# Labor Force Characteristics by Race and Ethnicity, 2009 

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## Contents

Page
Overview ..... 1
Labor force participation. ..... 1
Employment ..... 1
Education ..... 2
Occupation and Industry ..... 2
Families and mothers ..... 2
Unemployment and not in the labor force ..... 2
Earnings ..... 3
Tables
Table 1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 5
Table 2. Labor force participation rates by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1972-2009 annual averages ..... 6
Table 3 Employment-population ratios by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1972-2009 annual averages ..... 7
Table 4. Employment status of people 25 years and older by educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 8
Table 5. Employed people by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 11
Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 14
Table 7. Employed people by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 27
Table 8. Employment and unemployment in families by type of family, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 29
Table 9. Labor force participation rates by presence and age of youngest child, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1996-2009 annual averages ..... 30
Table 10. Unemployment rates by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1972-2009 annual averages ..... 34
Table 11. Unemployed people by duration of unemployment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 35
Table 12. Unemployed people by reason for unemployment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 36
Table 13. People in the labor force and not in the labor force by selected characteristics, 2009 annual averages ..... 37
Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2009 annual averages ..... 39
Table 15. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 43
Table 16. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages ..... 44
Technical Note ..... 47

# Labor Force Characteristics by Race and Ethnicity, 2009 

## Overview

TThe U.S. job market continued to deteriorate in 2009, and all major race and ethnicity groups continued to experience labor market difficulties. For the second year in a row, employment fell more sharply for Blacks and Hispanics than for Whites and Asians. Unemployment rates remained especially high for Blacks and Hispanics in 2009, reaching 14.8 percent for Blacks and 12.1 percent for Hispanics. These figures were much higher than the unemployment rates for Whites and Asians, at 8.5 percent and 7.3 percent, respectively.

In general, the labor market problems experienced by Blacks and Hispanics are associated with many factors, not all of which are measurable. Some of these factors include a tendency to be employed in occupations with high levels of unemployment, lower average levels of schooling, greater concentration in the central cities of urban areas where job opportunities may be relatively limited, and the likelihood of discrimination in the workplace. These factors and others may help explain the acute labor market difficulties Blacks and Hispanics encounter, especially during economic downturns.

This report describes the labor force characteristics and earnings patterns among the major race and ethnicity groups and provides detailed data through a set of supporting tables. These data are obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a monthly survey of 60,000 households that is a rich source of information on the labor force. For definitions of terms and concepts used in this report, see the Technical Note on page 47. Additional information about the CPS can be found at http://www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm.

## Labor force participation

- From 2008 to 2009, the overall labor force participation rate declined by 0.6 percentage point to 65.4 percent. The decrease in labor force participation in 2009 occurred across all of the major race and ethnicity groups, although the largest declines occurred among Blacks and Asians. Over the year, the labor force participation rate of Blacks declined by 1.3 percentage points to 62.4 percent, and the labor force participation rate of Asians was down by 1.0 percentage point to 66.0 percent. The participation rates of Hispanics and Whites both declined by 0.5 percentage point, to 68.0 and 65.8 percent, respectively. (See tables 1 and 2.)


## Employment

- From 2008 to 2009, the employment-population ratios (the proportion of the population that is employed) fell for all race and ethnicity groups, reflecting continued declines in employment. The declines were largest for Blacks and Hispanics; the rate for Blacks fell by 4.1 percentage points to 53.2 percent, and the rate for Hispanics fell by 3.6 percentage points to 59.7 percent. The employmentpopulation ratios for Asians and Whites fell by 3.1 and 2.6 percentage points, to 61.2 and 60.2 percent, respectively. (See tables 1 and 3.)
- In 2009, the employment-population ratios fell more steeply for men than for women, across all race and ethnicity groups. The decline was largest for Black men, whose employment-population ratio fell by 5.4 percentage points to 53.7 percent from 2008 to 2009. The decline in employment-population ratio was smallest for Asian men, with a 3.5-percentage-point decline to 68.7 percent.
- Among adult men (age 20 and older), Hispanics had the highest employment-population ratio (73.5 percent) in 2009, followed by Asians ( 72.2 percent) and Whites (68.7 percent). The employmentpopulation ratio for Black men, at 58.2 percent, remained lower than the ratios for men in other groups in 2009, continuing a long-term pattern. Among adult women, Asians had the highest employmentpopulation ratio, at 56.7 percent, followed by Whites (56.3 percent) and Blacks (56.1 percent). Unlike the ratio for Hispanic men, the ratio for Hispanic women (52.9 percent) was lower than that of their Asian, Black, and White counterparts. (See table 1.)
- Among teenagers ages 16 to 19 , the employmentpopulation ratio tends to be higher for Whites than for Hispanics, Asians, and Blacks. In 2009, the ratio for White teens (31.7 percent) was about twice that of the ratios for Asian (15.3 percent) and Black (16.5 percent) teenagers. The ratio for Hispanic teens was 23.7 percent. All teenage groups continued to experience declines in their employment-population ratios in 2009, reflecting, at least in part, the downturn in the economy.


## Education

- Among people age 25 and older in the labor force in 2009, about 90 percent of Whites, Blacks, and Asians had at least a high school diploma. In contrast, about 67 percent of Hispanics had completed high school. Asians were most likely to have graduated from college; 59 percent had a bachelor's degree or higher, compared with 35 percent of Whites, 24 percent of Blacks, and 16 percent of Hispanics. The proportion of college graduates in all the race and ethnicity groups has increased over time. (See table 4.)
- For all race and ethnicity groups, higher levels of education are associated with a greater likelihood of employment and a lower likelihood of unemployment. Individuals with higher levels of education generally have better access to higher paying jobs-such as those in management, professional, and related occupations-than individuals with less education. Nonetheless, at nearly every level of education, Blacks and Hispanics were more likely to be unemployed in 2009 than Asians or Whites.


## Occupation and industry

- Blacks and Hispanics are less likely to be in management, professional, and related occupationsthe highest paying major job category-than Whites and Asians. (See table 5.)
- In 2009, half (50 percent) of Asian men worked in management, professional, and related occupations, compared with 35 percent of White men, 24 percent of Black men, and 16 percent of Hispanic men. About 4 in 10 Black and Hispanic men were employed in service jobs and sales and office jobs in 2009, whereas about 3 in 10 Asian and White men were employed in the same occupations. Black men also were more likely than men in other race and ethnicity groups to work in production, transportation, and material moving occupations. Nearly one-half of Hispanic men were employed in two job groupsnatural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations and production, transportation, and material moving occupations.
- In 2009, Asian women were more likely than women in other race and ethnicity groups to be employed in management, professional, and related jobs-about 47 percent of Asian women, compared with about 41 percent of White women, 34 percent of Black women, and 25 percent of Hispanic women. In contrast, 64 percent of Hispanic women worked in service jobs and in sales and office jobs, compared with about 59 percent of Black women, 53 percent of White women, and 46 percent of Asian women.
- In 2009, Hispanics accounted for 14 percent of all employed workers but were disproportionately represented by a substantial amount in several job
categories, including construction laborers (44 percent), maids and housekeeping cleaners (42 percent), and grounds maintenance workers (40 percent). Blacks made up 11 percent of all employed workers, but they accounted for about one-quarter or more of those in several specific occupations, including nursing aides (34 percent), security guards (29 percent), and taxi drivers and bus drivers (about 25 percent each). Asians accounted for 5 percent of all employed workers but made up a much larger share of workers in several job categories, including medical scientists ( 33 percent), computer software engineers (27 percent), and physicians and surgeons (16 percent). (See table 6.)
- By industry, black workers were overrepresented in education and health services, transportation and utilities, and public administration in 2009. Hispanic men were more heavily concentrated in construction (19 percent) than White (13 percent), Black (7 percent), and Asian (4 percent) men. Both Hispanic men and women were disproportionately employed in the leisure and hospitality sector. Asians were overrepresented in professional and business services, in manufacturing, and in leisure and hospitality. (See table 7.)


## Families and mothers

- The likelihood of having an employed family member declined from 2008 to 2009 for all the major race and ethnicity groups. Asian families remained the most likely to have an employed family member in 2009 (88 percent), followed by Hispanic families (84 percent) and White families (81 percent). Black families remained the least likely to have an employed family member in 2009 ( 75 percent). (See table 8.)
- In 2009, nearly one-half (44 percent) of Black families and about one-fourth (25 percent) of Hispanic families were maintained by women (with no spouse present). About 15 percent of White families and 13 percent of Asian families were maintained by women. In general, families maintained by women are less likely to have an employed member than other families.
- Historically, Black mothers with children under 18 years of age have been more likely than White, Asian, and Hispanic mothers to be in the labor force. Among mothers with children under 18 in 2009, 76.3 percent of Black mothers were labor force participants, compared with 70.9 percent of White mothers, 68.0 percent Asian mothers, and 61.5 percent of Hispanic mothers. (See table 9.)


## Unemployment and not in the labor force

- Among the major race and ethnicity groups, Blacks had the highest unemployment rate in 2009, at 14.8 percent, compared with 12.1 percent for Hispanics,
8.5 percent for Whites, and 7.3 percent for Asians. Historically, the jobless rate for Blacks in general has been at least twice that for Whites, whereas the unemployment rate for Hispanics has hovered between the rates for Whites and Blacks. From 2008 to 2009, unemployment rates increased for all the major race and ethnicity groups. (See tables 1 and 10.)
- Higher unemployment rates for Blacks and Hispanics occur across all major age and sex groups. In 2009, the rates for Black adult men and women (age 20 and older) were 16.3 and 11.5 percent, respectively, compared with 11.6 and 10.6 percent for Hispanic adult men and women, respectively. In comparison, the unemployment rates were 8.8 percent for White adult men and 6.8 percent for White adult women. The unemployment rates for Asian adult men and women were somewhat lower, at 7.5 and 6.2 percent, respectively. (See table 1.)
- Teenagers ages 16 to 19 are especially vulnerable to joblessness. Among the major race and ethnicity groups in 2009, Black teenagers had the highest unemployment rate ( 39.5 percent), compared with 30.2 percent for Hispanics, 26.4 percent for Asians, and 21.8 percent for Whites.
- Unemployed Blacks tend to be jobless for longer periods than unemployed workers in other groups. In 2009, the median duration of unemployment for Blacks was 19.7 weeks, compared with 16.6 weeks for Asians, 14.2 weeks for Whites, and 13.5 weeks for Hispanics. The median duration of unemployment reached record highs in 2009 for all race and ethnicity groups. (See table 11.)
- Of the 14.3 million total unemployed people in 2009, 64 percent ( 9.2 million) were job losers (that is, those workers who lost their jobs). Reentrants to the labor force ( 22 percent), job leavers (6 percent), and new entrants ( 7 percent) constituted the balance of unemployed people. Over the year, the number of job losers who did not expect to be recalled to work (that is, those workers who were not on temporary layoff) accounted for nearly 90 percent of the increase in unemployed job losers. Between 2008 and 2009, the number of people who were not laid off temporarily increased significantly among all the major race and ethnicity groups. (See table 12.)
- Black men are more likely than other men to be out of the labor force. Among men ages 25 to 54, the proportion of Blacks who did not participate in the labor force in 2009 was higher than that of Whites, Asians, and Hispanics. Among women of the same age, the percentage of Hispanics not in the labor force was higher than that for Whites, Blacks, and Asians. (See table 13.)
- In 2009, Blacks made up 11 percent of the civilian labor force, but also made up 23 percent of people marginally attached to the labor force. People marginally attached to the labor force are those individuals who were not in the labor force, wanted and were available for work, and had looked for a job sometime in the previous 12 months-but not in the 4 weeks preceding the survey. Hispanics and Asians were represented nearly proportionately among the marginally attached. Blacks also made up a high proportion of discouraged workers (25 percent) in 2009. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, are people who are not currently looking for work because they believe no jobs are available for them.


## Earnings

- Hispanics and Blacks have considerably lower earnings than Asians and Whites. In 2009, the median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers were $\$ 541$ for Hispanics and $\$ 601$ for Blacks, compared with $\$ 757$ for Whites and $\$ 880$ for Asians. The earnings of Black men (\$621) and Hispanic men (\$569) were 65 and 60 percent, respectively, of the earnings of Asian men (\$952). Among women, the median earnings of Black women (\$582) and Hispanic women (\$509) were 75 and 65 percent, respectively, of the earnings of Asian women (\$779). The median earnings for White men and women were 89 and 86 percent of their Asian counterparts in 2009. (See table 14.)
- For men, the earnings disparity between Black or Hispanic workers and Asian or White workers holds across all major occupational groups. For example, in 2009, median usual weekly earnings of Asian men $(\$ 1,357)$ and White men $(\$ 1,266)$ working full time in management, professional, and related occupations were well above the earnings of Hispanic men (\$1,017) and Black men (\$922) in the same occupations. This disparity is evident toward the other end of the earnings spectrum as well; Hispanic and Black men employed in production, transportation, and material moving occupations had median earnings of $\$ 516$ and $\$ 582$ per week, respectively, which were less than the median earnings of their White (\$666) or Asian (\$617) counterparts. (See table 16.)
- Among women, the earnings gap is generally smaller than the earnings gap for men, and, in some major occupational categories, earnings levels are fairly close. For example, in service occupations, the earnings of White and Black women were about 93 percent of the earnings of Asian women in 2009, and the earnings of Hispanic women were 84 percent of that of Asian women.

Table 1. Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population by sex, age, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, and age | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, both sexes |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 235,801 | 190,902 | 28,241 | 10,842 | 32,891 |
| Civilian labor force. | 154,142 | 125,644 | 17,632 | 7,156 | 22,352 |
| Percent of population. | 65.4 | 65.8 | 62.4 | 66.0 | 68.0 |
| Employed. | 139,877 | 114,996 | 15,025 | 6,635 | 19,647 |
| Percent of population. | 59.3 | 60.2 | 53.2 | 61.2 | 59.7 |
| Unemployed. | 14,265 | 10,648 | 2,606 | 522 | 2,706 |
| Unemployment rate. | 9.3 | 8.5 | 14.8 | 7.3 | 12.1 |
| Not in labor force. | 81,659 | 65,258 | 10,609 | 3,685 | 10,539 |
| Men, 16 years and older |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 114,136 | 93,433 | 12,705 | 5,170 | 16,897 |
| Civilian labor force. | 82,123 | 68,051 | 8,265 | 3,857 | 13,310 |
| Percent of population. | 72.0 | 72.8 | 65.0 | 74.6 | 78.8 |
| Employed. | 73,670 | 61,630 | 6,817 | 3,551 | 11,640 |
| Percent of population. | 64.5 | 66.0 | 53.7 | 68.7 | 68.9 |
| Unemployed.. | 8,453 | 6,421 | 1,448 | 306 | 1,670 |
| Unemployment rate.. | 10.3 | 9.4 | 17.5 | 7.9 | 12.5 |
| Not in labor force.. | 32,013 | 25,382 | 4,441 | 1,314 | 3,588 |
| Men, 20 years and older |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 105,493 | 86,789 | 11,379 | 4,837 | 15,305 |
| Civilian labor force. | 78,897 | 65,372 | 7,914 | 3,777 | 12,730 |
| Percent of population. | 74.8 | 75.3 | 69.6 | 78.1 | 83.2 |
| Employed. | 71,341 | 59,626 | 6,628 | 3,493 | 11,256 |
| Percent of population. | 67.6 | 68.7 | 58.2 | 72.2 | 73.5 |
| Unemployed. | 7,555 | 5,746 | 1,286 | 284 | 1,474 |
| Unemployment rate. | 9.6 | 8.8 | 16.3 | 7.5 | 11.6 |
| Not in labor force. | 26,596 | 21,417 | 3,465 | 1,060 | 2,575 |
| Women, 16 years and older | 121,665 | 97,469 | 15,536 | 5,671 | 15,993 |
| Civilian labor force......... | 72,019 | 57,593 | 9,367 | 3,300 | 9,043 |
| Percent of population. | 59.2 | 59.1 | 60.3 | 58.2 | 56.5 |
| Employed. | 66,208 | 53,366 | 8,208 | 3,084 | 8,007 |
| Percent of population. | 54.4 | 54.8 | 52.8 | 54.4 | 50.1 |
| Unemployed.. | 5,811 | 4,227 | 1,159 | 216 | 1,036 |
| Unemployment rate. | 8.1 | 7.3 | 12.4 | 6.6 | 11.5 |
| Not in labor force.. | 49,646 | 39,876 | 6,169 | 2,371 | 6,951 |
| Women, 20 years and older |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 113,265 | 91,078 | 14,178 | 5,372 | 14,463 |
| Civilian labor force. | 68,856 | 54,976 | 8,988 | 3,248 | 8,560 |
| Percent of population. | 60.8 | 60.4 | 63.4 | 60.5 | 59.2 |
| Employed.. | 63,699 | 51,231 | 7,956 | 3,045 | 7,649 |
| Percent of population. | 56.2 | 56.3 | 56.1 | 56.7 | 52.9 |
| Unemployed.. | 5,157 | 3,745 | 1,032 | 203 | 911 |
| Unemployment rate. | 7.5 | 6.8 | 11.5 | 6.2 | 10.6 |
| Not in labor force.. | 44,409 | 36,101 | 5,190 | 2,124 | 5,903 |
| Both sexes, 16 to 19 years |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population...... | 17,043 | 13,035 | 2,684 | 632 | 3,123 |
| Civilian labor force.. | 6,390 | 5,295 | 729 | 131 | 1,063 |
| Percent of population.. | 37.5 | 40.6 | 27.2 | 20.8 | 34.0 |
| Employed.. | 4,837 | 4,138 | 442 | 97 | 742 |
| Percent of population.. | 28.4 | 31.7 | 16.5 | 15.3 | 23.7 |
| Unemployed.. | 1,552 | 1,157 | 288 | 35 | 321 |
| Unemployment rate.. | 24.3 | 21.8 | 39.5 | 26.4 | 30.2 |
| Not in labor force.. | 10,654 | 7,740 | 1,954 | 501 | 2,061 |

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 2. Labor force participation rates by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1972-2009 annual averages
(Percent)

| Year | Total |  |  | White |  |  | Black or African American |  |  | Asian |  |  | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
| 1972. | 60.4 | 78.9 | 43.9 | 60.4 | 79.6 | 43.2 | 59.9 | 73.6 | 48.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1973.. | 60.8 | 78.8 | 44.7 | 60.8 | 79.4 | 44.1 | 60.2 | 73.4 | 49.3 | - | - | - | 60.2 | 81.5 | 41.0 |
| 1974.... | 61.3 | 78.7 | 45.7 | 61.4 | 79.4 | 45.2 | 59.8 | 72.9 | 49.0 | - | - | - | 61.1 | 81.7 | 42.4 |
| 1975.. | 61.2 | 77.9 | 46.3 | 61.5 | 78.7 | 45.9 | 58.8 | 70.9 | 48.8 | - | - | - | 60.8 | 80.7 | 43.2 |
| 1976.. | 61.6 | 77.5 | 47.3 | 61.8 | 78.4 | 46.9 | 59.0 | 70.0 | 49.8 | - | - | - | 60.8 | 79.6 | 44.3 |
| 1977.. | 62.3 | 77.7 | 48.4 | 62.5 | 78.5 | 48.0 | 59.8 | 70.6 | 50.8 | - | - | - | 61.6 | 80.9 | 44.3 |
| 1978.. | 63.2 | 77.9 | 50.0 | 63.3 | 78.6 | 49.4 | 61.5 | 71.5 | 53.1 | - | - | - | 62.9 | 81.1 | 46.6 |
| 1979.... | 63.7 | 77.8 | 50.9 | 63.9 | 78.6 | 50.5 | 61.4 | 71.3 | 53.1 | - | - | - | 63.6 | 81.3 | 47.4 |
| 1980.. | 63.8 | 77.4 | 51.5 | 64.1 | 78.2 | 51.2 | 61.0 | 70.3 | 53.1 | - | - | - | 64.0 | 81.4 | 47.4 |
| 1981. | 63.9 | 77.0 | 52.1 | 64.3 | 77.9 | 51.9 | 60.8 | 70.0 | 53.5 | - | - | - | 64.1 | 80.6 | 48.3 |
| 1982. | 64.0 | 76.6 | 52.6 | 64.3 | 77.4 | 52.4 | 61.0 | 70.1 | 53.7 | - | - | - | 63.6 | 79.7 | 48.1 |
| 1983. | 64.0 | 76.4 | 52.9 | 64.3 | 77.1 | 52.7 | 61.5 | 70.6 | 54.2 | - | - | - | 63.8 | 80.3 | 47.7 |
| 1984.. | 64.4 | 76.4 | 53.6 | 64.6 | 77.1 | 53.3 | 62.2 | 70.8 | 55.2 | - | - | - | 64.9 | 80.6 | 49.7 |
| 1985.. | 64.8 | 76.3 | 54.5 | 65.0 | 77.0 | 54.1 | 62.9 | 70.8 | 56.5 | - | - | - | 64.6 | 80.4 | 49.3 |
| 1986.. | 65.3 | 76.3 | 55.3 | 65.5 | 76.9 | 55.0 | 63.3 | 71.2 | 56.9 | - | - | - | 65.4 | 81.0 | 50.1 |
| 1987. | 65.6 | 76.2 | 56.0 | 65.8 | 76.8 | 55.7 | 63.8 | 71.1 | 58.0 | - | - | - | 66.4 | 81.0 | 52.0 |
| 1988.. | 65.9 | 76.2 | 56.6 | 66.2 | 76.9 | 56.4 | 63.8 | 71.0 | 58.0 | - | - | - | 67.4 | 81.9 | 53.2 |
| 1989.. | 66.5 | 76.4 | 57.4 | 66.7 | 77.1 | 57.2 | 64.2 | 71.0 | 58.7 | - | - | - | 67.6 | 82.0 | 53.5 |
| 1990.. | 66.5 | 76.4 | 57.5 | 66.9 | 77.1 | 57.4 | 64.0 | 71.0 | 58.3 | - | - | - | 67.4 | 81.4 | 53.1 |
| 1991. | 66.2 | 75.8 | 57.4 | 66.6 | 76.5 | 57.4 | 63.3 | 70.4 | 57.5 | - | - | - | 66.5 | 80.3 | 52.4 |
| 1992. | 66.4 | 75.8 | 57.8 | 66.8 | 76.5 | 57.7 | 63.9 | 70.7 | 58.5 | - | - | - | 66.8 | 80.7 | 52.8 |
| 1993. | 66.3 | 75.4 | 57.9 | 66.8 | 76.2 | 58.0 | 63.2 | 69.6 | 57.9 | - | - | - | 66.2 | 80.2 | 52.1 |
| 1994.... | 66.6 | 75.1 | 58.8 | 67.1 | 75.9 | 58.9 | 63.4 | 69.1 | 58.7 | - | - | - | 66.1 | 79.2 | 52.9 |
| 1995.. | 66.6 | 75.0 | 58.9 | 67.1 | 75.7 | 59.0 | 63.7 | 69.0 | 59.5 | - | - | - | 65.8 | 79.1 | 52.6 |
| 1996.. | 66.8 | 74.9 | 59.3 | 67.2 | 75.8 | 59.1 | 64.1 | 68.7 | 60.4 | - | - | - | 66.5 | 79.6 | 53.4 |
| 1997. | 67.1 | 75.0 | 59.8 | 67.5 | 75.9 | 59.5 | 64.7 | 68.3 | 61.7 | - | - | - | 67.9 | 80.1 | 55.1 |
| 1998.. | 67.1 | 74.9 | 59.8 | 67.3 | 75.6 | 59.4 | 65.6 | 69.0 | 62.8 | - | - | - | 67.9 | 79.8 | 55.6 |
| 1999... | 67.1 | 74.7 | 60.0 | 67.3 | 75.6 | 59.6 | 65.8 | 68.7 | 63.5 | - | - | - | 67.7 | 79.8 | 55.9 |
| 2000.. | 67.1 | 74.8 | 59.9 | 67.3 | 75.5 | 59.5 | 65.8 | 69.2 | 63.1 | 67.2 | 76.1 | 59.2 | 69.7 | 81.5 | 57.5 |
| 2001. | 66.8 | 74.4 | 59.8 | 67.0 | 75.1 | 59.4 | 65.3 | 68.4 | 62.8 | 67.2 | 76.2 | 59.0 | 69.5 | 81.0 | 57.6 |
| 2002. | 66.6 | 74.1 | 59.6 | 66.8 | 74.8 | 59.3 | 64.8 | 68.4 | 61.8 | 67.2 | 75.9 | 59.1 | 69.1 | 80.2 | 57.6 |
| 2003... | 66.2 | 73.5 | 59.5 | 66.5 | 74.2 | 59.2 | 64.3 | 67.3 | 61.9 | 66.4 | 75.6 | 58.3 | 68.3 | 80.1 | 55.9 |
| 2004.... | 66.0 | 73.3 | 59.2 | 66.3 | 74.1 | 58.9 | 63.8 | 66.7 | 61.5 | 65.9 | 75.0 | 57.6 | 68.6 | 80.4 | 56.1 |
| 2005.. | 66.0 | 73.3 | 59.3 | 66.3 | 74.1 | 58.9 | 64.2 | 67.3 | 61.6 | 66.1 | 74.8 | 58.2 | 68.0 | 80.1 | 55.3 |
| 2006... | 66.2 | 73.5 | 59.4 | 66.5 | 74.3 | 59.0 | 64.1 | 67.0 | 61.7 | 66.2 | 75.0 | 58.3 | 68.7 | 80.7 | 56.1 |
| 2007.. | 66.0 | 73.2 | 59.3 | 66.4 | 74.0 | 59.0 | 63.7 | 66.8 | 61.1 | 66.5 | 75.1 | 58.6 | 68.8 | 80.5 | 56.5 |
| 2008... | 66.0 | 73.0 | 59.5 | 66.3 | 73.7 | 59.2 | 63.7 | 66.7 | 61.3 | 67.0 | 75.3 | 59.4 | 68.5 | 80.2 | 56.2 |
| 2009... | 65.4 | 72.0 | 59.2 | 65.8 | 72.8 | 59.1 | 62.4 | 65.0 | 60.3 | 66.0 | 74.6 | 58.2 | 68.0 | 78.8 | 56.5 |

NOTE: Beginning in 2003, estimates for White, Black or African American, and Asian race groups include people who selected that race group only; previously, those respondents with a multiracial background were included in the group they identified as the main race. Asian estimates for 2000-02 include Asian and Pacific Islanders; beginning in 2003, Asians are a separate category. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates data not available.

Table 3. Employment-population ratios by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1972-2009 annual averages
(Percent)

| Year | Total |  |  | White |  |  | Black or African American |  |  | Asian |  |  | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
| 1972. | 57.0 | 75.0 | 41.0 | 57.4 | 76.0 | 40.7 | 53.7 | 66.8 | 43.0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1973. | 57.8 | 75.5 | 42.0 | 58.2 | 76.5 | 41.8 | 54.5 | 67.5 | 43.8 | - | - | - | 55.6 | 76.0 | 37.3 |
| 1974.. | 57.8 | 74.9 | 42.6 | 58.3 | 75.9 | 42.4 | 53.5 | 65.8 | 43.5 | - | - | - | 56.2 | 75.7 | 38.4 |
| 1975... | 56.1 | 71.7 | 42.0 | 56.7 | 73.0 | 42.0 | 50.1 | 60.6 | 41.6 | - | - | - | 53.4 | 71.5 | 37.4 |
| 1976. | 56.8 | 72.0 | 43.2 | 57.5 | 73.4 | 43.2 | 50.8 | 60.6 | 42.8 | - | - | - | 53.8 | 71.1 | 38.6 |
| 1977. | 57.9 | 72.8 | 44.5 | 58.6 | 74.1 | 44.5 | 51.4 | 61.4 | 43.3 | - | - | - | 55.4 | 73.6 | 39.1 |
| 1978. | 59.3 | 73.8 | 46.4 | 60.0 | 75.0 | 46.3 | 53.6 | 63.3 | 45.8 | - | - | - | 57.2 | 74.9 | 41.3 |
| 1979.. | 59.9 | 73.8 | 47.5 | 60.6 | 75.1 | 47.5 | 53.8 | 63.4 | 46.0 | - | - | - | 58.3 | 75.6 | 42.5 |
| 1980.. | 59.2 | 72.0 | 47.7 | 60.0 | 73.4 | 47.8 | 52.3 | 60.4 | 45.7 | - | - | - | 57.6 | 73.5 | 42.4 |
| 1981. | 59.0 | 71.3 | 48.0 | 60.0 | 72.8 | 48.3 | 51.3 | 59.1 | 45.1 | - | - | - | 57.4 | 72.4 | 43.0 |
| 1982. | 57.8 | 69.0 | 47.7 | 58.8 | 70.6 | 48.1 | 49.4 | 56.0 | 44.2 | - | - | - | 54.9 | 68.9 | 41.3 |
| 1983. | 57.9 | 68.8 | 48.0 | 58.9 | 70.4 | 48.5 | 49.5 | 56.3 | 44.1 | - | - | - | 55.1 | 69.4 | 41.1 |
| 1984.. | 59.5 | 70.7 | 49.5 | 60.5 | 72.1 | 49.8 | 52.3 | 59.2 | 46.7 | - | - | - | 57.9 | 72.1 | 44.2 |
| 1985. | 60.1 | 70.9 | 50.4 | 61.0 | 72.3 | 50.7 | 53.4 | 60.0 | 48.1 | - | - | - | 57.8 | 72.1 | 43.8 |
| 1986. | 60.7 | 71.0 | 51.4 | 61.5 | 72.3 | 51.7 | 54.1 | 60.6 | 48.8 | - | - | - | 58.5 | 72.5 | 44.7 |
| 1987. | 61.5 | 71.5 | 52.5 | 62.3 | 72.7 | 52.8 | 55.6 | 62.0 | 50.3 | - | - | - | 60.5 | 74.0 | 47.4 |
| 1988. | 62.3 | 72.0 | 53.4 | 63.1 | 73.2 | 53.8 | 56.3 | 62.7 | 51.2 | - | - | - | 61.9 | 75.3 | 48.8 |
| 1989. | 63.0 | 72.5 | 54.3 | 63.8 | 73.7 | 54.6 | 56.9 | 62.8 | 52.0 | - | - | - | 62.2 | 75.8 | 48.8 |
| 1990. | 62.8 | 72.0 | 54.3 | 63.7 | 73.3 | 54.7 | 56.7 | 62.6 | 51.9 | - | - | - | 61.9 | 74.9 | 48.6 |
| 1991. | 61.7 | 70.4 | 53.7 | 62.6 | 71.6 | 54.2 | 55.4 | 61.3 | 50.6 | - | - | - | 59.8 | 72.1 | 47.3 |
| 1992. | 61.5 | 69.8 | 53.8 | 62.4 | 71.1 | 54.2 | 54.9 | 59.9 | 50.8 | - | - | - | 59.1 | 71.2 | 46.8 |
| 1993.. | 61.7 | 70.0 | 54.1 | 62.7 | 71.4 | 54.6 | 55.0 | 60.0 | 50.9 | - | - | - | 59.1 | 71.7 | 46.3 |
| 1994.. | 62.5 | 70.4 | 55.3 | 63.5 | 71.8 | 55.8 | 56.1 | 60.8 | 52.3 | - | - | - | 59.5 | 71.7 | 47.2 |
| 1995. | 62.9 | 70.8 | 55.6 | 63.8 | 72.0 | 56.1 | 57.1 | 61.7 | 53.4 | - | - | - | 59.7 | 72.1 | 47.3 |
| 1996. | 63.2 | 70.9 | 56.0 | 64.1 | 72.3 | 56.3 | 57.4 | 61.1 | 54.4 | - | - | - | 60.6 | 73.3 | 47.9 |
| 1997. | 63.8 | 71.3 | 56.8 | 64.6 | 72.7 | 57.0 | 58.2 | 61.4 | 55.6 | - | - | - | 62.6 | 74.5 | 50.2 |
| 1998. | 64.1 | 71.6 | 57.1 | 64.7 | 72.7 | 57.1 | 59.7 | 62.9 | 57.2 | - | - | - | 63.1 | 74.7 | 51.0 |
| 1999.... | 64.3 | 71.6 | 57.4 | 64.8 | 72.8 | 57.3 | 60.6 | 63.1 | 58.6 | - | - | - | 63.4 | 75.3 | 51.7 |
| 2000.. | 64.4 | 71.9 | 57.5 | 64.9 | 73.0 | 57.4 | 60.9 | 63.6 | 58.6 | 64.8 | 73.3 | 57.1 | 65.7 | 77.4 | 53.6 |
| 2001. | 63.7 | 70.9 | 57.0 | 64.2 | 72.0 | 57.0 | 59.7 | 62.1 | 57.8 | 64.2 | 72.7 | 56.4 | 64.9 | 76.2 | 53.3 |
| 2002. | 62.7 | 69.7 | 56.3 | 63.4 | 70.8 | 56.4 | 58.1 | 61.1 | 55.8 | 63.2 | 71.3 | 55.8 | 63.9 | 74.5 | 52.9 |
| 2003. | 62.3 | 68.9 | 56.1 | 63.0 | 70.1 | 56.3 | 57.4 | 59.5 | 55.6 | 62.4 | 70.9 | 54.9 | 63.1 | 74.3 | 51.2 |
| 2004... | 62.3 | 69.2 | 56.0 | 63.1 | 70.4 | 56.1 | 57.2 | 59.3 | 55.5 | 63.0 | 71.6 | 55.1 | 63.8 | 75.1 | 51.8 |
| 2005... | 62.7 | 69.6 | 56.2 | 63.4 | 70.8 | 56.3 | 57.7 | 60.2 | 55.7 | 63.4 | 71.8 | 55.9 | 64.0 | 75.8 | 51.5 |
| 2006. | 63.1 | 70.1 | 56.6 | 63.8 | 71.3 | 56.6 | 58.4 | 60.6 | 56.5 | 64.2 | 72.7 | 56.5 | 65.2 | 76.8 | 52.8 |
| 2007. | 63.0 | 69.8 | 56.6 | 63.6 | 70.9 | 56.7 | 58.4 | 60.7 | 56.5 | 64.3 | 72.8 | 56.6 | 64.9 | 76.2 | 53.0 |
| 2008. | 62.2 | 68.5 | 56.2 | 62.8 | 69.7 | 56.3 | 57.3 | 59.1 | 55.8 | 64.3 | 72.2 | 57.2 | 63.3 | 74.1 | 51.9 |
| 2009... | 59.3 | 64.5 | 54.4 | 60.2 | 66.0 | 54.8 | 53.2 | 53.7 | 52.8 | 61.2 | 68.7 | 54.4 | 59.7 | 68.9 | 50.1 |

NOTE: Beginning in 2003, estimates for White, Black or African American, and Asian race groups include people who selected that race group only; previously, those respondents with a multiracial background were included in the group they identified as the main race. Asian estimates for 2000-02 include Asian and Pacific Islanders; beginning in 2003, Asians are a separate category. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates data not available.

Table 4. Employment status of people 25 years and older by educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity | Total, 25 years and older | Less than a high school diploma | High school graduates, no college | Some college, no degree | Associate's degree | Bachelor's degree and higher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total <br> Civilian noninstitutional population. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 198,233 | 26,129 | 61,469 | 33,518 | 18,208 | 58,909 |
| Civilian labor force.. | 132,781 | 12,146 | 38,186 | 23,005 | 13,810 | 45,634 |
| Percent of population. | 67.0 | 46.5 | 62.1 | 68.6 | 75.8 | 77.5 |
| Employed.. | 122,277 | 10,371 | 34,487 | 21,016 | 12,872 | 43,531 |
| Employment-population ratio | 61.7 | 39.7 | 56.1 | 62.7 | 70.7 | 73.9 |
| Unemployed.. | 10,505 | 1,775 | 3,699 | 1,989 | 938 | 2,103 |
| Unemployment rate.. | 7.9 | 14.6 | 9.7 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 4.6 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian labor force | 95,209 | 13,028 | 29,737 | 15,698 | 7,819 | 28,927 |
|  | 71,057 | 7,716 | 21,442 | 11,872 | 6,364 | 23,664 |
| Percent of population. | 74.6 | 59.2 | 72.1 | 75.6 | 81.4 | 81.8 |
| Employed.. | 64,831 | 6,569 | 19,085 | 10,772 | 5,864 | 22,541 |
| Unemployed............................... | 68.1 | 50.4 | 64.2 | 68.6 | 75.0 | 77.9 |
|  | 6,226 | 1,147 | 2,357 | 1,099 | 500 | 1,123 |
| Unemployment rate. | 8.8 | 14.9 | 11.0 | 9.3 | 7.9 | 4.7 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 103,024 | 13,101 | 31,731 | 17,820 | 10,389 | 29,982 |
| Civilian labor force. | 61,724 | 4,430 | 16,744 | 11,134 | 7,446 | 21,970 |
| Percent of population. | 59.9 | 33.8 | 52.8 | 62.5 | 71.7 | 73.3 |
| Employed.. | 57,445 | 3,802 | 15,402 | 10,244 | 7,008 | 20,990 |
| Unemployed........................ | 55.8 | 29.0 | 48.5 | 57.5 | 67.5 | 70.0 |
|  | 4,279 | 629 | 1,342 | 889 | 438 | 980 |
| Unemployment rate.. | 6.9 | 14.2 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 5.9 | 4.5 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 161,904 | 20,550 | 50,515 | 27,137 | 15,073 | 48,628 |
| Civilian labor force. | 108,354 | 9,871 | 31,172 | 18,447 | 11,427 | 37,437 |
| Percent of population. | 66.9 | 48.0 | 61.7 | 68.0 | 75.8 | 77.0 |
| Employed.. | 100,419 | 8,497 | 28,372 | 16,983 | 10,714 | 35,854 |
| Employment-population ratio | 62.0 | 41.3 | 56.2 | 62.6 | 71.1 | 73.7 |
| Unemployed. | 7,935 | 1,374 | 2,800 | 1,465 | 713 | 1,583 |
| Unemployment rate. | 7.3 | 13.9 | 9.0 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 4.2 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 78,713 | 10,526 | 24,555 | 12,892 | 6,507 | 24,232 |
| Civilian labor force. | 59,025 | 6,494 | 17,778 | 9,749 | 5,326 | 19,679 |
| Percent of population.. | 75.0 | 61.7 | 72.4 | 75.6 | 81.8 | 81.2 |
| Employed.. | 54,248 | 5,583 | 15,966 | 8,937 | 4,948 | 18,813 |
| Unemployed........................ | 68.9 | 53.0 | 65.0 | 69.3 | 76.0 | 77.6 |
|  | 4,777 | 910 | 1,812 | 812 | 378 | 865 |
| Unemployment rate | 8.1 | 14.0 | 10.2 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 4.4 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 83,191 | 10,023 | 25,960 | 14,245 | 8,566 | 24,396 |
| Civilian labor force. | 49,329 | 3,378 | 13,394 | 8,698 | 6,101 | 17,758 |
| Percent of population.. | 59.3 | 33.7 | 51.6 | 61.1 | 71.2 | 72.8 |
| Employed.. | 46,172 | 2,913 | 12,406 | 8,046 | 5,766 | 17,040 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 55.5 | 29.1 | 47.8 | 56.5 | 67.3 | 69.8 |
| Unemployed.. | 3,157 | 464 | 988 | 653 | 335 | 718 |
| Unemployment rate.. | 6.4 | 13.7 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 4.0 |

See note at end of table.

Table 4. Employment status of people 25 years and older by educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity | Total, 25 years and older | Less than a high school diploma | High school graduates, no college | Some college, no degree | Associate's degree | Bachelor's degree and higher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Black or African American |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 22,584 | 3,644 | 7,866 | 4,519 | 2,067 | 4,488 |
| Civilian labor force... | 14,941 | 1,393 | 5,085 | 3,250 | 1,584 | 3,629 |
| Percent of population. | 66.2 | 38.2 | 64.6 | 71.9 | 76.6 | 80.9 |
| Employed.. | 13,110 | 1,096 | 4,375 | 2,855 | 1,422 | 3,363 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 58.1 | 30.1 | 55.6 | 63.2 | 68.8 | 74.9 |
| Unemployed. | 1,831 | 297 | 710 | 394 | 162 | 266 |
| Unemployment rate........... | 12.3 | 21.3 | 14.0 | 12.1 | 10.3 | 7.3 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 9,969 | 1,639 | 3,765 | 1,921 | 809 | 1,836 |
| Civilian labor force. | 6,961 | 724 | 2,625 | 1,435 | 630 | 1,546 |
| Percent of population. | 69.8 | 44.2 | 69.7 | 74.7 | 77.9 | 84.2 |
| Employed.. | 5,939 | 551 | 2,199 | 1,225 | 544 | 1,419 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 59.6 | 33.6 | 58.4 | 63.8 | 67.3 | 77.3 |
| Unemployed. | 1,022 | 173 | 427 | 211 | 86 | 126 |
| Unemployment rate. | 14.7 | 23.9 | 16.2 | 14.7 | 13.6 | 8.2 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 12,615 | 2,005 | 4,101 | 2,598 | 1,258 | 2,652 |
| Civilian labor force... | 7,980 | 669 | 2,460 | 1,814 | 954 | 2,083 |
| Percent of population.. | 63.3 | 33.4 | 60.0 | 69.8 | 75.8 | 78.5 |
| Employed.. | 7,171 | 544 | 2,176 | 1,631 | 877 | 1,943 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 56.8 | 27.1 | 53.1 | 62.8 | 69.7 | 73.3 |
| Unemployed. | 809 | 125 | 284 | 184 | 77 | 140 |
| Unemployment rate.............. | 10.1 | 18.6 | 11.5 | 10.1 | 8.0 | 6.7 |
| Asian |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 9,354 | 1,096 | 1,828 | 915 | 623 | 4,892 |
| Civilian labor force. | 6,540 | 489 | 1,111 | 636 | 469 | 3,836 |
| Percent of population. | 69.9 | 44.6 | 60.8 | 69.5 | 75.3 | 78.4 |
| Employed.. | 6,110 | 448 | 1,028 | 579 | 434 | 3,622 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 65.3 | 40.8 | 56.2 | 63.3 | 69.6 | 74.0 |
| Unemployed. | 430 | 41 | 83 | 57 | 35 | 214 |
| Unemployment rate............. | 6.6 | 8.4 | 7.5 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 5.6 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 4,419 | 429 | 788 | 452 | 296 | 2,454 |
| Civilian labor force... | 3,525 | 253 | 578 | 352 | 243 | 2,100 |
| Percent of population.... | 79.8 | 59.0 | 73.4 | 77.9 | 82.0 | 85.5 |
| Employed.. | 3,272 | 229 | 522 | 312 | 224 | 1,984 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 74.0 | 53.3 | 66.3 | 69.2 | 75.9 | 80.8 |
| Unemployed........... | 253 | 24 | 56 | 39 | 18 | 116 |
| Unemployment rate................. | 7.2 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 11.2 | 7.5 | 5.5 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 4,935 | 668 | 1,040 | 463 | 327 | 2,438 |
| Civilian labor force. | 3,015 | 236 | 533 | 284 | 226 | 1,736 |
| Percent of population.......... | 61.1 | 35.3 | 51.3 | 61.3 | 69.1 | 71.2 |
| Employed.. | 2,838 | 219 | 506 | 266 | 209 | 1,638 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 57.5 | 32.8 | 48.6 | 57.5 | 64.0 | 67.2 |
| Unemployed..... | 176 | 17 | 27 | 17 | 17 | 98 |
| Unemployment rate.............. | 5.9 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 7.4 | 5.7 |

See note at end of table.

Table 4. Employment status of people 25 years and older by educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages-Continued
(Numbers in thousands)

| Employment status, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity | Total, 25 years and older | Less than a high school diploma | High school graduates, no college | Some college, no degree | Associate's degree | Bachelor's degree and higher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 26,145 | 9,763 | 7,736 | 3,421 | 1,682 | 3,543 |
| Civilian labor force. | 18,642 | 6,064 | 5,658 | 2,670 | 1,357 | 2,894 |
| Percent of population. | 71.3 | 62.1 | 73.1 | 78.0 | 80.7 | 81.7 |
| Employed.. | 16,687 | 5,233 | 5,069 | 2,414 | 1,242 | 2,729 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 63.8 | 53.6 | 65.5 | 70.6 | 73.8 | 77.0 |
| Unemployed. | 1,955 | 831 | 589 | 255 | 115 | 166 |
| Unemployment rate.. | 10.5 | 13.7 | 10.4 | 9.6 | 8.5 | 5.7 |
| Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 13,430 | 5,130 | 4,114 | 1,707 | 742 | 1,737 |
| Civilian labor force. | 11,187 | 4,048 | 3,494 | 1,469 | 653 | 1,524 |
| Percent of population.. | 83.3 | 78.9 | 84.9 | 86.1 | 87.9 | 87.7 |
| Employed.. | 9,969 | 3,508 | 3,114 | 1,321 | 595 | 1,431 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 74.2 | 68.4 | 75.7 | 77.4 | 80.1 | 82.4 |
| Unemployed.. | 1,218 | 539 | 380 | 148 | 58 | 93 |
| Unemployment rate. | 10.9 | 13.3 | 10.9 | 10.1 | 8.9 | 6.1 |
| Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutional population. | 12,714 | 4,634 | 3,622 | 1,714 | 940 | 1,805 |
| Civilian labor force. | 7,455 | 2,016 | 2,163 | 1,201 | 704 | 1,371 |
| Percent of population... | 58.6 | 43.5 | 59.7 | 70.1 | 74.9 | 75.9 |
| Employed.. | 6,718 | 1,724 | 1,955 | 1,093 | 647 | 1,298 |
| Employment-population ratio. | 52.8 | 37.2 | 54.0 | 63.8 | 68.9 | 71.9 |
| Unemployed.. | 737 | 291 | 208 | 108 | 57 | 73 |
| Unemployment rate... | 9.9 | 14.5 | 9.6 | 9.0 | 8.1 | 5.3 |

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 5. Employed people by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Occupation and sex | Total | White | Black or <br> African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, 16 years and older (thousands) | 139,877 | 114,996 | 15,025 | 6,635 | 19,647 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Management, professional, and related occupations. | 37.3 | 38.0 | 29.2 | 48.8 | 19.4 |
| Management, business, and financial operations. | 15.4 | 16.2 | 10.1 | 15.9 | 8.4 |
| Management occupations. | 11.0 | 11.8 | 6.3 | 10.2 | 5.9 |
| Business and financial operations occupations.. | 4.3 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 5.6 | 2.5 |
| Professional and related occupations. | 21.9 | 21.8 | 19.1 | 33.0 | 11.1 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 8.2 | 1.0 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations. | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 1.0 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations. | . 9 | . 9 | . 5 | 2.5 | . 4 |
| Community and social services occupations. | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| Legal occupations. | 1.2 | 1.3 | . 7 | . 9 | . 4 |
| Education, training, and library occupations. | 6.2 | 6.4 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 3.4 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations | 1.9 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations. | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 9.7 | 2.5 |
| Service occupations.. | 17.6 | 16.5 | 25.2 | 17.0 | 25.8 |
| Healthcare support occupations. | 2.4 | 2.0 | 5.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| Protective service occupations... | 2.3 | 2.1 | 4.0 | . 9 | 2.0 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations.... | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 8.5 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations | 3.8 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 9.3 |
| Personal care and service occupations.. | 3.6 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 5.6 | 3.7 |
| Sales and office occupations.. | 24.2 | 24.2 | 25.2 | 21.2 | 21.3 |
| Sales and related occupations. | 11.2 | 11.4 | 10.0 | 11.3 | 9.5 |
| Office and administrative support occupations.. | 13.0 | 12.8 | 15.3 | 9.9 | 11.8 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations. | 9.5 | 10.3 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 16.4 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations... | . 7 | . 7 | . 3 | . 2 | 1.9 |
| Construction and extraction occupations.. | 5.3 | 5.8 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 10.8 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations. | 3.5 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 3.7 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations. | 11.4 | 11.1 | 14.3 | 8.9 | 17.1 |
| Production occupations................................... | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 8.5 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations................. | 5.9 | 5.7 | 8.5 | 3.3 | 8.6 |

See note at end of table.

Table 5. Employed people by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages-Continued

| Occupation and sex | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men, 16 years and older (thousands). | 73,670 | 61,630 | 6,817 | 3,551 | 11,640 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Management, professional, and related occupations. | 34.5 | 35.0 | 23.8 | 50.1 | 15.9 |
| Management, business, and financial operations. | 16.7 | 17.7 | 9.6 | 16.4 | 7.9 |
| Management occupations. | 13.1 | 14.0 | 7.0 | 12.2 | 6.1 |
| Business and financial operations occupations. | 3.6 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 1.7 |
| Professional and related occupations. | 17.7 | 17.3 | 14.2 | 33.7 | 8.0 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations. | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 11.3 | 1.2 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations. | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 6.5 | 1.5 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations. | 1.0 | . 9 | . 6 | 2.5 | . 4 |
| Community and social services occupations. | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.5 | . 8 | . 8 |
| Legal occupations.. | 1.2 | 1.3 | . 7 | . 9 | . 3 |
| Education, training, and library occupations.. | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 1.4 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations. | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations.. | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 6.1 | 1.3 |
| Service occupations. | 14.3 | 13.4 | 21.2 | 13.7 | 21.2 |
| Healthcare support occupations. | . 5 | . 4 | 1.4 | . 6 | . 4 |
| Protective service occupations. | 3.3 | 3.2 | 5.7 | 1.2 | 2.7 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations. | 4.6 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 6.6 | 8.2 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations | 4.3 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 2.4 | 8.6 |
| Personal care and service occupations. | 1.5 | 1.3 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 1.3 |
| Sales and office occupations. | 17.0 | 16.8 | 18.5 | 18.0 | 14.2 |
| Sales and related occupations... | 10.7 | 10.9 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 7.7 |
| Office and administrative support occupations.. | 6.3 | 5.8 | 10.0 | 6.4 | 6.5 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations. | 17.3 | 18.4 | 12.4 | 7.1 | 26.6 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations. | 1.0 | 1.1 | . 5 | . 3 | 2.6 |
| Construction and extraction occupations... | 9.8 | 10.6 | 6.3 | 2.7 | 18.0 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.. | 6.4 | 6.7 | 5.6 | 4.1 | 6.0 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations. | 17.0 | 16.5 | 24.0 | 11.1 | 22.2 |
| Production occupations.. | 7.5 | 7.4 | 8.6 | 5.8 | 9.9 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations.. | 9.5 | 9.1 | 15.5 | 5.3 | 12.3 |

See note at end of table.

Table 5. Employed people by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages-Continued

| Occupation and sex | Total | White | Black or <br> African <br> American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Women, 16 years and older (thousands). | 66,208 | 53,366 | 8,208 | 3,084 | 8,007 |
| Percent | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Management, professional, and related occupations. | 40.5 | 41.4 | 33.7 | 47.4 | 24.6 |
| Management, business, and financial operations. | 13.9 | 14.4 | 10.5 | 15.2 | 9.1 |
| Management occupations. | 8.7 | 9.3 | 5.7 | 7.9 | 5.5 |
| Business and financial operations occupations. | 5.2 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 7.3 | 3.6 |
| Professional and related occupations. | 26.6 | 27.0 | 23.2 | 32.2 | 15.5 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations. | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 4.7 | . 6 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations. | . 6 | . 6 | . 3 | 1.4 | . 3 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations... | . 9 | . 9 | . 5 | 2.6 | . 4 |
| Community and social services occupations. | 2.2 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Legal occupations. | 1.3 | 1.4 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 7 |
| Education, training, and library occupations. | 9.7 | 10.3 | 7.7 | 6.3 | 6.4 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations. | 1.9 | 2.1 | . 8 | 1.5 | 1.2 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations.. | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 13.7 | 4.2 |
| Service occupations. | 21.3 | 20.1 | 28.5 | 20.7 | 32.4 |
| Healthcare support occupations. | 4.5 | 3.8 | 9.0 | 3.5 | 5.0 |
| Protective service occupations. | 1.1 | . 9 | 2.5 | . 5 | 1.0 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations.. | 6.5 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 9.0 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations. | 3.3 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 2.2 | 10.2 |
| Personal care and service occupations... | 5.9 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 8.7 | 7.1 |
| Sales and office occupations. | 32.2 | 32.7 | 30.8 | 25.0 | 31.6 |
| Sales and related occupations. | 11.7 | 11.8 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 12.1 |
| Office and administrative support occupations. | 20.4 | 20.9 | 19.7 | 13.9 | 19.5 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | . 9 | . 9 | . 8 | . 4 | 1.6 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.. | . 3 | . 3 | . 1 | . 1 | 1.0 |
| Construction and extraction occupations.. | . 3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations. | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 2 | . 3 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations. | 5.2 | 4.9 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 9.8 |
| Production occupations....... | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 5.5 | 6.5 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations................. | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 3.3 |

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or <br> African <br> American | Asian | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { Hispanic or } \\ \text { Latino } \\ \text { ethnicity } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Total, 16 years and older | 139,877 | 82.2 | 10.7 | 4.7 | 14.0 |
| Management, professional, and related occupations | 52,219 | 83.6 | 8.4 | 6.2 | 7.3 |
| Management, business, and financial operations.. | 21,529 | 86.3 | 7.0 | 4.9 | 7.6 |
| Management occupations | 15,447 | 87.8 | 6.2 | 4.4 | 7.5 |
| Chief executives | 1,631 | 91.9 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 |
| General and operations managers | 1,004 | 88.3 | 5.5 | 4.6 | 6.0 |
| Legislators. | 19 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Advertising and promotions managers. | 78 | 91.0 | 6.3 | 2.7 | 11.1 |
| Marketing and sales managers | 938 | 90.5 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 7.2 |
| Public relations managers | 70 | 94.3 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| Administrative services managers | 118 | 85.6 | 6.8 | 2.6 | 9.8 |
| Computer and information systems managers | 471 | 86.0 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 6.2 |
| Financial managers | 1,183 | 83.9 | 8.5 | 6.1 | 9.1 |
| Human resources managers | 283 | 88.0 | 7.6 | 3.3 | 7.6 |
| Industrial production managers | 240 | 91.3 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 11.2 |
| Purchasing managers | 198 | 85.9 | 8.7 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| Transportation, storage, and distribution managers. | 234 | 89.3 | 7.3 | 2.0 | 9.4 |
| Farm, ranch, and other agricultural managers. | 226 | 95.6 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 7.9 |
| Farmers and ranchers | 729 | 97.5 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 1.7 |
| Construction managers | 1,099 | 93.4 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 8.2 |
| Education administrators | 808 | 84.9 | 10.7 | 2.6 | 7.2 |
| Engineering managers | 124 | 87.1 | 2.9 | 8.7 | 5.4 |
| Food service managers | 1,003 | 80.8 | 6.9 | 10.4 | 14.2 |
| Funeral directors | 41 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Gaming managers | 21 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Lodging managers | 160 | 74.4 | 8.4 | 14.7 | 9.4 |
| Medical and health services managers. | 533 | 83.9 | 9.9 | 4.6 | 7.0 |
| Natural sciences managers | 13 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Postmasters and mail superintendents.. | 33 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Property, real estate, and community association managers.. | 597 | 87.3 | 8.1 | 2.8 | 9.3 |
| Social and community service managers. | 343 | 84.0 | 11.5 | 1.5 | 8.5 |
| Managers, all other | 3,249 | 86.4 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 7.4 |
| Business and financial operations occupations.. | 6,082 | 82.5 | 9.3 | 6.1 | 8.0 |
| Agents and business managers of artists, performers, and athletes. | 42 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Purchasing agents and buyers, farm products.. | 10 | $\left(^{1}\right)$ | $\left(^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Wholesale and retail buyers, except farm products. | 167 | 86.2 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 16.4 |
| Purchasing agents, except wholesale, retail, and farm products. | 239 | 86.2 | 6.8 | 3.3 | 10.7 |
| Claims adjusters, appraisers, examiners, and investigators. | 280 | 82.5 | 13.7 | 2.7 | 7.3 |
| Compliance officers, except agriculture, construction, health and safety, and transportation. | 200 | 84.0 | 12.0 | 1.7 | 6.8 |
| Cost estimators....... | 117 | 97.4 | 1.1 | . 3 | 13.5 |
| Human resources, training, and labor relations specialists. | 843 | 82.3 | 12.1 | 3.2 | 9.6 |
| Logisticians..... | 64 | 75.0 | 11.9 | 7.5 | 13.6 |
| Management analysts . | 640 | 86.3 | 7.4 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| Meeting and convention planners... | 56 | 82.1 | 12.9 | . 8 | 8.2 |
| Other business operations specialists.. | 317 | 79.8 | 11.9 | 5.7 | 8.7 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| Accountants and auditors | 1,754 | 79.7 | 8.0 | 10.3 | 6.3 |
| Appraisers and assessors of real estate. | 99 | 89.9 | 5.2 | 1.7 | 6.0 |
| Budget analysts. | 57 | 73.7 | 14.9 | 9.2 | 3.6 |
| Credit analysts | 26 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Financial analysts. | 94 | 83.0 | 5.8 | 10.3 | 6.4 |
| Personal financial advisors. | 400 | 85.3 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 7.7 |
| Insurance underwriters. | 97 | 79.4 | 13.6 | 3.2 | 11.5 |
| Financial examiners. | 8 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Loan counselors and officers. | 346 | 81.5 | 11.4 | 5.6 | 9.9 |
| Tax examiners, collectors, and revenue agents. | 74 | 78.4 | 15.6 | 5.7 | 3.1 |
| Tax preparers.. | 99 | 79.8 | 11.8 | 7.1 | 10.1 |
| Financial specialists, all other. | 53 | 75.5 | 15.2 | 7.8 | 12.8 |
| Professional and related occupations. | 30,690 | 81.7 | 9.4 | 7.1 | 7.1 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations. | 3,481 | 75.6 | 6.7 | 15.7 | 5.4 |
| Computer scientists and systems analysts | 759 | 76.7 | 7.5 | 14.7 | 6.1 |
| Computer programmers. | 498 | 80.7 | 5.0 | 13.0 | 5.4 |
| Computer software engineers. | 952 | 65.4 | 5.3 | 26.6 | 3.5 |
| Computer support specialists. | 384 | 77.1 | 11.7 | 8.3 | 7.5 |
| Database administrators. | 110 | 79.1 | 5.1 | 14.0 | 7.3 |
| Network and computer systems administrators. | 207 | 85.5 | 5.6 | 7.0 | 7.6 |
| Network systems and data communications analysts | 401 | 82.0 | 6.2 | 9.4 | 5.5 |
| Actuaries. | 21 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Mathematicians. | 3 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Operations research analysts. | 108 | 79.6 | 10.7 | 8.4 | 5.8 |
| Statisticians. | 35 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Miscellaneous mathematical science occupations. | 3 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Architecture and engineering occupations. | 2,740 | 83.1 | 5.5 | 9.9 | 7.2 |
| Architects, except naval.. | 204 | 91.2 | 2.5 | 4.8 | 6.9 |
| Surveyors, cartographers, and photogrammetrists. | 53 | 90.6 | 6.4 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Aerospace engineers. | 136 | 83.8 | 6.1 | 7.8 | 8.3 |
| Agricultural engineers. | 3 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Biomedical engineers. | 16 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Chemical engineers. | 65 | 80.0 | 11.0 | 7.8 | 2.6 |
| Civil engineers. | 338 | 84.0 | 4.1 | 10.6 | 7.3 |
| Computer hardware engineers.. | 61 | 65.6 | 6.2 | 26.8 | 7.7 |
| Electrical and electronics engineers. | 314 | 75.5 | 5.1 | 17.0 | 5.1 |
| Environmental engineers. | 31 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Industrial engineers, including health and safety. | 186 | 83.3 | 2.9 | 12.4 | 9.5 |
| Marine engineers and naval architects.. | 12 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Materials engineers.. | 33 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Mechanical engineers.. | 302 | 84.8 | 4.0 | 10.1 | 5.8 |
| Mining and geological engineers, including mining safety engineers | 11 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Nuclear engineers.. | 11 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Petroleum engineers. | 26 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Engineers, all other. | 346 | 78.0 | 6.7 | 13.9 | 6.1 |
| Drafters.. | 149 | 89.3 | 6.8 | 2.9 | 9.9 |
| Engineering technicians, except drafters.. | 365 | 84.7 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 8.3 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| Surveying and mapping technicians. | 80 | 95.0 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 10.3 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations.. | 1,328 | 79.2 | 6.0 | 12.7 | 5.9 |
| Agricultural and food scientists.. | 32 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Biological scientists. | 98 | 80.6 | 4.7 | 13.6 | 5.1 |
| Conservation scientists and foresters | 23 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Medical scientists. | 170 | 60.0 | 4.5 | 33.3 | 4.3 |
| Astronomers and physicists. | 13 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Atmospheric and space scientists. | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Chemists and materials scientists. | 113 | 72.6 | 7.2 | 19.6 | 6.6 |
| Environmental scientists and geoscientists. | 91 | 92.3 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 1.2 |
| Physical scientists, all other. | 127 | 77.2 | 2.1 | 18.6 | 4.1 |
| Economists.. | 36 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Market and survey researchers. | 127 | 85.8 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 5.2 |
| Psychologists.. | 161 | 89.4 | 6.3 | 3.2 | 6.2 |
| Sociologists. | 2 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Urban and regional planners. | 23 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Miscellaneous social scientists and related workers. | 43 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Agricultural and food science technicians. | 30 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Biological technicians. | 20 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Chemical technicians.. | 54 | 66.7 | 18.2 | 12.7 | 18.7 |
| Geological and petroleum technicians. | 15 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Nuclear technicians.. | 1 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Other life, physical, and social science technicians. | 144 | 79.9 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 9.2 |
| Community and social services occupations. | 2,341 | 75.4 | 19.8 | 2.7 | 9.7 |
| Counselors. | 697 | 72.6 | 22.9 | 2.0 | 9.4 |
| Social workers. | 725 | 72.7 | 22.5 | 2.5 | 9.6 |
| Miscellaneous community and social service specialists. | 349 | 72.5 | 21.4 | 2.5 | 15.7 |
| Clergy. | 427 | 82.7 | 12.4 | 4.0 | 5.3 |
| Directors, religious activities and education. | 66 | 90.9 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 12.9 |
| Religious workers, all other. | 76 | 82.9 | 12.5 | 4.1 | 8.3 |
| Legal occupations.. | 1,710 | 88.3 | 6.5 | 3.6 | 5.0 |
| Lawyers... | 1,043 | 90.0 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 2.8 |
| Judges, magistrates, and other judicial workers. | 73 | 91.8 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 7.0 |
| Paralegals and legal assistants. | 354 | 85.9 | 9.8 | 1.4 | 8.3 |
| Miscellaneous legal support workers. | 240 | 83.3 | 9.7 | 4.7 | 8.8 |
| Education, training, and library occupations. | 8,627 | 85.1 | 9.2 | 3.9 | 7.8 |
| Postsecondary teachers........ | 1,321 | 82.1 | 5.3 | 11.3 | 4.6 |
| Preschool and kindergarten teachers. | 691 | 81.8 | 14.2 | 2.6 | 10.3 |
| Elementary and middle school teachers. | 2,862 | 86.9 | 9.3 | 2.4 | 7.1 |
| Secondary school teachers.. | 1,212 | 88.3 | 7.8 | 2.1 | 6.6 |
| Special education teachers... | 385 | 90.1 | 6.8 | 2.3 | 4.8 |
| Other teachers and instructors. | 758 | 84.6 | 9.5 | 3.9 | 8.6 |
| Archivists, curators, and museum technicians. | 41 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Librarians. | 206 | 89.3 | 5.3 | 3.0 | 6.8 |
| Library technicians............................................................... | 50 | 84.0 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 9.0 |
| Teacher assistants............................................................. | 1,006 | 79.8 | 14.5 | 2.4 | 14.7 |
| Other education, training, and library workers................................. | 96 | 83.3 | 10.4 | 4.3 | 5.4 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations.................. | 2,724 | 87.6 | 6.7 | 3.6 | 8.8 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| Artists and related workers. | 213 | 92.0 | . 8 | 3.9 | 9.3 |
| Designers.. | 764 | 88.5 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 7.9 |
| Actors.. | 26 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Producers and directors. | 138 | 81.9 | 11.6 | 4.1 | 10.1 |
| Athletes, coaches, umpires, and related workers.. | 258 | 84.9 | 10.4 | 3.1 | 9.2 |
| Dancers and choreographers... | 18 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Musicians, singers, and related workers.. | 168 | 85.1 | 12.2 | . 8 | 8.3 |
| Entertainers and performers, sports and related workers, all other. $\qquad$ | 51 | 86.3 | 10.7 | 2.0 | 21.9 |
| Announcers... | 52 | 80.8 | 15.6 | 2.7 | 14.9 |
| News analysts, reporters and correspondents. | 80 | 93.8 | 1.8 | . 9 | 4.0 |
| Public relations specialists. | 137 | 89.1 | 6.2 | 3.3 | 6.0 |
| Editors... | 169 | 89.9 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 1.3 |
| Technical writers... | 51 | 92.2 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 3.9 |
| Writers and authors... | 178 | 88.2 | 7.3 | 1.3 | 3.1 |
| Miscellaneous media and communication workers.. | 94 | 79.8 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 37.0 |
| Broadcast and sound engineering technicians and radio operators | 93 | 88.2 | 7.5 | 2.9 | 9.9 |
| Photographers.................................. | 188 | 89.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 7.6 |
| Television, video, and motion picture camera operators and editors. | 46 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ( ${ }^{1}$ | ( ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Media and communication equipment workers, all other. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations. | 7,738 | 78.8 | 11.1 | 8.3 | 6.3 |
| Chiropractors... | 58 | 96.6 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 3.6 |
| Dentists.. | 164 | 86.0 | 1.4 | 10.8 | 7.9 |
| Dietitians and nutritionists. | 99 | 72.7 | 21.8 | 5.3 | 7.8 |
| Optometrists.. | 26 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Pharmacists.. | 267 | 75.7 | 8.9 | 14.7 | 3.5 |
| Physicians and surgeons.. | 914 | 76.8 | 5.7 | 16.4 | 6.3 |
| Physician assistants.. | 91 | 81.3 | 11.4 | 5.8 | 11.1 |
| Podiatrists.. | 16 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Registered nurses.. | 2,839 | 78.5 | 11.5 | 8.1 | 4.6 |
| Audiologists.......... | 18 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)^{1}$ |
| Occupational therapists. | 106 | 88.7 | 3.8 | 6.3 | 2.6 |
| Physical therapists. | 175 | 85.1 | 6.1 | 8.4 | 4.5 |
| Radiation therapists. | 14 | ( ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Recreational therapists. | 23 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Respiratory therapists... | 119 | 81.5 | 11.4 | 4.6 | 10.8 |
| Speech-language pathologists.. | 140 | 95.0 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 5.6 |
| Therapists, all other.. | 128 | 82.0 | 10.8 | 5.3 | 6.5 |
| Veterinarians... | 69 | 94.2 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
| Health diagnosing and treating practitioners, all other.. | 25 | ( ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Clinical laboratory technologists and technicians.. | 349 | 72.8 | 13.2 | 11.2 | 8.8 |
| Dental hygienists...... | 137 | 86.9 | 4.3 | 6.0 | 4.5 |
| Diagnostic related technologists and technicians.. | 342 | 84.8 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 6.7 |
| Emergency medical technicians and paramedics. | 156 | 87.2 | 7.8 | 1.2 | 5.5 |
| Health diagnosing and treating practitioner support technicians | 476 | 77.9 | 14.5 | 6.0 | 11.1 |

[^0]Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued

| Occupation |
| :---: |

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| Hosts and hostesses, restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop. | 258 | 87.2 | 8.0 | 2.8 | 12.5 |
| Food preparation and serving related workers, all other.. | 11 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations. | 5,349 | 80.5 | 13.8 | 2.9 | 34.1 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of housekeeping janitorial workers. | 276 | 80.4 | 13.5 | 2.8 | 21.0 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping workers. | 263 | 93.9 | 3.9 | 1.2 | 22.2 |
| Janitors and building cleaners. | 2,149 | 77.0 | 17.3 | 2.9 | 29.4 |
| Maids and housekeeping cleaners. | 1,428 | 76.2 | 16.1 | 4.3 | 41.7 |
| Pest control workers. | 55 | 85.5 | 9.4 | 3.7 | 23.4 |
| Grounds maintenance workers | 1,178 | 88.8 | 7.0 | 1.5 | 39.6 |
| Personal care and service occupations | 5,043 | 75.4 | 14.5 | 7.4 | 14.3 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of gaming workers. | 154 | 87.7 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 6.1 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of personal service workers | 212 | 74.5 | 7.6 | 17.3 | 6.3 |
| Animal trainers.. | 44 | $\left(^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Nonfarm animal caretakers | 163 | 89.6 | 4.4 | 1.7 | 11.2 |
| Gaming services workers. | 127 | 56.7 | 11.0 | 26.0 | 11.2 |
| Motion picture projectionists. | 5 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Ushers, lobby attendants, and ticket takers. | 34 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Miscellaneous entertainment attendants and related workers. | 163 | 84.7 | 8.3 | 3.2 | 11.5 |
| Funeral service workers. | 10 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Barbers. | 93 | 61.3 | 35.0 | 1.8 | 19.8 |
| Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists | 800 | 82.0 | 11.9 | 4.3 | 12.1 |
| Miscellaneous personal appearance workers. | 242 | 42.1 | 5.7 | 49.6 | 8.3 |
| Baggage porters, bellhops, and concierges. | 74 | 63.5 | 27.1 | 5.7 | 19.8 |
| Tour and travel guides. | 29 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Transportation attendants. | 133 | 75.2 | 17.9 | 4.3 | 15.0 |
| Child care workers. | 1,292 | 78.4 | 16.8 | 2.7 | 18.4 |
| Personal and home care aides. | 926 | 67.5 | 21.1 | 7.3 | 19.0 |
| Recreation and fitness workers. | 369 | 85.4 | 9.0 | 3.0 | 10.3 |
| Residential advisors. | 71 | 67.6 | 29.6 | 1.6 | 5.8 |
| Personal care and service workers, all other. | 103 | 81.6 | 12.4 | 2.2 | 11.1 |
| Sales and office occupations. | 33,787 | 82.2 | 11.2 | 4.2 | 12.4 |
| Sales and related occupations. | 15,641 | 83.5 | 9.6 | 4.8 | 11.9 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers. | 3,311 | 84.7 | 7.7 | 5.8 | 10.3 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of non-retail sales workers. | 1,291 | 88.1 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 9.0 |
| Cashiers. | 3,056 | 75.4 | 15.6 | 6.3 | 17.2 |
| Counter and rental clerks. | 142 | 79.6 | 14.1 | 5.4 | 10.1 |
| Parts salespersons. | 102 | 91.2 | 6.9 | . 2 | 11.9 |
| Retail salespersons. | 3,182 | 81.6 | 10.9 | 5.0 | 14.0 |
| Advertising sales agents. | 209 | 90.4 | 6.8 | 1.3 | 3.5 |
| Insurance sales agents...... | 548 | 89.6 | 6.3 | 2.1 | 9.5 |
| Securities, commodities, and financial services sales agents.. | 329 | 88.1 | 5.6 | 4.5 | 7.8 |
| Travel agents... | 72 | 81.9 | 11.8 | 3.3 | 10.7 |
| Sales representatives, services, all other. | 514 | 85.8 | 8.6 | 3.7 | 11.4 |
| Sales representatives, wholesale and manufacturing. | 1,317 | 91.0 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 8.2 |
| Models, demonstrators, and product promoters............... | 63 | 84.1 | 10.5 | 1.4 | 7.1 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| Real estate brokers and sales agents. | 860 | 87.8 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 7.4 |
| Sales engineers. | 29 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Telemarketers. | 122 | 72.1 | 21.7 | 1.1 | 10.6 |
| Door-to-door sales workers, news and street vendors, and related workers. | 217 | 85.7 | 10.0 | 2.2 | 19.5 |
| Sales and related workers, all other. | 277 | 86.3 | 8.8 | 2.7 | 7.8 |
| Office and administrative support occupations. | 18,146 | 81.1 | 12.7 | 3.6 | 12.7 |
| First-line supervisors/managers of office and administrative support workers. | 1,632 | 84.9 | 9.8 | 2.9 | 10.7 |
| Switchboard operators, including answering service. | 47 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Telephone operators. | 41 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Communications equipment operators, all other. | 15 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Bill and account collectors. | 195 | 75.4 | 19.9 | 2.0 | 15.7 |
| Billing and posting clerks and machine operators. | 481 | 81.3 | 13.4 | 2.9 | 13.9 |
| Bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks. | 1,306 | 87.4 | 6.6 | 3.7 | 7.5 |
| Gaming cage workers. | 8 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Payroll and timekeeping clerks. | 150 | 80.0 | 15.1 | 3.9 | 14.4 |
| Procurement clerks. | 24 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Tellers. | 432 | 82.9 | 10.4 | 5.0 | 13.7 |
| Brokerage clerks. | 4 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Correspondence clerks. | 8 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Court, municipal, and license clerks. | 105 | 74.3 | 18.1 | 5.0 | 10.3 |
| Credit authorizers, checkers, and clerks | 48 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Customer service representatives. | 1,862 | 74.9 | 18.0 | 3.9 | 15.6 |
| Eligibility interviewers, government programs. | 63 | 65.1 | 22.6 | 5.0 | 19.2 |
| File clerks. | 324 | 77.8 | 14.6 | 4.5 | 13.8 |
| Hotel, motel, and resort desk clerks | 143 | 74.1 | 15.9 | 6.7 | 13.2 |
| Interviewers, except eligibility and loan | 145 | 77.2 | 14.7 | 5.0 | 18.2 |
| Library assistants, clerical. | 129 | 86.0 | 8.8 | 1.8 | 7.7 |
| Loan interviewers and clerks. | 113 | 85.8 | 10.3 | 3.3 | 13.2 |
| New accounts clerks. | 25 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Order clerks. | 102 | 78.4 | 12.2 | 8.5 | 19.6 |
| Human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping. | 44 | $\left(^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Receptionists and information clerks. | 1,277 | 84.8 | 9.8 | 2.5 | 15.1 |
| Reservation and transportation ticket agents and travel clerks.. | 111 | 73.9 | 16.5 | 5.5 | 9.0 |
| Information and record clerks, all other. | 109 | 75.2 | 19.5 | 2.8 | 10.4 |
| Cargo and freight agents. | 21 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Couriers and messengers. | 255 | 78.0 | 16.0 | 2.7 | 16.0 |
| Dispatchers.. | 278 | 81.7 | 15.4 | 1.6 | 14.0 |
| Meter readers, utilities. | 45 | $\left(^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Postal service clerks | 154 | 54.5 | 28.3 | 13.7 | 9.4 |
| Postal service mail carriers. | 355 | 75.8 | 14.9 | 7.7 | 9.1 |
| Postal service mail sorters, processors, and processing machine operators | 72 | 65.3 | 26.4 | 6.7 | 7.1 |
| Production, planning, and expediting clerks | 281 | 84.7 | 8.6 | 4.2 | 4.9 |
| Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks. | 483 | 81.0 | 14.4 | 2.7 | 23.0 |
| Stock clerks and order fillers.. | 1,397 | 76.4 | 15.8 | 4.4 | 17.5 |
| Weighers, measurers, checkers, and samplers, recordkeeping. | 61 | 77.0 | 16.3 | 6.0 | 17.9 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued


[^1]Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued


See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued


See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued


See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| Woodworkers, all other. | 29 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Power plant operators, distributors, and dispatchers. | 41 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Stationary engineers and boiler operators.. | 98 | 83.7 | 10.4 | 3.1 | 12.0 |
| Water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators. | 72 | 75.0 | 18.9 | 2.9 | 6.3 |
| Miscellaneous plant and system operators... | 38 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Chemical processing machine setters, operators, and tenders | 48 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers.. | 108 | 84.3 | 11.5 | 2.1 | 27.2 |
| Cutting workers...... | 81 | 82.7 | 10.6 | 5.3 | 29.9 |
| Extruding, forming, pressing, and compacting machine setters, operators, and tenders.. | 33 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Furnace, kiln, oven, drier, and kettle operators and tenders. | 10 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers... | 612 | 81.4 | 11.0 | 4.5 | 14.5 |
| Jewelers and precious stone and metal workers. | 39 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians. | 96 | 86.5 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 16.4 |
| Packaging and filling machine operators and tenders. | 237 | 77.6 | 15.8 | 4.0 | 45.1 |
| Painting workers.. | 153 | 80.4 | 14.8 | . 7 | 22.1 |
| Photographic process workers and processing machine operators. | 54 | 72.2 | 23.1 | 2.2 | 10.5 |
| Semiconductor processors | 3 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Cementing and gluing machine operators and tenders. | 11 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Cleaning, washing, and metal pickling equipment operators and tenders. | 5 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Cooling and freezing equipment operators and tenders. | 3 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Etchers and engravers.. | 11 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Molders, shapers, and casters, except metal and plastic. | 38 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Paper goods machine setters, operators, and tenders... | 40 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Tire builders.. | 18 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Helpers-production workers. | 40 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Production workers, all other. | 807 | 79.8 | 14.9 | 3.1 | 23.9 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations.. | 8,297 | 79.4 | 15.3 | 2.6 | 20.4 |
| Supervisors, transportation and material moving workers. | 221 | 80.5 | 13.2 | 2.2 | 15.0 |
| Aircraft pilots and flight engineers.... | 126 | 92.1 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 3.9 |
| Air traffic controllers and airfield operations specialists. | 40 | $\left(^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Ambulance drivers and attendants, except emergency medical technicians. $\qquad$ | 13 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Bus drivers.. | 655 | 70.7 | 24.9 | 2.0 | 13.3 |
| Driver/sales workers and truck drivers. | 3,151 | 82.5 | 13.4 | 1.8 | 18.7 |
| Taxi drivers and chauffeurs. | 377 | 59.2 | 25.7 | 12.6 | 15.3 |
| Motor vehicle operators, all other.. | 61 | 90.2 | 6.2 | . 5 | 17.3 |
| Locomotive engineers and operators.. | 57 | 87.7 | 8.5 | . 5 | 4.9 |
| Railroad brake, signal, and switch operators. | 5 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Railroad conductors and yardmasters..................... | 50 | 86.0 | 10.7 | - | 13.7 |
| Subway, streetcar, and other rail transportation workers. | 11 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Sailors and marine oilers.. | 21 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Ship and boat captains and operators. | 35 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Ship engineers..... | 7 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |
| Bridge and lock tenders | 4 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Employed people by detailed occupation, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages -Continued

| Occupation | Total (In thousands) | Percent of total employed |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| Parking lot attendants | 84 | 63.1 | 24.4 | 8.5 | 22.2 |
| Service station attendants | 89 | 84.3 | 9.3 | 4.7 | 14.1 |
| Transportation inspectors | 54 | 87.0 | 11.7 | 2.3 | 9.9 |
| Other transportation workers | 15 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Conveyor operators and tenders | 10 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Crane and tower operators | 61 | 83.6 | 12.8 | . 3 | 14.0 |
| Dredge, excavating, and loading machine operators | 50 | 94.0 | 3.3 | - | 13.0 |
| Hoist and winch operators.. | 4 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Industrial truck and tractor operators | 507 | 72.8 | 22.4 | 1.7 | 26.6 |
| Cleaners of vehicles and equipment | 316 | 80.4 | 16.4 | 1.7 | 37.1 |
| Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand | 1,707 | 80.4 | 14.0 | 2.7 | 21.9 |
| Machine feeders and offbearers | 29 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Packers and packagers, hand | 378 | 80.4 | 12.3 | 4.8 | 43.7 |
| Pumping station operators | 22 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Refuse and recyclable material collectors | 83 | 77.1 | 17.0 | . 2 | 25.9 |
| Shuttle car operators.. | 3 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Tank car, truck, and ship loaders | 4 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| Material moving workers, all other. | 46 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |

[^2]Table 7. Employed people by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Industry and sex |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |

See note at end of table.

Table 7. Employed people by industry, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

## -Continued

| Industry and sex | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Women, 16 years and older (thousands). | 66,208 | 53,366 | 8,208 | 3,084 | 8,007 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing.. | . 7 | . 9 | . 1 | . 3 | 1.0 |
| Mining | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 |
| Construction.. | 1.4 | 1.6 | . 6 | . 5 | 1.0 |
| Manufacturing.. | 6.1 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 8.9 | 8.5 |
| Durable goods... | 3.3 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 4.9 | 3.6 |
| Nondurable goods. | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 4.9 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 13.5 | 13.8 | 11.5 | 13.3 | 14.5 |
| Wholesale trade.. | 1.7 | 1.8 | . 8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Retail trade. | 11.8 | 12.0 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 12.7 |
| Transportation and utilities.. | 2.5 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| Information... | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| Financial activities. | 7.8 | 8.1 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 6.5 |
| Professional and business services. | 9.5 | 9.7 | 7.5 | 10.2 | 9.4 |
| Education and health services... | 36.1 | 35.5 | 42.9 | 32.1 | 29.8 |
| Leisure and hospitality......... | 9.9 | 9.9 | 8.7 | 11.9 | 13.4 |
| Other services...................... | 5.5 | 5.6 | 4.0 | 7.7 | 7.3 |
| Other services, except private households. | 4.4 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 6.9 | 4.0 |
| Private households.. | 1.1 | 1.2 | . 6 | . 8 | 3.3 |
| Public administration. | 4.7 | 4.3 | 7.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 |

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 8. Employment and unemployment in families by type of family, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages
(Numbers in thousands)

| Family type and employment status of family members | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total families | 78,361 | 63,774 | 9,318 | 3,471 | 10,489 |
| With employed member(s) | 63,010 | 51,494 | 7,022 | 3,057 | 8,852 |
| As a percent of total families | 80.4 | 80.7 | 75.4 | 88.1 | 84.4 |
| With unemployed member(s) | 9,381 | 7,089 | 1,624 | 394 | 1,770 |
| As a percent of total families | 12.0 | 11.1 | 17.4 | 11.4 | 16.9 |
| Some member(s) employed | 6,438 | 5,072 | 886 | 306 | 1,228 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s). | 68.6 | 71.5 | 54.6 | 77.7 | 69.4 |
| Some usually work full time ....... | 5,460 | 4,294 | 748 | 272 | 1,021 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s). | 58.2 | 60.6 | 46.1 | 69.0 | 57.7 |
| Married-couple families | 58,124 | 49,970 | 4,260 | 2,776 | 6,741 |
| With employed member(s) | 47,876 | 40,913 | 3,551 | 2,462 | 5,951 |
| As a percent of total families | 82.4 | 81.9 | 83.4 | 88.7 | 88.3 |
| With unemployed member(s) | 6,056 | 4,972 | 626 | 304 | 1,109 |
| As a percent of total families | 10.4 | 9.9 | 14.7 | 11.0 | 16.5 |
| Some member(s) employed | 4,838 | 3,986 | 483 | 252 | 864 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s)... | 79.9 | 80.2 | 77.2 | 82.9 | 77.9 |
| Some usually work full time | 4,182 | 3,432 | 424 | 224 | 736 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s) | 69.1 | 69.0 | 67.7 | 73.7 | 66.4 |
| Families maintained by women | 14,610 | 9,590 | 4,086 | 447 | 2,608 |
| With employed member(s) | 10,642 | 7,169 | 2,764 | 377 | 1,917 |
| As a percent of total families | 72.8 | 74.8 | 67.6 | 84.3 | 73.5 |
| With unemployed member(s). | 2,309 | 1,399 | 774 | 51 | 442 |
| As a percent of total families | 15.8 | 14.6 | 18.9 | 11.4 | 16.9 |
| Some member(s) employed | 1,065 | 705 | 293 | 30 | 232 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s). | 46.1 | 50.4 | 37.9 | 58.8 | 52.5 |
| Some usually work full time | 823 | 541 | 228 | 26 | 171 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s). | 35.6 | 38.7 | 29.5 | 51.0 | 38.7 |
| Families maintained by men ................................... | 5,627 | 4,214 | 972 | 248 | 1,140 |
| With employed member(s) | 4,492 | 3,412 | 707 | 218 | 984 |
| As a percent of total families | 79.8 | 81.0 | 72.7 | 87.9 | 86.3 |
| With unemployed member(s) | 1,016 | 717 | 224 | 38 | 219 |
| As a percent of total families | 18.1 | 17.0 | 23.0 | 15.3 | 19.2 |
| Some member(s) employed | 535 | 381 | 110 | 24 | 132 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s).. | 52.7 | 53.1 | 49.1 | 63.2 | 60.3 |
| Some usually work full time | 455 | 321 | 96 | 22 | 113 |
| As a percent of families with unemployed member(s). | 44.8 | 44.8 | 42.9 | 57.9 | 51.6 |

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 9. Labor force participation rates by presence and age of youngest child, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1996-2009 annual averages
(Percent)

| Year | Total, both sexes |  |  | White |  |  | Black or African American |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
|  | With no children under 18 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996. | 60.1 | 66.8 | 53.5 | 60.5 | 67.6 | 53.6 | 56.9 | 61.5 | 52.3 |
| 1997.. | 60.4 | 67.0 | 53.8 | 60.8 | 67.8 | 53.8 | 57.3 | 61.2 | 53.5 |
| 1998. | 60.3 | 67.0 | 53.9 | 60.6 | 67.6 | 53.8 | 58.0 | 62.0 | 54.2 |
| 1999. | 60.4 | 66.8 | 54.1 | 60.7 | 67.5 | 53.9 | 58.3 | 62.1 | 54.6 |
| 2000... | 60.6 | 67.0 | 54.3 | 60.9 | 67.7 | 54.3 | 58.4 | 62.5 | 54.5 |
| 2001.. | 60.4 | 66.7 | 54.3 | 60.8 | 67.4 | 54.3 | 57.9 | 61.7 | 54.4 |
| 2002. | 60.0 | 66.2 | 53.9 | 60.4 | 66.8 | 54.0 | 56.8 | 61.0 | 52.7 |
| 2003. | 59.7 | 65.4 | 54.1 | 60.1 | 66.1 | 54.1 | 56.5 | 60.0 | 53.2 |
| 2004. | 59.6 | 65.3 | 54.0 | 60.0 | 66.1 | 54.0 | 56.4 | 59.5 | 53.5 |
| 2005.. | 59.8 | 65.5 | 54.2 | 60.1 | 66.2 | 54.1 | 57.3 | 60.8 | 53.9 |
| 2006. | 60.0 | 65.8 | 54.2 | 60.4 | 66.5 | 54.2 | 57.1 | 60.5 | 53.9 |
| 2007.. | 59.8 | 65.6 | 54.0 | 60.3 | 66.4 | 54.1 | 56.5 | 60.1 | 53.0 |
| 2008.. | 59.9 | 65.6 | 54.3 | 60.3 | 66.3 | 54.3 | 56.9 | 60.4 | 53.6 |
| 2009. | 59.3 | 64.6 | 54.0 | 59.9 | 65.4 | 54.3 | 55.9 | 59.3 | 52.7 |
|  | With children under 18 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996.. | 81.1 | 94.5 | 70.8 | 81.8 | 95.3 | 70.7 | 78.5 | 89.7 | 73.3 |
| 1997. | 81.8 | 94.6 | 71.9 | 82.4 | 95.4 | 71.7 | 79.6 | 89.6 | 75.0 |
| 1998.. | 81.8 | 94.6 | 71.8 | 82.2 | 95.3 | 71.3 | 81.0 | 90.4 | 76.7 |
| 1999. | 82.0 | 94.6 | 72.2 | 82.3 | 95.4 | 71.5 | 82.0 | 89.3 | 78.5 |
| 2000. | 82.1 | 94.7 | 72.3 | 82.3 | 95.3 | 71.6 | 82.2 | 90.3 | 78.2 |
| 2001. | 81.9 | 94.6 | 72.1 | 82.2 | 95.3 | 71.5 | 81.8 | 89.7 | 77.9 |
| 2002. | 81.6 | 94.3 | 71.8 | 81.9 | 94.8 | 71.1 | 81.9 | 90.3 | 77.7 |
| 2003. | 81.2 | 94.1 | 71.1 | 81.4 | 94.7 | 70.3 | 81.5 | 89.7 | 77.5 |
| 2004.. | 80.7 | 94.1 | 70.4 | 81.1 | 94.8 | 69.8 | 80.5 | 88.4 | 76.5 |
| 2005.. | 80.7 | 94.1 | 70.5 | 81.1 | 94.8 | 69.8 | 80.4 | 88.7 | 76.3 |
| 2006.. | 81.0 | 94.1 | 70.9 | 81.4 | 94.9 | 70.2 | 80.5 | 88.1 | 76.9 |
| 2007... | 81.4 | 94.3 | 71.0 | 81.7 | 95.0 | 70.3 | 81.2 | 89.6 | 76.6 |
| 2008... | 81.5 | 94.1 | 71.4 | 81.8 | 94.8 | 70.8 | 81.1 | 89.7 | 76.7 |
| 2009... | 81.3 | 93.8 | 71.4 | 81.8 | 94.5 | 70.9 | 80.2 | 87.7 | 76.3 |


|  | With children 6 to 17 years, none younger |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996. | 84.5 | 93.5 | 77.5 | 85.3 | 94.4 | 77.7 | 81.3 | 87.9 | 78.1 |
| 1997. | 84.7 | 93.6 | 77.9 | 85.4 | 94.4 | 78.0 | 81.8 | 88.1 | 78.7 |
| 1998. | 84.5 | 93.5 | 77.6 | 84.9 | 94.2 | 77.3 | 83.1 | 88.2 | 80.6 |
| 1999. | 84.8 | 93.4 | 78.2 | 85.4 | 94.4 | 78.1 | 83.2 | 86.7 | 81.4 |
| 2000. | 85.1 | 93.5 | 78.7 | 85.7 | 94.3 | 78.6 | 83.3 | 87.8 | 81.0 |
| 2001. | 85.0 | 93.6 | 78.3 | 85.5 | 94.5 | 78.1 | 83.3 | 87.5 | 81.1 |
| 2002. | 84.8 | 93.3 | 78.2 | 85.1 | 94.0 | 77.8 | 84.3 | 89.2 | 81.8 |
| 2003. | 84.5 | 93.1 | 77.8 | 84.7 | 93.7 | 77.3 | 84.0 | 88.0 | 82.1 |
| 2004. | 84.1 | 93.1 | 77.3 | 84.5 | 93.9 | 76.9 | 82.7 | 86.3 | 80.9 |
| 2005. | 83.7 | 93.0 | 76.5 | 84.1 | 93.8 | 76.3 | 82.4 | 86.9 | 80.2 |
| 2006. | 83.8 | 93.1 | 76.7 | 84.3 | 94.0 | 76.3 | 82.4 | 85.7 | 80.8 |
| 2007. | 84.3 | 93.2 | 77.2 | 84.6 | 94.0 | 76.7 | 83.7 | 87.7 | 81.5 |
| 2008. | 84.3 | 93.1 | 77.3 | 84.7 | 93.9 | 77.0 | 83.1 | 87.8 | 80.6 |
| 2009. | 84.2 | 92.7 | 77.3 | 84.7 | 93.7 | 77.0 | 82.2 | 85.7 | 80.3 |

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Labor force participation rates by presence and age of youngest child, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1996-2009 annual averages-Continued
(Percent)

| Year | Total, both sexes |  |  | White |  |  | Black or African American |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
|  | With children under 6 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996. | 77.2 | 95.6 | 63.2 | 77.9 | 96.3 | 62.7 | 75.4 | 91.9 | 68.2 |
| 1997. | 78.3 | 95.8 | 64.8 | 78.8 | 96.5 | 64.1 | 77.1 | 91.3 | 70.8 |
| 1998. | 78.6 | 96.1 | 64.9 | 78.9 | 96.6 | 64.1 | 78.5 | 93.0 | 72.0 |
| 1999. | 78.5 | 96.1 | 64.8 | 78.5 | 96.7 | 63.4 | 80.6 | 92.5 | 74.9 |
| 2000.. | 78.4 | 96.1 | 64.6 | 78.2 | 96.5 | 63.0 | 80.9 | 93.3 | 74.9 |
| 2001. | 78.1 | 95.8 | 64.3 | 78.1 | 96.2 | 63.0 | 80.0 | 92.5 | 73.9 |
| 2002. | 77.7 | 95.5 | 63.7 | 77.9 | 95.9 | 62.7 | 78.9 | 91.8 | 72.5 |
| 2003. | 77.2 | 95.4 | 62.8 | 77.3 | 96.0 | 61.5 | 78.2 | 92.1 | 71.8 |
| 2004. | 76.5 | 95.4 | 61.8 | 76.8 | 96.0 | 60.7 | 77.6 | 91.1 | 70.8 |
| 2005. | 77.0 | 95.4 | 62.8 | 77.2 | 96.1 | 61.6 | 77.8 | 91.2 | 71.4 |
| 2006. | 77.5 | 95.4 | 63.5 | 77.7 | 95.9 | 62.5 | 78.0 | 91.1 | 71.8 |
| 2007. | 77.8 | 95.7 | 63.3 | 77.9 | 96.2 | 62.3 | 77.9 | 92.3 | 70.4 |
| 2008. | 77.9 | 95.4 | 64.0 | 78.0 | 95.9 | 62.9 | 78.6 | 92.4 | 71.7 |
| 2009. | 77.8 | 95.1 | 64.2 | 78.1 | 95.6 | 63.3 | 77.7 | 90.4 | 71.4 |
|  | With children under 3 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996.. | 75.4 | 95.8 | 59.4 | 76.2 | 96.5 | 59.2 | 72.1 | 92.2 | 63.1 |
| 1997. | 76.6 | 95.9 | 61.4 | 77.5 | 96.5 | 61.4 | 73.6 | 92.1 | 65.1 |
| 1998. | 77.2 | 96.2 | 61.9 | 77.7 | 96.7 | 61.5 | 75.8 | 93.2 | 67.5 |
| 1999. | 77.0 | 96.4 | 61.5 | 77.0 | 97.0 | 60.1 | 78.7 | 92.4 | 72.0 |
| 2000. | 76.3 | 96.4 | 60.4 | 76.3 | 96.7 | 59.0 | 77.6 | 93.6 | 69.8 |
| 2001. | 76.0 | 95.9 | 60.2 | 76.1 | 96.4 | 58.9 | 77.3 | 92.6 | 69.7 |
| 2002. | 76.1 | 95.8 | 60.2 | 76.3 | 96.2 | 59.2 | 76.9 | 93.2 | 68.6 |
| 2003. | 75.2 | 95.7 | 58.9 | 75.6 | 96.2 | 57.8 | 74.7 | 91.4 | 67.0 |
| 2004...... | 74.4 | 95.7 | 57.5 | 74.9 | 96.3 | 56.8 | 74.7 | 91.0 | 66.4 |
| 2005. | 74.8 | 95.5 | 58.4 | 75.1 | 96.4 | 57.2 | 74.7 | 90.6 | 67.0 |
| 2006... | 75.8 | 95.5 | 60.2 | 76.2 | 96.2 | 59.3 | 75.0 | 90.6 | 67.2 |
| 2007.... | 75.6 | 95.9 | 59.2 | 76.0 | 96.4 | 58.3 | 74.8 | 92.8 | 65.7 |
| 2008...... | 76.1 | 95.7 | 60.4 | 76.4 | 96.2 | 59.4 | 75.0 | 92.4 | 66.7 |
| 2009.... | 76.1 | 95.0 | 61.1 | 76.6 | 95.5 | 60.5 | 74.5 | 90.2 | 66.6 |

See note at end of table.

Table 9. Labor force participation rates by presence and age of youngest child, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1996-2009 annual averages-Continued
(Percent)


Table 9. Labor force participation rates by presence and age of youngest child, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1996-2009 annual averages-Continued
(Percent)

| Year | Asian |  |  | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
|  | With children under 6 years |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996............. | - | - | - | 68.5 | 94.8 | 48.7 |
| 1997........ | - | - | - | 70.9 | 95.1 | 52.3 |
| 1998......... | - | - | - | 71.3 | 94.9 | 53.0 |
| 1999........ | - | - | - | 71.2 | 95.9 | 52.1 |
|  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| 2000...... | - | - | - | 72.5 | 95.7 | 54.5 |
| 2001. | - | - | - | 72.2 | 95.2 | 53.8 |
| 2002. | 73.5 | 94.8 | 56.3 | 73.1 | 94.8 | 56.1 |
| 2003. | 74.2 | 93.4 | 58.5 | 71.9 | 94.9 | 53.4 |
| 2004. | 73.1 | 93.8 | 56.0 | 70.6 | 94.8 | 51.2 |
| 2005. | 74.9 | 94.0 | 59.3 | 70.6 | 95.4 | 50.9 |
| 2006. | 75.6 | 94.8 | 59.9 | 71.7 | 95.6 | 52.7 |
| 2007. | 75.8 | 94.8 | 59.9 | 72.9 | 96.1 | 53.0 |
| 2008. | 77.1 | 94.3 | 61.9 | 72.7 | 95.5 | 53.0 |
| 2009. | 77.3 | 95.4 | 61.4 | 72.4 | 94.9 | 53.1 |
|  | With children under 3 years |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1996. | - | - | - | 66.2 | 94.6 | 44.7 |
| 1997. | - | - | - | 68.6 | 94.6 | 48.0 |
| 1998. | - | - | - | 69.5 | 95.0 | 48.9 |
| 1999. | - | - | - | 68.8 | 96.2 | 47.4 |
|  | - | - | - |  |  |  |
| 2000. | - | - | - | 70.4 | 96.2 | 50.0 |
| 2001. | - | - | - | 69.7 | 95.3 | 48.7 |
| 2002. | 72.1 | 95.4 | 53.5 | 70.3 | 95.1 | 50.3 |
| 2003. | 73.0 | 94.5 | 55.1 | 69.5 | 95.2 | 47.9 |
| 2004. | 70.2 | 93.8 | 50.4 | 68.2 | 95.2 | 46.0 |
| 2005. | 72.4 | 92.9 | 55.8 | 67.7 | 96.0 | 45.0 |
| 2006. | 73.4 | 94.2 | 56.8 | 69.5 | 95.9 | 48.6 |
| 2007. | 73.6 | 94.2 | 56.2 | 69.9 | 96.0 | 47.6 |
| 2008. | 75.9 | 94.4 | 59.5 | 70.3 | 95.9 | 47.9 |
| 2009.. | 76.1 | 95.9 | 58.2 | 70.0 | 94.4 | 49.1 |

NOTE: Beginning in 2003, estimates for White, Black or African American, and Asian race groups include people who selected that race group only; previously, those respondents with a multiracial background were included in the group they identified as the main race. Asian estimates for 2000-02 include Asian and Pacific Islanders; beginning in 2003, Asians are a separate category. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Children are "own" children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, and other related and unrelated children. Dash indicates data not available.

Table 10. Unemployment rates by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1972-2009 annual averages
(Percent)

| Year | Total |  |  | White |  |  | Black or African American |  |  | Asian |  |  | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women | Total | Men | Women |
| 1972... | 5.6 | 5.0 | 6.6 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 11.8 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1973... | 4.9 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 9.4 | 8.0 | 11.1 | - | - | - | 7.5 | 6.7 | 9.0 |
| 1974... | 5.6 | 4.9 | 6.7 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 6.1 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 11.3 | - | - | - | 8.1 | 7.3 | 9.4 |
| 1975.. | 8.5 | 7.9 | 9.3 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 8.6 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 14.8 | - | - | - | 12.2 | 11.4 | 13.5 |
| 1976... | 7.7 | 7.1 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 7.9 | 14.0 | 13.7 | 14.3 | - | - | - | 11.5 | 10.8 | 12.7 |
| 1977... | 7.1 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 7.3 | 14.0 | 13.3 | 14.9 | - | - | - | 10.1 | 9.0 | 11.9 |
| 1978... | 6.1 | 5.3 | 7.2 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 12.8 | 11.8 | 13.8 | - | - | - | 9.1 | 7.7 | 11.3 |
| 1979. | 5.8 | 5.1 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 12.3 | 11.4 | 13.3 | - | - | - | 8.3 | 7.0 | 10.3 |
| 1980.... | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 14.3 | 14.5 | 14.0 | - | - | - | 10.1 | 9.7 | 10.7 |
| 1981. | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 15.6 | 15.7 | 15.6 | - | - | - | 10.4 | 10.2 | 10.8 |
| 1982.. | 9.7 | 9.9 | 9.4 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 18.9 | 20.1 | 17.6 | - | - | - | 13.8 | 13.6 | 14.1 |
| 1983... | 9.6 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 7.9 | 19.5 | 20.3 | 18.6 | - | - | - | 13.7 | 13.6 | 13.8 |
| 1984.. | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 15.9 | 16.4 | 15.4 | - | - | - | 10.7 | 10.5 | 11.1 |
| 1985.... | 7.2 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 14.9 | - | - | - | 10.5 | 10.2 | 11.0 |
| 1986. | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 14.2 | - | - | - | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.8 |
| 1987... | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 13.0 | 12.7 | 13.2 | - | - | - | 8.8 | 8.7 | 8.9 |
| 1988.. | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.7 | - | - | - | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.3 |
| 1989.. | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.4 | - | - | - | 8.0 | 7.6 | 8.8 |
| 1990... | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 10.9 | - | - | - | 8.2 | 8.0 | 8.4 |
| 1991. | 6.8 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 12.0 | - | - | - | 10.0 | 10.3 | 9.6 |
| 1992. | 7.5 | 7.9 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 14.2 | 15.2 | 13.2 | - | - | - | 11.6 | 11.7 | 11.4 |
| 1993. | 6.9 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 13.0 | 13.8 | 12.1 | - | - | - | 10.8 | 10.6 | 11.0 |
| 1994.... | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 11.0 | - | - | - | 9.9 | 9.4 | 10.7 |
| 1995. | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 10.2 | - | - | - | 9.3 | 8.8 | 10.0 |
| 1996.... | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 10.5 | 11.1 | 10.0 | - | - | - | 8.9 | 7.9 | 10.2 |
| 1997.... | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 9.9 | - | - | - | 7.7 | 7.0 | 8.9 |
| 1998.. | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.0 | - | - | - | 7.2 | 6.4 | 8.2 |
| 1999. | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 7.8 | - | - | - | 6.4 | 5.6 | 7.6 |
| 2000.... | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 6.8 |
| 2001. | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 7.5 |
| 2002... | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 4.9 | 10.2 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 8.0 |
| 2003... | 6.0 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 10.8 | 11.6 | 10.2 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 8.4 |
| 2004.. | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 9.8 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 7.6 |
| 2005.... | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 10.0 | 10.5 | 9.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 6.9 |
| 2006.... | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 5.9 |
| 2007.... | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 7.5 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 6.1 |
| 2008.... | 5.8 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 10.1 | 11.4 | 8.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.7 |
| 2009.... | 9.3 | 10.3 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 7.3 | 14.8 | 17.5 | 12.4 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 6.6 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 11.5 |

NOTE: Beginning in 2003, estimates for White, Back or African American, and Asian race groups include people who selected that race group only; previously, those respondents with a multiracial background were included in the group they identified as the main race. Asian estimates for 2000-02 include Asian and Pacific Islanders; beginning in 2003, Asians are a separate category. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates data not available.

Table 11. Unemployed people by duration of unemployment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Duration of unemployment | Total | White | Black or <br> African <br> American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, 16 years and older (In thousands).. | 14,265 | 10,648 | 2,606 | 522 | 2,706 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks. | 22.2 | 23.5 | 16.6 | 20.6 | 24.9 |
| 5 to 14 weeks. | 26.8 | 27.3 | 24.8 | 25.8 | 27.7 |
| 15 to 26 weeks. | 19.5 | 19.5 | 19.7 | 18.4 | 19.1 |
| 27 weeks and over. | 31.5 | 29.7 | 38.9 | 35.1 | 28.2 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks. | 24.4 | 23.3 | 28.9 | 26.9 | 22.6 |
| Median duration, in weeks. | 15.1 | 14.2 | 19.7 | 16.6 | 13.5 |
| Men, 16 years and older (In thousands). | 8,453 | 6,421 | 1,448 | 306 | 1,670 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks. | 21.7 | 22.9 | 16.5 | 20.3 | 25.2 |
| 5 to 14 weeks. | 26.6 | 27.1 | 24.5 | 24.9 | 28.8 |
| 15 to 26 weeks. | 20.0 | 20.1 | 19.6 | 18.6 | 19.6 |
| 27 weeks and over. | 31.7 | 29.9 | 39.4 | 36.2 | 26.4 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks.. | 24.6 | 23.5 | 29.3 | 27.5 | 21.5 |
| Median duration, in weeks.. | 15.5 | 14.5 | 19.8 | 17.4 | 13.0 |
| Women, 16 years and older (In thousands) | 5,811 | 4,227 | 1,159 | 216 | 1,036 |
| Percent...... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Less than 5 weeks. | 22.9 | 24.4 | 16.7 | 21.0 | 24.4 |
| 5 to 14 weeks. | 27.2 | 27.7 | 25.2 | 27.1 | 26.1 |
| 15 to 26 weeks. | 18.7 | 18.5 | 19.8 | 18.2 | 18.4 |
| 27 weeks and over. | 31.2 | 29.4 | 38.3 | 33.7 | 31.2 |
| Average (mean) duration, in weeks.. | 24.1 | 23.0 | 28.4 | 25.9 | 24.3 |
| Median duration, in weeks.. | 14.5 | 13.7 | 19.5 | 15.6 | 14.3 |

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 12. Unemployed people by reason for unemployment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Reason for unemployment | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or <br> Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, 16 years and older (In thousands). | 14,265 | 10,648 | 2,606 | 522 | 2,706 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.. | 64.2 | 66.2 | 58.4 | 61.7 | 65.8 |
| On temporary layoff. | 11.4 | 13.0 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 12.2 |
| Not on temporary layoff. | 52.8 | 53.1 | 52.3 | 54.4 | 53.6 |
| Permanent job losers. | 43.0 | 43.6 | 41.1 | 46.6 | 40.5 |
| Persons who completed temporary jobs. | 9.8 | 9.5 | 11.2 | 7.8 | 13.1 |
| Job leavers. | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 7.5 | 4.9 |
| Reentrants. | 22.3 | 21.0 | 27.0 | 21.2 | 20.7 |
| New entrants. | 7.3 | 6.7 | 9.2 | 9.6 | 8.7 |
| Men, 16 years and older (In thousands). | 8,453 | 6,421 | 1,448 | 306 | 1,670 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.. | 70.6 | 72.8 | 63.6 | 66.7 | 74.3 |
| On temporary layoff... | 13.6 | 15.4 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 14.4 |
| Not on temporary layoff. | 57.0 | 57.3 | 56.7 | 58.8 | 60.0 |
| Permanent job losers. | 45.8 | 46.6 | 43.4 | 50.3 | 44.9 |
| Persons who completed temporary jobs. | 11.2 | 10.8 | 13.3 | 8.5 | 15.1 |
| Job leavers. | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.5 | 6.9 | 3.8 |
| Reentrants. | 17.8 | 6.3 | 23.0 | 18.0 | 14.6 |
| New entrants. | 6.4 | 5.8 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 7.2 |
| Women, 16 years and older (In thousands). | 5,811 | 4,227 | 1,159 | 216 | 1,036 |
| Percent. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs.. | 54.9 | 56.1 | 51.8 | 54.6 | 51.9 |
| On temporary layoff.. | 8.3 | 9.4 | 4.9 | 6.9 | 8.7 |
| Not on temporary layoff. | 46.7 | 46.7 | 46.9 | 47.7 | 43.2 |
| Permanent job losers.. | 38.9 | 39.1 | 38.3 | 41.2 | 33.4 |
| Persons who completed temporary jobs. | 7.8 | 7.7 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 9.8 |
| Job leavers. | 7.6 | 7.7 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 6.6 |
| Reentrants. | 29.0 | 28.1 | 32.0 | 25.5 | 30.5 |
| New entrants. | 8.4 | 8.0 | 9.7 | 11.1 | 11.0 |

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 13. People in the labor force and not in the labor force by selected characteristics, 2009 annual averages

| Race, age, sex, and Hispanic origin | Civilian <br> labor <br> force ${ }^{1}$ | Not in the labor force |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Want a job |  |  |  |  | Do <br> not <br> want <br> a <br> job <br> now |
|  |  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Searched for work in the prior year |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Available for work now ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | Discouraged workers ${ }^{4}$ | Other |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and older. <br> 16 to 24 years. $\qquad$ <br> 25 to 54 years. <br> 55 years and older. | $\begin{array}{r} 154,142 \\ 21,361 \\ 103,742 \\ 29,040 \end{array}$ | 81,659 | 5,894 | 2,818 | 2,226 | 778 | 1,449 | 75,765 |
|  |  | 16,207 | 1,944 | 983 | 708 | 200 | 509 | 14,263 |
|  |  | 21,823 | 2,624 | 1,383 | 1,127 | 427 | 699 | 19,199 |
|  |  | 43,629 | 1,325 | 452 | 391 | 151 | 240 | 42,303 |
| Men, 16 years and older. | 82,123 | 32,013 | 2,779 | 1,435 | 1,184 | 485 | 699 | 29,234 |
| 16 to 24 years. | $\begin{aligned} & 11,066 \\ & 55,730 \\ & 15,327 \end{aligned}$ | 7,861 | 1,028 | 538 | 402 | 139 | 263 | 6,833 |
| 25 to 54 years......... <br> 55 years and older. |  | 6,367 | 1,138 | 676 | 588 | 265 | 323 | 5,229 |
|  |  | 17,784 | 612 | 220 | 194 | 81 | 113 | 17,172 |
| Women, 16 years and older | 72,019 | 49,646 | 3,115 | 1,384 | 1,043 | 293 | 749 | 46,531 |
| 16 to 24 years. | 10,295 | 8,346 | 915 | 445 | 307 | 61 | 246 | 7,431 |
| 25 to 54 years.. | $\begin{aligned} & 48,012 \\ & 13,712 \end{aligned}$ | 15,456 | 1,486 | 707 | 539 | 162 | 376 | 13,970 |
| 55 years and older. |  | 25,844 | 713 | 231 | 197 | 70 | 127 | 25,131 |
| White |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and older.. | 125,644 | 65,258 | 4,229 | 1,967 | 1,530 | 512 | 1,018 | 61,030 |
| 16 to 24 years. | 17,290 | 11,709 | 1,365 | 677 | 472 | 125 | 347 | 10,343 |
| 25 to 54 years.. | $83,444$ | 16,571 | 1,814 | 937 | 755 | 275 | 480 | 14,757 |
| 55 years and older.. | $24,911$ | 36,979 | 1,049 | 353 | 304 | 113 | 191 | 35,930 |
| Men, 16 years and older... | 68,051 | 25,382 | 2,014 | 1,008 | 822 | 329 | 494 | 23,368 |
| 16 to 24 years.. | 9,026 | 5,694 | 727 | 373 | 271 | 88 | 183 | 4,967 |
| 25 to 54 years... | $\begin{aligned} & 45,678 \\ & 13,346 \end{aligned}$ | 4,548 | $\begin{aligned} & 791 \\ & 496 \end{aligned}$ | 463 | 401 | 178 | 223 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,758 \\ 14,643 \end{array}$ |
| 55 years and older. |  | 15,140 |  | 172 | 150 |  | 88 |  |
| Women, 16 years and older | 57,593 | 39,876 | 2,215 | 959 | 708 | 184 | 524 | 37,662 |
| 16 to 24 years... | 8,264 | 6,015 | 638 | 304 | 201 | 37 | 164 | 5,376 |
| 25 to 54 years.. | 37,765 | 12,022 | 1,023 | 474 | 354 | 96 | 257 | 10,999 |
| 55 years and older.. | 11,564 | 21,839 | 553 | 181 | 154 | 51 | 103 | 21,286 |
| Black or African American |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 16 years and older................ | 17,632 | 10,609 | 1,135 | 595 | 508 | 197 | 310 | 9,474 |
| 16 to 24 years... | 2,691 | 2,966 | 412 | 221 | 181 | 61 | 119 | 2,554 |
| 25 to 54 years.... | 12,451 | 3,298 | 541 | 309 | 267 | 111 | 155 | 2,757 |
| 55 years and older. | 2,490 | 4,345 | 182 | 66 | 60 | 25 | 36 | 4,163 |
| Men, 16 years and older... | 8,265 | 4,441 | 533 | 301 | 263 | 116 | 147 | 3,908 |
| 16 to 24 years..... | 1,304 | 1,433 | 218 | 119 | 99 | 41 | 58 | 1,215 |
| 25 to 54 years....... | 5,825 | 1,291 | 240 | 151 | 137 | 64 | 73 | 1,051 |
| 55 years and older.. | 1,135 | 1,717 | 75 | 30 | 28 | 11 | 17 | 1,642 |
| Women, 16 years and older | 9,367 | 6,169 | 603 | 295 | 244 | 81 | 163 | 5,566 |
| 16 to 24 years.................. | 1,387 | 1,534 | 194 | 102 | 82 | 21 | 61 | 1,339 |
| 25 to 54 years........ | 6,626 | 2,007 | 301 | 157 | 130 | 47 | 83 | 1,706 |
| 55 years and older... | 1,355 | 2,628 | 108 | 36 | 33 | 14 | 19 | 2,521 |

See notes at end of table.

Table 13. People in the labor force and not in the labor force by selected characteristics,
2009 annual averages-Continued

${ }^{1}$ The sum of the employed plus the unemployed.
${ }^{2}$ Includes those who did not actively look for work in the prior 4 weeks for such reasons as school or family responsibilities, ill health, and transportation problems, as well as a small number for whom reason for nonparticipation was not determined.
${ }^{3}$ Refers to people who have searched for work during the prior 12 months (but not during the prior 4 weeks) and were available to take a job during the reference week, also referred to as "marginally attached to the labor force."
${ }^{4}$ Includes the following reasons for not actively looking for work in the prior 4 weeks: Thinks no work available, could not fi nd work, lacks schooling or training, employer thinks too young or old, and other types of discrimination.

NOTE: Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data ar e not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2009 annual averages

| Years | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total, both sexes |  |  |  |  |
| 1979. | \$241 | \$248 | \$199 | - | \$194 |
| 1980... | 262 | 269 | 212 | - | 209 |
| 1981. | 284 | 291 | 235 | - | 223 |
| 1982. | 302 | 310 | 245 | - | 240 |
| 1983.. | 313 | 320 | 261 | - | 250 |
| 1984. | 326 | 336 | 269 | - | 259 |
| 1985. | 344 | 356 | 277 | - | 270 |
| 1986. | 359 | 371 | 291 | - | 277 |
| 1987. | 374 | 384 | 301 | - | 285 |
| 1988. | 385 | 395 | 314 | - | 290 |
| 1989. | 399 | 409 | 319 | - | 298 |
| 1990.. | 412 | 424 | 329 | - | 304 |
| 1991. | 426 | 442 | 348 | - | 312 |
| 1992. | 440 | 458 | 357 | - | 321 |
| 1993...... | 459 | 475 | 369 | - | 331 |
| 1994.. | 467 | 484 | 371 | - | 324 |
| 1995. | 479 | 494 | 383 | - | 329 |
| 1996.... | 490 | 506 | 387 | - | 339 |
| 1997.. | 503 | 519 | 400 | - | 351 |
| 1998. | 523 | 545 | 426 | - | 370 |
| 1999. | 549 | 573 | 445 | - | 385 |
| 2000.. | 576 | 590 | 474 | \$615 | 399 |
| 2001. | 596 | 610 | 491 | 639 | 417 |
| 2002. | 608 | 623 | 498 | 658 | 424 |
| 2003. | 620 | 636 | 514 | 693 | 440 |
| 2004.. | 638 | 657 | 525 | 708 | 456 |
| 2005.... | 651 | 672 | 520 | 753 | 471 |
| 2006... | 671 | 690 | 554 | 784 | 486 |
| 2007... | 695 | 716 | 569 | 830 | 503 |
| 2008... | 722 | 742 | 589 | 861 | 529 |
| 2009.... | 739 | 757 | 601 | 880 | 541 |

See note at end of table.

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2009 annual averages-Continued

| Years | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |
| 1979. | \$292 | \$298 | \$227 | - | \$219 |
| 1980.. | 313 | 320 | 244 | - | 234 |
| 1981. | 340 | 350 | 268 | - | 251 |
| 1982.. | 364 | 375 | 278 | - | 269 |
| 1983. | 379 | 387 | 294 | - | 274 |
| 1984. | 392 | 401 | 303 | - | 287 |
| 1985. | 407 | 418 | 305 | - | 296 |
| 1986. | 419 | 433 | 319 | - | 299 |
| 1987. | 434 | 450 | 327 | - | 306 |
| 1988. | 449 | 465 | 348 | - | 308 |
| 1989.. | 468 | 482 | 348 | - | 315 |
| 1990. | 481 | 494 | 361 | - | 318 |
| 1991. | 493 | 506 | 375 | - | 323 |
| 1992. | 501 | 514 | 380 | - | 339 |
| 1993.. | 510 | 524 | 392 | - | 346 |
| 1994.. | 522 | 547 | 400 | - | 343 |
| 1995. | 538 | 566 | 411 | - | 350 |
| 1996... | 557 | 580 | 412 | - | 356 |
| 1997. | 579 | 595 | 432 | - | 371 |
| 1998. | 598 | 615 | 468 | - | 390 |
| 1999. | 618 | 638 | 488 | - | 406 |
| 2000.. | 641 | 662 | 510 | \$685 | 417 |
| 2001. | 670 | 689 | 529 | 732 | 440 |
| 2002. | 679 | 702 | 524 | 756 | 451 |
| 2003. | 695 | 715 | 555 | 772 | 464 |
| 2004... | 713 | 732 | 569 | 802 | 480 |
| 2005... | 722 | 743 | 559 | 825 | 489 |
| 2006.. | 743 | 761 | 591 | 882 | 505 |
| 2007........... | 766 | 788 | 600 | 936 | 520 |
| 2008... | 798 | 825 | 620 | 966 | 559 |
| 2009... | 819 | 845 | 621 | 952 | 569 |

See note at end of table.

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2009 annual averages-Continued

| Years | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |
| 1979. | \$182 | \$184 | \$169 | - | \$157 |
| 1980. | 201 | 203 | 185 | - | 172 |
| 1981. | 219 | 221 | 206 | - | 190 |
| 1982. | 239 | 242 | 217 | - | 203 |
| 1983. | 252 | 254 | 232 | - | 215 |
| 1984. | 265 | 268 | 241 | - | 223 |
| 1985.. | 277 | 281 | 252 | - | 230 |
| 1986. | 291 | 294 | 264 | - | 241 |
| 1987. | 303 | 307 | 276 | - | 251 |
| 1988. | 315 | 318 | 288 | - | 260 |
| 1989... | 328 | 334 | 301 | - | 269 |
| 1990. | 346 | 353 | 308 | - | 278 |
| 1991. | 366 | 373 | 323 | - | 292 |
| 1992. | 380 | 387 | 335 | - | 302 |
| 1993. | 393 | 401 | 348 | - | 313 |
| 1994. | 399 | 408 | 346 | - | 305 |
| 1995... | 406 | 415 | 355 | - | 305 |
| 1996. | 418 | 428 | 362 | - | 316 |
| 1997. | 431 | 444 | 375 | - | 318 |
| 1998. | 456 | 468 | 400 | - | 337 |
| 1999... | 473 | 483 | 409 | - | 348 |
| 2000. | 493 | 502 | 429 | \$547 | 366 |
| 2001. | 512 | 522 | 454 | 563 | 388 |
| 2002. | 529 | 547 | 473 | 566 | 397 |
| 2003... | 552 | 567 | 491 | 598 | 410 |
| 2004... | 573 | 584 | 505 | 613 | 419 |
| 2005.. | 585 | 596 | 499 | 665 | 429 |
| 2006........... | 600 | 609 | 519 | 699 | 440 |
| 2007.. | 614 | 626 | 533 | 731 | 473 |
| 2008... | 638 | 654 | 554 | 753 | 501 |
| 2009... | 657 | 669 | 582 | 779 | 509 |

See note at end of table.

Table 14. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 1979-2009 annual averages-Continued

| Years | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Women's earnings as a percent of men's |  |  |  |  |
| 1979. | 62.3 | 61.7 | 74.4 | - | 71.7 |
| 1980......... | 64.2 | 63.4 | 75.8 | - | 73.5 |
| 1981. | 64.4 | 63.1 | 76.9 | - | 75.7 |
| 1982. | 65.7 | 64.5 | 78.1 | - | 75.5 |
| 1983.. | 66.5 | 65.6 | 78.9 | - | 78.5 |
| 1984.. | 67.6 | 66.8 | 79.5 | - | 77.7 |
| 1985. | 68.1 | 67.2 | 82.6 | - | 77.7 |
| 1986... | 69.5 | 67.9 | 82.8 | - | 80.6 |
| 1987. | 69.8 | 68.2 | 84.4 | - | 82.0 |
| 1988. | 70.2 | 68.4 | 82.8 | - | 84.4 |
| 1989... | 70.1 | 69.3 | 86.5 | - | 85.4 |
| 1990.. | 71.9 | 71.5 | 85.3 | - | 87.4 |
| 1991. | 74.2 | 73.7 | 86.1 | - | 90.4 |
| 1992. | 75.8 | 75.3 | 88.2 | - | 89.1 |
| 1993. | 77.1 | 76.5 | 88.8 | - | 90.5 |
| 1994... | 76.4 | 74.6 | 86.5 | - | 88.9 |
| 1995.. | 75.5 | 73.3 | 86.4 | - | 87.1 |
| 1996. | 75.0 | 73.8 | 87.9 | - | 88.8 |
| 1997......... | 74.4 | 74.6 | 86.8 | - | 85.7 |
| 1998. | 76.3 | 76.1 | 85.5 | - | 86.4 |
| 1999.. | 76.5 | 75.7 | 83.8 | - | 85.7 |
| 2000. | 76.9 | 75.8 | 84.1 | 79.9 | 87.8 |
| 2001. | 76.4 | 75.8 | 85.8 | 76.9 | 88.2 |
| 2002. | 77.9 | 77.9 | 90.3 | 74.9 | 88.0 |
| 2003. | 79.4 | 79.3 | 88.5 | 77.5 | 88.4 |
| 2004. | 80.4 | 79.8 | 88.8 | 76.4 | 87.3 |
| 2005.. | 81.0 | 80.2 | 89.3 | 80.6 | 87.7 |
| 2006. | 80.8 | 80.0 | 87.8 | 79.3 | 87.1 |
| 2007.. | 80.2 | 79.4 | 88.8 | 78.1 | 91.0 |
| 2008.. | 79.9 | 79.3 | 89.4 | 78.0 | 89.6 |
| 2009.... | 80.2 | 79.2 | 93.7 | 81.8 | 89.5 |

NOTE: Beginning in 2003, estimates for White, Black or African American, and Asian race groups include people who selected that race group only; previously, those respondents with a multiracial background were included in the group they identified as the main race. Asian estimates for 2000-02 include Asian and Pacific Islanders; beginning in 2003, Asians are a separate category. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. Dash indicates data not available.

Table 15. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by educational attainment, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Educational attainment, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity | Total | White | Black or <br> African <br> American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, 25 years and older. | \$774 | \$799 | \$621 | \$907 | \$576 |
| Less than a high school diploma. | 454 | 464 | 413 | 421 | 421 |
| High school graduates, no college ${ }^{1}$. | 626 | 651 | 533 | 592 | 555 |
| Some college, no degree. | 699 | 727 | 593 | 713 | 644 |
| Associate degree. | 761 | 781 | 647 | 710 | 685 |
| Bachelor's degree and higher ${ }^{2}$ | 1,137 | 1,152 | 921 | 1,168 | 985 |
| Men, 25 years and older. | \$873 | \$898 | \$656 | \$980 | \$598 |
| Less than a high school diploma. | 500 | 504 | 453 | 487 | 469 |
| High school graduates, no college ${ }^{1}$. | 716 | 740 | 588 | 632 | 594 |
| Some college, no degree. | 810 | 845 | 623 | 780 | 716 |
| Associate degree. | 878 | 902 | 713 | 764 | 756 |
| Bachelor's degree and higher ${ }^{2}$. | 1,327 | 1,352 | 987 | 1,326 | 1,106 |
| Women, 25 years and older. | \$687 | \$702 | \$600 | \$809 | \$529 |
| Less than a high school diploma. | 382 | 378 | 391 | 390 | 355 |
| High school graduates, no college ${ }^{1}$. | 542 | 556 | 497 | 515 | 495 |
| Some college, no degree. | 608 | 618 | 567 | 631 | 579 |
| Associate degree.. | 674 | 689 | 604 | 619 | 615 |
| Bachelor's degree and higher ${ }^{2}$ | 970 | 976 | 886 | 1,045 | 884 |

1 Includes people with a high school diploma or equivalent.
${ }^{2}$ Includes people with bachelor's, master's, professional, and doctoral degrees.
NOTE: People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

Table 16. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages

| Occupation | Total | White | Black or <br> African <br> American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, 16 years and older. | \$739 | \$757 | \$601 | \$880 | \$541 |
| Management, professional, and related occupations. | 1,044 | 1,061 | 844 | 1,227 | 891 |
| Management, business, and financial operations occupations.. | 1,138 | 1,154 | 905 | 1,247 | 926 |
| Management occupations. | 1,208 | 1,234 | 935 | 1,428 | 974 |
| Business and financial operations occupations. | 996 | 1,012 | 864 | 1,102 | 798 |
| Professional and related occupations | 994 | 1,005 | 803 | 1,218 | 859 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations | 1,253 | 1,255 | 1,021 | 1,343 | 1,033 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations | 1,266 | 1,269 | 1,064 | 1,357 | 1,197 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations. | 1,059 | 1,094 | 756 | 1,115 | 977 |
| Community and social services occupations | 783 | 805 | 733 | 911 | 745 |
| Legal occupations. | 1,200 | 1,213 | 947 | 1,542 | 899 |
| Education, training, and library occupations | 887 | 899 | 767 | 1,016 | 803 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations. | 888 | 887 | 876 | 996 | 718 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations. | 970 | 983 | 768 | 1,169 | 848 |
| Service occupations. | 470 | 475 | 447 | 486 | 410 |
| Healthcare support occupations | 472 | 482 | 440 | 522 | 473 |
| Protective service occupations. | 747 | 811 | 579 | 955 | 667 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations. | 398 | 397 | 392 | 434 | 380 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations. | 444 | 443 | 424 | 498 | 400 |
| Personal care and service occupations. | 440 | 439 | 448 | 450 | 406 |
| Sales and office occupations. | 624 | 635 | 578 | 671 | 556 |
| Sales and related occupations... | 665 | 698 | 497 | 648 | 521 |
| Office and administrative support occupations. | 612 | 613 | 596 | 690 | 566 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations. | 719 | 727 | 615 | 783 | 553 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.. | 416 | 417 | 398 | 377 | 388 |
| Construction and extraction occupations..... | 718 | 724 | 622 | 715 | 576 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations... | 781 | 791 | 634 | 865 | 621 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations. | 605 | 618 | 540 | 566 | 485 |
| Production occupations.... | 610 | 622 | 539 | 575 | 475 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations. | 599 | 613 | 540 | 532 | 495 |

See note at end of table.

Table 16. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages-Continued

| Occupation | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men, 16 years and older. | \$819 | \$845 | \$621 | \$952 | \$569 |
| Management, professional, and related occupations. | 1,248 | 1,266 | 922 | 1,357 | 1,017 |
| Management, business, and financial operations occupations.. | 1,334 | 1,356 | 940 | 1,429 | 1,035 |
| Management occupations. | 1,384 | 1,406 | 942 | 1,542 | 1,066 |
| Business and financial operations occupations. | 1,171 | 1,211 | 932 | 1,173 | 987 |
| Professional and related occupations. | 1,191 | 1,213 | 910 | 1,338 | 1,000 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations | 1,304 | 1,316 | 1,026 | 1,349 | 1,004 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations. | 1,318 | 1,324 | 1,144 | 1,398 | 1,202 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations.... | 1,190 | 1,226 | 714 | 1,167 | 983 |
| Community and social services occupations. | 897 | 946 | 732 | 962 | 902 |
| Legal occupations. | 1,741 | 1,761 | 1,131 | 1,748 | 965 |
| Education, training, and library occupations. | 1,068 | 1,081 | 992 | 1,162 | 1,051 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations. | 960 | 965 | 874 | 1,068 | 761 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations. | 1,184 | 1,253 | 793 | 1,400 | 976 |
| Service occupations. | 524 | 538 | 499 | 533 | 442 |
| Healthcare support occupations | 544 | 566 | 506 | 780 | 596 |
| Protective service occupations.. | 798 | 849 | 600 | 948 | 704 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations.. | 416 | 416 | 400 | 487 | 401 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations. | 488 | 490 | 466 | 513 | 425 |
| Personal care and service occupations.. | 546 | 553 | 554 | 512 | 503 |
| Sales and office occupations. | 737 | 759 | 602 | 705 | 576 |
| Sales and related occupations............. | 793 | 832 | 591 | 716 | 601 |
| Office and administrative support occupations. | 657 | 666 | 613 | 678 | 554 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations. | 727 | 736 | 617 | 803 | 563 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations.. | 428 | 433 | 393 | 395 | 401 |
| Construction and extraction occupations.... | 719 | 726 | 620 | 717 | 577 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations.. | 787 | 796 | 634 | 895 | 623 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations.. | 648 | 666 | 582 | 617 | 516 |
| Production occupations............................ | 678 | 689 | 613 | 646 | 518 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations........... | 618 | 637 | 554 | 577 | 514 |

See note at end of table.

Table 16. Median usual weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers by occupation, sex, race, and Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, 2009 annual averages-Continued

| Occupation | Total | White | Black or African American | Asian | Hispanic or Latino ethnicity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Women, 16 years and older. | \$657 | \$669 | \$582 | \$779 | \$509 |
| Management, professional, and related occupations. | 907 | 913 | 800 | 1,097 | 774 |
| Management, business, and financial operations occupations | 955 | 960 | 882 | 1,083 | 807 |
| Management occupations.. | 1,002 | 1,012 | 929 | 1,205 | 897 |
| Business and financial operations occupations | 894 | 893 | 832 | 1,045 | 740 |
| Professional and related occupations. | 880 | 886 | 763 | 1,101 | 760 |
| Computer and mathematical occupations. | 1,149 | 1,132 | 1,018 | 1,330 | 1,082 |
| Architecture and engineering occupations | 1,061 | 1,086 | 873 | 1,021 | 1,181 |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations | 940 | 949 | 761 | 954 | 957 |
| Community and social services occupations. | 741 | 742 | 734 | 850 | 701 |
| Legal occupations. | 985 | 984 | 896 | 1,374 | 736 |
| Education, training, and library occupations. | 836 | 847 | 736 | 921 | 753 |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations. | 775 | 776 | 879 | 836 | 667 |
| Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations | 924 | 935 | 766 | 1,132 | 780 |
| Service occupations | 418 | 417 | 418 | 450 | 378 |
| Healthcare support occupations | 464 | 476 | 429 | 504 | 455 |
| Protective service occupations. | 599 | 649 | 521 | 988 | 523 |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations. | 378 | 376 | 383 | 398 | 342 |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations | 388 | 381 | 402 | 481 | 358 |
| Personal care and service occupations. | 415 | 417 | 408 | 429 | 383 |
| Sales and office occupations... | 590 | 593 | 558 | 649 | 543 |
| Sales and related occupations. | 525 | 552 | 436 | 528 | 456 |
| Office and administrative support occupations. | 602 | 602 | 591 | 693 | 572 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations. | 542 | 544 | 557 | 491 | 385 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations... | 372 | 369 | 415 | 361 | 335 |
| Construction and extraction occupations.. | 673 | 678 | 665 | 613 | 552 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations. | 644 | 658 | 633 | 484 | 562 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations. | 472 | 477 | 453 | 481 | 374 |
| Production occupations........ | 472 | 477 | 438 | 486 | 378 |
| Transportation and material moving occupations. | 472 | 475 | 475 | 428 | 368 |

NOTE: People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

## Technical Note

TThe estimates in this report were obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a national monthly sample survey of approximately 60,000 households, that provides a wide range of information on the labor force, employment, and unemployment. Earnings data are collected from one-fourth of the CPS monthly sample. The survey is conducted for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau, using a scientifically selected national sample with coverage in all 50 States and the District of Columbia.

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## Concepts and definitions

Civilian noninstitutional population. Included are persons 16 years of age and older residing in the 50 States and the District of Columbia who are not confined to institutions, such as nursing homes and prisons, and who are not on active duty in the Armed Forces.

Employed persons. All persons who, during the reference week, (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business, profession, or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (b) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons. All persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, (except for temporary illness), and had made specific efforts to find employment sometime during the 4 -week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

Duration of unemployment. This represents the length of time (through the reference week) that persons classified as unemployed had been looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full
weeks they had been on layoff. Mean duration is the arithmetic average computed from single weeks of unemployment; median duration is the midpoint of a distribution of weeks of unemployment.

Reason for unemployment. Unemployment also is categorized according to the status of individuals at the time they began to look for work. The reasons for unemployment are divided into four major groups:

1. Job losers, comprising (a) persons on temporary layoff, who have been given a date to return to work or who expect to return within 6 months (persons on layoff need not be looking for work to qualify as unemployed), (b) permanent job losers, whose employment ended involuntarily and who began looking for work, and (c) persons who completed temporary jobs, who began looking for work after the jobs ended.
2. Job leavers, persons who quit or otherwise terminated their employment voluntarily and immediately began looking for work.
3. Reentrants, persons who previously worked but who were out of the labor force prior to beginning their job search.
4. New entrants, persons who had never worked.

Labor force. This group comprises all persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Unemployment rate. This represents the number of unemployed person as a percent of the labor force.

Participation rate. This represents the proportion of the population that is in the labor force.

Employment-population ratio. This represents the proportion of the population that is employed.

Not in the labor force. Included in this group are all persons in the civilian noninstitutional population who are neither employed nor unemployed. The marginally attached are persons not in the labor force who wanted and were available for work and had looked for a job sometime in the prior 12 months (or since the end of their last job if they held one within the past 12 months). They were not counted as unemployed because they had not searched for work in the 4 weeks
preceding the survey. Discouraged workers, a subset of the marginally attached, were not looking for work because they believed no jobs were available for them.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker. This information for the employed applies to the job held in the reference week. Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours. The unemployed are classified according to their last job. Beginning in 2003, the occupational and industrial classification of CPS data is based on the 2002 Census Bureau occupational and industrial classification systems, which are derived from the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) and the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). (Consistent data are available back to 2000. Earlier data use a different classification system.)

White, Black or African American, and Asian. These are terms used to describe the race of persons. Beginning in 2003, people in these categories are those who selected that race group only. (Previously, respondents identified a group as their main race.) People in the remaining race categoriesAmerican Indian or Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islanders, and people who selected more than one race category-are included in the estimates of total employment and unemployment but are not shown separately because the number of survey respondents is too small to develop estimates of sufficient quality. In the enumeration process, race is determined by the household respondent. More information on the 2003 changes in questions on race and Hispanic ethnicity is available on the BLS Web site at http://www.bls. gov/cps/rvcps03.pdf.

Hispanic or Latino ethnicity. This refers to persons who identified themselves in the enumeration process as being Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino. Persons whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. More information on the 2003 changes in questions on race and Hispanic ethnicity is available online at http://www.bls.gov/ cps/rvcps03.pdf.

Usual weekly earnings. Data represent earnings before taxes and other deductions, and include any overtime pay, commissions, or tips usually received (at the main job, in the case of multiple jobholders). Earnings reported on a basis other than weekly (for example, annual, monthly, hourly) are converted to weekly. The term "usual" is as perceived by the respondent. If the respondent asks for a definition of usual, interviewers are instructed to define the term as more than half the weeks worked during the past 4 or 5 months. Data refer to the
sole or primary job of wage and salary workers (excluding all self-employed persons regardless of whether their businesses were incorporated).

Median earnings. These figures indicate the value that divides the earnings distribution into two equal parts, one part having values above the median and the other having values below the median. The medians shown in this publication are calculated by linear interpolation of the $\$ 50$ centered interval within which each median falls.

Family. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by birth, marriage, or adoption; all such persons are considered as members of one family. Families are classified either as married-couple families or as families maintained by women or men without spouses. A family maintained by a woman or a man is one in which the householder is never married, or is widowed, divorced, or separated.

Children. Data on children refer to one's own children and include sons, daughters, stepchildren, and adopted children. Not included are nieces, nephews, grandchildren, other related children, and all unrelated children living in the household.

## Reliability of the Estimates

Statistics based on the CPS are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample, rather than an entire population, is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or sampling error, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is about a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence.

All other types of error are referred to as nonsampling error. Nonsampling error can occur for many reasons, including the failure to sample a segment of the population, inability to obtain information for all respondents in the sample, inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide correct information, and errors made in the collection or processing of data.

A full discussion of the reliability of data from the CPS and information on estimating standard errors is available at http://www.bls.gov/cps/documentation.htm\#reliability.

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[^0]:    See notes at end of table.

[^1]:    See notes at end of table.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Percents are not shown where base is less than 50,000.
    NOTE: Dashes indicate no data or data that do not meet publication criteria. Estimates for the above race groups (White, Black or African American, and Asian) do not sum to totals because data are not presented for all races. People whose ethnicity is identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race.

