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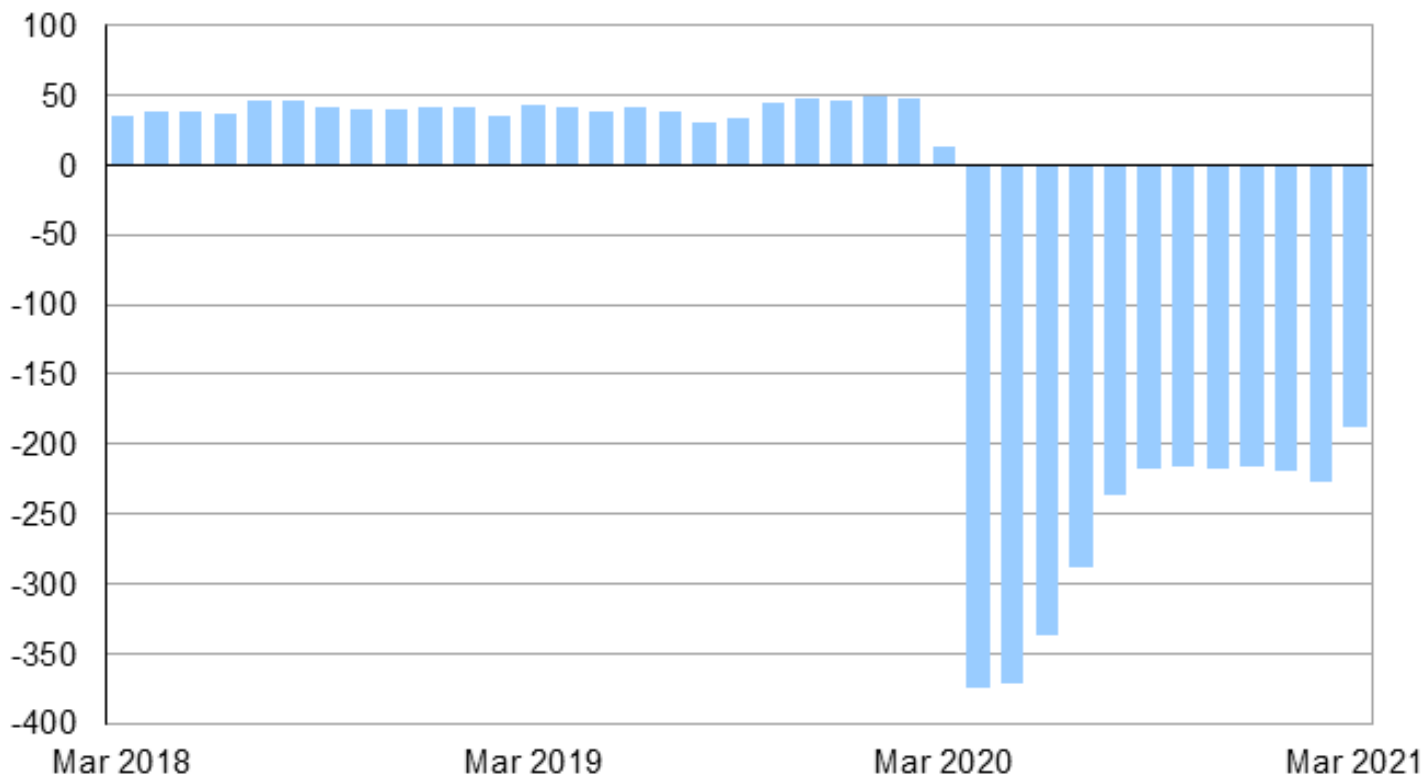
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Washington Area Employment – March 2021

Total nonfarm employment for the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Statistical Area decreased by 188,200 over the year in March, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (See [chart 1](#) and [table 1](#)) Regional Commissioner Alexandra Hall Bovee noted that the local rate of job loss, at 5.6 percent, compared to the 4.4-percent national decline. (The Technical Note at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions and a statement on significance testing. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Over-the-year net change for total nonfarm employment in the Washington metropolitan area, March 2018–March 2021

Thousands



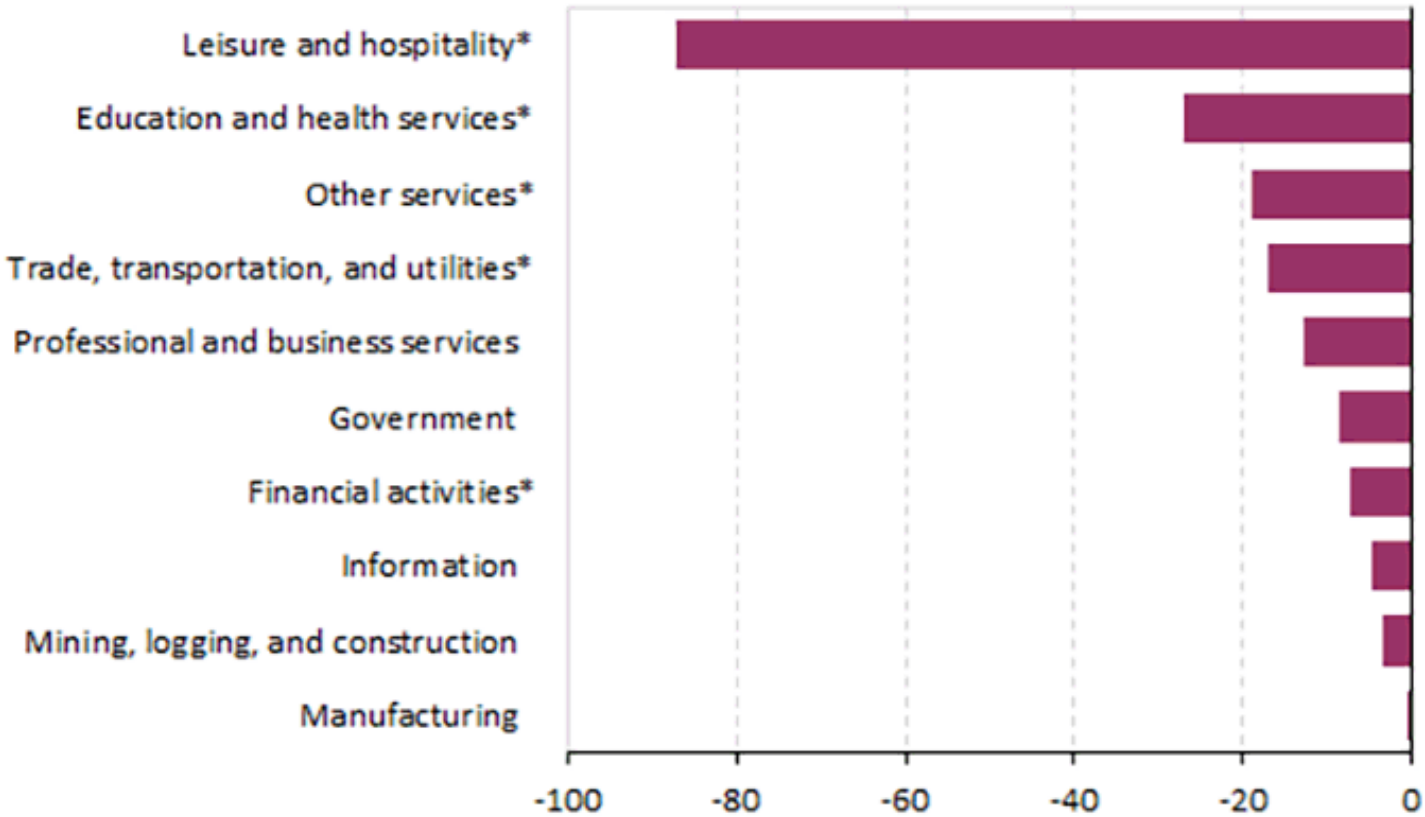
Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria Metropolitan Statistical Area is made up of two metropolitan divisions —separately identifiable employment centers within the greater metropolitan area. Employment declined over the year in both divisions. The Washington-Arlington-Alexandria Metropolitan Division, with 82 percent of the area’s total nonfarm employment, lost 156,200 jobs over the year. The Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville Metropolitan Division, which accounted for the remaining 18 percent of the area’s employment, lost 32,000 jobs since March 2020.

Industry employment

In the greater Washington area, leisure and hospitality had the largest job loss (-87,300), with both divisions recording declines. (See [chart 2.](#)) The 27.5-percent decline in Washington’s leisure and hospitality supersector compared to the 14.4-percent loss on a national level.

Chart 2. Over-the-year net change for industry supersector employment in the Washington metropolitan area, March 2021 (in thousands)



Note: An asterisk indicates statistical significance at the 90-percent confidence level.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Education and health services lost 27,000 jobs over the year in the local area. Both divisions lost jobs over the year. Within the supersector, employment in the health care and social assistance sector was down 15,000. The local area had a 5.9-percent loss in the education and health services industry compared to the 3.9-percent decline for the nation.

Other services lost 19,000 jobs locally, with the Washington division accounting for a loss of 16,700 jobs.

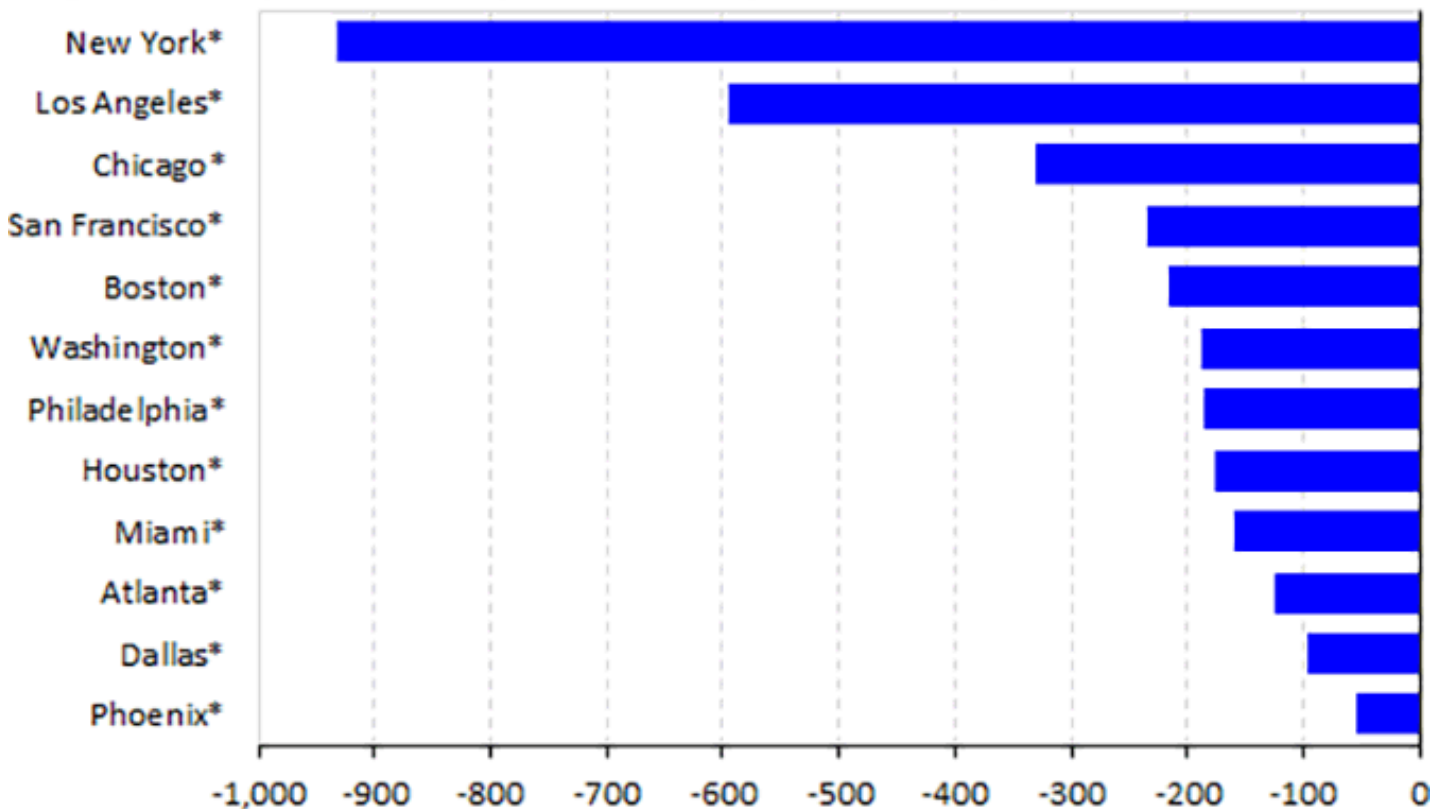
Employment in trade, transportation, and utilities was down 17,000 over the year. The Washington- division lost 16,600 jobs in this supersector.

Twelve largest metropolitan areas

Washington was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in March 2021. All 12 areas lost jobs over the year. New York-Newark-Jersey City had the largest decline (-932,900). Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale has the smallest loss (-53,300) among the largest areas. (See [chart 3](#) and [table 2](#).)

Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim had an 9.6-percent rate of job loss, followed by San Francisco-Hayward-Oakland and New York (-9.5 percent each). The rates of job losses in the remaining nine areas ranged from 7.7 percent in Boston-Cambridge-Nashua to 2.4 percent in Phoenix.

Chart 3. Over-the-year net change in total nonfarm employment for the 12 largest metropolitan areas, March 2021 (in thousands)



Note: An asterisk indicates statistical significance at the 90-percent confidence level.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment release for April 2021 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, June 2, 2021, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Pandemic Impact on March 2021 Establishment Survey Data

BLS has continued to review all estimation and methodological procedures for the establishment survey, which included the review of data, estimation processes, the application of the birth-death model, and seasonal adjustment. Business births and deaths cannot be adequately captured by the establishment survey as they occur. Therefore, the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program uses a model to account for the relatively stable net employment change generated by business births and deaths. Due to the impact of COVID-19, the relationship between business births and deaths is no longer stable. Typically, reports with zero employment are not included in estimation. For the February final and March preliminary estimates, CES included a portion of these reports in the estimates and made modifications to the birth-death model. In addition for both months, the establishment survey included a portion of the reports that returned to reporting positive employment from reporting zero employment. For more information, see www.bls.gov/web/empsit/cesbd.htm.

In the establishment survey, workers who are paid by their employer for all or any part of the pay period including the 12th of the month are counted as employed, even if they were not actually at their jobs. Workers who are temporarily or permanently absent from their jobs and are not being paid are not counted as employed, even if they are continuing to receive benefits. The length of the reference period does vary across the respondents in the establishment survey; one-third of businesses have a weekly pay period, slightly over 40 percent a bi-weekly, about 20 percent semi-monthly, and a small amount monthly.

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

For some employment series, the sample of establishments is very small or highly variable. In these cases, a model-based approach is used in estimation. These models use the direct sample estimates (described above), combined with forecasts of historical (benchmarked) data to decrease volatility in estimation. Two different

models (Fay-Herriot Model and Small Domain Model) are used depending on the industry level being estimated. For more detailed information about each model, refer to the BLS Handbook of Methods at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/ces-20110307.pdf.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample surveys, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Changes in metropolitan area nonfarm payroll employment are cited in the analysis of this release only if they have been determined to be statistically significant at the 90-percent confidence level. Measures of sampling error for the total nonfarm employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm. Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states at the supersector level and for the private service-providing, goods-producing, total private and total nonfarm levels are available on the BLS website at <https://www.bls.gov/web/laus/790stderr.htm>. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/web/laus/bmrk_article.htm. **Area definitions.** The substate area data published in this news release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on April 10, 2018.

The **Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes the District of Columbia; Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Rappahannock, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, and Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park Cities in Virginia; Calvert, Charles, Frederick, Montgomery, and Prince George's Counties in Maryland; and Jefferson County in West Virginia.

































- The **Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Division** includes the District of Columbia; Arlington, Clarke, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Rappahannock, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties, and Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, and Manassas Park Cities in Virginia; Calvert, Charles, and Prince George's Counties in Maryland; and Jefferson County in West Virginia.
- The **Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, MD Metropolitan Division** includes Frederick and Montgomery Counties in Maryland.

Additional information

Employment data from the CES program are available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Information in this release will be made available to individuals with sensory impairments upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Washington metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)













































Area	Back data	Mar 2020	Jan 2021	Feb 2021	Mar 2021	Mar 2020 to Mar 2021	
						Net change	Percent change
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Statistical Area							
Total nonfarm.....		3,336.0	3,115.9	3,125.0	(p)3,147.8	(p)-188.2	(p)-5.6
Mining, logging, and construction.....		163.3	158.7	156.4	(p)159.8	(p)-3.5	(p)-2.1
Manufacturing.....		55.9	54.1	55.0	(p)55.3	(p)-0.6	(p)-1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		402.0	391.4	386.0	(p)385.0	(p)-17.0	(p)-4.2
Information		77.1	73.1	72.7	(p)72.4	(p)-4.7	(p)-6.1
Financial activities		159.4	152.5	152.4	(p)151.9	(p)-7.5	(p)-4.7
Professional and business services		782.5	759.9	764.1	(p)769.5	(p)-13.0	(p)-1.7
Education and health services		454.9	421.6	427.2	(p)427.9	(p)-27.0	(p)-5.9
Leisure and hospitality.....		317.6	220.6	221.8	(p)230.3	(p)-87.3	(p)-27.5
Other services		207.6	187.9	187.8	(p)188.6	(p)-19.0	(p)-9.2
Government.....		715.7	696.1	701.6	(p)707.1	(p)-8.6	(p)-1.2
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm.....		2,743.4	2,564.3	2,569.9	(p)2,587.2	(p)-156.2	(p)-5.7
Mining, logging, and construction.....		129.1	127.1	125.1	(p)127.2	(p)-1.9	(p)-1.5
Manufacturing.....		37.4	36.2	37.1	(p)37.3	(p)-0.1	(p)-0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		326.2	315.3	310.5	(p)309.6	(p)-16.6	(p)-5.1
Information		65.5	62.4	61.9	(p)61.8	(p)-3.7	(p)-5.6
Financial activities		122.9	116.9	117.0	(p)116.6	(p)-6.3	(p)-5.1
Professional and business services		651.5	631.5	634.0	(p)637.9	(p)-13.6	(p)-2.1
Education and health services		357.4	334.8	340.8	(p)341.2	(p)-16.2	(p)-4.5
Leisure and hospitality.....		265.6	185.3	185.5	(p)192.5	(p)-73.1	(p)-27.5
Other services		183.3	166.3	166.1	(p)166.6	(p)-16.7	(p)-9.1
Government.....		604.5	588.5	591.9	(p)596.5	(p)-8.0	(p)-1.3
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, MD Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm.....		592.6	551.6	555.1	(p)560.6	(p)-32.0	(p)-5.4
Mining, logging, and construction.....		34.2	31.6	31.3	(p)32.6	(p)-1.6	(p)-4.7
Manufacturing.....		18.5	17.9	17.9	(p)18.0	(p)-0.5	(p)-2.7
Trade, transportation, and utilities		75.8	76.1	75.5	(p)75.4	(p)-0.4	(p)-0.5
Information		11.6	10.7	10.8	(p)10.6	(p)-1.0	(p)-8.6
Financial activities		36.5	35.6	35.4	(p)35.3	(p)-1.2	(p)-3.3
Professional and business services		131.0	128.4	130.1	(p)131.6	(p)0.6	(p)0.5
Education and health services		97.5	86.8	86.4	(p)86.7	(p)-10.8	(p)-11.1
Leisure and hospitality.....		52.0	35.3	36.3	(p)37.8	(p)-14.2	(p)-27.3
Other services		24.3	21.6	21.7	(p)22.0	(p)-2.3	(p)-9.5
Government.....		111.2	107.6	109.7	(p)110.6	(p)-0.6	(p)-0.5

Footnotes

(p) Preliminary













































SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - National State and Metropolitan Area

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area	Back data	Mar 2020	Jan 2021	Feb 2021	Mar 2021	Mar 2020 to Mar 2021	
						Net change	Percent change
United States							
Total nonfarm.....		149,952	140,980	(p)142,077	(p)143,400	(p)-6,552	(p)-4.4
Mining and logging		669	593	(p)584	(p)608	(p)-61	(p)-9.1
Construction		7,297	7,067	(p)7,006	(p)7,217	(p)-80	(p)-1.1
Manufacturing.....		12,672	12,142	(p)12,188	(p)12,254	(p)-418	(p)-3.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		27,423	26,957	(p)26,805	(p)26,907	(p)-516	(p)-1.9
Information		2,888	2,648	(p)2,670	(p)2,669	(p)-219	(p)-7.6
Financial activities		8,805	8,733	(p)8,734	(p)8,748	(p)-57	(p)-0.6
Professional and business services		21,050	20,291	(p)20,442	(p)20,535	(p)-515	(p)-2.4
Education and health services		24,471	23,105	(p)23,393	(p)23,515	(p)-956	(p)-3.9
Leisure and hospitality.....		15,745	12,576	(p)13,037	(p)13,473	(p)-2,272	(p)-14.4
Other services		5,805	5,415	(p)5,453	(p)5,506	(p)-299	(p)-5.2
Government.....		23,127	21,453	(p)21,765	(p)21,968	(p)-1,159	(p)-5.0
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA							
Total nonfarm.....		2,853.7	2,697.6	2,713.3	(p)2,728.1	(p)-125.6	(p)-4.4
Mining and logging		1.7	1.7	1.7	(p)1.7	(p)0.0	(p)0.0
Construction		131.1	126.3	128.3	(p)130.7	(p)-0.4	(p)-0.3
Manufacturing.....		171.1	162.9	163.7	(p)163.7	(p)-7.4	(p)-4.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		600.7	588.4	589.3	(p)589.1	(p)-11.6	(p)-1.9
Information		104.6	97.9	98.9	(p)100.1	(p)-4.5	(p)-4.3
Financial activities		180.7	178.8	178.9	(p)179.8	(p)-0.9	(p)-0.5
Professional and business services		549.9	530.3	531.4	(p)534.0	(p)-15.9	(p)-2.9
Education and health services		375.6	354.2	360.2	(p)362.0	(p)-13.6	(p)-3.6
Leisure and hospitality.....		292.6	236.7	241.9	(p)246.5	(p)-46.1	(p)-15.8
Other services		105.4	91.8	91.2	(p)91.5	(p)-13.9	(p)-13.2
Government.....		340.3	328.6	327.8	(p)329.0	(p)-11.3	(p)-3.3
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, MA-NH (NECTA)							
Total nonfarm.....		2,786.6	2,532.1	2,556.4	(p)2,571.5	(p)-215.1	(p)-7.7
Mining, logging, and construction.....		117.1	114.1	111.8	(p)112.9	(p)-4.2	(p)-3.6
Manufacturing.....		185.8	175.2	176.4	(p)177.9	(p)-7.9	(p)-4.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		417.7	399.7	395.3	(p)395.3	(p)-22.4	(p)-5.4
Information		83.8	79.0	78.4	(p)79.0	(p)-4.8	(p)-5.7
Financial activities		184.0	181.1	181.3	(p)181.5	(p)-2.5	(p)-1.4
Professional and business services		514.1	496.0	502.2	(p)502.4	(p)-11.7	(p)-2.3
Education and health services		605.1	543.7	554.9	(p)558.6	(p)-46.5	(p)-7.7
Leisure and hospitality.....		254.8	165.4	173.7	(p)178.6	(p)-76.2	(p)-29.9
Other services		101.5	83.9	83.3	(p)83.6	(p)-17.9	(p)-17.6
Government.....		322.7	294.0	299.1	(p)301.7	(p)-21.0	(p)-6.5
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI							
Total nonfarm.....		4,674.9	4,287.4	4,312.8	(p)4,343.7	(p)-331.2	(p)-7.1
Mining and logging		1.8	1.4	1.4	(p)1.5	(p)-0.3	(p)-16.7
Construction		163.4	148.5	145.6	(p)156.2	(p)-7.2	(p)-4.4
Manufacturing.....		415.0	389.6	393.9	(p)392.8	(p)-22.2	(p)-5.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		934.9	917.3	907.2	(p)905.9	(p)-29.0	(p)-3.1
Information		77.9	71.0	71.1	(p)70.4	(p)-7.5	(p)-9.6
Financial activities		318.4	313.7	314.4	(p)313.4	(p)-5.0	(p)-1.6
Professional and business services		808.5	772.5	771.3	(p)769.4	(p)-39.1	(p)-4.8
Education and health services		744.1	692.2	700.7	(p)703.5	(p)-40.6	(p)-5.5
Leisure and hospitality.....		460.8	297.0	315.7	(p)332.9	(p)-127.9	(p)-27.8













































Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Mar 2020	Jan 2021	Feb 2021	Mar 2021	Mar 2020 to Mar 2021	
						Net change	Percent change
Other services		193.7	175.2	174.6	(p)176.9	(p)-16.8	(p)-8.7
Government.....		556.4	509.0	516.9	(p)520.8	(p)-35.6	(p)-6.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX							
Total nonfarm.....		3,819.2	3,701.8	3,694.6	(p)3,723.2	(p)-96.0	(p)-2.5
Mining, logging, and construction.....		225.7	216.4	214.6	(p)218.4	(p)-7.3	(p)-3.2
Manufacturing.....		290.1	280.8	279.4	(p)281.6	(p)-8.5	(p)-2.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities		799.4	810.5	807.6	(p)809.2	(p)9.8	(p)1.2
Information		82.2	79.1	79.2	(p)79.2	(p)-3.0	(p)-3.6
Financial activities		325.8	326.4	327.0	(p)328.5	(p)2.7	(p)0.8
Professional and business services		649.7	645.2	636.0	(p)643.1	(p)-6.6	(p)-1.0
Education and health services		468.8	449.6	449.7	(p)452.5	(p)-16.3	(p)-3.5
Leisure and hospitality.....		389.2	330.8	332.9	(p)342.5	(p)-46.7	(p)-12.0
Other services		126.2	114.0	113.8	(p)115.7	(p)-10.5	(p)-8.3
Government.....		462.1	449.0	454.4	(p)452.5	(p)-9.6	(p)-2.1
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX							
Total nonfarm.....		3,174.2	2,952.3	2,965.0	(p)2,999.2	(p)-175.0	(p)-5.5
Mining and logging		77.5	67.0	68.1	(p)68.6	(p)-8.9	(p)-11.5
Construction		237.1	198.3	199.6	(p)206.1	(p)-31.0	(p)-13.1
Manufacturing.....		233.6	205.6	208.0	(p)207.5	(p)-26.1	(p)-11.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		625.7	620.0	621.5	(p)624.7	(p)-1.0	(p)-0.2
Information		32.1	28.7	28.7	(p)28.6	(p)-3.5	(p)-10.9
Financial activities		168.3	162.8	162.1	(p)162.6	(p)-5.7	(p)-3.4
Professional and business services		511.1	479.7	477.3	(p)486.7	(p)-24.4	(p)-4.8
Education and health services		411.6	393.6	395.1	(p)397.5	(p)-14.1	(p)-3.4
Leisure and hospitality.....		330.0	282.9	283.2	(p)295.2	(p)-34.8	(p)-10.5
Other services		117.2	104.9	103.2	(p)105.7	(p)-11.5	(p)-9.8
Government.....		430.0	408.8	418.2	(p)416.0	(p)-14.0	(p)-3.3
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA							
Total nonfarm.....		6,221.2	5,492.7	5,574.5	(p)5,626.5	(p)-594.7	(p)-9.6
Mining and logging		2.3	1.9	1.9	(p)1.9	(p)-0.4	(p)-17.4
Construction		252.7	247.8	247.9	(p)247.4	(p)-5.3	(p)-2.1
Manufacturing.....		494.1	445.0	448.0	(p)449.1	(p)-45.0	(p)-9.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,088.7	1,045.5	1,042.0	(p)1,048.3	(p)-40.4	(p)-3.7
Information		259.0	197.1	200.8	(p)204.2	(p)-54.8	(p)-21.2
Financial activities		339.8	323.3	322.8	(p)322.8	(p)-17.0	(p)-5.0
Professional and business services		955.6	883.8	895.1	(p)903.7	(p)-51.9	(p)-5.4
Education and health services		1,097.8	1,039.7	1,051.2	(p)1,053.8	(p)-44.0	(p)-4.0
Leisure and hospitality.....		749.2	458.4	508.7	(p)531.8	(p)-217.4	(p)-29.0
Other services		210.9	153.1	157.9	(p)162.2	(p)-48.7	(p)-23.1
Government.....		771.1	697.1	698.2	(p)701.3	(p)-69.8	(p)-9.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL							
Total nonfarm.....		2,731.4	2,542.4	2,560.6	(p)2,571.3	(p)-160.1	(p)-5.9
Mining and logging		0.8	0.8	0.8	(p)0.8	(p)0.0	(p)0.0
Construction		141.9	137.4	138.1	(p)139.4	(p)-2.5	(p)-1.8
Manufacturing.....		91.1	86.2	87.8	(p)87.9	(p)-3.2	(p)-3.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities		611.8	580.0	576.6	(p)580.5	(p)-31.3	(p)-5.1
Information		50.6	46.0	46.5	(p)46.6	(p)-4.0	(p)-7.9
Financial activities		191.4	187.2	187.5	(p)188.4	(p)-3.0	(p)-1.6



















Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Mar 2020	Jan 2021	Feb 2021	Mar 2021	Mar 2020 to Mar 2021	
						Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services		450.1	438.5	443.4	(p)442.7	(p)-7.4	(p)-1.6
Education and health services		418.7	395.2	399.2	(p)399.0	(p)-19.7	(p)-4.7
Leisure and hospitality		334.7	263.4	269.6	(p)274.4	(p)-60.3	(p)-18.0
Other services		118.3	106.0	107.1	(p)107.9	(p)-10.4	(p)-8.8
Government		322.0	301.7	304.0	(p)303.7	(p)-18.3	(p)-5.7
New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA							
Total nonfarm		9,855.8	8,767.6	8,828.7	(p)8,922.9	(p)-932.9	(p)-9.5
Mining, logging, and construction		402.3	359.7	343.8	(p)355.4	(p)-46.9	(p)-11.7
Manufacturing		352.7	325.9	327.5	(p)330.8	(p)-21.9	(p)-6.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,699.3	1,553.1	1,532.8	(p)1,536.3	(p)-163.0	(p)-9.6
Information		315.3	281.7	287.0	(p)291.4	(p)-23.9	(p)-7.6
Financial activities		786.4	756.7	755.7	(p)755.0	(p)-31.4	(p)-4.0
Professional and business services		1,567.3	1,434.8	1,451.7	(p)1,465.8	(p)-101.5	(p)-6.5
Education and health services		2,110.0	1,917.6	1,957.1	(p)1,977.2	(p)-132.8	(p)-6.3
Leisure and hospitality		865.6	525.4	546.7	(p)571.4	(p)-294.2	(p)-34.0
Other services		410.8	341.0	342.0	(p)344.3	(p)-66.5	(p)-16.2
Government		1,346.1	1,271.7	1,284.4	(p)1,295.3	(p)-50.8	(p)-3.8
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD							
Total nonfarm		2,965.3	2,732.2	2,757.8	(p)2,779.1	(p)-186.2	(p)-6.3
Mining, logging, and construction		117.8	110.3	111.0	(p)111.7	(p)-6.1	(p)-5.2
Manufacturing		182.2	172.1	172.6	(p)172.6	(p)-9.6	(p)-5.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities		522.0	506.3	503.2	(p)506.1	(p)-15.9	(p)-3.0
Information		53.3	49.1	49.5	(p)49.7	(p)-3.6	(p)-6.8
Financial activities		218.0	214.4	214.3	(p)213.7	(p)-4.3	(p)-2.0
Professional and business services		467.4	449.0	452.0	(p)456.2	(p)-11.2	(p)-2.4
Education and health services		679.1	626.5	639.0	(p)642.3	(p)-36.8	(p)-5.4
Leisure and hospitality		259.3	177.4	184.6	(p)191.8	(p)-67.5	(p)-26.0
Other services		120.5	103.1	103.0	(p)104.1	(p)-16.4	(p)-13.6
Government		345.7	324.0	328.6	(p)330.9	(p)-14.8	(p)-4.3
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ							
Total nonfarm		2,218.0	2,140.5	2,155.0	(p)2,164.7	(p)-53.3	(p)-2.4
Mining and logging		3.3	2.8	2.8	(p)2.8	(p)-0.5	(p)-15.2
Construction		136.5	132.0	130.4	(p)133.1	(p)-3.4	(p)-2.5
Manufacturing		136.0	133.4	134.4	(p)135.4	(p)-0.6	(p)-0.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		415.7	424.0	428.0	(p)429.6	(p)13.9	(p)3.3
Information		40.7	37.5	38.0	(p)37.1	(p)-3.6	(p)-8.8
Financial activities		205.5	203.3	203.6	(p)202.7	(p)-2.8	(p)-1.4
Professional and business services		369.2	361.4	362.2	(p)362.1	(p)-7.1	(p)-1.9
Education and health services		350.9	344.5	346.2	(p)347.7	(p)-3.2	(p)-0.9
Leisure and hospitality		237.9	195.1	199.7	(p)203.8	(p)-34.1	(p)-14.3
Other services		69.8	65.9	67.0	(p)67.5	(p)-2.3	(p)-3.3
Government		252.5	240.6	242.7	(p)242.9	(p)-9.6	(p)-3.8
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA							
Total nonfarm		2,477.4	2,202.5	2,227.5	(p)2,242.5	(p)-234.9	(p)-9.5
Mining and logging		0.4	0.3	0.3	(p)0.3	(p)-0.1	(p)-25.0
Construction		127.6	122.1	122.2	(p)122.2	(p)-5.4	(p)-4.2
Manufacturing		145.7	140.6	141.9	(p)141.6	(p)-4.1	(p)-2.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities		366.3	336.9	335.0	(p)335.1	(p)-31.2	(p)-8.5

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Mar 2020	Jan 2021	Feb 2021	Mar 2021	Mar 2020 to Mar 2021	
						Net change	Percent change
Information		134.4	134.6	134.0	(p)134.6	(p)0.2	(p)0.1
Financial activities		145.4	138.1	137.3	(p)136.6	(p)-8.8	(p)-6.1
Professional and business services		501.4	477.2	482.4	(p)485.9	(p)-15.5	(p)-3.1
Education and health services		373.3	347.2	353.9	(p)356.1	(p)-17.2	(p)-4.6
Leisure and hospitality.....		271.1	141.5	153.5	(p)159.8	(p)-111.3	(p)-41.1
Other services		87.0	65.2	66.4	(p)67.8	(p)-19.2	(p)-22.1
Government.....		324.8	298.8	300.6	(p)302.5	(p)-22.3	(p)-6.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV							
Total nonfarm.....		3,336.0	3,115.9	3,125.0	(p)3,147.8	(p)-188.2	(p)-5.6
Mining, logging, and construction.....		163.3	158.7	156.4	(p)159.8	(p)-3.5	(p)-2.1
Manufacturing.....		55.9	54.1	55.0	(p)55.3	(p)-0.6	(p)-1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities		402.0	391.4	386.0	(p)385.0	(p)-17.0	(p)-4.2
Information		77.1	73.1	72.7	(p)72.4	(p)-4.7	(p)-6.1
Financial activities		159.4	152.5	152.4	(p)151.9	(p)-7.5	(p)-4.7
Professional and business services		782.5	759.9	764.1	(p)769.5	(p)-13.0	(p)-1.7
Education and health services		454.9	421.6	427.2	(p)427.9	(p)-27.0	(p)-5.9
Leisure and hospitality.....		317.6	220.6	221.8	(p)230.3	(p)-87.3	(p)-27.5
Other services		207.6	187.9	187.8	(p)188.6	(p)-19.0	(p)-9.2
Government.....		715.7	696.1	701.6	(p)707.1	(p)-8.6	(p)-1.2

Footnotes

(p) Preliminary

SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - National State and Metropolitan Area