	111.0	112.8	113.4	113.1	114.8	1.5	3.4	
Hospitals	106.5	107.6	108.6	109.8	110.3	111.4	112.1	112.8	114.0	1.1	3.4	
Public administration ²	105.2	106.4	107.4	108.2	108.6	109.9	110.4	111.3	112.3	.9	3.4	

¹ Consists of private industry workers (excluding farm and household workers) and American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational State and local government (excluding Federal Government) workers.

Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for classification (scot) system. The NAIGS and SOC data shown prior to 2000 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAIGS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

Consists of legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities.
 Note: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North

32. Employment Cost Index, benefits, by occupation and industry group

[December 2005 = 100]

		2007			20	08		2009		Percent change	
Series	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	3 months ended	12 months ended
										June	2009
Civilian workers	105.1	106.1	106.8	107.6	108.1	108.9	109.1	109.7	110.0	0.3	1.8
Private industry workers	104.3	105.0	105.6	106.5	107.0	107.5	107.7	108.2	108.4	.2	1.3
Workers by occupational group											
Management, professional, and related	104.9	105.6	106.0	107.3	107.9	108.5	108.5	108.8	108.8	.0	.8
Sales and office	104.3	105.2	106.0	106.5	107.0	107.6	107.8	108.0	108.1	.1	1.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	104.8	105.3	105.9	106.5	107.0	107.5	107.7	108.2	108.8	.6	1.7
Production, transportation, and material moving	102.4	102.7	103.7	104.4	104.5	104.8	105.1	106.4	106.8	.4	2.2
Service occupations	105.1	106.0	106.7	107.6	108.5	108.7	108.8	109.7	110.0	.3	1.4
Workers by industry											
Goods-producing	102.2	102.4	103.2	104.0	104.4	104.6	104.7	105.4	105.7	.3	1.2
Manufacturing	101.0	100.7	101.7	102.3	102.2	102.3	102.5	103.5	103.6	.1	1.4
Service-providing	105.2	106.0	106.6	107.6	108.1	108.7	108.9	109.3	109.5	.2	1.3
State and local government workers	108.0	110.3	111.0	111.4	111.8	113.9	114.2	115.2	115.8	.5	3.6

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 $\,$ Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior

to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

33. Employment Cost Index, private industry workers by bargaining status and region

[December 2005 = 100]

		2007			20	08		20	09	Percent	change
Series	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	3 months ended	12 months ended
										June	2009
COMPENSATION											
Workers by bargaining status ¹											
Union	103.9	104.4	105.1	105.9	106.7	107.4	108.0	109.1	109.8	0.6	2.9
Goods-producing	102.8	103.1	104.0	104.6	105.6	106.2	106.9	108.0	108.9	.8	3.1
Manufacturing	100.0	100.0	101.0	101.4	101.7	102.1	102.8	104.4	104.8	.4	3.0
Service-providing	104.7	105.4	106.0	107.0	107.5	108.3	108.8	109.9	110.6	.6	2.9
Nonunion	105.1	105.9	106.5	107.5	108.3	108.9	109.1	109.4	109.6	.2	1.2
Goods-producing	104.2	104.8	105.4	106.5	107.1	107.6	107.7	107.9	108.0	.1	.8
Manufacturing		104.1	104.6	105.6	106.2	106.6	106.8	107.1	107.3	.2	1.0
Service-providing	105.3	106.2	106.8	107.7	108.6	109.2	109.4	109.8	110.0	.2	1.3
Workers by region ¹											
Northeast	105.1	106.2	106.8	107.4	108.1	108.7	109.5	109.8	110.2	.4	1.9
South	105.3	106.1	106.7	107.8	108.5	109.1	109.3	109.8	110.1	.3	1.5
Midwest	104.2	104.6	105.3	106.0	107.0	107.4	107.6	107.9	108.1	.2	1.0
West	104.9	105.7	106.5	107.8	108.4	109.3	109.4	109.9	110.1	.2	1.6
WAGES AND SALARIES											
Workers by bargaining status ¹											
Union	103.7	104.4	104.7	105.5	106.7	107.4	108.1	108.8	109.6	.7	2.7
Goods-producing	103.6	104.3	104.3	105.2	106.4	107.1	107.7	108.2	108.8	.6	2.3
Manufacturing	102.5	102.9	102.6	103.4	104.4	104.9	105.5	106.0	106.4	.4	1.9
Service-providing	103.8	104.6	104.9	105.8	106.9	107.7	108.3	109.2	110.1	.8	3.0
Nonunion	105.3	106.2	106.9	107.9	108.7	109.4	109.6	110.0	110.2	.2	1.4
Goods-producing	105.0	105.8	106.4	107.7	108.4	109.0	109.3	109.5	109.7	.2	1.2
Manufacturing	104.2	104.9	105.5	106.6	107.3	108.0	108.2	108.6	108.9	.3	1.5
Service-providing	105.4	106.3	107.0	107.9	108.8	109.4	109.7	110.1	110.3	.2	1.4
Workers by region ¹											
Northeast	105.0	106.1	106.6	107.5	108.2	108.7	109.6	109.9	110.3	.4	1.9
South		106.5	107.0	108.1	109.1	109.8	110.0	110.4	110.7	.3	1.5
Midwest	104.4	105.0	105.6	106.3	107.5	107.9	108.0	108.4	108.6	.2	1.0
West		106.2	107.0	108.3	108.9	109.9	110.1	110.5	110.8	.3	1.7

¹ The indexes are calculated differently from those for the occupation and industry groups. For a detailed description of the index calculation, see the Monthly Labor Review Technical Note, "Estimation procedures for the Employment Cost Index," May 1982.

NOTE: The Employment Cost Index data reflect the conversion to the 2002 North American Classification System (NAICS) and the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system. The NAICS and SOC data shown prior to 2006 are for informational purposes only. Series based on NAICS and SOC became the official BLS estimates starting in March 2006.

34. National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003–2007

Series		Ye	ar		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
All retirement					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	57	59	60	60	61
White-collar occupations ²	67	69	70	69	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	76
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	64
Blue-collar occupations ²	59	59	60	62	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	6
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	65
Service occupations	28	31	32	34	30
Full-time	67	68	69	69	70
Part-time	24	27	27	29	3
Union	86	84	88	84	84
Non-union	54	56	56	57	58
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	45	46	46	47	47
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	76	77	78	77	76
Goods-producing industries	70	70	71	73	70
Service-providing industries	53	55	56	56	58
Establishments with 1-99 workers	42	44	44	44	45
Establishments with 100 or more workers	75	77	78	78	78
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	49	50	50	51	51
White-collar occupations ²	59	61	61	60	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	69
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	54
Blue-collar occupations ²	50	50	51	52	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	5
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	54
Service occupations	21	22	22	24	25
Full-time	58	60	60	60	60
Part-time	18	20	19	21	20
Union	83	81	85	80	8-
Non-union	45	47	46	47	47
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	35	36	35	36	36
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	70	71	71	70	69
Goods-producing industries	63	63	64	64	61
Service-providing industries	45	47	47	47	48
Establishments with 1-99 workers	35	37	37	37	37
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	67	67	67	66
		-			-
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	85	85	84
Defined Benefit					
Percentage of workers with access					
All workers	20	21	22	21	21
White-collar occupations ²	23	24	25	23	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	29
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	19
Blue-collar occupations ²	24	26	26	25	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	26
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	26
Service occupations	8	6	7	8	8
Full-time	24	25	25	24	24
Part-time	8	9	10	9	10
Union	74	70	73	70	69
Non-union	15	16	16	15	15
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	12	11	12	11	1
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	34	35	35	34	3:
Goods-producing industries	31	32	33	32	29
Service-providing industries	17	18	19	18	19
Establishments with 1-99 workers	9	9	10	9	13
Establishments with 100 or more workers	34	35	37	35	34

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series		Yea	ar		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Percentage of workers participating All workers	20	21	21	20	:
White-collar occupations ²	22	24	24	22	
Management, professional, and related				-	:
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²	24	25	26	25	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	:
Production, transportation, and material moving		-		_	
Service occupations	7 24	6	7	7	
Full-time	8	24	25 9	23 8	
Union	72	69	72	68	
Non-union	15	15	15	14	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	11	11	11	10	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	33	35	34	33	
Goods-producing industries	31	31	32	31	
Service-providing industries	16	18	18	17	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	8	9	9	9	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	33	34	36	33	
Fake-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	97	96	
fined Contribution					
ercentage of workers with access					
All workers	51	53	53	54	
White-collar occupations ²	62	64	64	65	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²	49	49	50	53	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	
Service occupations	23	27	28	30	
Full-time	60	62	62	63	
Part-time	21	23	23	25	
Union	45	48	49	50	
Non-union	51	53	54	55	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	40	41	41	43	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	67	68	69	69	
Goods-producing industries	60	60	61	63	
Service-providing industries.	48	50	51	52	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	38	40	40	41	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	65	68	69	70	
Establishments with 100 of more workers	65	66	09	70	
Percentage of workers participating	40	40	40	40	
All workers	40	42	42	43	
White-collar occupations ²	51	53	53	53	
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²	38	38	38	40	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	
Service occupations	16	18	18	20	
Full-time	48	50	50	51	
Part-time	14	14	14	16	
Union	39	42	43	44	
Non-union	40	42	41	43	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	29	30	29	31	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	57	59	59	58	
Goods-producing industries	49	49	50	51	
Service-providing industries	37	40	39	40	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	31	32	32	33	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	51	53	53	54	
	- 1				
ake-up rate (all workers)3	-	-	78	79	

34. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Retirement benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series	Year											
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹							
Employee Contribution Requirement												
Employee contribution required	-	-	61	61	65							
Employee contribution not required	-	-	31	33	35							
Not determinable	-	-	8	6	0							
Percent of establishments												
Offering retirement plans	47	48	51	48	46							
Offering defined benefit plans	10	10	11	10	10							
Offering defined contribution plans	45	46	48	47	44							

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

³ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

35. National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series			Year		
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
ledical insurance Percentage of workers with access					
All workers		69	70	71	7
White-collar occupations ²		76	77	77	•
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	8
Sales and office Blue-collar occupations ²		76	-	-	7
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	1	76	77	77	7
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	7
Service occupations		42	44	45	4
Full-time		84	85	85	8
Part-time.		20	22	22	2
Union		89	92	89	3
Non-union		67	68	68	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour		57	58	57	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher		86	87	88	
Goods-producing industries.		83	85	86	
Service-providing industries.		65	66	66	
Establishments with 1-99 workers		58	59	59	
Establishments with 100 or more workers		82	84	84	
deventors of weekers participating					
Percentage of workers participating All workers	45	53	53	52	:
White-collar occupations ²	1	59	58	57	
Management, professional, and related		-	30	51	
Sales and office					
Blue-collar occupations ²		60	61	60	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	01	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving					
Service occupations.		24	27	27	
Full-time.		66	66	64	
Part-time.		11	12	13	
Union		81	83	80	
Non-union		50	49	49	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour		40	39	38	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher		71	72	71	
Goods-producing industries.		69	70	70	
Service-providing industries.		48	48	47	
Establishments with 1-99 workers.		43	43	43	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	1	64	65	63	
ake-up rate (all workers) ³		-	75	74	
ntal					
ercentage of workers with access					
All workers	40	46	46	46	
White-collar occupations ²	47	53	54	53	
Management, professional, and related		-	-	-	
Sales and office		-	-	-	
Blue-collar occupations ²	40	47	47	46	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance		-	-	-	
Production, transportation, and material moving		-	-	-	
Service occupations.	22	25	25	27	
Full-time	49	56	56	55	
Part-time	9	13	14	15	
Union	57	73	73	69	
Non-union	38	43	43	43	
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	30	34	34	34	
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	55	63	62	62	
Goods-producing industries		56	56	56	
Service-providing industries.	37	43	43	43	
Establishments with 1-99 workers	27	31	31	31	
Establishments with 100 or more workers	55	64	65	64	

35. Continued—National Compensation Survey: Health insurance benefits in private industry by access, participation, and selected series, 2003-2007

Series			Year		
Series	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 ¹
Percentage of workers participating					
All workers	32	37	36	36	36
White-collar occupations ²	37	43	42	41	-
Management, professional, and related	-	-	-	-	51
Sales and office	-	-	-	-	33
Blue-collar occupations ²	33	40	39	38	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	-	-	-	-	36
Production, transportation, and material moving	-	-	-	-	38
Service occupations	15	16	17	18	20
Full-time	40	46	45	44	44
Part-time	6	8	9	10	9
Union	51	68	67	63	62
Non-union	30	33	33	33	33
Average wage less than \$15 per hour	22	26	24	23	23
Average wage \$15 per hour or higher	47	53	52	52	51
Goods-producing industries	42	49	49	49	45
Service-providing industries	29	33	33	32	33
Establishments with 1-99 workers	21	24	24	24	24
Establishments with 100 or more workers	44	52	51	50	49
Take-up rate (all workers) ³	-	-	78	78	77
Vision care					
Percentage of workers with access	25	29	29	29	29
Percentage of workers participating	19	22	22	22	22
Outpatient Prescription drug coverage					
Percentage of workers with access	-	-	64	67	68
Percentage of workers participating	-	-	48	49	49
Percent of estalishments offering healthcare benefits	58	61	63	62	60
Percentage of medical premium paid by					
Employer and Employee					
Single coverage					
Employer share	82	82	82	82	81
Employee share	18	18	18	18	19
Family coverage					
Employer share	70	69	71	70	71
Employee share	30	31	29	30	29

¹ The 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) replaced the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) System. Estimates for goods-producing and service-providing (formerly service-producing) industries are considered comparable. Also introduced was the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) to replace the 1990 Census of Population system. Only service occupations are considered comparable.

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

² The white-collar and blue-collar occupation series were discontinued effective 2007.

³ The take-up rate is an estimate of the percentage of workers with access to a plan who participate in the plan.

36. National Compensation Survey: Percent of workers in private industry with access to selected benefits, 2003-2007

Benefit			Year		
benefit	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Life insurance	50	51	52	52	58
Short-term disabilty insurance	39	39	40	39	39
Long-term disability insurance	30	30	30	30	31
Long-term care insurance	11	11	11	12	12
Flexible work place	4	4	4	4	5
Section 125 cafeteria benefits					
Flexible benefits	-	-	17	17	17
Dependent care reimbursement account	-	-	29	30	31
Healthcare reimbursement account	-	-	31	32	33
Health Savings Account	-	-	5	6	8
Employee assistance program	-	-	40	40	42
Paid leave					
Holidays	79	77	77	76	77
Vacations	79	77	77	77	77
Sick leave	-	59	58	57	57
Personal leave	-	-	36	37	38
Family leave					
Paid family leave	-	-	7	8	8
Unpaid family leave	-	-	81	82	83
Employer assistance for child care	18	14	14	15	15
Nonproduction bonuses	49	47	47	46	47

Note: Where applicable, dashes indicate no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria.

37. Work stoppages involving 1,000 workers or more

Measure	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Measure	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. ^p
Number of stoppages:															
Beginning in period	21	15	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
In effect during period	23	16	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1
Workers involved:															
Beginning in period (in thousands)	189.2	72.2	7.0	28.2	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	1.5	1.9
In effect during period (in thousands).	220.9	136.8	7.0	28.2	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	4.0	1.9
Days idle:															
Number (in thousands)	1264.8	1954.1	100.6	469.8	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	43.5	5.7
Percent of estimated working time 1	0.01	0.01	0	0.02	0.02	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Agricultural and government employees are included in the total employed and total working time; private household, forestry, and fishery employees are excluded. An explanation of the measurement of idleness as a percentage of the total time

worked is found in "Total economy measures of strike idleness," $\mbox{\it Monthly Labor Review}$, October 1968, pp. 54-56.

NOTE: p = preliminary.

38. Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Series	Annual	average			2008						20	09			,
Geries	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX															
FOR ALL URBAN CONSUMERS	207 242	215.303	210.006	210 702	216 572	242 425	240 220	011 140	212 102	212 700	212 240	212 056	215 602	015 051	215 924
All items (1967 = 100)	621.106		656.284	218.783 655.376	648.758	636.332	629.751	211.143 632.491	635.637	637.182	638.771	640.616		645.096	
Food and beverages	1	214.225		217.672	I					218.794	ı	I		217.608	
Food		214.106		I	I		218.805						217.740		
Food at home	. 201.245	214.125	217.259	218.629	219.660	219.086	218.683	219.744	218.389	217.110	215.783	215.088	214.824	213.815	213.722
Cereals and bakery products	. 222.107			I	252.832		253.063	254.445	254.187	253.698	ı		253.008		
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs		204.653	207.488	209.937	210.706	209.602	208.890	208.616	207.963	206.348	205.699	203.789	204.031	201.743	202.911
Dairy and related products ¹	194.770		214.748	213.533	212.733	213.102	210.838	209.632	204.537	199.687	197.124	196.055	194.197	193.118	
Fruits and vegetables.	262.628	278.932	283.296	285.986	285.484	283.677	281.706	282.601	278.721	274.759	274.297	274.006	272.608	270.940	267.309
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage															
materials	. 153.432			1	163.727	163.015	162.750	164.882	164.213	l .		I		162.069	
Other foods at home	173.275	184.166	186.991	187.944	189.348	189.301	190.203	192.492	192.404	192.234	191.352	191.144	191.328	190.967	191.317
Sugar and sweets	. 176.772 . 172.921		187.813 203.059		190.515	l	193.312 206.710		196.676	l	197.301 200.464	196.403		195.126	195.430 200.578
Fats and oils Other foods	188.244	196.751 198.103	200.961	206.274 201.388	208.300 202.993	203.058	203.902	206.886 206.343	205.359 206.621	204.776 206.367	205.734	200.679 205.587	201.127 205.654	201.031 205.544	
	115.105		121.033	1	122.699	l .	123.791	124.012	122.580	l	l	I		121.990	
Other miscellaneous foods ^{1,2} Food away from home ¹	206.659		217.063	218.225	219.290	220.043	220.684	221.319	221.968	222.216	222.905	223.023	223.163	223.345	
Other food away from home ^{1,2}	144.068		151.133	I	153.544	153.978	154.062	153.402	154.726	154.414	155.099	155.099		156.570	
Other food away from home. Alcoholic beverages	207.026		215.094	216.055	216.972		217.975	219.113	219.682	219.999	219.671	220.005		220.850	
Housing		216.264		218.184	217.383	I	216.073			217.374	ı		218.071	218.085	
Shelter	240.611			I	247.844		247.085		248.878		249.855		250.243		
Rent of primary residence	. 234.679	243.271	244.181	244.926	245.855	246.681	247.278	247.974	248.305	248.639	248.899	249.069	249.092	248.994	249.029
Lodging away from home	142.813	143.664	149.146	143.597	141.140	133.555	129.157	133.559	135.809	137.715	137.700	135.680	138.318	139.424	137.454
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence ³	246.235	252.426	252.957	253.493	253.902	254.669	254.875	255.500	255.779	256.321	256.622	256.875	256.981	256.872	257.155
Tenants' and household insurance ^{1,2}	. 117.004	118.843	118.562	119.944	119.916	120.232	120.019	120.402	120.683	120.737	120.675	120.728	121.083	121.298	121.830
Fuels and utilities	200.632	220.018	235.650	228.450	221.199	216.285	215.184	215.232	213.520	210.501	207.175		212.677	212.961	212.661
Fuels	. 181.744	200.808	217.455	209.501	201.176	195.599	194.335	194.149	192.168	188.736	184.903	183.783	190.647	190.534	189.735
Fuel oil and other fuels	. 251.453			349.164	318.667	281.869	256.209	247.163	242.264	230.837	228.107	225.164	232.638	230.192	
Gas (piped) and electricity	. 186.262			210.950	203.503	199.435	199.487	199.791	197.886	194.752	190.686	189.619		196.767	195.475
Household furnishings and operations	. 126.875			I	128.789	I	128.535	128.761	129.170	129.669	129.654	129.644	129.623	129.267	
Apparel	. 118.998 . 112.368		116.376 110.180	121.168 112.720	122.243 115.067	121.262 114.239	117.078	114.764 110.797	118.825 115.202	l	l	121.751	118.799	115.620 109.744	
Men's and boys' apparel Women's and girls' apparel	. 110.296		104.211	111.774	111.833	110.588	110.767 105.456	100.638	105.777	117.748 111.079	117.195 111.871	117.146 109.460	112.849 106.455	109.744	
Infants' and toddlers' apparel	113.948			I	116.158	I	112.568	112.321	113.544		117.084	114.142		111.022	
Footwear Transportation	. 122.374 . 184.682		121.982 206.739	124.907 203.861	126.442 192.709		124.093 164.628	122.363 166.738	124.301 169.542	126.707 169.647	128.057 171.987	127.519 175.997	125.515 183.735	124.405 182.798	
Private transportation	180.778		201.779	1	187.976	I	159.411	161.788	164.871	165.023	167.516	171.757	179.649	178.330	
New and used motor vehicles ²	94.303	93.291	93.260	92.480	92.071	91.618	91.408	91.831	92.224	92.109	92.381	92.701	93.020	93.413	1
New vehicles	136.254	134.194	133.404	132.399	132.264	132.359	132.308	133.273	134.186	134.611	134.863	135.162	135.719	136.055	
Used cars and trucks ¹	135.747	133.951	135.405		I	126.869	125.883	124.863	122.837	121.061	121.213	I		125.061	128.028
Motor fuel	239.070	279.652	323.822		268.537	187.189	149.132	156.604	167.395	168.404	177.272	193.609		217.860	225.089
Gasoline (all types)	. 237.959	277.457	321.511	313.535	266.382	184.235	146.102	154.488	166.118	167.826	176.704	193.727	225.526	217.945	225.179
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	. 121.583		130.327	131.048	131.917	132.947	133.077	133.414	134.108	134.484	134.640	134.347	134.270	133.729	
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair	. 222.963		236.125	I	238.227	239.048	239.356	241.076	241.689	242.118		I		243.031	243.494
Public transportation	. 230.002		268.487	261.318	252.323	I	237.638	234.394	231.529	230.735	229.827	228.878		238.932	
Medical care	. 351.054 289.999	364.065		365.036	365.746	I	367.133	369.830	372.405 302.184	373.189	374.170 303.979	I		375.739	
Medical care commodities Medical care services	369.302	296.045 384.943	295.003 385.990	295.461 386.579	295.791 387.440	297.317 387.992	298.361 388.267	299.998 391.365	394.047	302.908 394.837	395.753	304.697 396.648	304.683 396.750	304.229 397.868	
Professional services.	300.792			I	312.914		313.886			317.460	ı	319.333			
Hospital and related services.								551.305							
Recreation ²								113.822							
Video and audio ^{1,2}		102.632											101.871		
Education and communication ²		123.631											126.519		
	171.388	181.277	183.184		186.669		186.916			187.298	187.416	187.853	188.179	189.184	193.161
Education ² Educational books and supplies		450.187			463.825	462.694	464.544	468.432	469.996	l .			476.974		490.102
Tuition, other school fees, and child care		522.098			537.606		538.309		538.878				541.119		555.402
Communication ^{1,2}	83.367			84.524	84.535	l	84.737	84.928		l .	84.985				
Information and information processing 1,2	80.720			1											
Telephone services ^{1,2} Information and information processing	98.247	100.451	101.301	101.311	101.407	101.538	101.688	101.880	101.895	101.991	102.072	102.267	102.182	102.643	102.674
other than telephone services ^{1,4}	10.597	10.061	10.012	9.901	9.874	9.867	9.906	9.919	9.926	9.872	9.881	9.775	9.731	9.604	9.499
Personal computers and peripheral															
equipment ^{1,2}		94.944		90.797					87.696				83.476		
Other goods and services								350.259					370.595		
Tobacco and smoking products	1	588.682		1	I	599.820				679.078				762.907	
Personal care ¹	-1			1				203.080							
Personal care products ¹		159.290						162.588					162.301		
Personal care services 1	1216.559	223.669	224.151	224.614	225.564	226.197	226.281	225.734	225.895	227.982	227.913	227.607	227.572	227.325	227.580

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group [1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

		average			2008							09			
Series	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
Miscellaneous personal services	324.984	338.921	341.053	343.431	343.131	340.174	339.698	340.608	341.188	341.570	342.641	343.051	344.232	344.367	345.137
Commodity and service group:															
Commodities	167.509	174.764	179.148	179.117	175.257	167.673	163.582	164.360	165.891	166.645	167.816	169.060	171.593	170.483	171.081
Food and beverages	203.300	214 225	216 419	217 672	218 705	218 752	218 839	219 729	219 333	218 794	218.364	218 076	218 030	217 608	217 701
Commodities less food and beverages											141.753				
Nondurables less food and beverages											173.855				
Apparel	. 118.998										123.208				
Non durables less food, beverages,															
and apparel	226.224	248 809	268 740	265 100	244 935	209 569	192 948	196 490	201 554	203 557	209.177	216 090	229 692	227 038	230 396
• •								130.430	201.554	203.337				227.030	250.550
Durables	. 112.473			110.077						109.264				109.924	109.129
Services	246.848	255.498	258.638	258.059	257.559	256.967	256.731	257.780	258.328	258.597	258.466	258.433	259.544	259.992	260.355
Rent of shelter ³	250.813	257.152	258.547	258.255	258.368	257.961	257.567	258.830	259.440	260.197	260.469	260.388	260.869	260.935	260.858
Transportation services	. 233.731										248.696				
Other services	. 285.559	295.780	297.923	299.598	299.923	299.996	300.067	300.614	301.471	302.024	301.668	302.132	303.000	303.761	305.890
Special indexes:															
All items less food	208.098	215.528	219.552	218.991	216.250	211.421	208.855	209.777	211.076	211.775	212.464	213.236	215.389	215.069	215.617
All items less shelter	196.639	205.453	210 264	200 026	206 776	201 075	100 107	100 026	200 104	200 626	201.271	202 171	204 579	204.060	204 776
All items less medical care	1										205.275				
Commodities less food											144.464				149.155
Nondurables less food											176.587				
Nondurables less food and apparel				259.278							209.195				
Nondurables		205.901									195.864				
Services less rent of shelter ³	260.764	273.000	278.606	277.615	276.297	275.425	275.370	276.227	276.739	276.407	275.752	275.777	277.777	278.747	279.697
Services less medical care services	236.847	244.987	248.198	247.563	246.997	246.351	246.090	247.013	247.439	247.675	247.490	247.406	248.557	248.963	249.316
Energy											179.704				
All items less energy											218.388				
All items less food and energy	1 1										219.143				
Commodities less food and energy Energy commodities		140.246 284.352									142.489 181.102				
Services less energy											265.399				
	200.000	201.017	202.007	202.500	200.100	202.001	202.000	200.700	204.047	200.147	200.000	200.400	200.000	200.404	207.000
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR URBAN															
WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS															
All Harra	000 707	044.050	045 047	244 025	040 400	207 200	204 042	205 700	200 700	207 240	207 005	000 774	040.070	040 500	044 450
All items	202.767	211.053	215.247	214.935	212.182	207.296	204.813	205.700	206.708	207.218	207.925	208.774	210.972	210.526	211.156
All items (1967 = 100)	603.982	628.661	641.155	640.226	632.025	617.472	610.075	612.719	615.719	617.239	619.344	621.875	628.422	627.093	628.970
Food and beverages											217.653				
Food	202.134										217.376				
Food at home											214.654				
Cereals and bakery products	222.409 195.193	204.255									253.556			201.261	
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs	194.474		I			I		1		I	195.714			191.783	191.048
Dairy and related products ¹ Fruits and vegetables	260.484										271.771				
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage	1 200:101	2.000			200.010	201.270	2.0.000	2,0.000	2.0.00			27 1.000	27 0.000	200.010	20000
•	450 700	450.004	450 004	100.050	400 005	400 470	400 000	104 544	100 001	105 107	400 404	400 400	100 107	101 050	100 100
materials	152.786	159.324	159.024	160.850	163.265	162.472	162.280	164.514	163.821	165.437	162.464	162.468	162.167	161.650	162.433
Other foods at home	172.630			187.467							190.650			190.235	190.704
Sugar and sweets	175.323										195.858				
Fats and oils	173.640										201.474				
Other foods	188.405										205.820			l	1
Other miscellaneous foods 1,2	115.356			121.589							123.112			l	122.217
Food away from home 1	206.412	215.613	217.002	218.147	219.219	220.107	220.847	221.497	222.101	222.336	222.957	223.082	223.186	223.408	223.789
Other food away from home 1,2	. 143.462										154.414				
Alcoholic beverages	207.097	214.579	214.931	215.728	216.953	217.626	218.445	219.458	220.029	220.500	220.243	220.729	221.179	221.517	221.618
Housing	204.795										212.885				
Shelter	232.998										242.857				
Rent of primary residence	233.806	242.196	243.010	243.741	244.624	245.425	246.026	246.696	246.991	247.285	247.517	247.710	247.691	247.573	247.601
Lodging away from home 2	142.339	143.164	148.368	142.591	140.763	133.747	129.982	134.235	136.255	138.008	138.008	136.113	139.246	140.873	138.543
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence 3	223.175	228.758	229.219	229.670	230.028	230.743	230.926	231.503	231.746	232.235	232.503	232.739	232.837	232.723	232.977
Tenants' and household insurance 1,2	117.366	119.136	118.894	120.279	120.258	120.589	120.360	120.715	120.960	121.099	121.084			l	1
Fuels and utilities	198.863										205.840				
Fuels	179.031										182.795				
Fuel oil and other fuels	251.121										232.068				
Gas (piped) and electricity	1 1										188.735				
Household furnishings and operations	122.477										125.458				
Apparel	118.518	118.735									122.709				
Men's and boys' apparel	112.224										117.834				
Women's and girls' apparel	1			l .							110.990			l	1
Infants' and toddlers' apparel 1	116.278		I			I		114.775		I	119.873				1
Footwear	122.062	124.102	122.026	124.873	126.352	126.689	124.152	122.753	124.494	126.858	128.312	127.802	126.150	125.046	125.880
Transportation	184.344	195.692	207.796	204.785	192.198	170.870	160.914	163.215	165.976	165.978	168.539	173.055	181.730	180.419	182.541
Private transportation	181.496			201.476			157.272							177.197	
New and used motor vehicles ²	93.300		92.287			89.783		89.774	89.728	89.418		90.039	90.588	90.973	91.129
TOTA GITA GOOD MOTOR VEHICLES	55.000	J 170	02.207	0000	00.000	55.755	00.402	33.77	55.720	55.710	00.020	55.000	00.000	00.070	J123

38. Continued—Consumer Price Indexes for All Urban Consumers and for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers: U.S. city average, by expenditure category and commodity or service group

[1982–84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

[1902-04 - 100, unless offlerwise indicate	Annual	average			2008							2009			
Series	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
New vehicles	. 137.415	135.338	134.540	133.504	133.351	133.380	133.317	134.490	135.248	135.744	135.911	136.113	136.800	137.082	135.130
Used cars and trucks 1	136.586	134.731	136.186	133.669	130.444	127.540	126.526	125.485	123.443	121.669	121.850	123.339	125.056	125.817	128.781
Motor fuel	239.900	280.817			269.639				168.028				I	218.560	1
Gasoline (all types)	238.879	278.728	322.930	315.324	267.580	184.855	146.644	155.204	166.831	168.574	177.510	194.569	226.515	218.757	226.007
Motor vehicle parts and equipment	121.356	128.776			132.088			1	1			1	I	133.787	
Motor vehicle maintenance and repair		l			240.688			1	1			1	I		1
Public transportation		247.865	264.755		249.168	1									
Medical care	350.882	364.208			366.000	1		1	1	1		ı	1		
Medical care commodities	1	287.970			287.725	1		1	1			ı	1		
Medical care services	370.111	386.317			388.947			1	1			1	1	399.677	
Professional services Hospital and related services	493.740	313.446 530.193			315.458 537.382	1		1	1			l	1		
Recreation ²	108.572			110.904					l					111.416	
	102.559	102.654	102.643				101.810				102.516				
Video and audio ^{1,2} Education and communication ²	116.301	119.827	120.809		121.569							122.293			
	1														
Education ² Educational books and supplies	169.280	178.892 452.880	461.104		184.091 466.885		467.179						185.626 480.024		1
Tuition, other school fees, and child care					518.726	1									
Communication 1,2	85.782	86.807	87.369	87.224		87.300			87.640	87.615		87.712	87.652		87.667
Information and information processing ^{1,2} .	1	84.828	85.355	85.208		85.292			85.624	85.595		85.624	85.524		
Telephone services 1,2	98.373	100.502	101.339				101.720		l		102.048		102.153		
Information and information processing	30.575	100.502	101.555	101.550	101.430	101.504	101.720	101.070	101.000	101.577	102.040	102.231	102.133	102.507	102.013
other than telephone services 1,4	11.062	10.567	10.525	10.414	10.375	10.367	10.406	10.418	10.442	10.378	10.385	10.271	10.238	10.113	10.012
Personal computers and peripheral															ĺ
equipment 1,2	108.164	94.863	92.931	90.722	89.690	88.631	88.176	88.178	87.622	86.004	85.406	84.017	83.278	80.736	78.480
Other goods and services	344.004	357.906	360.102	361.125	362.354	362.550	362.986	364.333	365.522	380.208	394.902	394.061	395.052	398.448	398.228
Tobacco and smoking products	555.502	591.100	599.823	600.293	602.533	602.881	605.662	610.503	615.012	682.115	747.906	746.009	752.078	768.005	768.483
Personal care ¹	193.590	199.170	199.501	200.284	200.930	201.036	200.918	201.209	201.426	202.099	203.010	202.631	202.406	202.490	202.221
Personal care products 1	158.268	159.410	159.345	159.730	159.914	160.994	161.295	162.683	162.543	162.516	163.911	163.119	162.165	162.767	162.415
Personal care services 1	216.823	223.978	224.464	224.910	225.800	226.433	226.578	225.951	226.088	228.201	228.119	227.829	227.800	227.512	227.751
Miscellaneous personal services	326.100	340.533	342.974	345.175	344.622	342.853	342.530	343.022	343.443	344.021	345.016	345.326	346.411	346.525	347.402
Commodity and service group:															ĺ
Commodities	. 169.554	177.618	182.846	182.647	177.906	168.926	164.233	165.151	166.673	167.514	169.005	170.532	173.662	172.493	173.379
Food and beverages	. 202.531	213.546	215.850	217.098	218.141	218.178	218.269	219.123	218.645	218.119	217.653	217.308	217.258	216.805	216.957
Commodities less food and beverages	150.865	157.481	163.761	162.971	155.982	143.544	137.015	137.932	140.235	141.615	143.871	146.125	150.477	149.046	150.209
Nondurables less food and beverages					203.762	1		1	1			l	1		
Apparel	118.518	118.735	116.214	120.990	121.957	121.149	117.006	114.969	118.766	122.162	122.709	121.364	118.547	115.516	117.095
Nondurables less food, beverages,															ĺ
and apparel	237.858	263.756	287.124	283.056	259.204	217.500	198.108	202.400	208.255	211.287	218.502	226.621	242.726	239.626	243.461
Durables	112.640	111.217	111.357	110.451	109.782	109.038	108.576	108.689	108.592	108.413	108.596	108.933	109.430	109.432	109.039
Services	241.696	250.272	253.304	252.861	252.369	252.144	252.176	253.033	253.456	253.591	253.403	253.482	254.624	255.003	255.342
Rent of shelter ³	224.617	230.555		231.541	231.885	232.096	232.112	232.981	233.365	233.903	234.148	234.229	234.511		1
Transporatation services	233.420	242.563			246.003			1	1			1	1		
Other services	. 275.218	284.319	286.389	287.792	287.898	288.082	288.227	288.627	289.432	290.043	289.738	290.116	290.845	291.573	293.266
Special indexes:															ĺ
All items less food	202.698	210.452	214.950	214.361	210.949	205.214	202.292	203.186	204.465	205.167	206.081	207.148	209.744	209.308	210.021
All items less shelter	. 193.940	203.102	208.544	208.068	204.149	197.342	193.918	194.811	196.052	196.551	197.432	198.571	201.488	200.871	201.726
All items less medical care	1	204.626			ı	1		1	1			l	1		
Commodities less food	1	159.538			1			1	1			ı	1		
Nondurables less food	1	206.047			1			1	1			ı	1		
Nondurables less food and apparel	1	258.423			1			1	1			1	1		
Nondurables		210.333													
Services less rent of shelter ³	1	241.567			1			1	1			1	1		
Services less medical care services Energy		240.275 237.414													
All items less energy	1	208.719			ı	1		1	1			l	1		
All items less food and energy	1	208.147			ı	1		1	1			l	1		
Commodities less food and energy	1	141.084			141.375	1		1	1			l	1		
Energy commodities	241.257		328.310												
Services less energy	247.888	255.598	257.072	257.411	257.774	258.008	258.039	258.976	259.643	260.158	260.439	260.615	261.014	261.425	261.960

NOTE: Index applied to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.

Not seasonally adjusted.
 Indexes on a December 1997 = 100 base.
 Indexes on a December 1982 = 100 base.

⁴ Indexes on a December 1988 = 100 base.

39. Consumer Price Index: U.S. city average and available local area data: all items

[1982-84 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

	Pricing		All	Urban (Consum	ners			Ur	ban Wa	ge Earn	ers	
	sched-			20	09					20	009		
	ule ¹	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
U.S. city average	М	212.709	213.240	213.856	215.693	215.351	215.834	207.218	207.925	208.774	210.972	210.526	211.156
Region and area size ²													
Northeast urban	М	227.309	227.840	228.136	229.930	230.154	230.883	223.626	224.252	224.748	226.695	226.714	227.598
Size A—More than 1,500,000	М	1	230.400	l	1	1		1			1	1	I
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	134.411	134.547	134.857	136.488	136.417	136.598	134.558	134.951	135.329	136.888	136.626	137.109
Midwest urban ⁴	M	202.021	202.327	203.195	205.350	204.814	205.632	196.453	196.933	197.971	200.487	199.824	200.723
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	203.240	203.463	204.443	206.308	205.656	206.591	196.855	197.192	198.271	200.356	199.611	200.710
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	129.334	129.604	129.967	131.640	131.366	131.748	128.468	128.968	129.524	131.554	131.096	131.481
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	197.267	197.644	198.911	201.157	200.908	201.823	194.393	194.651	196.047	198.674	198.455	199.404
South urban	M	206.001	206.657	207.265	209.343	208.819	209.000	201.737	202.619	203.500	205.968	205.415	205.867
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	208.529	208.934	209.235	211.390	211.034	211.436	205.066	205.733	206.271	208.909	208.492	208.995
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	130.873	131.370	131.777	133.056	132.736	132.729	128.686	129.309	129.885	131.382	131.063	131.302
Size D—Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	206.927	207.898	209.563	211.815	210.491	210.899	205.744	206.921	208.989	211.721	210.341	211.088
West urban	M	217.357	217.910	218.567	219.865	219.484	219.884	210.661	211.386	212.263	213.973	213.541	213.988
Size A—More than 1,500,000	M	221.124	221.790	222.659	223.908	223.498	224.072	212.965	213.646	214.734	216.395	215.955	216.539
Size B/C—50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	131.775	131.912	131.990	132.952	132.774	132.756	130.674	131.103	131.389	132.517	132.314	132.407
Size classes:													
A ⁵	M		195.207										
B/C ³	M		131.557										
D	М	204.672	205.421	206.717	208.543	207.784	208.369	201.485	202.351	203.883	206.327	205.504	206.271
Selected local areas ⁶													
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI	M	207.462	207.886	209.809	211.010	210.906	211.441	200.218	200.607	202.464	203.691	203.554	204.246
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA	M	221.376	221.693	222.522	223.906	224.010	224.507	213.013	213.405	214.446	216.145	216.128	216.628
New York, NY-Northern NJ-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA	M	235.067	235.582	235.975	237.172	237.600	238.282	229.064	229.639	230.307	231.916	232.177	232.841
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, MA-NH-ME-CT	1	232.155	-	231.891	-	233.018	-	231.884	-	231.420	-	232.535	-
Cleveland–Akron, OH	1	199.457	_	200.196	_	200.558	_	190.107	_	191.297	_	191.494	_
Dallas-Ft Worth, TX	1	200.039	_	199.311	_	200.663	_	200.770	_	200.955	_	203.075	_
Washington–Baltimore, DC–MD–VA–WV 7	1	138.620	-	139.311	-	140.810	-	137.539	-	138.510	-	140.434	-
Atlanta, GA	2	_	199.210	_	203.585	-	203.351	_	197.676	_	202.632	_	202.276
Detroit–Ann Arbor–Flint, MI	2	_	202.373	_	204.537	_	204.673	_	197.239	_	199.977	_	200.169
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX	2	_	189.701		192.325		191.687	_	186.970	_	189.979	_	189.503
Miami-Ft. Lauderdale, FL	2		220.740	l	221.485	1	221.306		217.900		219.091	_	219.000
Philadelphia–Wilmington–Atlantic City, PA–NJ–DE–MD	2		221.686		223.810		226.039		220.732		223.361		225.481
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA	2		223.854		225.692		225.801		218.587		220.996		221.279
Seattle–Tacoma–Bremerton, WA	2	_	225.918	l	227.257		227.138		220.208		221.993		221.873

¹ Foods, fuels, and several other items priced every month in all areas; most other goods and services priced as indicated: M—Every month.

Report: Anchorage, AK; Cincinnatti, OH–KY–IN; Kansas City, MO–KS; Milwaukee–Racine, WI; Minneapolis–St. Paul, MN–WI; Pittsburgh, PA; Port-land–Salem, OR–WA; St Louis, MO–IL; San Diego, CA; Tampa–St. Petersburg–Clearwater, FL. Indexes on a November 1996 = 100 base.

NOTE: Local area CPI indexes are byproducts of the national CPI program. Each local index has a smaller sample size and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in their escalator clauses. Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date. Dash indicates data not available.

^{1—}January, March, May, July, September, and November.
2—February, April, June, August, October, and December.
2 Regions defined as the four Census regions.

Indexes on a December 1996 = 100 base.
The "North Central" region has been renamed the "Midwest" region by the Census Bureau. It is composed of the same geographic entities. ⁵ Indexes on a December 1986 = 100 base.

⁶ In addition, the following metropolitan areas are published semiannually and appear in tables 34 and 39 of the January and July issues of the CPI Detailed

40. Annual data: Consumer Price Index, U.S. city average, all items and major groups

[1982–84 = 100]

Series	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers:											
All items:											
Index	163.0	166.6	172.2	177.1	179.9	184.0	188.9	195.3	201.6	207.342	215.303
Percent change	1.6	2.2	3.4	2.8	1.6	2.3	2.7	3.4	3.2	2.8	3.8
Food and beverages:											
Index	161.1	164.6	168.4	173.6	176.8	180.5	186.6	191.2	195.7	203.300	214.225
Percent change	2.2	2.2	2.3	3.1	1.8	2.1	3.3	2.5	2.4	3.9	5.4
Housing:											
Index	160.4	163.9	169.6	176.4	180.3	184.8	189.5	195.7	203.2	209.586	216.264
Percent change	2.3	2.2	3.5	4.0	2.2	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.8	3.1	3.2
Apparel:											
Index	133.0	131.3	129.6	127.3	124.0	120.9	120.4	119.5	119.5	118.998	118.907
Percent change	.1	-1.3	-1.3	-1.8	-2.6	-2.5	4	7	.0	-0.4	-0.1
Transportation:											
Index	141.6	144.4	153.3	154.3	152.9	157.6	163.1	173.9	180.9	184.682	195.549
Percent change	-1.9	2.0	6.2	0.7	9	3.1	3.5	6.6	4.0	2.1	5.9
Medical care:											
Index	242.1	250.6	260.8	272.8	285.6	297.1	310.1	323.2	336.2	351.054	364.065
Percent change	3.2	3.5	4.1	4.6	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.2	4.0	4.4	3.7
Other goods and services:											
Index	237.7	258.3	271.1	282.6	293.2	298.7	304.7	313.4	321.7	333.328	345.381
Percent change	5.7	8.7	5.0	4.2	3.8	1.9	2.0	2.9	2.6	3.6	3.6
Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners											
and Clerical Workers:											
All items:											
Index	159.7	163.2	168.9	173.5	175.9	179.8	184.5	191.0	197.1	202.767	211.053
Percent change	1.3	2.2	3.5	2.7	1.4	2.2	5.1	1.1	3.2	2.9	4.1

41. Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Finished goods	Grouping	Annual	average			2008						20	09			
Finished consumer goods. 173.5 186.3 193.2 193.0 185.5 178.2 177.7 177.6 175.0 175.0 176.0 176.3 171.0 176.0 176.3 181.3 181.5 181.5 179.2 179.8 177.7 177.7 177.7 177.7 177.5 175.0 173.8 175.0 176.0 173.4 177.5 177.7 177.7 177.7 177.7 177.7 177.7 177.5 175.0 173.5 175.0 176.0 173.4 177.5 177.7 177.7 177.7 177.5 175.0 175	Grouping	2007	2008	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May ^p	June ^p	July ^p	Aug. ^p
Finished consumer goods	Finished goods	166.6	177.1	182.2	182.2	177.4	172.0	168.8	170.4	169.9	169.1	170.3	170.8	174.1	172.6	174.3
Emished consumer goods excluding foods. 175,6 189,1 197,5 197,2 197,0 1	_	173.5	186.3	193.2	193.0	185.5	178.2	173.7	175.8	175.2	174.2	176.0	176.8	181.3	179.6	181.8
Recording foots	Finished consumer foods	167.0	178.3	181.3	181.5	180.7	179.8	177.7	177.7	175.0	173.8	175.9	173.9	176.0	173.4	173.9
Nondurable goods less food	Finished consumer goods															
Durable goods	excluding foods	175.6	189.1	197.5	197.2	187.0	177.0	171.5	174.4	174.5	173.5	175.2	176.9	182.2	180.7	183.5
Lange Lang	Nondurable goods less food	191.7	210.5	223.9		205.4	190.6	182.1	186.5	186.6	185.2	187.7	190.5	198.0	196.5	200.6
Intermediate materials,				-		-							1			143.7
Supplies, and components	Capital equipment	149.5	153.8	153.9	154.3	157.0	156.9	157.2	157.4	157.2	156.9	156.8	156.3	156.6	156.0	156.4
Materials and components for manufacturing																
Formatificaturing	supplies, and components	170.7	188.3	199.4	198.6	189.0	179.2	171.6	171.4	169.7	168.0	168.6	168.7	172.6	172.4	174.9
Materials for food manufacturing.	·															
Materials for nondurable manufacturing	ū	-														163.7
Materials for durable manufacturing	•					-										164.0
Components for manufacturing	9												1	l		195.7
Materials and components for construction.	<u> </u>					-							1	l		169.0 140.9
for construction	· -	130.5	140.5	141.5	142.4	142.5	142.5	141.5	141.7	141.5	141.5	140.0	140.0	140.0	140.0	140.9
Processed fuels and lubricants.	·	102.5	205.4	212.0	214.0	212.2	210.2	207.0	207.0	204.0	204.2	202.2	202.2	202.2	201.7	201.6
Containers											-					172.6
Supplies 161.7 173.8 178.9 179.0 177.0 175.3 173.4 172.9 172.3 171.9 172.0 172.2 172.8 172.2 172.2 172.8 172.2 172.5 1													1	l		193.3
Processing													1			172.1
Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	Crude materials for further															
Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	processing	207.1	251.8	274.6	254.2	212.0	183.3	172.6	170.2	160.7	160.1	163.9	172.5	180.8	172.8	178.0
Special groupings: Inished goods, excluding foods	Foodstuffs and feedstuffs	146.7	163.4	170.6	167.6	147.9	144.2	135.5	136.1	133.3	131.0	136.5	140.8	141.2	133.2	129.8
Finished goods, excluding foods	Crude nonfood materials	246.3	313.9	350.0	314.2	253.9	203.2	191.6	186.5	171.5	172.6	174.6	186.3	201.5	194.3	207.2
Finished energy goods	Special groupings:															
Finished goods less energy	Finished goods, excluding foods	166.2	176.6	182.2	182.1	176.3	169.6	166.1	168.0	168.0	167.2	168.3	169.3	172.8	171.7	173.6
Finished consumer goods less energy	Finished energy goods	156.3	178.7	198.6			144.1	130.6		136.3		137.2	141.6	153.1	150.5	156.6
Finished goods less food and energy						-		-					1	l		171.8
Finished consumer goods less food and energy	0 03															178.6
and energy	•	161.7	167.2	167.4	167.9	170.8	170.6	170.8	171.3	171.3	171.4	171.4	171.1	171.5	171.0	171.2
Consumer nondurable goods less food and energy	ų.															
and energy		170.0	176.4	176.6	177.2	180.2	180.0	180.1	180.7	181.0	181.4	181.5	181.3	181.8	181.4	181.5
Intermediate materials less foods and feeds	ŭ	197 0	206.8	208 5	209.7	210.7	210.9	211 0	212 4	212 9	214 0	213.8	213.8	214 1	214.8	214.7
and feeds		101.0	200.0	200.0	200	2.0	2.0.0	2			2	2.0.0	2.0.0		211.0	
Intermediate foods and feeds		474.5	400 7	400 7	400.4	100 5	470.4	474.0	474.0	470.4	400.4	400.0	400.0	470.0	470.0	475.5
Intermediate energy goods		-								-						175.5
Intermediate goods less energy													1			166.8
Intermediate materials less foods and energy		-				-										174.9 172.6
and energy	•															0
Crude energy materials		168.4	180.9	188.7	188.8	184.8	180.2	175.9	174.6	173.4	172.6	171.8	171.2	171.7	172.2	173.2
- Ciude matemais less energy	=-												1	l		184.2 163.8
				-									1			262.0

p = preliminary.

42. Producer Price Indexes for the net output of major industry groups

[December 2003 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Total milinig indicatries (December 1884-100). 3992 271 27	NAICS	ber 2003 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]			2008						20	09			
211 Oil and gas estantistic Discember 1986-100 39.4 29.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.7 19.3 19.5	NAICS	Industry	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May ^p	June ^p	July ^p	Aug. ^p
Meming accesped and gas		Total mining industries (December 1984=100)	299.2	273.4	223.3	184.9	174.8	173.4	159.0	159.1	160.5	168.3	181.0	175.0	187.0
Mining support activities 177.1 177.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 179.6 189.7 169.8 189.7 189.8			383.6	341.2	259.4	199.5	184.1	180.3	154.1	154.1	157.0	170.1	191.7	183.3	201.7
Tell manufacturing industries (19-cember 1984-100)	212	Mining, except oil and gas												188.2	188.5
311 Foot manufacturing (December 1984-101) 190, 1 792 770, 1 770 170, 1 770 190, 7 70, 1 7	213	Mining support activities	177.1	177.6	179.3	179.9	177.0	174.0	172.0	168.7	162.9	159.5	154.3	150.1	154.9
Beverage and tobacco manufacturing 1448 1152 116.0 110.0 110.3 117.6 110.2 120.3 110.6 110.2 112.2 112.4 112.3 113.3 113.6 110.2 120.1 112.2 112.4 112.3 113.3 113.5 1		` ` ,						I	I					167.2	169.4
Texile mile								I	I						169.8
345 Apparel manufacturing									I						119.9
Leather and affield product manufacturing (December 1984-100) 1941 1948 1948 1943 1943 1943 1943 1943 1943 1943 1943 1943 1943 1944 1945							I	I							112.0 103.6
Vision products manufacturing									I						
Page														103.2	1
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing 382, 382, 380, 390, 2214 167,0 176,6 186,0 186,2 206,2 238,4 227,5														122.0	121.4
Chemical Hashacturing (December 1984=100)	323	Printing and related support activities	110.0	110.4	110.3	110.2	110.3	110.2	109.6	109.6	109.4	109.3	109.0	108.5	108.1
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing 165.2 166.9 167.8 166.9 167.8 166.9 167.8	324		382.2	382.6	300.0	221.4	167.0	178.6	176.4	168.0	186.2	205.2	238.4	227.0	250.4
## Occamber 1984=100. 233	325	Chemical manufacturing (December 1984=100)	238.2	240.4	239.3	234.5	229.7	226.7	225.1	224.6	223.6	222.9	223.3	224.9	223.9
Fabricated metal product manufacturing (December 1984+100) 1788 1786 1783 1785 1785 1777 1770 1785 1747 1743 1725 1733 1735 1735 1747 1743 1725 1733 1735 1735 1747 1745 1725 1735 17	326		165.2	166.9	167.8	166.9	165.0	163.4	161.6	161.2	160.9	160.4	159.8	160.3	160.8
Machinery manufacturing	331	Primary metal manufacturing (December 1984=100)	233.5	228.9	214.9	199.9	185.6	177.6	173.3	169.5	164.7	162.2	163.7	164.3	173.2
Second S									I					173.5	
Beleficial equipment, appliance, and components manufacturing 12-3 12-8							I	I						120.5	120.4
338 Transportation equipment manufacturing. 106.5 106.6 110.4 110.0 110.0 110.0 109.4 109.3 109.5 109.5 107.0 177.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 177.0 178.1 178.0 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.0 179.1 179.0 179.															92.4
Furniture and related product manufacturing 173.5 174.3 175.1 175.3 175.7 176.1 177.0 178.8 176.7 176.5 177.0 177.1 178.8 176.7 176.5 177.0 177.1 178.8 176.7 176.5 177.0 177.1 178.8 176.7 176.5 177.0 177.1 178.8 176.7 176.5 177.0 177.1 178.8 176.7 176.5 177.0 177.1 178.8 177.1 178.8 177.1 178.8 178.7 178.1 178.8 178.1 178.5 177.1 178.8 178.1 178.5 177.1 178.8 178.5 178.1 178.5 177.1 178.5 177.0 178.8 178.7 178.5															129.4 109.0
Retail trade		Furniture and related product manufacturing					I	I						177.1	177.0
Retail trade	220		110 5	110.4	110.6	110.4	110.0	111 1	111 1	1116	1117	111 5	111 5	1117	1116
Motor vehicle and parts dealers		•	110.5	110.4	110.6	110.4	110.8	111.4	111.4	111.0	111.7	111.5	111.5	111.7	111.6
Furniture and home furnishings stores		Retail trade													
Electronics and appliance stores.									I						118.1
Health and personal care stores									I						119.5 105.2
Associate stations (June 2001=100)	- 1	* *							I						138.0
Nonstore trailers.									I					75.7	62.9
Alt Alt Transportation (December 1992=100)	454		162.4	150.6	148.7	154.1	155.2	150.9	153.9	156.1	148.0	142.5	140.0	148.4	145.6
Water transportation		Transportation and warehousing													
Postal service (June 1989=100)	481	Air transportation (December 1992=100)	213.0	208.6	209.3	203.8	198.5	198.4	190.5	187.6	187.2	176.1	177.0	184.5	188.1
Utilities	483	Water transportation	133.7	135.1	135.0	130.6	128.0	122.4	118.5	117.7	115.2	117.5	110.6	113.4	113.4
Path Care and social assistance	491	Postal service (June 1989=100)	180.5	180.5	180.5	180.5	180.5	180.5	181.6	181.6	181.6	186.8	186.8	186.8	186.8
Health care and social assistance		Utilities													
6211 Office of physicians (December 1996=100)	221	Utilities	145.7	140.8	136.0	133.4	133.1	133.9	132.9	130.4	128.1	126.9	129.1	131.8	131.8
Medical and diagnostic laboratories		Health care and social assistance													
6216 Home health care services (December 1996=100)	6211	Office of physicians (December 1996=100)	123.6	123.7	124.0	124.3		125.6	125.6	125.9	125.9	125.7	125.9	126.6	126.8
Hospitals (December 1992=100)														108.9	108.9
Residential mental retardation facilities															127.7
62321 Residential mental retardation facilities									I						167.5 123.9
511 Publishing industries, except Internet 111.1 110.2 110.9 111.1 110.7 111.9 111.9 111.6 111.7 111.7 111.8 111.2 515 Broadcasting, except Internet 105.5 107.0 112.0 111.5 109.3 107.9 108.1 107.5 105.5 107.1 107.4 103.4 517 Telecommunications 101.5 101.5 101.5 101.2 101.2 101.4 101.2 101.1														120.8	121.6
515 Broadcasting, except Internet. 105.5 107.0 112.0 111.5 109.3 107.9 108.1 107.5 105.5 107.1 107.4 103.4 517 Telecommunications. 101.5 101.5 101.5 101.5 101.2 101.4 101.2 101.1 101.1 101.0 101.1 101.2 101.1 101.1 101.0 101.1 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.0 100.9 100.5 101.5 111.7 111.5 111.7 115.8 115.2 113.5 111.7 112.8 111.7 112.8 111.0 109.0 109.5 108.8 109.0 109.5 108.8 109.0 109.4		Other services industries													
515 Broadcasting, except Internet. 105.5 107.0 112.0 111.5 109.3 107.9 108.1 107.5 105.5 107.1 107.4 103.4 517 Telecommunications. 101.5 101.5 101.5 101.5 101.2 101.4 101.2 101.1 101.1 101.0 101.1 101.2 101.1 101.1 101.0 101.1 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.0 100.9 100.5 101.5 111.7 111.5 111.7 115.8 115.2 113.5 111.7 112.8 111.7 112.8 111.0 109.0 109.5 108.8 109.0 109.5 108.8 109.0 109.4	511	Publishing industries, except Internet	111.1	110.2	110.9	111.1	110.7	111.9	111.9	111.6	111.7	111.7	111.8	111.2	111.4
517 Telecommunications. 101.5 101.5 101.2 101.2 101.4 101.2 101.1 101.1 100.8 101.8 101.2 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.0 101.0 101.0 101.3 101.3 101.3 101.0 100.9									I					103.4	101.2
523 Security, commodity contracts, and like activity. 120.2 120.5 117.7 115.8 115.2 113.5 111.7 109.2 109.1 111.8 110.9 109.5 53112 Lessors or nonresidental buildings (except miniwarehouse). 112.7 111.7 111.5 111.7 112.8 111.0 109.0 109.5 108.8 109.0 109.4 109.4 109.4 109.4 109.2 108.1 111.0 109.0 109.5 108.8 109.0 109.4 109.4 109.4 109.8 109.0 109.5 108.8 109.0 109.4 109.4 109.4 109.8 109.0 109.6 109.0 109.2 108.8 109.0 109.4 109.8 109.0 109.6 109.0 109.2 108.0 109.0 109.0 109.0 109.2 109.8 109.0 109.0 109.0 109.2 109.8 109.0 109.0 109.2 109.8 109.0 109.2 109.2 109.8 109.0 109.2 109.2	517		101.5	101.5	101.2	101.2	101.4	101.2	101.1	101.1	100.8	101.8	101.2	101.3	101.8
53112 Lessors or nonresidental buildings (except miniwarehouse)														101.0	101.0
5312 Offices of real estate agents and brokers 104.4 103.8 103.1 103.0 102.8 101.6 101.6 101.6 101.9 101.9 101.9 102.0 5313 Real estate support activities 109.3 108.6 109.2 108.2 109.8 109.9 108.6 109.9 109.0 109.0 109.7 108.9 109.0 5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing (June 2001=100) 135.0 131.3 128.2 126.9 123.7 128.3 133.0 133.1 135.1 134.6 135.1 134.6 142.5 54121 December 1996=100) 161.5 162.6 163.2 163.2 163.2 164.8 165.5 166.0 166.1 166.2															110.0
5313 Real estate support activities		- , , ,							I						110.0 102.0
5321 Automotive equipment rental and leasing (June 2001=100)		-													102.0
5411 Legal services (December 1996=100) 161.5 162.6 163.2		• •												142.5	142.5
5413 Architectural, engineering, and related services (December 1996=100)	5411		161.5	162.6	163.2	163.2	163.2	164.8	165.5	166.0	166.2	166.1	166.2	166.2	166.4
(December 1996=100). 141.6 141.6 141.8 141.8 141.9 142.9 142.9 142.8 143.0 142.9 142.9 142.5 143.0 142.9 142.9 142.9 142.9 142.8 143.0 142.9 142		·	115.5	115.4	115.6	115.0	115.7	115.3	115.2	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.3	115.2
54181 Advertising agencies 106.3 106.3 106.3 106.3 106.3 106.3 106.3 105.0 105.4 105.3 105.4 105.2 105.2 105.2 105.3 105.4 105.2 105.3 105.4 105.2 105.3 105.4 105.2 105.3 105.4 105.2 105.3 123.8 123.2 123.8 123.2 123.8 123.2 123.8 123.2 123.8 123.2 123.8 123.2 123.8 123.2 100.2 99.7 100.2 100.3 105.4 101.4 <td>5413</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> , </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td>	5413				,										
5613 Employment services (December 1996=100). 123.4 123.1 123.6 124.1 124.2 123.8 124.0 123.6 123.9 123.2 56151 Travel agencies. 98.8 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.8 102.2 100.2 99.7 100.2 100.3 56172 Janitorial services. 109.3 109.4 109.4 109.4 109.1 109.6 109.7 109.8 109.7 109.6 109.7 109.8 5621 Waste collection. 113.3 114.0 113.0 113.3 111.3 112.2 113.3 114.9 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0	5/101														142.9 105.3
56151 Travel agencies 98.8 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.4 101.8 102.2 100.2 99.7 100.2 100.3 56172 Janitorial services 109.3 109.4 109.4 109.4 109.1 109.6 109.7 109.8 109.7 109.6 109.7 109.8 5621 Waste collection 113.3 114.0 113.0 113.3 111.3 112.2 113.3 114.9 115.0 115.0 115.0 115.0									I						123.4
56172 Janitorial services. 109.3 109.4 109.4 109.4 109.1 109.6 109.7 109.8 109.7 109.6 109.7 109.8 5621 Waste collection. 113.3 114.0 113.0 113.3 111.3 112.2 113.3 114.9 115.0 115.8 115.0 116.5														100.3	100.5
		-												109.9	110.2
721 Accommodation (December 1996=199) 150 Q 146 Q 146 Q 144 Q 140 Q 140 Q 140 Q 140 Q 144 Q 140 Q														116.5	
721 Accommodation (December 1990=100)	721	Accommodation (December 1996=100)	150.9	146.9	145.6	144.3	141.6	140.6	139.9	141.3	141.5	143.8	144.6	150.5	148.3

43. Annual data: Producer Price Indexes, by stage of processing

[1982 = 100]

Index	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Finished goods											
Total	130.7	133.0	138.0	140.7	138.9	143.3	148.5	155.7	160.4	166.6	177.1
Foods	134.3	135.1	137.2	141.3	140.1	145.9	152.7	155.7	156.7	167.0	178.3
Energy	75.1	78.8	94.1	96.7	88.8	102.0	113.0	132.6	145.9	156.3	178.7
Other	143.7	146.1	148.0	150.0	150.2	150.5	152.7	156.4	158.7	161.7	167.2
Intermediate materials, supplies, and											
components											
Total	123.0	123.2	129.2	129.7	127.8	133.7	142.6	154.0	164.0	170.7	188.3
Foods	123.2	120.8	119.2	124.3	123.2	134.4	145.0	146.0	146.2	161.4	180.4
Energy	80.8	84.3	101.7	104.1	95.9	111.9	123.2	149.2	162.8	174.6	208.1
Other	133.5	133.1	136.6	136.4	135.8	138.5	146.5	154.6	163.8	168.4	180.9
Crude materials for further processing											
Total	96.8	98.2	120.6	121.0	108.1	135.3	159.0	182.2	184.8	207.1	251.8
Foods	103.9	98.7	100.2	106.1	99.5	113.5	127.0	122.7	119.3	146.7	163.4
Energy	68.6	78.5	122.1	122.3	102.0	147.2	174.6	234.0	226.9	232.8	309.4
Other	84.5	91.1	118.0	101.5	101.0	116.9	149.2	176.7	210.0	238.7	308.5

44. U.S. export price indexes by end-use category

Category			2008						20	09			
Category	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
ALL COMMODITIES	125.9	124.9	122.3	118.4	115.8	116.6	116.3	115.5	116.1	116.6	117.8	117.4	118.2
Foods, feeds, and beverages	189.6 194.7 145.7	190.4 195.6 145.5	175.0 178.3 147.8	164.8 166.9 148.3	155.1 156.6 143.5	165.4 167.6 147.9	162.1 164.1 145.7	156.7 158.3 144.4	162.8 165.0 145.3	167.3 170.3 141.4	174.8 178.6 141.5	165.0 167.6 143.1	164.7 167.3 142.8
Industrial supplies and materials	174.0	169.4	161.8	148.2	139.6	139.0	137.9	136.5	136.9	137.7	140.4	140.5	143.6
Agricultural industrial supplies and materials	160.9	157.4	148.5	134.2	126.1	125.6	126.2	122.9	123.6	130.2	131.0	134.9	138.5
Fuels and lubricants	275.8	267.2	239.2	193.4	166.8	165.8	156.2	146.9	156.9	160.2	175.2	166.0	181.4
Nonagricultural supplies and materials, excluding fuel and building materials Selected building materials	165.3 115.2	160.8 115.4	155.5 116.6	145.6 115.6	138.8 115.1	138.2 115.5	138.2 115.3	138.2 114.0	137.1 113.5	137.3 112.5	138.5 113.0	139.8 112.9	141.1 113.8
Capital goods Electric and electrical generating equipment Nonelectrical machinery	101.9 109.2 94.1	101.8 109.5 93.9	101.7 109.7 93.6	101.6 109.2 93.5	101.5 109.0 93.3	102.1 107.3 93.7	102.3 106.7 94.0	102.3 106.8 93.8	102.8 106.8 94.3	103.0 107.0 94.4	103.1 107.2 94.4	103.4 107.1 94.7	103.5 107.2 94.8
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	107.8	107.9	108.2	108.1	108.0	108.4	108.1	108.2	108.1	108.1	108.0	107.8	107.9
Consumer goods, excluding automotive Nondurables, manufactured Durables, manufactured	109.0 109.6 107.2	109.3 109.0 108.7	109.9 108.9 109.9	109.1 107.4 109.8	109.0 107.2 109.7	109.2 108.8 109.7	109.3 109.0 109.8	108.5 107.1 109.9	107.5 107.2 107.6	107.9 107.8 107.9	108.4 108.5 108.1	108.9 108.6 109.5	109.1 109.1 109.6
Agricultural commodities Nonagricultural commodities	188.2 121.5	188.3 120.4	172.5 118.7	160.6 115.4	150.8 113.2	159.7 113.5	157.0 113.3	151.6 112.9	157.2 113.1	162.8 113.4	169.7 114.1	161.3 114.3	161.7 115.1

45. U.S. import price indexes by end-use category

[2000 = 100]

Category			2008						20	09			
Category	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
ALL COMMODITIES	143.0	137.8	129.6	120.0	114.5	113.0	113.0	113.6	114.8	116.8	120.0	119.2	121.1
Foods, feeds, and beverages	150.4	147.9	146.0	139.5	142.3	142.3	137.8	137.0	138.9	139.2	139.8	138.2	140.0
Agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages	167.9	165.1	162.8	154.4	159.4	159.0	153.0	151.3	154.3	155.0	155.5	153.2	155.7
Nonagricultural (fish, beverages) food products	110.9	109.1	108.0	105.8	103.8	104.5	103.4	104.8	104.1	103.6	104.4	104.2	104.4
Industrial supplies and materials	270.7	248.9	213.5	174.6	150.4	143.7	144.9	149.3	154.3	163.0	177.3	174.3	182.3
Fuels and lubricants	392.0	346.3	274.1	197.8	153.9	146.6	150.5	162.3	174.4	191.5	222.1	215.9	231.3
Petroleum and petroleum products	419.5	371.5	288.9	201.6	150.8	143.8	151.6	168.5	185.5	206.1	241.5	235.4	253.6
Paper and paper base stocks	119.7	119.9	116.4	115.1	113.2	110.3	108.8	106.6	104.6	103.3	101.8	99.0	98.6
Materials associated with nondurable													
supplies and materials	159.6	162.4	160.2	155.0	148.5	138.8	137.1	136.7	135.3	139.2	137.5	132.3	133.4
Selected building materials	122.1	122.7	120.4	118.8	118.1	117.2	116.5	116.2	115.2	114.5	116.0	118.2	119.5
Unfinished metals associated with durable goods	270.3	255.4	236.7	209.3	185.7	176.5	175.9	171.6	171.1	172.8	178.3	184.7	190.2
Nonmetals associated with durable goods	111.8	111.4	110.9	110.4	109.0	107.1	106.2	105.2	104.3	103.4	103.0	102.8	103.2
Capital goods	93.4	93.3	93.3	92.9	92.7	92.7	92.3	91.8	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9
Electric and electrical generating equipment	113.0	112.9	112.3	111.8	111.4	111.1	110.3	109.4	109.1	109.8	110.0	110.3	110.3
Nonelectrical machinery	88.3	88.2	88.1	87.7	87.5	87.5	87.2	86.6	86.8	86.7	86.5	86.5	86.5
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	108.3	108.1	108.3	107.9	107.8	108.0	107.9	107.7	107.7	107.9	108.0	108.2	108.4
Consumer goods, excluding automotive	105.2	105.1	105.1	104.6	104.4	104.4	104.4	103.9	104.1	104.2	104.3	104.0	103.9
Nondurables, manufactured	108.4	108.2	108.1	108.0	108.2	108.9	108.9	108.4	108.3	108.1	108.1	107.8	107.8
Durables, manufactured	101.7	101.8	101.8	101.1	100.7	100.1	100.0	99.8	100.0	100.5	100.6	100.5	100.4
Nonmanufactured consumer goods	106.6	106.6	105.9	103.2	103.6	102.7	104.4	101.2	102.7	101.3	101.4	101.5	100.9

46. U.S. international price Indexes for selected categories of services

[2000 = 100, unless indicated otherwise]

Category		2007			20	08		20	09
Category	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June
Import air freight	132.3	134.2	141.8	144.4	158.7	157.1	138.5	132.9	133.9
	117.0	119.8	127.1	132.0	140.8	144.3	135.0	124.1	117.4
Import air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	144.6	140.2	135.3	131.3	171.6	161.3	157.3	134.9	147.3
Export air passenger fares (Dec. 2006 = 100)	147.3	154.6	155.7	156.4	171.4	171.9	164.6	141.7	135.9

47. Indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, and unit costs, quarterly data seasonally adjusted

[1992 = 100]

Item		2006			20	07			20	08		20	09
	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	138.7	138.0	138.7	139.0	140.2	142.1	142.6	142.7	143.8	143.9	144.2	144.3	146.5
Compensation per hour	169.1	169.7	173.3	175.2	176.5	177.8	179.6	180.3	181.0	183.0	184.2	183.0	183.1
Real compensation per hour	120.3	119.7	122.5	122.7	122.4	122.6	122.1	121.2	120.4	119.9	123.3	123.3	122.9
Unit labor costs	121.9	123.0	124.9	126.0	125.9	125.1	125.9	126.3	125.9	127.2	127.7	126.9	125.0
Unit nonlabor payments	136.7	137.3	135.1	136.7	139.4	141.9	141.9	141.7	143.8	145.4	143.6	146.9	149.9
Implicit price deflator	127.4	128.3	128.7	130.0	130.9	131.4	131.9	132.1	132.5	134.0	133.6	134.3	134.3
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	137.7	137.0	137.8	138.2	139.2	141.1	141.8	141.7	142.8	142.8	143.1	143.2	145.5
Compensation per hour	168.0	168.6	172.3	174.2	175.1	176.3	178.5	179.2	179.8	181.8	183.1	182.0	182.1
Real compensation per hour	119.6	118.9	121.8	122.1	121.4	121.5	121.3	120.5	119.6	119.1	122.6	122.6	122.2
Unit labor costs	122.0	123.0	125.0	126.0	125.8	125.0	125.9	126.4	125.9	127.3	128.0	127.1	125.2
Unit nonlabor payments	139.0	139.5	136.9	138.2	140.9	143.3	143.0	142.5	144.9	146.6	145.3	149.2	152.3
Implicit price deflator	128.3	129.1	129.3	130.5	131.4	131.7	132.2	132.3	132.9	134.4	134.3	135.2	135.1
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	142.1	143.4	143.6	143.5	144.5	144.1	145.9	145.0	147.4	148.6	148.0	145.8	-
Compensation per hour	159.4	159.8	162.5	164.2	165.2	166.2	168.3	168.6	169.7	171.8	173.7	172.6	_
Real compensation per hour	113.4	112.7	114.9	115.0	114.6	114.5	114.4	113.4	112.9	112.5	116.3	116.2	_
Total unit costs	114.0	113.5	115.3	116.8	117.2	118.6	118.7	119.8	118.9	119.4	121.8	123.8	_
Unit labor costs	112.2	111.4	113.2	114.4	114.4	115.3	115.3	116.3	115.1	115.6	117.3	118.4	-
Unit nonlabor costs	118.9	119.1	120.9	123.1	124.9	127.4	127.9	129.1	129.2	129.8	134.1	138.6	_
Unit profits	175.8	191.4	175.8	171.2	171.8	155.6	149.9	133.0	134.7	145.3	129.5	127.1	-
Unit nonlabor payments	134.4	138.7	135.9	136.2	137.7	135.1	133.9	130.2	130.7	134.0	132.8	135.5	_
Implicit price deflator	119.6	120.6	120.8	121.8	122.2	122.0	121.6	121.0	120.4	121.8	122.5	124.1	-
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	172.5	174.4	175.3	176.9	178.2	180.1	181.6	182.8	181.6	180.3	178.1	177.0	179.2
Compensation per hour	148.8	149.4	153.0	156.1	156.1	156.1	158.6	158.6	159.7	161.4	166.0	166.9	169.3
Real compensation per hour	105.9	105.4	108.2	109.3	108.2	107.6	107.8	106.6	106.2	105.7	111.2	112.4	113.7
Unit labor costs	86.3	85.7	87.3	88.2	87.6	86.7	87.3	86.8	87.9	89.5	93.2	94.3	94.5

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

48. Annual indexes of multifactor productivity and related measures, selected years

[2000 = 100, unless otherwise indicated]

Output per unit of capital services	Item	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Output per hour of all persons. 90.0 91.7 94.3 97.2 100.0 107.3 111.2 114.5 116.6 116.6 115.5 122.0 Output per unit of capital services. 105.3 105.3 103.8 102.3 100.0 100.0 100.4 102.5 105.4 108.2 109.7 110.3 110.7 112.0 Multifactor productivity. 95.3 96.2 97.4 98.8 100.0 100.5 102.0 105.2 109.7 113.6 117.1 119.5 120.0 Inputs: Baber input. 90.8 84.4 96.5 98.8 100.0 198.2 96.2 95.8 96.9 98.8 101.2 112.9 115.8 119.1 122.3 120.0 Captial services. 76.7 82.9 88.2 94.1 100.0 100.0 197.0 111.2 112.9 115.8 119.1 112.2 112.8 115.8 119.1 122.2 122.3 120.0 100.0 100.0 107.0<	Private business													
Output per unit of capital services. 105.3 103.8 102.3 100.0 96.0 94.7 95.5 97.2 98.1 98.4 97.7 95.	Productivity:													
Multifactor productivity.	Output per hour of all persons	90.0	91.7	94.3	97.2	100.0	102.8	107.1	111.2	114.5	116.6	117.6	119.5	122.7
Dutput:	Output per unit of capital services	105.3	105.3	103.8	102.3	100.0	96.0	94.7	95.5	97.2	98.1	98.4	97.7	95.6
Inputs:	Multifactor productivity	95.3	96.2	97.4	98.8	100.0	100.4	102.5	105.4	108.2	109.7	110.3	110.7	112.0
Labor input		82.8	87.2	91.5	96.2	100.0	100.5	102.0	105.2	109.7	113.6	117.1	119.5	120.4
Capital services	Inputs:													
Combined units of labor and capital input. 86.9 90.7 93.9 97.4 100.0 100.0 99.5 99.9 101.4 103.6 106.2 108.0 107.0 107.0 113.1 116.5 117.8 118.9 119.6 122.3 128.	Labor input	90.8	94.4	96.5	98.8	100.0	98.2	96.2	95.8	96.9	98.8	101.2	102.3	100.3
Productivity:	Capital services	78.7	82.9	88.2	94.1	100.0	104.6	107.7	110.2	112.9	115.8	119.1	122.3	125.9
Private nonfarm business Productivity:	Combined units of labor and capital input	86.9	90.7	93.9	97.4	100.0	100.0	99.5	99.9	101.4	103.6	106.2	108.0	107.6
Productivity:	Capital per hour of all persons	85.5	87.1	90.9	95.0	100.0	107.0	113.1	116.5	117.8	118.9	119.6	122.3	128.3
Output per hour of all persons	Private nonfarm business													
Output per unit of capital services. 106.1 105.8 104.2 102.6 100.0 96.0 94.5 95.2 96.9 97.7 97.9 97.0 95.0 Multifactor productivity. 95.8 96.5 97.7 99.0 100.0 100.4 102.5 105.2 108.0 109.3 109.9 110.1 111. 111. 111. 111. 111. 111. 111. 111. 111. 112. 112. 110.5 102.1 105.2 109.6 113.5 117.1 111.4 112. 112. 110. 111.	Productivity:													
Multifactor productivity	Output per hour of all persons	90.5	92.0	94.5	97.3	100.0	102.7	107.1	111.1	114.2	116.1	117.2	118.9	122.3
Dutput Cutput C	Output per unit of capital services	106.1	105.8	104.2	102.6	100.0	96.0	94.5	95.2	96.9	97.7	97.9	97.0	95.1
Inputs: Labor input	Multifactor productivity	95.8	96.5	97.7	99.0	100.0	100.4	102.5	105.2	108.0	109.3	109.9	110.1	111.4
Labor input	Output	82.8	87.2	91.5	96.3	100.0	100.5	102.1	105.2	109.6	113.5	117.1	119.4	120.4
Capital services	Inputs:													
Combined units of labor and capital input	Labor input	90.4	94.0	96.3	98.8	100.0	98.4	96.4	96.0	97.1	99.1	101.6	102.8	100.9
Capital per hour of all persons	Capital services	78.1	82.4	87.8	93.9	100.0	104.7	107.9	110.5	113.1	116.1	119.6	123.1	126.7
Manufacturing [1996 = 100] Productivity: 82.7 87.3 92.0 96.1 100.0 101.6 108.6 115.3 117.9 123.5 125.0 – Output per unit of capital services. 98.0 100.6 100.7 100.4 100.0 93.5 92.3 93.2 95.4 98.9 100.2 – Multifactor productivity. 91.2 93.8 95.9 96.7 100.0 98.7 102.4 105.2 108.0 108.4 110.1 – Output. 83.1 89.2 93.8 97.4 100.0 94.9 94.3 95.2 96.9 100.4 102.3 – Inputs: 1 100.4 102.2 101.9 101.3 100.0 93.5 86.8 82.6 82.2 81.3 81.8 – Capital services. 84.8 88.7 93.2 97.0 100.0 101.5 102.1 101.6 101.6 101.5 102.0 – Ene	Combined units of labor and capital input	86.5	90.4	93.7	97.3	100.0	100.2	99.6	100.0	101.5	103.8	106.6	108.4	108.1
Productivity: Output per hour of all persons	Capital per hour of all persons	85.3	86.9	90.7	94.8	100.0	107.0	113.2	116.7	117.8	118.9	119.7	122.6	128.8
Output per hour of all persons 82.7 87.3 92.0 96.1 100.0 101.6 108.6 115.3 117.9 123.5 125.0 – Output per unit of capital services 98.0 100.6 100.7 100.4 100.0 93.5 92.3 93.2 95.4 98.9 100.2 – Multiflactor productivity 91.2 93.8 95.9 96.7 100.0 98.7 102.4 105.2 108.0 108.4 110.1 – Output	Manufacturing [1996 = 100]													
Output per hour of all persons 82.7 87.3 92.0 96.1 100.0 101.6 108.6 115.3 117.9 123.5 125.0 – Output per unit of capital services 98.0 100.6 100.7 100.4 100.0 93.5 92.3 93.2 95.4 98.9 100.2 – Multiflactor productivity 91.2 93.8 95.9 96.7 100.0 98.7 102.4 105.2 108.0 108.4 110.1 – Output	Dread cett vitus													
Output per unit of capital services 98.0 100.6 100.7 100.4 100.0 93.5 92.3 93.2 95.4 98.9 100.2 – Multifactor productivity 91.2 93.8 95.9 96.7 100.0 98.7 102.4 105.2 108.0 108.4 110.1 – Output 83.1 89.2 93.8 97.4 100.0 94.9 94.3 95.2 96.9 100.4 102.3 – Inputs: 100.4 102.2 101.9 101.3 100.0 93.5 86.8 82.6 82.2 81.3 81.8 – Capital services 84.8 88.7 93.2 97.0 100.0 101.5 102.1 101.6 101.5 102.0 – Energy 110.4 108.2 105.4 105.5 100.0 90.6 89.3 84.4 84.0 91.6 86.6 – Nonenergy materials 86.0 92.9 97.7 102.6 100.0 </td <td>*</td> <td>927</td> <td>97.0</td> <td>02.0</td> <td>06 1</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>101 6</td> <td>109.6</td> <td>115 0</td> <td>1170</td> <td>122 5</td> <td>125.0</td> <td></td> <td></td>	*	927	97.0	02.0	06 1	100.0	101 6	109.6	115 0	1170	122 5	125.0		
Multifactor productivity														_
Output 83.1 89.2 93.8 97.4 100.0 94.9 94.3 95.2 96.9 100.4 102.3 – Inputs: 100.4 102.2 101.9 101.3 100.0 93.5 86.8 82.6 82.2 81.3 81.8 – Capital services. 84.8 88.7 93.2 97.0 100.0 101.5 102.1 101.6 101.5 102.0 – Energy. 110.4 108.2 105.5 100.0 90.6 89.3 84.4 84.0 91.6 86.6 – Nonenergy materials. 86.0 92.9 97.7 102.6 100.0 93.3 88.4 87.7 87.3 92.4 91.5 – Purchased business services. 88.5 92.1 95.0 100.0 100.0 100.7 98.2 99.1 97.0 104.5 106.6 –														_
Inputs:													_	_
Hours of all persons	•	00.1	55.2	00.0	07.1.		0	0	00.2	00.0	100.1	.02.0		
Capital services. 84.8 88.7 93.2 97.0 100.0 101.5 102.1 101.6 101.5 102.0 – Energy. 110.4 108.2 105.4 105.5 100.0 90.6 89.3 84.4 84.0 91.6 86.6 – Nonenergy materials. 86.0 92.9 97.7 102.6 100.0 93.3 88.4 87.7 87.3 92.4 91.5 – Purchased business services. 88.5 92.1 95.0 100.0 100.0 100.7 98.2 99.1 97.0 104.5 106.6 –	•	100.1	400.0	404.0	404.0	400.0	00.5	00.0	00.0	00.0	04.0	04.0	_	_
Energy	•									-			_	_
Nonenergy materials	•								-				_	_
Purchased business services	•								-				_	_
													_	_
Combined units of all factor inputs	Combined units of all factor inputs												_	_

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

49. Annual indexes of productivity, hourly compensation, unit costs, and prices, selected years

[1992 = 100]

Item	1963	1973	1983	1993	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Business													
Output per hour of all persons	55.0	73.4	83.0	100.4	116.1	119.1	123.9	128.7	132.4	134.8	136.1	138.2	141.9
Compensation per hour	15.6	28.9	66.3	102.2	134.7	140.3	145.3	151.2	157.0	163.2	169.4	176.5	182.8
Real compensation per hour	66.6	85.1	90.5	99.8	112.0	113.5	115.7	117.7	119.0	119.7	120.3	121.9	121.6
Unit labor costs	28.4	39.4	79.8	101.8	116.0	117.9	117.3	117.5	118.5	121.0	124.5	127.7	128.8
Unit nonlabor payments	26.6	37.5	76.3	102.6	107.2	110.0	114.2	118.3	124.6	130.5	134.8	137.7	142.1
Implicit price deflator	27.7	38.7	78.5	102.1	112.7	114.9	116.1	117.8	120.8	124.6	128.3	131.4	133.8
Nonfarm business													
Output per hour of all persons	57.8	75.3	84.5	100.4	115.7	118.6	123.5	128.0	131.6	133.9	135.1	137.0	140.9
Compensation per hour	16.1	29.1	66.6	102.0	134.2	139.5	144.6	150.4	156.0	162.1	168.3	175.2	181.7
Real compensation per hour	68.7	85.5	91.1	99.5	111.6	112.8	115.1	117.1	118.2	118.9	119.5	121.0	120.8
Unit labor costs	27.8	38.6	78.9	101.6	116.0	117.7	117.1	117.5	118.5	121.1	124.5	127.9	129.0
Unit nonlabor payments	26.3	35.3	76.1	103.1	108.7	111.6	116.0	119.6	125.5	132.1	136.8	138.4	143.3
Implicit price deflator	27.3	37.4	77.9	102.1	113.3	115.4	116.7	118.3	121.1	125.1	129.1	131.7	134.2
Nonfinancial corporations													
Output per hour of all employees	62.6	74.8	85.7	100.3	122.5	124.7	129.7	134.6	139.7	143.4	146.0	147.1	151.2
Compensation per hour	17.9	31.0	68.9	101.8	133.0	138.6	143.6	149.5	154.0	159.6	165.4	172.2	178.9
Real compensation per hour	76.4	91.2	94.2	99.3	110.6	112.1	114.3	116.4	116.8	117.1	117.5	118.9	119.0
Total unit costs	27.2	39.9	80.7	101.0	107.4	111.6	110.7	111.0	110.0	111.7	113.6	117.4	119.1
Unit labor costs	28.6	41.4	80.4	101.4	108.6	111.2	110.7	111.0	110.3	111.3	113.3	117.1	118.3
Unit nonlabor costs	23.4	35.7	81.6	99.9	104.2	112.6	110.8	111.1	109.3	112.7	114.6	118.3	121.3
Unit profits	57.3	54.9	91.2	114.1	108.7	82.2	98.0	109.9	144.8	163.0	183.5	167.3	149.9
Unit nonlabor payments	32.5	40.8	84.2	103.7	105.4	104.5	107.4	110.7	118.8	126.2	133.0	131.4	129.0
Implicit price deflator	29.9	41.2	81.7	102.2	107.5	108.9	109.6	110.9	113.1	116.3	119.9	121.9	121.9
Manufacturing													
Output per hour of all persons	-	_	_	102.6	139.1	141.2	151.0	160.4	164.0	171.9	173.7	179.2	180.7
Compensation per hour	-	_	-	102.0	134.7	137.8	147.8	158.2	161.5	164.5	171.2	177.4	184.7
Real compensation per hour	-	_	_	99.6	112.0	111.5	117.7	123.2	122.5	120.7	121.6	122.5	122.8
Unit labor costs	-	_	_	99.5	96.9	97.6	97.9	98.7	98.5	95.7	98.6	99.0	102.2
Unit nonlabor payments	-	_	_	101.1	103.5	102.0	100.3	102.9	110.2	122.2	126.6	-	-
Implicit price deflator	_	_	_	100.6	101.4	100.6	99.5	101.5	106.4	113.5	117.4	-	-

Dash indicates data not available.

50. Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[1997=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	Mining												
21	Mining	85.3	95.0	100.0	111.0	109.1	113.5	116.0	106.8	96.0	87.3	81.7	-
211	Oil and gas extraction	80.1	81.6	100.0	119.4	121.6	123.8	130.1	111.7	107.8	100.4	97.0	-
2111	Oil and gas extraction		81.6	100.0	119.4	121.6	123.8	130.1	111.7	107.8	100.4	97.0	-
212	Mining, except oil and gas		86.8	100.0	106.3	109.0	110.7	113.8	116.2	114.2	111.0	105.2	-
2121	Coal mining		75.0	100.0	115.8	114.3	111.7	113.4	113.4	107.8	99.8	101.0	-
2122 2123	Metal ore mining Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying	71.0 88.0	91.2 96.4	100.0 100.0	121.5 96.1	132.2 99.4	138.2 103.6	142.2 108.3	137.1 114.3	129.9 118.4	123.1 120.0	104.2 109.8	-
2123	Support activities for mining		90.7	100.0	100.9	110.4	103.5	136.3	170.3	144.9	147.0	156.8	
2131	Support activities for mining	79.4	90.7	100.0	100.9	110.4	103.5	136.3	170.3	144.9	147.0	156.8	_
	Utilities												
2211	Power generation and supply	65.6	74.5	100.0	107.0	106.4	102.9	105.1	107.5	114.3	115.4	113.3	
2212	Natural gas distribution		76.1	100.0	113.2	110.1	115.4	114.1	118.3	122.2	119.1	119.7	_
	-												
244	Manufacturing	04.4	07.7	100.0	107.1	100 F	112.0	110.0	117.0	100.0	101.1		
311 3111	Food Animal food	94.1 83.6	97.7 90.5	100.0 100.0	107.1 109.7	109.5 131.4	113.8 142.7	116.8 165.8	117.3 149.5	123.3 165.5	121.1 150.4	_]
3112	Grain and oilseed milling		91.1	100.0	113.1	119.5	122.4	123.9	130.3	133.0	130.4	_	
3113	Sugar and confectionery products		89.2	100.0	109.9	108.6	108.0	112.5	118.2	130.7	129.2	-	_
3114	Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty	92.4	91.9	100.0	111.8	121.4	126.9	123.0	126.2	132.0	126.9	-	-
3115	Dairy products		95.2	100.0	95.9	97.1	105.0	110.5	107.4	109.6	110.2	-	-
3116	Animal slaughtering and processing		101.8	100.0	102.6	103.7	107.3	106.6	108.0	117.4	116.9	-	-
3117	Seafood product preparation and packaging		117.8	100.0	140.5	153.0	169.8	173.2	162.2	186.1	203.8	-	-
3118	Bakeries and tortilla manufacturing	100.9	97.1	100.0	108.3	109.9	108.9	109.3	113.8	115.4	110.5	-	-
3119	Other food products	97.5	97.6	100.0	112.6	106.2	111.9	118.8	119.3	116.2	116.3	-	-
312	Beverages and tobacco products	78.1	91.3	100.0	88.3	89.5	82.6	90.9	94.7	100.5	94.0	-	_
3121	Beverages		94.9	100.0	90.8	92.7	99.4	108.3	114.1	120.3	112.0	-	-
3122	Tobacco and tobacco products	71.9	77.8	100.0	95.9	98.2	67.0	78.7	82.4	93.1	94.9	-	-
313	Textile mills	73.7	81.9	100.0	106.7	109.5	125.3	136.1	138.6	152.8	150.5	-	-
3131	Fiber, yarn, and thread mills	66.5	80.2	100.0	101.3	109.1	133.3	148.8	154.1	143.5	139.7	-	-
2422	Fahria milla	60.0	01.4	100.0	110.1	1100	105.4	407.0	120.0	104.1	170 5		
3132 3133	Fabric mills Textile and fabric finishing mills	68.0 91.3	81.4 83.5	100.0 100.0	110.1 104.4	110.3 108.5	125.4 119.8	137.3 125.1	138.6 127.7	164.1 139.8	170.5 126.2	-	-
3133	Textile and fabric finishing finish		92.9	100.0	104.4	104.5	107.3	1123.1	127.7	128.0	120.2	_	[
3141	Textile furnishings mills		92.7	100.0	104.5	103.1	105.5	114.4	122.3	125.7	117.3	_	_
3149	Other textile product mills	92.2	91.8	100.0	108.9	103.1	105.1	104.2	120.4	128.9	126.1	-	-
315	Apparel		76.8	100.0	116.8	116.5	102.9	112.4	103.4	110.9	114.0	-	-
3151	Apparel knitting mills		93.3	100.0	108.9	105.6	112.0	105.6	96.6	120.0	123.7	-	-
3152	Cut and sew apparel		72.9	100.0	119.8	119.5	103.9	117.2	108.4	113.5	117.6	-	-
3159 316	Accessories and other apparel Leather and allied products		98.6 78.5	100.0 100.0	98.3 120.3	105.2 122.4	76.1 97.7	78.7 99.8	70.8 109.5	74.0 123.6	67.3 132.5	-	· -
310	Leather and affect products	71.0	70.5	100.0	120.5	122.4	31.1	33.0	103.5	123.0	152.5	_	
3161	Leather and hide tanning and finishing	94.0	84.7	100.0	100.1	100.3	81.2	82.2	93.5	118.7	118.1	-	-
3162	Footwear		83.9	100.0	122.3	130.7	102.7	104.8	100.7	105.6	115.4	-	-
3169	Other leather products	92.3	94.7	100.0	122.8	117.6	96.2	100.3	127.7	149.7	174.6	-	-
321	Wood products		100.8	100.0	102.7	106.1	113.6	114.7	115.6	123.1	124.9	-	-
3211	Sawmills and wood preservation	77.6	85.8	100.0	105.4	108.8	114.4	121.3	118.2	127.3	129.7	-	-
3212	Plywood and engineered wood products	99.7	114.3	100.0	98.8	105.2	110.3	107.0	102.9	110.2	117.4		
3219	Other wood products		103.0	100.0	103.0	104.7	113.9	113.9	119.6	126.3	125.3	_	
322	Paper and paper products		90.6	100.0	106.3	106.8	114.2	118.9	123.4	124.5	127.3	-	_
3221	Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	81.7	87.9	100.0		119.9	133.1	141.4	148.0	147.7	151.1	-	-
3222	Converted paper products	89.0	94.0	100.0	101.1	100.5	105.6	109.6	112.9	114.8	116.6	-	-
323	Printing and related support activities		101.7	100.0	104.6	105.3	110.2	111.1	114.5	119.5	121.1	-	-
3231	Printing and related support activities	97.6	101.7	100.0	104.6	105.3	110.2	111.1	114.5	119.5	121.1	-	-
324 3241	Petroleum and coal products Petroleum and coal products		78.4 78.4	100.0 100.0	113.5 113.5	112.1 112.1	118.0 118.0	119.2 119.2	123.4 123.4	123.8 123.8	122.8 122.8	-	-
3241	Chemicals	85.9	86.9	100.0	106.6	105.3	114.2	118.4	125.4	134.1	137.5	-	
020	Chemidal	00.0	00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	114.2	110.4	120.0	104.1	107.0		
3251	Basic chemicals	94.6	90.2	100.0	117.5	108.8	123.8	136.0	154.4	165.2	169.3	-	-
3252	Resin, rubber, and artificial fibers		80.4	100.0	109.8	106.2	123.1	122.2	121.9	130.5	134.9	-	-
3253	Agricultural chemicals	80.4	82.1	100.0	92.1	90.0	99.2	108.4	117.4	132.5	130.7	-	-
3254	Pharmaceuticals and medicines		87.5	100.0	95.6	99.5	97.4	101.5	104.1	110.0	115.0	-	-
3255	Paints, coatings, and adhesives	89.3	89.6	100.0	100.8	105.6	108.9	115.2	119.1	120.8	115.4	-	-
3256	Soap, cleaning compounds, and toiletries	84.4	85.0	100.0	102.8	106.0	124.1	118.2	135.3	153.1	162.9] .
3259	Other chemical products and preparations	75.4	85.8	100.0	119.7	110.4	124.1	123.0	121.3	123.5	118.1	-]
326	Plastics and rubber products	80.9	89.3	100.0	110.2	112.3	120.8	126.0	121.3	132.6	132.8	_]
3261	Plastics products	83.1	90.8	100.0	112.3	114.6	123.8	129.5	131.9	135.6	133.8	_	-
3262	Rubber products	75.5	84.7	100.0	101.7	102.3	107.1	111.0	114.4	118.7	124.9	-	-
3202						I	1	1			1		I
327 3271	Nonmetallic mineral products	87.6 86.9	90.8 92.0	100.0 100.0	102.5 102.9	100.0 98.4	104.6 99.7	111.2 103.5	108.7 109.2	115.3 114.6	114.6 111.9	-	-

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[1997=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
3272	Glass and glass products	82.4	83.9	100.0	108.1	102.9	107.5	115.3	113.8	123.1	132.9		_
3273	Cement and concrete products	93.6	96.2	100.0	101.6	98.0	102.4	108.3	102.8	106.5	103.1	-	-
3274	Lime and gypsum products	88.2	89.3	100.0	98.5	101.8	99.0	107.1	104.7	119.3	116.5	-	-
3279	Other nonmetallic mineral products	83.0	90.3	100.0	96.6	98.6	106.9	113.6	110.6	118.9	116.3	-	-
331	Primary metals	81.0	88.2	100.0	101.3	101.0	115.2	118.2	132.0	135.5	134.3	-	-
3311	Iron and steel mills and ferroalloy production	64.8	74.7	100.0	106.0	104.4	125.1	130.4	164.9	163.1	163.5	-	-
3312	Steel products from purchased steel	79.7	90.1	100.0	96.4	97.9	96.8	93.9	88.6	90.8	86.1	-	-
313	Alumina and aluminum production	90.5	95.8	100.0	96.6	96.2	124.5	126.8	137.3	154.4	151.7	-	-
3314	Other nonferrous metal production	96.8	99.7	100.0	102.3	99.5	107.6	120.6	123.1	122.3	115.7	-	-
3315	Foundries	81.4	86.4	100.0	103.6	107.4	116.7	116.3	123.9	128.6	131.8	-	-
332	Fabricated metal products	87.3	91.9	100.0	104.8	104.8	110.9	114.4	113.4	116.9	119.7	-	-
3321	Forging and stamping	85.4	92.2	100.0	121.1	120.7	125.0	133.1	142.0	147.6	152.7	-	-
322	Cutlery and handtools	86.3	87.4	100.0	105.9	110.3	113.4	113.2	107.6	114.1	116.6	-	-
3323 3324	Architectural and structural metals Boilers, tanks, and shipping containers	88.7 86.0	92.7 95.4	100.0 100.0	100.6 94.2	101.6 94.4	106.0 98.9	108.8 101.6	105.4 93.6	109.2 95.7	113.5 96.6	-	
<i>7</i> 524	Dollers, tariks, and shipping containers	00.0	33.4	100.0	34.2	34.4	30.3	101.0	33.0	33.7	30.0		
3325	Hardware	88.7	87.3	100.0	114.3	113.5	115.5	125.4	126.0	131.8	131.1	-	-
326	Spring and wire products	82.2	90.8	100.0	112.6	111.9	125.7	135.3	133.8	143.2	140.6	-	-
327	Machine shops and threaded products	76.9	87.4	100.0	108.2	108.8	114.8	115.7	114.6	116.3	117.1	-	· ·
328	Coating, engraving, and heat treating metals	75.5	86.6	100.0	105.5	107.3	116.1	118.3	125.3	136.5	135.5	-	· ·
329	Other fabricated metal products	91.0	90.4	100.0	99.9	96.7	106.5	111.6	111.2	112.5	117.7	-	_
333	Machinery	82.3	86.7	100.0	111.5	109.0	116.6	125.2	127.0	134.1	137.4	-	-
331	Agriculture, construction, and mining machinery	74.6	79.0	100.0	100.3	100.3	103.7	116.1	125.4	129.4	129.1	-	-
332	Industrial machinery	75.1	79.9	100.0	130.0	105.8	117.6	117.0	126.5	122.4	135.3	-	-
333	Commercial and service industry machinery	87.0	100.4	100.0	101.3	94.5	97.8	104.7	106.5	115.1	122.3	-	-
3334	HVAC and commercial refrigeration equipment	84.0	91.5	100.0	107.9	110.8	118.6	130.0	132.8	137.1	133.4	-	-
3335	Metalworking machinery	85.1	89.2	100.0	106.1	103.3	112.7	115.2	117.1	127.3	128.3	-	-
336	Turbine and power transmission equipment	80.2	80.9	100.0	114.9	126.9	130.7	143.0	126.4	132.5	128.5	-	-
339	Other general purpose machinery	83.5	85.4	100.0	113.7	110.5	117.9	128.1	127.1	138.4	143.8	-	-
344 341	Computer and electronic products Computer and peripheral equipment	28.4 11.0	43.3 21.4	100.0 100.0	181.8 235.0	181.4 252.2	188.0 297.4	217.2 373.4	244.3 415.1	259.6 543.3	282.2 715.7	-	_
771	Computer and peripheral equipment	11.0	21.4	100.0	255.0	252.2	257.4	373.4	715.1	343.3	7 13.7		
342	Communications equipment	39.8	60.6	100.0	164.1	152.9	128.2	143.1	148.4	143.7	178.2	-	-
343	Audio and video equipment	61.7	93.6	100.0	126.3	128.4	150.1	171.0	239.3	230.2	240.7	-	-
344 345	Semiconductors and electronic components Electronic instruments	17.0 70.2	29.9 85.9	100.0 100.0	232.2 116.7	230.0 119.3	263.1 118.1	321.6 125.3	360.0 145.4	381.6 146.6	380.4 150.6	-	· ·
346	Magnetic media manufacturing and reproduction	85.7	90.9	100.0	105.8	99.8	110.1	126.1	143.4	140.0	137.7	-	-
335	Electrical equipment and appliances	75.5	82.2	100.0	111.5	111.4	113.3	117.2	123.3	130.0	129.4	-	-
351 352	Electric lighting equipment	91.1 73.3	94.1 82.1	100.0 100.0	102.0 117.2	106.7 124.6	112.4 132.3	111.4 146.7	122.7 159.6	130.3 164.5	136.7 173.2	-	· ·
3353	Electrical equipment	68.7	79.0	100.0	99.4	101.0	101.8	103.4	110.8	118.5	118.1		[
3359	Other electrical equipment and components	78.8	82.2	100.0	119.7	113.1	114.0	116.2	115.6	121.6	115.7	-	-
336	Transportation equipment	81.6	88.0	100.0	109.4	113.6	127.4	137.5	134.9	140.9	142.4	_	_
3361	Motor vehicles	75.4	90.8	100.0	109.4	110.0	127.4	140.7	142.1	140.9	163.8]
3362	Motor vehicle bodies and trailers	85.0	88.4	100.0	98.8	88.7	105.4	109.8	110.7	114.2	110.9	_	-
363	Motor vehicle parts	78.7	82.3	100.0	112.3	114.8	130.5	137.0	138.0	144.1	143.7	-	-
364	Aerospace products and parts	87.2	96.5	100.0	103.4	115.7	118.6	119.0	113.2	125.0	117.9	-	-
3365	Railroad rolling stock	55.6	81.7	100.0	118.5	126.1	146.1	139.8	131.5	137.3	148.0	_	_
3366	Ship and boat building	95.5	99.4	100.0	121.9	121.5	131.0	133.9	138.7	131.7	127.3	-	-
3369	Other transportation equipment	73.7	89.5	100.0	132.4	140.2	150.9	163.0	168.3	184.1	197.8	-	-
337	Furniture and related products	84.8	89.5	100.0	101.4	103.4	112.6	117.0	118.4	125.0	127.8	-	-
3371	Household and institutional furniture	85.2	92.5	100.0	101.9	105.5	111.8	114.7	113.6	120.8	124.0	-	-
372	Office furniture and fixtures	85.8	86.4	100.0	100.2	98.0	115.9	125.2	130.7	134.9	134.4	_	_
3379	Other furniture related products	86.3	87.6	100.0	99.5	105.0	110.2	110.0	121.3	128.3	130.8	-	-
339	Miscellaneous manufacturing	81.1	90.0	100.0	114.7	116.6	124.2	132.7	134.9	144.6	149.8	-	-
3391	Medical equipment and supplies	76.3	89.2	100.0	115.5	120.7	129.1	138.9	139.5	148.5	152.8	-	-
3399	Other miscellaneous manufacturing	85.4	90.3	100.0	113.6	111.8	118.0	124.7	128.6	137.8	143.2	-	-
	Wholesale trade												
42	Wholesale trade	73.2	86.5	100.0	116.4	117.6	123.1	127.4	134.2	134.7	136.6	136.5	136.1
423	Durable goods	62.3	75.4 84.1	100.0	124.9 116.7	128.8	140.0	146.4	161.1	166.4	172.0	170.5	171.2 140.5
4231 4232	Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and furnishings	74.5 80.5	95.4	100.0 100.0	116.7	120.1 110.6	133.4 115.8	137.6 123.8	143.5 129.9	146.7 127.0	159.3 130.9	152.2 121.9	140.5 102.4
4232 4233	Lumber and construction supplies	109.1	110.4	100.0	107.7	116.6	123.9	133.0	139.3	140.1	130.9	121.9	126.6
4234	Commercial equipment	28.0	47.1	100.0	181.9	217.8	264.7	298.9	352.5	399.9	442.5	477.7	521.4
7207													
		التنميا	40										
4235	Metals and minerals	101.7 42.8	108.0 56.0	100.0 100.0	93.9 152.7	94.4 147.5	96.3 159.4	97.5 165.7	106.3 194.1	103.5 202.9	99.1 218.9	91.6 229.8	83.8 235.9
4235 4236 4237	Metals and minerals Electric goods Hardware and plumbing	101.7 42.8 82.2	108.0 56.0 94.1	100.0 100.0 100.0	93.9 152.7 103.6	94.4 147.5 100.4	96.3 159.4 102.4	97.5 165.7 103.8	106.3 194.1 107.1	103.5 202.9 103.5	99.1 218.9 103.9	91.6 229.8 98.9	83.8 235.9 91.7

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries [1997=100]

NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
4239	Miscellaneous durable goods	89.8	108.5	100.0	114.4	117.0	124.7	119.8	134.4	133.4	120.6	117.0	120.3
424	Nondurable goods	91.0	100.3	100.0	105.0	105.0	105.7	110.4	113.5	113.9	111.9	111.0	110.5
4241	Paper and paper products	85.6	96.4	100.0	100.8	104.5	116.4	119.6	130.7	141.4	136.4	144.9	132.5
4242	Druggists' goods	70.7	88.5	100.0	85.8	84.8	89.7	100.1	105.7	112.0	109.1	101.6	108.8
4243	Apparel and piece goods	86.3	96.1	100.0	108.8	115.2	122.8	125.9	131.0	140.9	141.2	139.4	145.8
4244	Grocery and related products	87.9	104.5	100.0	102.3	101.8	98.5	104.8	104.0	103.1	102.9	105.6	101.9
4245	Farm product raw materials	81.6	83.2	100.0	105.2	102.2	98.2	98.3	109.3	111.4	118.3	117.7	119.8
4246	Chemicals	90.4	105.2	100.0	87.9	85.3	89.0	92.1	91.1	86.8	82.8	82.5	83.2
4247	Petroleum	84.4	113.5	100.0	138.0	140.5	153.5	151.0	163.0	151.4	147.0	141.2	143.6
4248	Alcoholic beverages	99.3	104.2	100.0	108.5	106.5	106.8	108.0	103.2	104.1	107.6	107.7	103.2
4249	Miscellaneous nondurable goods	111.2	98.1	100.0	114.7	111.8	106.1	109.8	120.5	123.5	120.3	115.6	107.7
425	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	64.3	84.5	100.0	120.1	110.7	109.8	104.6	98.2	87.3	92.4	100.3	97.7
4251	Electronic markets and agents and brokers	64.3	84.5	100.0	120.1	110.7	109.8	104.6	98.2	87.3	92.4	100.3	97.7
44.45	Retail trade	70.0	05.0	400.0	440.4	400.4	405.0	404.0	407.0	444.0	440.7	450.7	440.0
44-45	Retail trade	79.2	85.2	100.0	116.1	120.1	125.6	131.6	137.9	141.3	146.7	150.7	148.0 119.1
441 4411	Motor vehicle and parts dealers Automobile dealers	78.4 79.2	88.1 89.6	100.0 100.0	114.3 113.7	116.0 115.5	119.9 117.2	124.3 119.5	127.3 124.7	126.7 123.5	129.0 125.4	130.7 128.0	116.2
4412	Other motor vehicle dealers	74.1	84.8	100.0	115.7	124.6	133.6	133.8	143.3	134.7	142.9	144.7	147.1
4413	Auto parts, accessories, and tire stores	71.8	82.8	100.0	108.4	101.3	107.7	115.1	110.1	115.5	116.5	113.7	109.2
442	Furniture and home furnishings stores	75.2	86.3	100.0	115.9	122.4	129.3	134.6	146.7	150.5	156.5	165.6	166.1
4421	Furniture stores	77.3	91.2	100.0	112.0	119.7	125.2	128.8	139.2	142.3	149.9	154.2	152.2
4422	Home furnishings stores.	71.5	79.5	100.0	121.0	126.1	134.9	142.6	156.8	161.1	165.9	180.7	184.1
443	Electronics and appliance stores	38.0	56.4	100.0	173.7	196.7	233.5	292.7	334.1	369.2	414.0	469.5	544.0
4431	Electronics and appliance stores	38.0	56.4	100.0	173.7	196.7	233.5	292.7	334.1	369.2	414.0	469.5	544.0
444	Building material and garden supply stores	75.8	81.6	100.0	113.2	116.8	120.8	127.0	134.4	134.5	137.6	141.1	142.2
4441	Building material and supplies dealers	77.6	82.8	100.0	115.0	116.6	121.3	127.4	133.9	134.9	137.7	138.8	135.9
4442	Lawn and garden equipment and supplies stores	66.9	75.1	100.0	103.1	118.4	118.3	125.7	140.1	132.2	138.0	160.9	194.5
445	Food and beverage stores	110.9	106.7	100.0	101.0	103.8	104.7	107.2	112.8	117.9	120.6	123.8	121.5
4451	Grocery stores	111.1	106.9	100.0	101.0	103.3	104.8	106.7	112.2	116.8	118.3	120.6	118.9
4452	Specialty food stores	138.5	111.8	100.0	98.5	108.2	105.3	112.2	120.3	125.0	138.1	147.5	135.5
4453	Beer, wine, and liquor stores	93.6	94.5	100.0	105.7	107.1	110.1	117.0	127.8	139.8	145.9	155.3	147.7
446	Health and personal care stores	84.0	89.9	100.0	112.2	116.2	122.9	129.5	134.3	133.8	138.9	137.8	138.3
4461	Health and personal care stores	84.0	89.9	100.0	112.2	116.2	122.9	129.5	134.3	133.8	138.9	137.8	138.3
447	Gasoline stations	83.9	87.8	100.0	107.7	112.9	125.1	119.9	122.2	124.4	123.8	126.9	126.1
4471	Gasoline stations	83.9	87.8	100.0	107.7	112.9	125.1	119.9	122.2	124.4	123.8	126.9	126.1
448	Clothing and clothing accessories stores	66.3	75.7	100.0	123.5	126.4	131.3	138.9	139.1	147.5	161.2	173.8	179.4
4481	Clothing stores	67.1	78.9	100.0	125.0	130.3	136.0	141.8	140.9	152.8	167.8	183.6	196.2
4482	Shoe stores	65.3	75.0 63.1	100.0 100.0	110.0	111.5	125.2 118.7	132.5	124.8	132.1	145.5	142.3 159.3	140.6 144.7
4483	Jewelry, luggage, and leather goods stores	64.5	03.1	100.0	130.5	123.9	110.7	132.9	144.3	138.8	147.3	159.5	144.7
451	Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores	74.9	86.4	100.0	121.1	127.1	127.6	131.5	151.1	163.6	170.0	167.4	172.7
4511	Sporting goods and musical instrument stores	73.2	86.3	100.0	129.4	134.5	136.0	141.1	166.0	179.6	190.6	186.4	192.8
4512	Book, periodical, and music stores	78.9	86.6	100.0	105.8	113.0	111.6	113.7	123.6	134.0	132.3	132.5	135.9
452	General merchandise stores	73.5	83.0	100.0	120.2	124.8	129.1	136.9	140.7	145.1	149.9	150.6	149.5 99.3
4521	Department stores	87.5	91.5	100.0	106.0	103.6	102.1	106.5	109.7	111.2	113.7	106.4	99.3
4529	Other general merchandise stores	54.6	69.7	100.0	147.6	165.2	179.1	189.5	191.7	198.2	203.9	215.4	220.6
453	Miscellaneous store retailers	65.1	73.7	100.0	114.1	112.6	119.1	126.1	130.8	139.1	153.0	159.4	163.0
4531	Florists	77.6	83.7	100.0	115.2	102.7	113.8	108.9	103.4	123.4	142.8	134.4	159.9
4532 4533	Office supplies, stationery and gift stores	61.4 64.5	74.4 81.7	100.0 100.0	127.3 116.5	132.3 121.9	141.5 142.0	153.9 149.7	172.8 152.6	182.4 156.7	202.5 167.0	214.8 187.3	208.6 211.1
4539	Other miscellaneous store retailers	68.3	71.2	100.0	104.4	96.9	94.4	99.9	96.9	101.4	112.3	116.1	114.4
454	Nonstore retailers	50.7	61.1	100.0	152.2	163.6	182.1	195.5	215.5	220.9	255.7	277.5	281.8
4541 4542	Electronic shopping and mail-order houses Vending machine operators	39.4 95.5	50.2 92.7	100.0 100.0	160.2 111.1	179.6 95.7	212.7 91.2	243.6 102.3	273.0 110.5	290.2 114.7	341.7 127.4	375.8 129.9	362.8 146.8
4543	Direct selling establishments	70.8	78.9	100.0	122.5	127.9	135.0	127.0	130.3	120.0	129.4	134.9	134.3
	Transportation and warehousing	7 0.0	70.0	100.0	122.0	121.0	100.0	.2	100.0	120.0	.20	101.0	101.0
481	Air transportation	78.0	81.3	100.0	97.7	92.5	101.7	112.1	126.3	135.9	142.9	145.4	-
482111	Line-haul railroads	58.9	82.3	100.0	114.3	121.9	131.9	138.5	141.4	136.3	144.2	137.7	-
48412	General freight trucking, long-distance	85.7	97.8	100.0	101.9	103.2	107.0	110.7	110.7	113.3	113.3	115.3	-
48421	Used household and office goods moving	106.7	112.5	100.0	94.8	84.0	81.6	86.2	88.6	88.5	88.9	93.2	-
491 4011	U.S. Postal service.	90.9	95.2	100.0	105.5	106.3	106.4	107.8	110.0	111.2	111.3	112.0	-
4911	U.S. Postal service	90.9	95.2	100.0	105.5	106.3	106.4	107.8	110.0	111.2	111.3	112.0	-
492	Couriers and messengers	148.3	155.8	100.0	128.8	132.6	143.2	146.4	138.5	136.5	140.3	132.5	-
	Warehousing and storage	-	76.2	100.0	109.3	115.3 115.3	122.1 122.1	124.8 124.8	122.5 122.5	123.5 123.5	119.4	115.5	-
493													-
4931	Warehousing and storage	-	76.2 61.2	100.0	109.3						119.4	115.5	
		-	76.2 61.2 93.0	100.0 100.0 100.0	109.3 115.8 95.4	126.3 85.4	136.1 87.2	138.9 92.2	130.9 99.3	132.0 88.8	130.1 80.4	124.2 85.1	-

50. Continued - Annual indexes of output per hour for selected NAICS industries

[1997=100]

[1997=10													
NAICS	Industry	1987	1992	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	Information												
511	Publishing industries, except internet	64.1	73.2	100.0	117.1	116.6	117.2	126.4	130.7	136.7	144.3	150.1	_
5111	Newspaper, book, and directory publishers	105.0	96.0	100.0	107.7	105.8	104.7	109.6	106.7	107.9	112.2	114.1	
5112	Software publishers	10.2	43.1	100.0	119.2	117.4	122.1	138.1	160.6	173.5	178.7	184.6	
51213	Motion picture and video exhibition	90.7	104.0	100.0	106.5	101.6	99.8	100.4	103.6	102.4	107.3	110.6	_
		90.7	104.0										-
515	Broadcasting, except internet	99.5	102.9	100.0	103.6	99.2	104.0	107.9	112.5	116.1	123.1	132.8	-
5151	Radio and television broadcasting	98.1	104.3	100.0	92.1	89.6	95.1	94.6	96.6	99.0	106.8	110.8	-
5152	Cable and other subscription programming	105.6	96.4	100.0	141.2	128.1	129.8	146.0	158.7	163.7	168.1	192.5	-
5171	Wired telecommunications carriers	56.9	72.1	100.0	122.7	116.7	124.1	130.5	131.9	138.3	142.4	142.2	-
5172	Wireless telecommunications carriers	75.6	74.4	100.0	152.8	191.9	217.9	242.6	292.4	381.9	431.6	456.5	-
5175	Cable and other program distribution	105.2	96.1	100.0	91.6	87.7	95.0	101.3	113.8	110.5	110.7	123.8	-
	Finance and insurance												
52211	Commercial banking	73.6	83.9	100.0	104.8	102.4	106.9	111.7	117.8	119.3	122.7	123.8	-
	Real estate and rental and leasing												
532111	Passenger car rental	92.7	104.8	100.0	112.3	111.1	114.6	121.1	118.2	109.8	111.4	130.1	
53211	Truck, trailer, and RV rental and leasing	60.3	66.9	100.0	121.8	113.5	114.0	116.3	137.7	147.1	168.9	173.8	_
53212	Video tape and disc rental	77.0	102.2	100.0	134.9	133.3	130.3	148.5	154.5	144.2	176.2	223.0	_
55225	l '	11.0	102.2	100.0	134.9	133.3	130.3	140.5	154.5	144.2	176.2	223.0	-
E 4 4 0 4 0	Professional and technical services			400.0	4000		l	440.0		400 =	400.0		
541213	Tax preparation services	82.9	87.5	100.0	100.9	94.4	111.4	110.0	99.9	103.7	103.2	117.4	-
54131	Architectural services	90.0	100.6	100.0	107.6	111.0	107.6	112.6	118.3	119.8	118.9	124.5	-
54133	Engineering services	90.2	97.3	100.0	102.0	100.1	100.5	100.5	107.8	112.3	113.1	110.0	-
54181	Advertising agencies	95.9	112.7	100.0	107.5	106.9	113.1	121.1	133.4	132.9	134.1	139.1	-
541921	Photography studios, portrait	98.1	96.3	100.0	108.9	102.2	97.6	104.2	93.1	93.6	98.8	104.5	-
	Administrative and waste services												
56131	Employment placement agencies	-	-	100.0	89.8	99.6	116.8	115.4	119.8	116.0	123.8	132.8	-
56151	Travel agencies	89.3	92.4	100.0	119.4	115.2	127.6	147.2	167.2	179.2	183.4	190.6	-
56172	Janitorial services	75.1	92.1	100.0	101.0	102.1	105.6	118.8	116.6	120.7	116.1	122.3	-
	Health care and social assistance												
6215	Medical and diagnostic laboratories	-	-	100.0	131.9	135.3	137.6	140.8	140.8	137.8	139.7	136.0	-
621511	Medical laboratories	-	-	100.0	127.4	127.7	123.1	128.6	130.7	125.8	127.3	130.0	-
621512	Diagnostic imaging centers	-	-	100.0	139.9	148.3	163.3	160.0	153.5	154.1	156.8	138.9	-
	Arts, entertainment, and recreation												
71311	Amusement and theme parks	111.9	95.8	100.0	106.0	93.0	106.5	113.2	101.4	109.9	97.7	103.2	
71395	Bowling centers	106.0	104.6	100.0	93.4	94.3	96.4	102.4	107.9	106.5	102.6	122.8	-
	Accommodation and food services												
72	Accommodation and food services	93.1	98.4	100.0	105.8	104.7	105.7	107.3	109.0	108.6	108.7	107.9	_
721	Accommodation	85.8	90.7	100.0	110.3	107.9	112.0	113.1	119.2	114.3	110.8	109.0	_
7211	Traveler accommodation	84.8	90.2	100.0	111.2	107.3	112.0	113.1	119.4	114.9	110.9	109.0	_
721	Food services and drinking places	96.0	101.2	100.0	103.5	103.8	104.4	106.3	107.0	107.9	109.1	109.0	107.9
7221	Full-service restaurants	92.1	97.6	100.0	103.5	103.6	104.4	100.3	107.0	107.9	105.1	104.1	107.9
7221	Limited-service eating places	96.5	102.8	100.0	103.0	103.6	104.4	104.2	104.8	105.2	109.1	104.1	104.6
7223 7224	Special food services Drinking places, alcoholic beverages	89.9 136.7	100.8 119.1	100.0 100.0	115.0 100.6	115.3 97.6	114.9 102.9	117.6 118.6	118.0 112.2	119.2 120.6	117.9 134.2	119.6 137.6	121.8 143.3
1224	l	130.7	118.1	100.0	100.6	91.0	102.9	110.0	112.2	120.0	134.2	137.0	143.3
0111	Other services	05.0	00.4	100.0	100.4	100.0	102.7	104.4	112.0	110.4	111 1	110.4	
8111	Automotive repair and maintenance	85.9	90.1	100.0	109.4	108.9	103.7	104.1	112.0	112.1	111.4	110.4	-
81142	Reupholstery and furniture repair	105.3	107.5	100.0	105.5	105.0	102.0	97.2	99.8	101.4	100.0	105.8	-
81211	Hair, nail, and skin care services	83.5	86.5	100.0	108.2	114.6	110.4	119.7	125.0	130.0	129.8	134.5	-
81221	Funeral homes and funeral services	103.7	106.1	100.0	94.8	91.8	94.6	95.7	92.9	93.1	99.5	97.0	-
8123	Drycleaning and laundry services	97.1	95.8	100.0	107.6	110.9	112.5	103.8	110.6	121.1	119.7	114.6	-
81292	Photofinishing	95.8	111.8	100.0	73.8	81.2	100.5	100.5	102.0	112.4	111.3	110.2	-

NOTE: Dash indicates data are not available.

51. Unemployment rates adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries, seasonally adjusted

[Percent]

				20	07			20		2009		
Country	2007	2008	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II	III	IV	ı	II
United States	4.6	5.8	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.8	4.9	5.4	6.0	6.9	8.1	9.2
Canada	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.6	6.7	7.5
Australia	4.4	4.2	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.5	5.3	5.7
Japan	3.9	4.0	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.5	5.3
France	8.1	7.5	8.6	8.2	8.1	7.7	7.2	7.4	7.5	8.0	8.7	9.3
Germany	8.7	7.5	9.2	8.8	8.6	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.4	7.4	7.7	8.0
Italy	6.2	6.8	6.2	6.1	6.3	6.4	6.6	6.8	6.9	7.1	7.3	7.4
Netherlands	3.2	2.8	3.6	3.2	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.3
Sweden	6.2	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.9	6.5	7.4	8.2
United Kingdom	5.4	5.7	5.5	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.4	5.9	6.3	7.0	7.8

Quarterly figures for France, Germany, Italy, and the Netherlands are calculated by applying annual adjustment factors to current published data and therefore should be viewed as less precise indicators of unemployment under U.S. concepts than the annual figures. For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS report International Comparisons of Annual Labor Force Statistics, Adjusted to U.S. Concepts, 10 Countries (on the internet at http://www.bls.gov/ilc/flscomparelf.htm).

For monthly unemployment rates, as well as the quarterly and annual rates published in this table, see the BLS report International Unemployment Rates and Employment Indexes, Seasonally Adjusted (on the Internet at http://www.bls.gov/lic/intl_unemployment_rates_monthly.htm). Unemployment rates may differ between the two reports mentioned, because the former is updated annually, whereas the latter is updated monthly and reflects the most recent revisions in source data.

52. Annual data: employment status of the working-age population, adjusted to U.S. concepts, 10 countries

[Numbers in thousands]

Employment status and country Civilian labor force	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Civilian labor force	1000	1000	2000	2001		2000	2004		2000	2007	
United States	137,673	139,368	142,583	143,734	144,863	146,510	147,401	149,320	151,428	153,124	154,287
Canada	1 1	15,403	15,637	15,891	16,366	16,733	16,955	17,108	17,351	17,696	17,987
Australia	1 1	9,414	9,590	9,746	9,901	10,085	10,213	10,529	10,771	11,021	11,254
Japan		67,090	66,990	66,860	66,240	66,010	65,770	65,850	65,960	66,080	65,900
France	1 1	25,705	25,951	26,217	26,448	26,624	26,758	26,926	27,169	27,305	27,541
Germany		39,375	39,302	39,459	39,413	39,276	39,711	40,760	41,250	41,416	41,623
Italy		23,176	23,361	23,524	23,728	24,020	24,084	24,179	24,395	24,459	24,829
Netherlands	. 7,744	7,881	8,052	8,199	8,345	8,379	8,439	8,459	8,541	8,686	8,780
Sweden	4,403	4,429	4,490	4,530	4,545	4,565	4,579	4,700	4,752	4,827	4,887
United Kingdom	. 28,474	28,786	28,962	29,092	29,343	29,565	29,802	30,137	30,598	30,778	31,125
Participation rate ¹											
United States	67.1	67.1	67.1	66.8	66.6	66.2	66.0	66.0	66.2	66.0	66.0
Canada	1 1	65.9	66.0	66.1	67.1	67.7	67.7	67.4	67.4	67.7	67.9
Australia	1	64.0	64.4	64.4	64.3	64.6	64.6	65.4	65.8	66.2	66.6
Japan	1 1	62.4	62.0	61.6	60.8	60.3	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	59.8
France	1	56.2	56.3	56.4	56.4	56.3	56.2	56.1	56.3	56.2	56.3
Germany	1 1	56.9	56.7	56.7	56.4	56.0	56.4	57.6	58.2	58.4	58.6
Italy	1 1	47.9	48.1	48.3	48.5	49.1	49.1	48.7	48.9	48.6	49.0
Netherlands	1	62.5	63.4	64.0	64.7	64.6	64.8	64.7	65.1	65.9	66.3
Sweden	1 1	62.7	63.7	63.7	63.9	63.9	63.6	64.9	65.0	65.4	65.2
United Kingdom	1	62.8	62.8	62.7	62.9	62.9	63.0	63.1	63.5	63.4	63.6
Employed											
United States	131,463	133,488	136,891	136,933	136,485	137,736	139,252	141,730	144,427	146,047	145,362
Canada		14,331	14,681	14,866	15,223	15,586	15,861	16,080	16,393	16,767	17,025
Australia	1 1	8,762	8,989	9,088	9,271	9,485	9,662	9,998	10,255	10,539	10,777
Japan	1 1	63,920	63,790	63,460	62,650	62,510	62,640	62.910	63,210	63,510	63,250
France	1 1	23,080	23,689	24,146	24,316	24,325	24,346	24,497	24,737	25,088	25,474
Germany		36.042	36,236	36,350	36,018	35,615	35,604	36.185	36,978	37,815	38,480
Italy	1 1	20,617	20,973	21,359	21,666	21,972	22,124	22,290	22,721	22,953	23,137
Netherlands		7,605	7,813	8,014	8,114	8,069	8,052	8,056	8,205	8,408	8,537
Sweden		4,116	4,230	4,303	4,311	4,301	4,279	4,334	4,416	4,530	4,582
United Kingdom		27,058	27,375	27,604	27,815	28,077	28,380	28,674	28,928	29,127	29,343
Employment-population ratio ²],	,		,			,	,	,	,	
	64.4	64.0	64.4	co 7	co 7	60.0	00.0	co 7	CO 4	C2 0	CO 0
United States	64.1	64.3	64.4	63.7	62.7	62.3	62.3	62.7	63.1	63.0	62.2
Canada	1	61.3 59.6	62.0 60.3	61.9 60.0	62.4	63.1 60.8	63.3 61.1	63.4 62.1	63.6 62.6	64.2 63.3	64.2 63.8
Australia	1 1		59.0	58.4	60.2	57.1		57.3	57.5		57.4
Japan	1 1	59.4 50.4	51.4	51.9	57.5 51.8	51.5	57.1 51.1	51.1	51.2	57.6 51.6	52.1
France		50.4	52.2	52.2		50.8	50.6	51.1	51.2	53.3	54.2
GermanyItaly	1	42.6	43.2	43.8	51.5 44.3	44.9	45.1	44.9	45.5	45.6	45.6
Netherlands		60.3	61.5	62.6	62.9	62.2	61.8	61.6	62.5	63.7	64.5
Sweden	1	58.3	60.1	60.5	60.6	60.2	59.5	59.9	60.4	61.3	61.1
	1	59.0	59.4	59.5	59.6	59.8	60.0	60.0	60.1	60.0	59.9
United Kingdom	. 36.5	39.0	39.4	39.5	39.0	39.0	00.0	00.0	00.1	00.0	39.9
Unemployed											
United States		5,880	5,692	6,801	8,378	8,774	8,149	7,591	7,001	7,078	8,924
Canada	1 1	1,072	956	1,026	1,143	1,147	1,093	1,028	958	929	962
Australia	1	652	602	658	630	599	551	531	516	482	477
Japan	1 1	3,170	3,200	3,400	3,590	3,500	3,130	2,940	2,750	2,570	2,650
France	1 1	2,625	2,262	2,071	2,132	2,299	2,412	2,429	2,432	2,217	2,067
Germany		3,333	3,065	3,110	3,396	3,661	4,107	4,575	4,272	3,601	3,140
Italy	1	2,559	2,388	2,164	2,062	2,048	1,960	1,889	1,673	1,506	1,692
Netherlands	1 1	277	239	186	231	310	387	402	336	278	243
Sweden	1 1	313	260	227 1,489	234	264 1,488	300	367 1,463	336 1,670	298	305 1,783
United Kingdom	. 1,791	1,728	1,587	1,489	1,528	1,488	1,423	1,463	1,670	1,652	1,783
Unemployment rate ³											
United States		4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6	5.8
Canada	1	7.0	6.1	6.5	7.0	6.9	6.4	6.0	5.5	5.3	5.3
	1	6.9	6.3	6.8	6.4	5.9	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.2
Australia		4.7	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.9	4.0
AustraliaJapan	1 1			7.9	8.1	8.6	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.1	7.5
Australia Japan France	. 10.6	10.2	8.7			I					
Australia	. 10.6	8.5	7.8	7.9	8.6	9.3	10.3	11.2	10.4	8.7	7.5
Australia. Japan. France. Germany. Italy.	. 10.6 . 9.3 . 11.5	8.5 11.0	7.8 10.2	7.9 9.2	8.6 8.7	9.3 8.5	10.3 8.1	11.2 7.8	10.4 6.9	8.7 6.2	7.5 6.8
Australia	. 10.6 . 9.3 . 11.5 . 4.4	8.5 11.0 3.5	7.8 10.2 3.0	7.9 9.2 2.3	8.6 8.7 2.8	9.3 8.5 3.7	10.3 8.1 4.6	11.2 7.8 4.8	10.4 6.9 3.9	8.7 6.2 3.2	7.5 6.8 2.8
Australia. Japan. France. Germany. Italy.	. 10.6 . 9.3 . 11.5 . 4.4 . 8.4	8.5 11.0	7.8 10.2	7.9 9.2	8.6 8.7	9.3 8.5	10.3 8.1	11.2 7.8	10.4 6.9	8.7 6.2	7.5 6.8

Labor force as a percent of the working-age population.

2 Employment as a percent of the working-age population.

3 Unemployment as a percent of the labor force.

NOTE: There are breaks in series for the United States (1999, 2000, 2003, 2004), Australia (2001), France (2003), Germany (1999, 2005), the Netherlands (2000, 2003), and Sweden (2005). For further qualifications and historical annual data, see the BLS

53. Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 17 economies

[2002 = 100]

Second S		1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Camesa	Output per hour	44.0	50.0	65.0	60.0	71.0	74.0	70.1	00.1	00.5	00.4	100.4	110.0	445.4	100.5	100.0	107.0
Agentals								-									127.8
Japan																	107.3 105.9
Nome																	127.0
Symptone																	159.9
Telemen																	103.1
Beglum.																	132.8
Demmark																	120.8
France	•																114.1
Semany																	115.4
Indy 18th																	129.2
Nemberlands	· ·																99.6
Norway	•																119.7
Spain																	117.2
Number	·																
United States																	110.1
Output United States 49,6 66,2 75,7 79,1 82,1 87,1 92,9 99,3 101,0 97,3 101,1 108,8 107,7 113,6 113,3 113,3 113,3 113,3 113,3 113,3 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>134.6</td></th<>																	134.6
United States	-	46.3	12.8	83.5	82.1	81.4	82.9	83.7	87.8	93.7	97.0	104.2	110.8	115.5	119.8	123.8	124.2
Canada		40.0	00.0	75.7	70.4	00.4	07.4	00.0	00.0	400.0	07.0	404.4	400.0	407.7	440.0	4400	440.7
Australia																	113.7
Japan																	95.9
Korea Rp. of																	105.4
Singapore																	121.4
Talwan 9.02 60.5 71.1 75.0 78.9 83.5 86.1 92.4 99.2 91.8 105.3 115.6 125.6 132.5 146.9 Denmark. 67.5 87.5 89.9 90.2 94.5 96.1 96.4 100.7 100.8 86. 102.2 102.0 104.9 107.6 Denmark. 77.3 85.5 90.3 94.7 90.3 97.7 98.5 99.4 102.9 103.0 97.2 98.8 93.3 103.4 107.2 France. 99.5 81.5 80.9 90.1 88.2 92.0 93.1 197. 94.8 91.1 100.1 10.1 10.2 100.7 104.3 107.8 105.6 122.7 113.9 113.3 94.5 99.1 100.1 10.2 100.7 104.3 107.8 105.6 122.7 113.9 113.3 94.5 99.1 100.1 10.2 100.7 104.3 107.8 105.6 122.7 113.9 113.3 94.5 99.1 100.1 10.2 100.7 104.3 107.8 105.6 122.7 113.9 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3 10.3																	146.9
Belgium																	145.9
Demmark																	144.7
France	•																107.1
Semmary Semm																	105.2
Italy																	103.2
Netherlands																	123.5
Nonway	y	71.1	88.2	91.4	95.7	95.2	96.6	97.5	97.3	101.4	101.1	97.3	98.0	97.8	101.1	103.1	98.4
Spain	herlands			82.0	85.1						99.9	98.9		104.3	107.9		110.6
Newden	way	95.1	91.4	94.1	94.6	98.4	102.7	101.9	101.8	101.3	100.5	103.3	109.2	114.1	117.5	123.6	127.3
Valied Kingdom	ain	58.8	73.7	73.2	76.0	77.9	82.9	87.9	92.9	97.0	100.1	101.2	101.9	103.1	105.0	106.0	103.8
Total hours	eden	46.8	56.1	59.7	67.5	69.7	75.1	81.3	89.0	96.3	94.1	104.9	114.5	119.8	129.2	132.2	127.6
United States	ted Kingdom	78.5	94.9	95.6	97.1	97.9	99.6	100.3	101.3	103.6	102.2	99.7	101.9	101.7	103.4	104.0	101.0
Canada																	
Australia					115.9	115.7	117.7	117.4	116.6					93.6	94.3		89.0
Japan																	89.3
Korea, Rep. of. — 119.2 111.1 113.0 109.3 101.7 84.0 92.0 99.1 102.0 98.7 98.3 94.1 90.6 90.2 Singapore. — 100.5 102.4 105.7 103.7 104.8 96.5 99.0 106.8 100.5 193.2 113.0 102.9 113.0 113.3 111.2 108.9 110.6 108.8 110.1 112.4 99.6 102.7 107.7 108.2 109.6 108.8 110.1 112.4 99.6 102.7 107.7 108.2 109.6 108.8 110.1 112.4 99.6 102.7 107.7 108.2 109.0 108.0 103.7 103.7 103.7 103.7 103.7 104.0 105.6 103.7 103.1 104.5 103.7 102.0 103.7 102.0 103.7 103.7 102.0 103.7 102.0 103.7 102.0 103.7 102.1 103.2 101.5 103.7 91.0 108.2	stralia	119.1	110.0	106.7	107.4	107.7	108.0	105.9	104.1	102.9	99.5	99.9	98.7	97.7	95.9	97.1	99.6
Singapore	an	129.3	139.6	124.7	122.0	121.0	119.9	112.5	109.1	109.0	105.3	98.6	97.5	96.3	98.6	98.8	95.7
Taiwan	ea, Rep. of	-	119.2	111.1	113.0	109.3	101.7	84.0	92.0	99.1	102.0	98.7	98.3	94.1	90.6	90.2	91.9
Belgium	gapore	-	100.5	102.4	105.7	103.7	104.8	96.5	99.0	106.8	100.5	99.3	106.5	114.6	125.2	137.9	141.5
Denmark	wan	102.9	113.0	113.3	111.2	108.9	110.6	108.8	110.1	112.4	99.6	102.7	107.9	107.7	108.2	109.6	109.0
France	gium	135.3	117.9	106.3	104.5	103.4	101.9	102.3	103.4	104.0	104.0	95.8	94.5	91.9	91.1	89.5	88.6
Germany	nmark	117.0	107.8	99.5	104.3	102.9	103.1	104.5	103.7	103.7	103.7	93.3	89.6	87.3	86.9	89.8	92.2
Italy	nce	161.9	128.2	111.8	111.3	110.7	109.4	109.0	108.0	105.4	104.4	97.5	95.8	93.7	91.3	90.8	89.4
Netherlands 123.6 112.7 103.9 103.7 102.9 104.0 104.5 104.1 103.6 103.0 96.8 93.9 91.6 91.3 91.7 Norway 135.6 104.1 105.5 107.3 108.4 112.8 115.0 111.0 107.1 103.4 95.1 94.9 95.8 100.7 106.2 Spain 101.6 92.1 81.1 81.4 84.5 89.0 92.8 96.4 99.7 100.5 98.8 97.6 96.8 96.8 96.8 95.4 Sweden 113.2 110.2 95.1 101.3 101.3 100.1 102.2 102.4 103.8 104.3 97.0 95.7 94.2 93.0 94.6 United Kingdom 169.8 130.4 114.5 118.2 120.3 120.1 119.8 115.4 110.6 105.4 95.7 92.0 88.1 86.3 84.9 Whiled States 38.2 62.1 72.2 </td <td>rmany</td> <td>149.3</td> <td>135.3</td> <td>114.5</td> <td>111.7</td> <td>106.4</td> <td>104.9</td> <td>105.8</td> <td>104.2</td> <td>104.0</td> <td>103.1</td> <td>97.3</td> <td>97.1</td> <td>95.0</td> <td>93.9</td> <td>94.9</td> <td>95.6</td>	rmany	149.3	135.3	114.5	111.7	106.4	104.9	105.8	104.2	104.0	103.1	97.3	97.1	95.0	93.9	94.9	95.6
Norway	y	125.1	113.0	101.8	101.6	100.7	100.1	102.5	101.5	100.5	99.9	99.4	98.7	97.0	98.6	100.0	98.9
Spain 101.6 92.1 81.1 81.4 84.5 89.0 92.8 96.4 99.7 100.5 98.8 97.6 96.8 96.8 95.4 Sweden 113.2 110.2 95.1 101.3 101.3 100.1 102.2 102.4 103.8 104.3 97.0 95.7 94.2 93.0 94.6 United Kingdom 169.8 130.4 114.5 118.2 120.3 120.1 119.8 115.4 110.6 105.4 95.7 92.0 88.1 86.3 84.0 Hourly compensation (national currency basis) 0 112.5 114.7 119.6 115.4 110.6 105.4 95.7 92.0 88.1 86.3 84.0 Canada 36.3 68.3 79.8 81.7 82.9 84.9 89.3 91.2 94.2 96.8 104.0 107.7 112.4 115.8 119.9 Australia — 61.7 69.8 74.1 77.5 79.6	herlands	123.6	112.7	103.9	103.7	102.9	104.0	104.5	104.1	103.6	103.0	96.8	93.9	91.6	91.3	91.7	92.4
Sweden	way	135.6	104.1	105.5	107.3	108.4	112.8	115.0	111.0	107.1	103.4	95.1	94.9	95.8	100.7	106.2	108.6
United Kingdom	ain	101.6	92.1	81.1	81.4	84.5	89.0	92.8	96.4	99.7	100.5	98.8	97.6	96.8	96.8	95.4	94.3
Hourly compensation (national currency basis) 38.2 62.1 72.2 73.4 74.6 76.5 81.2 84.8 91.3 94.8 108.0 108.9 112.5 114.7 119.6 Canada	eden	113.2	110.2	95.1	101.3	101.3	100.1	102.2	102.4	103.8	104.3	97.0	95.7	94.2	93.0	94.6	94.8
(national currency basis) United States	ted Kingdom	169.8	130.4	114.5	118.2	120.3	120.1	119.8	115.4	110.6	105.4	95.7	92.0	88.1	86.3	84.0	81.3
United States	Hourly compensation																
Canada. 36.3 68.3 79.8 81.7 82.9 84.9 89.3 91.2 94.2 96.8 104.0 107.7 112.4 115.8 119.9 Australia. - 61.7 69.8 74.1 77.5 79.6 82.9 86.2 90.0 95.7 103.9 109.4 116.3 124.2 130.7 Japan. 50.4 77.4 89.4 92.4 93.2 96.4 98.8 98.6 98.0 99.3 97.8 98.8 99.6 98.5 98.3 Korea, Rep. of. - 23.7 46.5 56.4 65.7 71.4 77.7 78.2 85.2 89.0 105.5 120.6 139.7 153.9 163.8 Singapore. - 56.2 77.5 81.0 87.0 90.9 96.1 87.9 90.2 97.3 100.6 97.9 96.8 95.0 94.2 Taiwan. 20.4 58.6 76.4 82.7 88.2 90.8 94.2 95.9 97.6 103.7 101.0 102.7 108.9 <t< td=""><td>(national currency basis)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	(national currency basis)																
Australia - 61.7 69.8 74.1 77.5 79.6 82.9 86.2 90.0 95.7 103.9 109.4 116.3 124.2 130.7 Japan 50.4 77.4 89.4 92.4 93.2 96.4 98.8 98.6 98.0 99.3 97.8 98.8 99.6 98.5 98.3 Korea, Rep. of - 23.7 46.5 56.4 65.7 71.4 77.7 78.2 85.2 89.0 105.5 120.6 139.7 153.9 163.8 Singapore - 56.2 77.5 81.0 87.0 90.9 96.1 87.9 90.2 97.3 100.6 97.9 96.8 95.0 94.3 Taiwan 20.4 58.6 76.4 82.7 88.2 90.8 94.2 95.9 97.6 103.7 101.0 102.1 105.7 108.9 112.4 Belgium 40.2 69.0 80.9 83.2 84.7 87	ted States	38.2	62.1	72.2	73.4	74.6	76.5	81.2	84.8	91.3	94.8	108.0	108.9	112.5	114.7	119.6	123.2
Japan 50.4 77.4 89.4 92.4 93.2 96.4 98.8 98.0 99.3 97.8 98.8 99.6 98.5 98.3 Korea, Rep. of - 23.7 46.5 56.4 65.7 71.4 77.7 78.2 85.2 89.0 105.5 120.6 139.7 153.9 163.8 Singapore - 56.2 77.5 81.0 87.0 90.9 96.1 87.9 90.2 97.3 100.6 97.9 96.8 95.0 94.3 Taiwan 20.4 58.6 76.4 82.7 88.2 90.8 94.2 95.9 97.6 103.7 101.0 102.1 105.7 108.9 112.4 Belgium 40.2 69.0 80.9 83.2 84.7 87.9 89.2 90.4 92.0 95.9 103.4 106.2 109.4 113.3 119.3 Denmark 32.6 68.6 77.7 79.3 82.5 85.4 8	nada	36.3	68.3	79.8	81.7	82.9	84.9	89.3	91.2	94.2	96.8	104.0	107.7	112.4	115.8	119.9	122.5
Korea, Rep. of. - 23.7 46.5 56.4 65.7 71.4 77.7 78.2 85.2 89.0 105.5 120.6 139.7 153.9 163.8 Singapore	stralia	-	61.7	69.8	74.1	77.5	79.6	82.9	86.2	90.0	95.7	103.9	109.4	116.3	124.2	130.7	134.2
Korea, Rep. of. - 23.7 46.5 56.4 65.7 71.4 77.7 78.2 85.2 89.0 105.5 120.6 139.7 153.9 163.8 Singapore		50.4															100.1
Singapore - 56.2 77.5 81.0 87.0 90.9 96.1 87.9 90.2 97.3 100.6 97.9 96.8 95.0 94.3 Taiwan 20.4 58.6 76.4 82.7 88.2 90.8 94.2 95.9 97.6 103.7 101.0 102.1 105.7 108.9 112.4 Belgium 40.2 69.0 80.9 83.2 84.7 87.9 89.2 90.4 92.0 95.9 103.4 106.2 109.4 113.3 119.3 Denmark 32.6 68.6 77.7 79.3 82.5 85.4 87.6 89.8 91.6 95.9 106.8 110.9 117.2 122.9 126.1 France 28.2 64.2 77.6 79.9 81.4 83.8 84.4 87.1 91.8 94.2 102.3 105.5 109.4 113.7 116.8 Germany 35.8 59.7 77.1 81.2 85.																	167.1
Taiwan. 20.4 58.6 76.4 82.7 88.2 90.8 94.2 95.9 97.6 103.7 101.0 102.1 105.7 108.9 112.4 Belgium. 40.2 69.0 80.9 83.2 84.7 87.9 89.2 90.4 92.0 95.9 103.4 106.2 109.4 113.3 119.3 Denmark. 32.6 68.6 77.7 79.3 82.5 85.4 87.6 89.8 91.6 95.9 106.8 110.9 117.2 122.9 126.1 France. 28.2 64.2 77.6 79.9 81.4 83.8 84.4 87.1 91.8 94.2 102.3 105.5 109.4 113.7 116.8 Germany. 35.8 59.7 77.1 81.2 85.1 86.7 88.0 90.0 94.7 97.6 102.2 102.8 104.1 108.4 110.3		_															94.7
Belgium 40.2 69.0 80.9 83.2 84.7 87.9 89.2 90.4 92.0 95.9 103.4 106.2 109.4 113.3 119.3 Denmark 32.6 68.6 77.7 79.3 82.5 85.4 87.6 89.8 91.6 95.9 106.8 110.9 117.2 122.9 126.1 France 28.2 64.2 77.6 79.9 81.4 83.8 84.4 87.1 91.8 94.2 102.3 105.5 109.4 113.7 116.8 Germany 35.8 59.7 77.1 81.2 85.1 86.7 88.0 90.0 94.7 97.6 102.2 102.8 104.1 108.4 110.3	- ·	20.4															113.8
Denmark 32.6 68.6 77.7 79.3 82.5 85.4 87.6 89.8 91.6 95.9 106.8 110.9 117.2 122.9 126.1 France 28.2 64.2 77.6 79.9 81.4 83.8 84.4 87.1 91.8 94.2 102.3 105.5 109.4 113.7 116.8 Germany 35.8 59.7 77.1 81.2 85.1 86.7 88.0 90.0 94.7 97.6 102.2 102.8 104.1 108.4 110.3																	122.8
France	•																130.5
Germany																	120.3
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·																	113.0
Italy	-																118.5
Netherlands	·																120.5

53. Continued— Annual indexes of manufacturing productivity and related measures, 17 economies

					·		,					l				
Measure and economy	1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
																ĺ
Unit labor costs																ĺ
(national currency basis)												l				l
United States	92.0	109.3	109.8	107.5	105.2	103.4	102.6	102.0	102.1	104.8	101.5	96.4	97.7	95.1	94.8	96.4
Canada	65.8	96.7	96.8	98.0	100.0	97.9	98.3	96.2	93.7	98.4	103.6	106.1	107.0	108.0	108.9	114.1
Australia	-	83.2	87.2	93.7	95.3	96.0	95.3	97.6	96.2	99.8	102.1	106.0	112.1	118.5	122.3	126.7
Japan	105.4	109.2	114.3	110.8	106.9	106.8	108.3	105.4	99.5	102.9	91.6	86.4	81.8	80.1	77.3	78.8
Korea, Rep. of	37.0	68.5	94.1	104.0	110.0	106.1	103.6	93.7	94.1	98.8	98.8	102.3	106.8	104.8	103.7	104.5
Singapore	-	110.3	115.9	113.6	116.5	117.9	115.7	96.0	92.3	106.0	97.1	88.9	86.5	82.8	85.5	91.9
Taiwan	69.5	109.3	121.6	122.7	121.6	120.4	119.1	114.2	110.5	112.4	98.5	95.3	92.0	88.9	84.2	85.7
Belgium	80.6	93.3	98.2	96.7	97.1	94.8	95.0	97.0	95.1	98.9	100.5	98.2	98.6	98.5	99.3	101.7
Denmark	49.4	86.4	85.6	87.3	94.0	90.0	92.9	93.7	92.3	96.5	102.5	100.6	103.0	103.3	105.6	114.4
France	65.6	101.0	107.1	106.1	107.8	104.8	100.4	99.3	97.6	98.3	97.9	98.3	97.4	98.9	100.4	104.3
Germany	65.7	85.5	97.2	100.8	102.7	98.9	99.9	99.7	98.1	98.6	98.7	95.7	91.7	88.0	85.3	87.5
Italy	34.5	78.6	86.8	87.7	92.0	94.4	94.0	95.6	93.2	96.1	106.0	108.1	110.0	110.2	112.1	119.0
Netherlands	85.6	90.5	95.0	93.8	93.5	95.7	96.9	96.2	94.1	97.7	101.8	99.5	96.6	95.7	96.2	100.7
Norway	35.3	66.6	74.2	78.5	79.4	82.7	89.9	91.8	94.1	97.0	95.8	93.4	94.5	102.4	107.5	112.8
Spain	35.7	73.7	92.8	93.6	97.0	98.4	97.4	95.6	96.0	97.6	102.5	104.1	107.0	109.5	112.3	118.8
Sweden	61.6	117.7	108.4	107.6	112.3	108.4	106.3	100.4	97.6	105.3	96.7	89.7	87.3	82.2	85.6	91.6
United Kingdom	52.9	83.3	84.9	87.9	88.3	90.5	96.4	97.3	96.7	97.6	100.7	98.9	100.4	101.6	101.5	103.7
Unit labor costs																
(U.S. dollar basis)												l				l
United States	92.0	109.3	109.8	107.5	105.2	103.4	102.6	102.0	102.1	104.8	101.5	96.4	97.7	95.1	94.8	96.4
Canada	88.4	130.1	111.3	112.1	115.1	111.1	104.0	101.7	99.1	99.8	116.1	128.0	138.7	149.5	159.3	168.1
Australia	-	119.5	117.3	127.7	137.2	131.3	110.2	115.9	102.9	94.9	122.5	143.6	157.2	164.2	188.8	199.0
Japan	58.2	94.3	140.1	147.7	123.0	110.4	103.6	116.1	115.6	106.0	98.9	100.1	93.0	86.3	82.2	95.5
Korea, Rep. of	76.2	120.5	145.7	168.2	170.9	139.9	92.5	98.4	104.0	95.6	103.6	111.7	130.4	137.3	139.6	119.0
Singapore	-	109.0	135.9	143.5	147.9	142.1	123.9	101.5	95.9	105.9	99.7	94.2	93.1	93.4	101.6	116.4
Taiwan	66.6	140.3	158.7	159.9	152.9	144.5	122.6	122.1	122.1	114.8	98.9	98.6	98.9	94.4	88.5	93.9
Belgium	117.6	119.2	125.4	140.1	133.8	112.9	111.6	109.3	92.8	93.7	120.3	129.2	129.8	130.8	144.0	158.4
Denmark	69.1	110.1	106.2	123.0	127.8	107.4	109.3	105.8	89.9	91.4	122.9	132.5	135.5	137.1	153.1	177.3
France	107.8	128.7	134.1	147.7	146.2	124.5	118.0	111.9	95.3	93.1	117.2	129.4	128.3	131.5	145.6	162.4
Germany	74.7	109.4	124.0	145.6	141.2	117.9	117.4	112.4	95.8	93.3	118.2	125.9	120.8	117.0	123.7	136.3
Italy	82.6	134.3	110.4	110.2	122.1	113.5	110.8	107.7	91.0	91.0	126.9	142.2	144.8	146.5	162.5	185.4
Netherlands	100.4	115.9	121.7	136.3	129.3	114.2	113.8	108.4	91.9	92.5	121.9	130.8	127.2	127.2	139.5	156.8
Norway	57.0	85.0	83.9	98.9	98.1	93.2	95.0	93.9	85.2	86.1	108.0	110.6	117.2	127.6	146.6	159.8
Spain	87.6	127.3	122.1	132.2	134.8	118.1	114.8	107.7	93.8	92.4	122.7	136.9	140.9	145.6	162.9	185.1
Sweden	141.5	193.1	136.7	146.5	162.8	137.9	130.0	117.9	103.5	99.0	116.3	118.7	113.7	108.4	123.3	135.2
United Kingdom	81.9	98.9	86.5	92.3	91.8	98.6	106.4	104.7	97.6	93.5	109.5	120.6	121.6	124.6	135.2	128.0

NOTE: Data for Germany for years before 1993 are for the former West Germany. Data for 1993 onward are for unified Germany. Dash indicates data not available.

54. Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, ¹ United States

Industry and type of case ²	L			Ir			er 100 f		workers			1	
industry and type of case	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992	1993 ⁴	1994 4	1995 ⁴	1996 4	1997 4	1998 4	1999 ⁴	2000 4	2001 4
PRIVATE SECTOR ⁵													
Total cases	8.6	8.8	8.4	8.9	8.5	8.4	8.1	7.4	7.1	6.7	6.3	6.1	5.7
Lost workday cases		4.1	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8
Lost workdays	. 78.7	84.0	86.5	93.8	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ⁵	400	44.0	40.0	44.0		400	0.7	0.7		7.0	7.0	7.4	
Total cases Lost workday cases	. 10.9 . 5.7	11.6 5.9	10.8 5.4	11.6 5.4	11.2 5.0	10.0 4.7	9.7 4.3	8.7 3.9	8.4 4.1	7.9 3.9	7.3 3.4	7.1 3.6	7.3 3.6
Lost workdays	100.9	112.2	108.3	126.9	- 3.0	-		- 0.5	-	- 3.3	3.4	- 3.0	- 3.0
Mining													
Total cases	. 8.5	8.3	7.4	7.3	6.8	6.3	6.2	5.4	5.9	4.9	4.4	4.7	4.0
Lost workday cases		5.0	4.5	4.1	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.2	3.7	2.9	2.7	3.0	2.4
Lost workdays	. 137.2	119.5	129.6	204.7	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Construction Total cases	. 14.3	14.2	13.0	13.1	12.2	11.8	10.6	9.9	9.5	8.8	8.6	8.3	7.9
Lost workday cases	1 1	6.7	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.5	4.9	9.9 4.5	4.4	4.0	4.2	4.1	4.0
Lost workdays	143.3	147.9	148.1	161.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
General building contractors:													
Total cases		13.4	12.0	12.2	11.5	10.9	9.8	9.0	8.5	8.4	8.0	7.8	6.9
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		6.4 137.6	5.5 132.0	5.4 142.7	5.1	5.1	4.4	4.0	3.7	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.5
Heavy construction, except building:	. 157.5	107.0	132.0	142.7			_				_	_	
Total cases	. 13.8	13.8	12.8	12.1	11.1	10.2	9.9	9.0	8.7	8.2	7.8	7.6	7.8
Lost workday cases		6.3	6.0	5.4	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.1	3.8	3.7	4.0
Lost workdays	. 147.1	144.6	160.1	165.8	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Special trades contractors: Total cases	. 14.6	14.7	13.5	13.8	12.8	12.5	11.1	10.4	10.0	9.1	8.9	8.6	8.2
Lost workday cases		6.9	6.3	6.1	5.8	5.8	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.3	4.1
Lost workdays	144.9	153.1	151.3	168.3	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Manufacturing													
Total cases		13.2	12.7	12.5	12.1	12.2	11.6	10.6	10.3	9.7	9.2	9.0	8.1
Lost workday cases		5.8	5.6	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.1
Lost workdays	113.0	120.7	121.5	124.6	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Durable goods:													
Total cases	1 1	14.2	13.6	13.4	13.1	13.5	12.8	11.6	11.3	10.7	10.1	_	8.8
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		6.0 123.3	5.7 122.9	5.5 126.7	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.1	5.1	5.0	4.8	_	4.3
•	. 116.5	123.3	122.9	120.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lumber and wood products: Total cases	18.4	18.1	16.8	16.3	15.9	15.7	14.9	14.2	13.5	13.2	13.0	12.1	10.6
Lost workday cases		8.8	8.3	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.0	6.8	6.5	6.8	6.7	6.1	5.5
Lost workdays		172.5	172.0	165.8	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Furniture and fixtures:													
Total cases Lost workday cases		16.9 7.8	15.9 7.2	14.8 6.6	14.6 6.5	15.0 7.0	13.9 6.4	12.2 5.4	12.0 5.8	11.4 5.7	11.5 5.9	11.2 5.9	11.0 5.7
Lost workdays		7.0	- 7.2	128.4	0.5	7.0	0.4	5.4	3.6	5.7	3.9	3.9	3.7
Stone, clay, and glass products:]												
Total cases		15.4	14.8	13.6	13.8	13.2	12.3	12.4	11.8	11.8	10.7	10.4	10.1
Lost workday cases		7.3	6.8	6.1	6.3	6.5	5.7	6.0	5.7	6.0	5.4	5.5	5.1
Lost workdays	. 149.8	160.5	156.0	152.2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Primary metal industries: Total cases	18.7	19.0	17.7	17.5	17.0	16.8	16.5	15.0	15.0	14.0	12.9	12.6	10.7
Lost workday cases		8.1	7.4	7.1	7.3	7.2	7.2	6.8	7.2	7.0	6.3	6.3	5.3
Lost workdays	168.3	180.2	169.1	175.5	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	11.1
Fabricated metal products:	18.5	18.7	17.4	16.8	16.2	16.4	15.8	14.4	14.2	13.9	12.6	11.9	11.1
Total cases Lost workday cases	7.9	7.9	7.1	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.2	6.4	6.5	6.0	5.5	5.3
Lost workdays	147.6	155.7	146.6	144.0	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
Industrial machinery and equipment:													
Total cases	12.1	12.0	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.6	11.2	9.9	10.0	9.5	8.5	8.2	11.0
Lost workday cases		4.7	4.4	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.0	4.1	4.0	3.7	3.6	6.0
Lost workdays	. 86.8	88.9	86.6	87.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Electronic and other electrical equipment: Total cases	9.1	9.1	8.6	8.4	8.3	8.3	7.6	6.8	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.0
Lost workday cases	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.6		3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.5
Lost workdays	77.5	79.4	83.0	81.2	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	_
Transportation equipment:													
Total cases		17.8	18.3	18.7	18.5	19.6	18.6	16.3	15.4	14.6	13.7	13.7	12.6
Lost workday cases Lost workdays		6.9 153.7	7.0 166.1	7.1 186.6	7.1	7.8	7.9	7.0	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.3	6.0
Instruments and related products:	100.0	100.7	100.1	100.0									
Total cases	5.6	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.6	5.9	5.3	5.1	4.8	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.0
Lost workday cases	1 1	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.2	2.0
Lost workdays	55.4	57.8	64.4	65.3	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries: Total cases	11.1	11.3	11.3	10.7	10.0	9.9	9.1	9.5	8.9	8.1	8.4	7.2	6.4
Lost workday cases		5.1	5.1	5.0	4.6	4.5		9.5 4.4	4.2	3.9	4.0	3.6	3.2
		113.1	104.0	108.2	1		1		اــــا	0.0	0	0.0	1 5.2

54. Continued—Occupational injury and illness rates by industry, United States

Modustry and Myre of Case* 1998 1990 1991 1992 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1998 1998 1990	54. Continued—Occupational injury and				•,			tes per 1	00 work	ers ³				
Total cases	Industry and type of case ²	1989 ¹	1990	1991	1992						1998 ⁴	1999 ⁴	2000 ⁴	2001 4
Lost workshy cases	•													
Lost workdays.														6.8
Front ankinded products:						5.0	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	3.8
Total cases	•	107.0	110.3	113.7	121.0							_		
Lost workday cases	·	18.5	20.0	19.5	18.8	176	17 1	16.3	15.0	14 5	13.6	127	12.4	10.9
Todas convolations														
Tobal cases						-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total cases														
Lost workdays	Total cases													6.7
Total cases						2.3	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.7	3.4	2.2	3.1	4.2
Total cases		64.2	62.3	52.0	42.9	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Lost workiday cases	l extile mill products: Total cases	10.3	9.6	10 1	99	9.7	8.7	8.2	7.8	6.7	74	64	6.0	5.2
Lost workfatgy Section Section														2.7
Total cases 8.6 8.8 9.2 9.5 9.0 8.9 2.7 4.7 6.2 5.8 6.1 5.0 2.2 1.7 7.0 6.2 5.8 6.1 5.0 2.2 2.0 <th< td=""><td></td><td>81.4</td><td>85.1</td><td>88.3</td><td>87.1</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>_</td></th<>		81.4	85.1	88.3	87.1	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	_
Lost workday cases	Apparel and other textile products:													
Lost workday Lost	Total cases												6.1	5.0
Paper and allied products:						3.8	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.1	2.6	2.8	3.0	2.4
Total cases		80.5	92.1	99.9	104.6	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Lost workday cases		107	10.1	44.0	44.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	7.0	7.0	7.4	7.0	6.5	6.0
Lost workdays														
Printing and publishing:						4.0	4.5	7.2	- 0.0	J.7	5.7	5.7	J.4 —	J.2
Total cases 6.9 6.9 6.7 7.3 6.9 6.7 6.4 6.0 5.7 5.4 5.0 5.1 4.6 Lost workdays. San	•													
Lost workdays	Total cases	6.9	6.9	6.7	7.3	6.9	6.7	6.4	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.0	5.1	4.6
Chemicals and allied products:						3.1	3.0	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.4
Total cases		63.8	69.8	74.5	74.8	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Lost workdays	Chemicals and allied products:		0.5		0.0				4.0	4.0	4.0		4.0	4.0
Dest workdays														
Petroleum and coal products:						2.7	2.0	2.7	2.4	2.5	2.1	2.5	2.2	2.1
Total cases		"	01.0	02	01.2									
Lost workdays	Total cases	6.6	6.6	6.2	5.9	5.2	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.3	3.9	4.1	3.7	2.9
Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products: Total cases		3.3	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.4
Total cases	Lost workdays	68.1	77.3	68.2	71.2	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Lost workdays Lost workday Lost workday		400	400	45.4	44.5	40.0	440	40.0	40.0	44.0	44.0	40.4	40.7	0.7
Lost workdays														
Leather and leather products: Total cases						0.5	0.7	0.5	0.5	3.0	5.0	3.5	5.0	4.0
Total cases	•	=	.00	.00.0	100.0									
Lost workday cases	Total cases	13.6	12.1	12.5	12.1	12.1	12.0	11.4	10.7	10.6	9.8	10.3	9.0	8.7
Transportation and public utilities Total cases 9.2 9.6 9.3 9.1 9.5 9.3 9.1 8.7 8.2 7.3 7.3 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9 6.9		6.5	5.9	5.9	5.4	5.5	5.3	4.8	4.5	4.3	4.5	5.0	4.3	4.4
Total cases 9.2 9.6 9.3 9.1 9.5 9.3 9.1 8.7 8.2 7.3 7.3 6.9 6.9 6.9 Lost workday cases 5.3 5.5 5.5 5.2 5.1 4.8 4.3 4.4 4.3 4.3 4.4 4.3 4.3 4.4 4.3 4.3	Lost workdays	130.4	152.3	140.8	128.5	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Lost workday cases	Transportation and public utilities													
Lost workdays														6.9
Wholesale and retail trade 8.0 7.9 7.6 8.4 8.1 7.9 7.5 6.8 6.7 6.5 6.1 5.9 6.6 Lost workday cases 3.6 3.5 3.4 3.5 3.4 3.2 2.9 3.0 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.5 2.6 6.6						5.4	5.5	5.2	5.1	4.8	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3
Total cases		121.5	134.1	140.0	144.0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Lost workday cases														
Lost workdays														
Wholesale trade: 7.7 7.4 7.2 7.6 7.8 7.7 7.5 6.6 6.5 6.5 6.3 5.8 5.3 Lost workday cases 4.0 3.7 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.6 3.4 3.2 3.3 3.3 3.1 2.8 Lost workdays 71.9 71.5 79.2 82.4 -						3.4	3.4	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.0	2.7	2.1	2.5
Total cases	-	00.5	33.0	72.0	00.1	_		_		-	_	-	_	_
Lost workday cases	Total cases	7.7	7.4	7.2	7.6	7.8	7.7	7.5	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.3	5.8	5.3
Retail trade:		4.0	3.7	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.8
Total cases	Lost workdays	71.9	71.5	79.2	82.4	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Lost workday cases	Retail trade:													
Lost workdays														
Finance, insurance, and real estate Total cases						3.3	3.3	3.0	∠.8	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.4
Total cases		00.0	30.2	00.1	13.2	_	-	_		-	_	-	_	_
Lost workday cases		20	2 /	ارو	20	20	27	26	2.4	22	7	1 0	10	1.0
Lost workdays														.7
Services 5.5 6.0 6.2 7.1 6.7 6.5 6.4 6.0 5.6 5.2 4.9 4.9 4.6 Lost workday cases	*								-		-	0	-	
Total cases		""												
Lost workday cases		5.5	6.0	6.2	7.1	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.0	5.6	5.2	4.9	4.9	4.6
														2.2
	Lost workdays	51.2	56.4	60.0	68.6	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-

Data for 1989 and subsequent years are based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 Edition. For this reason, they are not strictly comparable with data for the years 1985-88, which were based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1972 Edition, 1977 Supplement.

NOTE: Dash indicates data not available.

² Beginning with the 1992 survey, the annual survey measures only nonfatal injuries and illnesses, while past surveys covered both fatal and nonfatal incidents. To better address fatalities, a basic element of workplace safety, BLS implemented the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.

³ The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as (N/EH) X 200,000, where:

N = number of injuries and illnesses or lost workdays;

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year; and

^{200,000 =} base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeksper year).

⁴ Beginning with the 1993 survey, lost workday estimates will not be generated. As of 1992, BLS began generating percent distributions and the median number of days away from work by industry and for groups of workers sustaining similar work disabilities.

Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees since 1976.

55. Fatal occupational injuries by event or exposure, 1996-2005

1	1996-2000	2001-2005	200	₀₅ 3
Event or exposure ¹	(average)	(average) ²	Number	Percent
All events	6,094	5,704	5,734	100
Transportation incidents		2,451 1,394	2,493 1,437	43 25
Collision between vehicles, mobile equipment Moving in same direction	685	686	718	13
	117	151	175	3
Moving in opposite directions, oncoming Moving in intersection Vehicle struck stationary object or equipment on	247	254	265	5
	151	137	134	2
side of road	264	310	345	6
	372	335	318	6
Jack-knifed or overturnedno collision		274 335 277	273 340 281	5 6 5
Overturned Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in	212	175	182	3
	376	369	391	7
roadway Worker struck by vehicle, mobile equipment in	129	136	140	2
parking lot or non-road area	171	166	176	3
Water vehicle	105	82	88	2
Aircraft	263	206	149	3
Assaults and violent acts Homicides Shooting Suicide, self-inflicted injury	1,015	850	792	14
	766	602	567	10
	617	465	441	8
	216	207	180	3
Contact with objects and equipment Struck by object Struck by falling object Struck by rolling, sliding objects on floor or ground	567	952 560 345	1,005 607 385	18 11 7
level Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects Caught in running equipment or machinery Caught in or crushed in collapsing materials	293 157	89 256 128 118	94 278 121 109	2 5 2 2
Falls Fall to lower level Fall from ladder Fall from roof Fall to lower level, n.e.c.	714	763	770	13
	636	669	664	12
	106	125	129	2
	153	154	160	3
	117	123	117	2
Exposure to harmful substances or environments Contact with electric current Contact with overhead power lines Exposure to caustic, noxious, or allergenic substances Oxygen deficiency	535	498	501	9
	290	265	251	4
	132	118	112	2
	112	114	136	2
	92	74	59	1
Fires and explosions Firesunintended or uncontrolled Explosion	196	174	159	3
	103	95	93	2
	92	78	65	1

¹ Based on the 1992 BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification Manual.
2 Excludes fatalities from the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attacks.
3 The BLS news release of August 10, 2006, reported a total of 5,702 fatal work injuries for calendar year 2005. Since then, an additional 32 job-related fatalities were identified, bringing the total job-related fatality count for 2005 to 5,734.

NOTE: Totals for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not

shown separately. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified."

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with State, New York City, District of Columbia, and Federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries.