



For Release: Friday, September 11, 2020

20-1745-PHI

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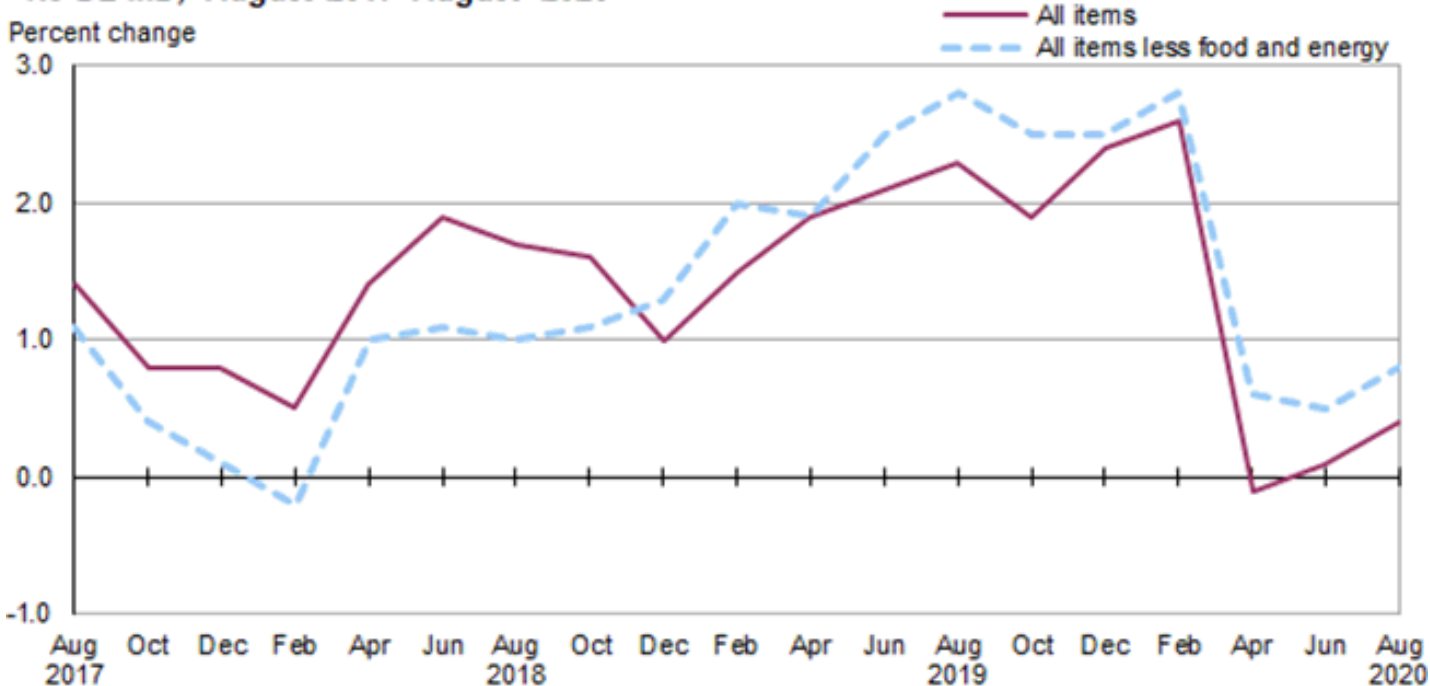
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Consumer Price Index, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington – August 2020
Area prices up 0.8 percent since June; up 0.4 percent over the year

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington increased 0.8 percent from June to August, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Sheila Watkins noted that the recent two-month increase reflected a 0.8-percent rise in the all items less food and energy index. The energy index also increased since June, up 2.9 percent, while the food index declined 0.5 percent. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, month-to-month changes may reflect the impact of seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U rose 0.4 percent. (See [chart 1](#) and [table A](#).) The over-the-year rise was due to increases in the all items less food and energy (0.8 percent) and the food index (3.9 percent). The energy index declined since August 2019, down 9.8 percent. (See [table 1](#).)

Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, August 2017–August 2020



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Food

The food index decreased 0.5 percent over the last two months. Prices for food at home decreased since June, down 2.0 percent, while those for food away from home rose 1.3 percent. Within the food at home component, prices were lower for items such as breakfast cereal and cheese and related products, while prices were higher for carbonated drinks and processed fish and seafood.

Over the year, the food index increased 3.9 percent. Prices for food away from home rose 4.9 percent, and those for food at home were up 3.2 percent.

Energy

The energy index, which includes prices for household and transportation fuels, rose 2.9 percent since June. The two-month rise was due to a 5.6-percent increase in gasoline prices. Prices were lower for electricity, down 0.4 percent, while those for utility (piped) gas service were unchanged.

Over the year, the energy index decreased 9.8 percent, led by a drop in gasoline prices, down 13.7 percent. Prices were also lower for utility (piped) gas service and electricity, down 9.3 and 0.8 percent, respectively.

All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy increased 0.8 percent from June to August. Higher prices were led by apparel (6.2 percent), medical care (1.3 percent), and shelter (0.2 percent), among others.

Since August 2019, the index for all items less food and energy increased 0.8 percent. Prices were higher for a number of items including shelter (1.9 percent) and medical care (3.4 percent), among others.

Table A. Philadelphia CPI-U 2-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted

Month	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month
February	0.3	0.3	0.7	2.1	0.4	0.5	0.8	1.5	1.0	2.6
April	0.9	0.6	0.0	1.3	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.9	-1.3	-0.1
June	0.3	0.1	-0.3	0.7	0.2	1.9	0.5	2.1	0.6	0.1
August	-0.2	0.4	0.5	1.4	0.3	1.7	0.5	2.3	0.8	0.4
October	0.6	1.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	1.6	-0.4	1.9		
December	-0.1	1.7	-0.1	0.8	-0.7	1.0	-0.3	2.4		

The Consumer Price Index for October 2020 is scheduled to be released Thursday, November 12, 2020 at 8:30 am (ET).

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Pandemic Impact on August 2020 Consumer Price Index Data

Data collection by personal visit for the Consumer Price Index (CPI) program has been suspended since March 16, 2020. When possible, data normally collected by personal visit were collected either online or by phone. Additionally, data collection in August was affected by the temporary closing or limited operations of certain types of establishments. These factors resulted in an increase in the number of prices considered temporarily unavailable and imputed.

While the CPI program attempted to collect as much data as possible, many indexes are based on smaller amounts of collected prices than usual, and a small number of indexes that are normally published were not published this month. Additional information is available at www.bls.gov/covid19/effects-of-covid-19-pandemic-on-consumer-price-index.htm.

Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index for Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington is published bi-monthly. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 93 percent of the total population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 29 percent of the total population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 75 urban areas across the country from about 5,000 housing units and approximately 22,000 retail establishments--department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date (1982-84) that equals 100.0. An increase of 16.5 percent, for example, is shown as 116.5. This change can also be expressed in dollars as follows: the price of a base period "market basket" of goods and services in the CPI has risen from \$10 in 1982-84 to \$11.65. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at www.bls.gov/cpi and the BLS Handbook of Methods, Chapter 17, The Consumer Price Index, available on the Internet at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch17.pdf.










































In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater

volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **Note: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The **Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, Core Based Statistical Area** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.
















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Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted)

Expenditure category	Indexes				Percent change from		
	Historical data	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020	Aug. 2019	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020
All items.....		257.983		259.965	0.4	0.8	
All items (1967 = 100).....		745.298		751.024			
Food and beverages.....		249.143		247.708	3.9	-0.6	
Food.....		249.912		248.538	3.9	-0.5	
Food at home.....		254.671	251.468	249.641	3.2	-2.0	-0.7
Cereals and bakery products.....		333.041		326.923	5.5	-1.8	
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs.....		297.807		276.408	4.4	-7.2	
Dairy and related products.....		210.964		206.977	1.9	-1.9	
Fruits and vegetables.....		277.844		272.037	0.5	-2.1	
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials(1).....		167.259		170.459	4.0	1.9	
Other food at home.....		225.407		228.318	3.0	1.3	
Food away from home.....		238.118		241.139	4.9	1.3	
Alcoholic beverages.....		235.409		233.059	3.0	-1.0	
Housing.....		270.497		271.400	0.9	0.3	
Shelter.....		340.467	341.176	341.300	1.9	0.2	0.0
Rent of primary residence.....		316.667	317.276	318.309	2.2	0.5	0.3
Owners' equivalent rent of residences(2).....		351.601	352.352	353.144	2.9	0.4	0.2
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence(2).....		351.601	352.352	353.144	2.9	0.4	0.2
Fuels and utilities.....		202.892		204.899	-4.3	1.0	
Household energy.....		162.727	164.592	164.402	-6.5	1.0	-0.1
Energy services.....		180.030	180.563	179.562	-3.9	-0.3	-0.6
Electricity.....		181.037	181.809	180.376	-0.8	-0.4	-0.8
Utility (piped) gas service.....		165.909	165.896	165.887	-9.3	0.0	0.0
Household furnishings and operations.....		115.511		115.948	-2.3	0.4	
Apparel.....		100.976		107.278	-3.1	6.2	
Transportation.....		200.284		203.815	-5.5	1.8	
Private transportation.....		201.663		206.790	-3.9	2.5	
New and used motor vehicles(3).....		97.625		100.092	-1.3	2.5	
New vehicles(1).....		174.854		175.581	-1.7	0.4	
Used cars and trucks(1).....		253.189		277.154	4.4	9.5	
Motor fuel.....		204.322	215.591	215.549	-13.8	5.5	0.0
Gasoline (all types).....		201.645	212.913	212.971	-13.7	5.6	0.0
Gasoline, unleaded regular(4).....		197.968	209.372	209.552	-14.0	5.9	0.1
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(4)(5).....		212.952	223.761	222.765	-11.9	4.6	-0.4
Gasoline, unleaded premium(4).....		211.291	220.515	219.771	-12.3	4.0	-0.3
Motor vehicle insurance(1).....		692.479		709.881	-2.0	2.5	
Medical care.....		556.977		564.443	3.4	1.3	
Recreation(3).....		125.300		126.137	0.5	0.7	
Education and communication(3).....		132.397		133.349	1.0	0.7	
Tuition, other school fees, and child care(1).....		1,055.577		1,048.279	0.3	-0.7	
Other goods and services.....		552.226		564.057	1.0	2.1	
Commodity and service group							

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted) - Continued

Expenditure category	Indexes				Percent change from		
	Historical data	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020	Aug. 2019	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020
Commodities		179.290		182.043	-0.7	1.5	
Commodities less food and beverages		142.508		146.884	-3.3	3.1	
Nondurables less food and beverages...		178.514		185.195	-5.2	3.7	
Durables		101.604		103.901	-0.9	2.3	
Services.....		337.363		338.541	0.9	0.3	
Special aggregate indexes							
All items less shelter.....		230.722		233.102	-0.4	1.0	
All items less medical care		245.342		247.092	0.1	0.7	
Commodities less food		145.734		149.970	-3.1	2.9	
Nondurables		214.641		217.383	-0.6	1.3	
Nondurables less food.....		181.836		188.026	-4.7	3.4	
Services less rent of shelter(2).....		341.586		343.142	-0.2	0.5	
Services less medical care services.....		320.882		321.440	0.5	0.2	
Energy		177.655	182.930	182.794	-9.8	2.9	-0.1
All items less energy		268.496		270.214	1.2	0.6	
All items less food and energy		274.171		276.495	0.8	0.8	

Footnotes

- (1) Indexes on a December 1977=100 base
- (2) Indexes on a December 1982=100 base.
- (3) Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.
- (4) Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.
- (5) Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.