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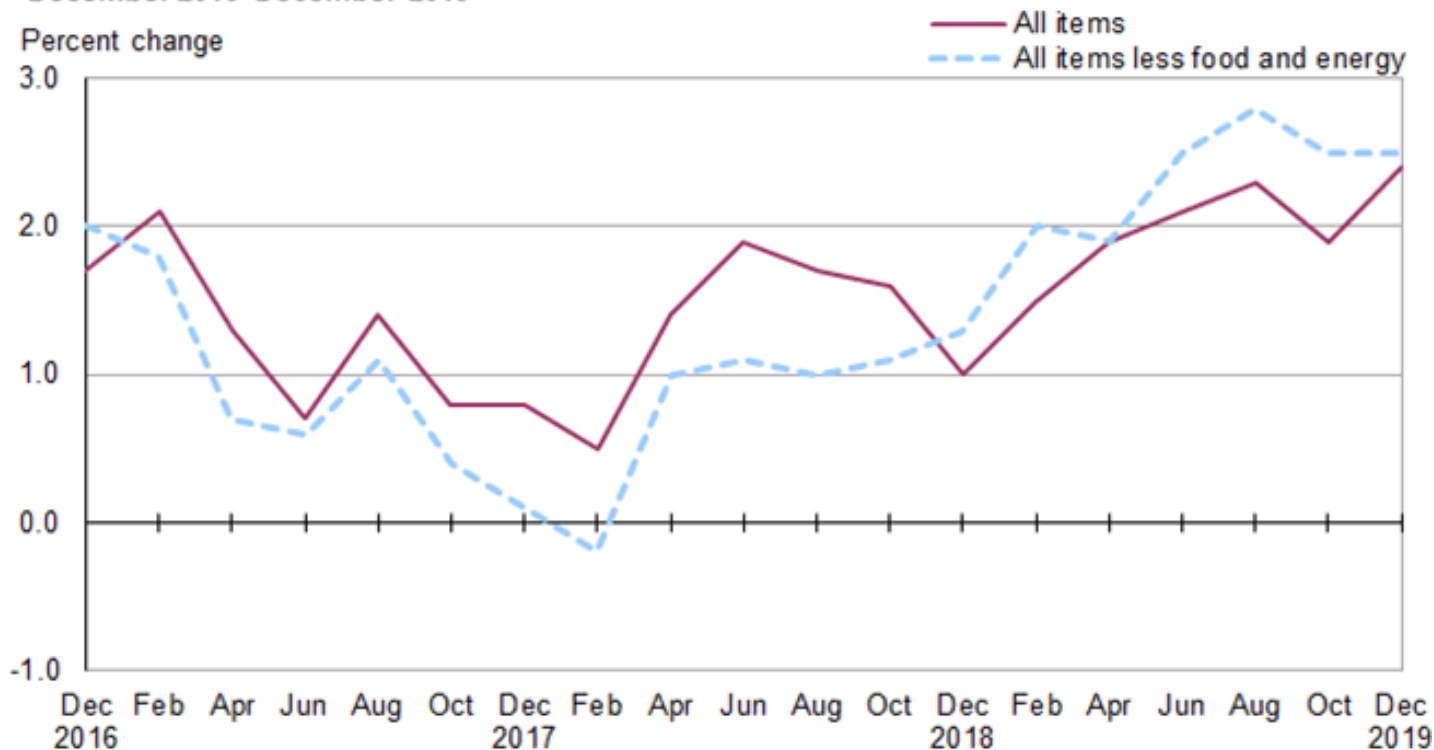
## **Consumer Price Index, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington – December 2019**

### **Area prices down 0.3 percent since October; up 2.4 percent over the year**

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington edged down 0.3 percent from October to December, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Sheila Watkins noted that the recent two-month decline reflected a 0.3-percent decreased in the all items less food and energy index and a 1.2-percent decline in the energy index, while the food index rose since October, up 0.1 percent. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, month-to-month changes may reflect the impact of seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U increased 2.4 percent. (See [chart 1](#) and [table A](#).) The over-the-year rise was led by an increase in the all items less food and energy index (2.5 percent). The food index and energy index also advanced since December 2018, up 1.8 and 2.1 percent, respectively. (See [table 1](#).)

**Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, December 2016–December 2019**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## Food

The food index inched up 0.1 percent over the last two months. Prices for food away from home increased since October, up 0.6 percent, while those for food at home declined 0.3 percent. Within the food at home component, prices were lower for citrus fruits; bacon, breakfast sausage, and related products; and fresh fish and seafood; while prices were higher for eggs and pork chops.

Over the year, the food index increased 1.8 percent. Prices for food away from home rose 3.1 percent, and those for food at home were up 0.9 percent.

## Energy

The energy index, which includes prices for household and transportation fuels, decreased 1.2 percent since October. The two-month decline was led by a 5.4-percent decrease in utility (piped) gas service prices. Prices were also lower for gasoline, down 0.7 percent, while those for electricity increased, up 0.8 percent.

Over the year, the energy index advanced 2.1 percent, due to higher gasoline prices, up 4.5 percent. Prices were also higher for electricity, up 2.2 percent. Utility (piped) gas service prices declined since December 2018, down 1.2 percent.

## All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy edged down 0.3 percent from October to December. Prices were lower for apparel (-9.0 percent) and shelter (-0.6 percent) while prices were higher for recreation (3.3 percent) and education and communication (0.7 percent).

Since December 2018, the index for all items less food and energy increased 2.5 percent. Prices were higher for a number of items including shelter (2.6 percent), medical care (3.6 percent), and recreation (4.5 percent), among others.

**Table A. Philadelphia CPI-U 2-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted**

Month	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month
February .....	-0.2	-0.1	0.3	0.3	0.7	2.1	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.5
April .....	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.6	0.0	1.3	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.9
June .....	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.1	-0.3	0.7	0.2	1.9	0.5	2.1
August .....	-0.5	-0.3	-0.2	0.4	0.5	1.4	0.3	1.7	0.5	2.3
October .....	-0.3	-0.5	0.6	1.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.6	-0.4	1.9
December .....	-0.6	-0.2	-0.1	1.7	-0.1	0.8	-0.7	1.0	-0.3	2.4

**The Consumer Price Index for February 2020 is scheduled to be released Wednesday, March 11, 2020 at 8:30 am (ET).**

## Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index for Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington is published bi-monthly. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 93 percent of the total population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 29 percent of the total population.

The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 75 urban areas across the country from about 5,000 housing units and approximately 22,000 retail establishments--department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.










































The index measures price changes from a designated reference date (1982-84) that equals 100.0. An increase of 16.5 percent, for example, is shown as 116.5. This change can also be expressed in dollars as follows: the price of a base period "market basket" of goods and services in the CPI has risen from \$10 in 1982-84 to \$11.65. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at [www.bls.gov/cpi](http://www.bls.gov/cpi) and the BLS Handbook of Methods, Chapter 17, The Consumer Price Index, available on the Internet at [www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch17.pdf](http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch17.pdf).

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **Note: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The **Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, Core Based Statistical Area** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.
















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**Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted)**

Expenditure category	Indexes				Percent change from		
	Historical data	Oct. 2019	Nov. 2019	Dec. 2019	Dec. 2018	Oct. 2019	Nov. 2019
All items.....		257.966		257.194	2.4	-0.3	
All items (1967 = 100) .....		745.248		743.021			
Food and beverages .....		239.360		239.228	1.7	-0.1	
Food .....		239.717		239.966	1.8	0.1	
Food at home .....		241.510	243.276	240.901	0.9	-0.3	-1.0
Cereals and bakery products .....		302.314		306.200	0.5	1.3	
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs.....		269.248		266.525	1.2	-1.0	
Dairy and related products .....		208.657		207.769	5.1	-0.4	
Fruits and vegetables .....		276.035		270.041	-2.7	-2.2	
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials(1) .....		159.807		160.379	1.6	0.4	
Other food at home .....		216.665		218.616	1.6	0.9	
Food away from home.....		231.582		232.978	3.1	0.6	
Alcoholic beverages .....		231.661		226.047	-0.3	-2.4	
Housing .....		269.076		267.269	2.3	-0.7	
Shelter .....		336.156	335.282	334.247	2.6	-0.6	-0.3
Rent of primary residence .....		312.856	314.103	314.234	2.7	0.4	0.0
Owners' equivalent rent of residences(2).....		344.573	345.970	345.494	2.9	0.3	-0.1
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence(2) .....		344.573	345.970	345.494	2.9	0.3	-0.1
Fuels and utilities.....		212.996		210.069	1.3	-1.4	
Household energy .....		174.313	174.307	171.353	0.4	-1.7	-1.7
Energy services.....		183.773	184.046	180.700	0.9	-1.7	-1.8
Electricity .....		178.283	178.225	179.659	2.2	0.8	0.8
Utility (piped) gas service .....		180.596	181.360	170.917	-1.2	-5.4	-5.8
Household furnishings and operations .....		115.167		114.433	0.5	-0.6	
Apparel .....		109.944		100.005	-1.1	-9.0	
Transportation .....		211.840		211.268	2.5	-0.3	
Private transportation .....		210.394		210.567	2.1	0.1	
New and used motor vehicles(3).....		99.214		98.294	0.2	-0.9	
New vehicles(1).....		179.138		177.892	0.0	-0.7	
Used cars and trucks(1) .....		255.555		254.010	0.2	-0.6	
Motor fuel .....		240.552	243.930	239.041	4.3	-0.6	-2.0
Gasoline (all types).....		237.105	240.417	235.519	4.5	-0.7	-2.0
Gasoline, unleaded regular(4).....		233.767	237.157	232.345	4.7	-0.6	-2.0
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(4)(5).....		243.922	246.558	243.310	4.5	-0.3	-1.3
Gasoline, unleaded premium(4).....		241.669	244.195	238.756	2.5	-1.2	-2.2
Motor vehicle insurance(1).....		712.845		728.581	0.6	2.2	
Medical care .....		546.358		550.507	3.6	0.8	
Recreation(3).....		122.272		126.350	4.5	3.3	
Education and communication(3).....		132.661		133.598	2.3	0.7	
Tuition, other school fees, and child care(1) .....		1,052.538		1,052.538	1.6	0.0	
Other goods and services .....		554.639		556.200	2.9	0.3	
<b>Commodity and service group</b>							

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted) - Continued**

Expenditure category	Indexes				Percent change from		
	Historical data	Oct. 2019	Nov. 2019	Dec. 2019	Dec. 2018	Oct. 2019	Nov. 2019
Commodities .....		181.587		179.655	1.8	-1.1	
Commodities less food and beverages .....		149.551		147.132	1.8	-1.6	
Nondurables less food and beverages...		192.922		188.945	2.4	-2.1	
Durables .....		102.660		101.717	0.9	-0.9	
Services.....		335.207		335.394	2.7	0.1	
<b>Special aggregate indexes</b>							
All items less shelter.....		232.130		231.782	2.3	-0.1	
All items less medical care .....		245.788		244.794	2.3	-0.4	
Commodities less food .....		152.547		150.039	1.8	-1.6	
Nondurables .....		217.570		215.147	2.1	-1.1	
Nondurables less food.....		195.249		191.187	2.3	-2.1	
Services less rent of shelter(2).....		341.577		344.066	2.8	0.7	
Services less medical care services.....		319.348		319.347	2.5	0.0	
Energy .....		198.140	199.403	195.740	2.1	-1.2	-1.8
All items less energy .....		266.560		265.978	2.4	-0.2	
All items less food and energy .....		273.766		273.055	2.5	-0.3	

**Footnotes**

- (1) Indexes on a December 1977=100 base
- (2) Indexes on a December 1982=100 base.
- (3) Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.
- (4) Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.
- (5) Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.