Editors
Plan, coordinate, or edit content of material for publication. May review proposals and drafts for possible publication. Includes technical editors.

Cognitive and mental requirements
The qualifications that workers need to use judgment, make decisions, interact with others, and adapt to changes in jobs.

In 2021, more than basic people skills were required for 100.0 percent of editors, and 64.4 percent were required to interact with the general public.

Table 1. Percentage of editors with cognitive and mental requirements, 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telework</td>
<td>49.6</td>
<td>50.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work review: Supervising others</td>
<td>41.9</td>
<td>58.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Education, training, and experience requirements
The minimum level of formal education required, credentials necessary, on-the-job training, and prior work experience necessary for average performance in jobs.

In 2021, prior work experience was required for 92.4 percent of editors. A bachelor's degree was required for 97.5 percent of editors, and 22.6 percent required over 2 years and up to 4 years of specific vocational preparation time.

Environmental conditions
The various tangible or concrete hazards or difficulties that are in the vicinity of where jobs’ critical tasks are performed.

In 2021, a quiet noise exposure was present for 40.4 percent of editors, and 59.6 percent were exposed to moderate noise. Personal protective equipment (PPE) was not used by 100.0 percent of workers to mitigate noise exposure.

Physical demands
Refer to the physical activities required to perform tasks in jobs. The presence and, in some cases, duration of these activities are published.

In 2021, reaching at or below the shoulder was required for 55.1 percent of editors, and performing work in low postures was not required for 99.3 percent of editors.

On average, editors spent 92.0 percent of the workday sitting and 8.0 percent of the workday standing. A sedentary strength level was required for 97.1 percent of these workers.