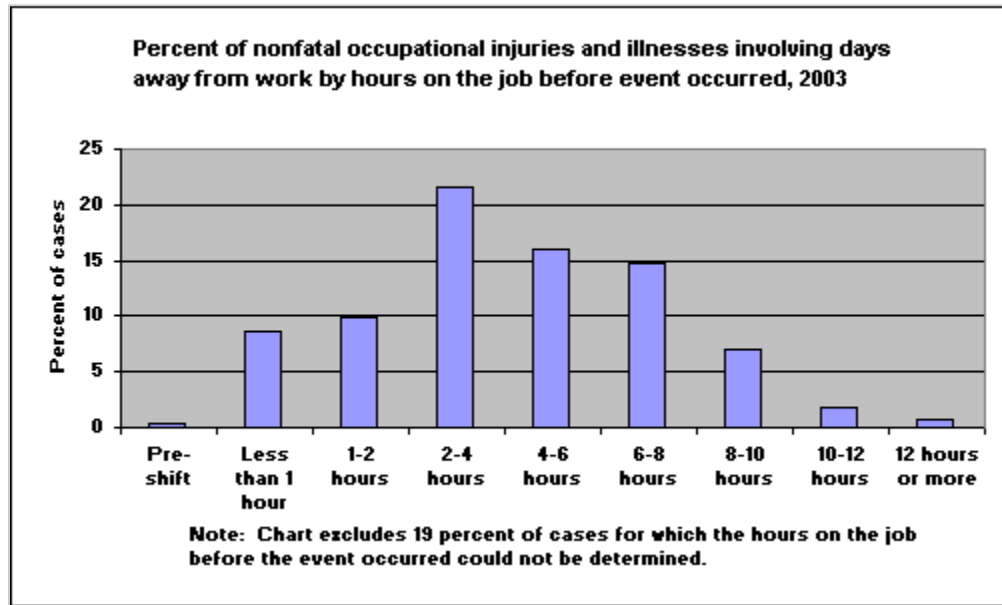


## Percent of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses Involving Days Away from Work by Hours on the Job before Event Occurred, 2003

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- In 2002, the BLS Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses began capturing expanded data on those injuries and illnesses that resulted in days away from work. New data elements include the time of the event, the day of the week, and the number of hours on the job before the event occurred.
- The chart indicates the percent of cases involving days away from work that occurred within certain 1- and 2-hour intervals. Using these intervals, the largest group of cases occurred after the employee had been on the job for at least 2 hours, but less than 4 hours.
- Although relatively small as a percentage of total cases involving days away from work (0.4 percent), 5,160 injuries and illnesses occurred before employees began their shift.
- Most of the injuries and illnesses occurred within the first 10 hours on the job, reflecting standard hours worked on a given day. Further research is needed to relate these data to the amount of time individuals actually work in a given day.

**NOTE:** For more information on these data, see the news release [Lost-Worktime Injuries and Illnesses: Characteristics and Resulting Days Away From Work, 2003](http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshwc/osh/case/osnr0022.pdf) (USD L 05-521), available on the Internet at <http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshwc/osh/case/osnr0022.pdf>.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses

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**Data for Chart. Percent of Nonfatal Occupational Injuries and Illnesses Involving Days Away from Work by Hours on the Job before Event Occurred, 2003**

Duration	Percent
Pre-shift	0.4
Less than 1 hour	8.6
1-2 hours	9.9
2-4 hours	21.5
4-6 hours	16
6-8 hours	14.7
8-10 hours	7.1
10-12 hours	1.8
12 hours or more	0.8
<p>Note: Chart excludes 19 percent of cases for which the hours on the job before the event occurred could not be determined.</p>	

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