# Housing and Poverty Thresholds: Different Potions for Different Notions

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## **Problems with Spending**

- A single spending-based threshold
  - Owners with mortgages spending behavior to extrapolate to all through the use of equivalence scales
  - Different spending needs based on housing status
    - E.g., own a home outright or have low mortgages have more money to spend on other basic needs (such as food and clothing) than either renters or people with large mortgages
  - Same true for renters with subsidies and those living in public housing and rent-controlled units
- How to account for different spending needs of owners and renters in a poverty measure?



#### **Drivers of Recent Research**

- Measuring American Poverty Act of 2009 (MAP)
  - Signed and introduced to the House of Representatives June 17 by Congressman McDermott, amendment to Social Security Act
  - 120% of 33<sup>rd</sup> percentile of annual FCSU consumption expenditures
  - Calculation of the threshold "shall be made separately" for
    - Families who own their primary residence and do not have a mortgage secured by the residence
    - All other families such that they can "purchase similar quality shelter"
- Supplemental Poverty Measure 2010 (SPM)
  - Released to public from Commerce and OMB, March 2, 1020
  - "Observations from Interagency Technical Working Group on Developing a Supplemental Poverty Measure"
  - 120% of 33<sup>rd</sup> percentile of annual FCSU expenditures
  - Accounting for housing status
    - Owners without mortgages
    - Owners with mortgages
    - Renters



#### **Focus on Shelter**

- Significant number of low-income families
  - Own a home without a mortgage
  - Have quite low shelter expense requirements
  - Not taking this into account may overstate their poverty rates
- Increasing importance of shelter in poverty threshold
  - Shelter expenditures: 31 % in 1996
  - 35 % in 2008 (shelter + utilities ~ 50%)



#### **Previous Threshold Specifications**

(NAS) BLS Threshold = 
$$\frac{(1.15*0.78*Median) + (1.25*0.83*Median)}{2}$$
 (1)

- Update by changes in median FCSU each year
- Assumption: percentages of the median are held constant at the values that were used by the Panel for the 1992 thresholds

SPM and MAP Threshold = 
$$1.20*33rd$$
 percentile (2)

- Update by changes in 33<sup>rd</sup> percentile of FCSU expenditures each year
- Assumption: 33<sup>rd</sup> percentile changes each year



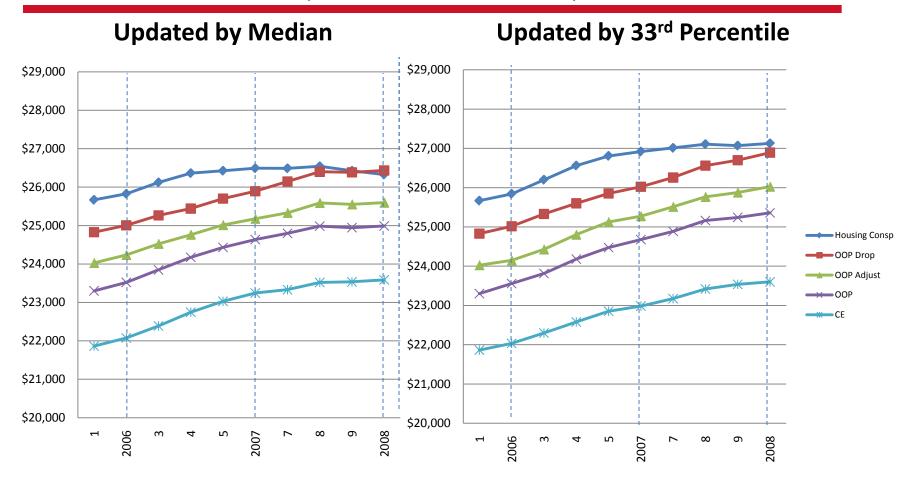
### **FCSU Spending**

- CE-Defined
  - Food (includes Food Stamps value)
  - Clothing
  - Utilities (includes telephone)
  - For renters, shelter expenditures
  - For homeowners, non-vacation shelter expenditures that include
    - Mortgage interest payments
    - Prepayment penalties
    - Property taxes
    - Maintenance, repairs, insurance and other related expenditures
- Out-of-pocket
  - CE-defined + mortgage principal repayments



## Thresholds Using 33<sup>rd</sup> Percentile Updated by Change in Median or 33<sup>rd</sup> Percentile

Sample: Reference Families Only





#### **Shelter in SPM Thresholds**

- Three FCSU thresholds
  - Owners with mortgages
  - Owners without mortgages
  - Renters
- Apply "adjustment factors" to the shelter component of FCSU to reflect relative expenditures of housing groups
- To start:
  - Estimate shelter expenses for each of these three groups in a range around the 33rd percentile of FCSU for the estimation sample, S1, S2, S3
  - Create three thresholds by replacing the "S" component at the 33rd percentile with S1, S2, and S3



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