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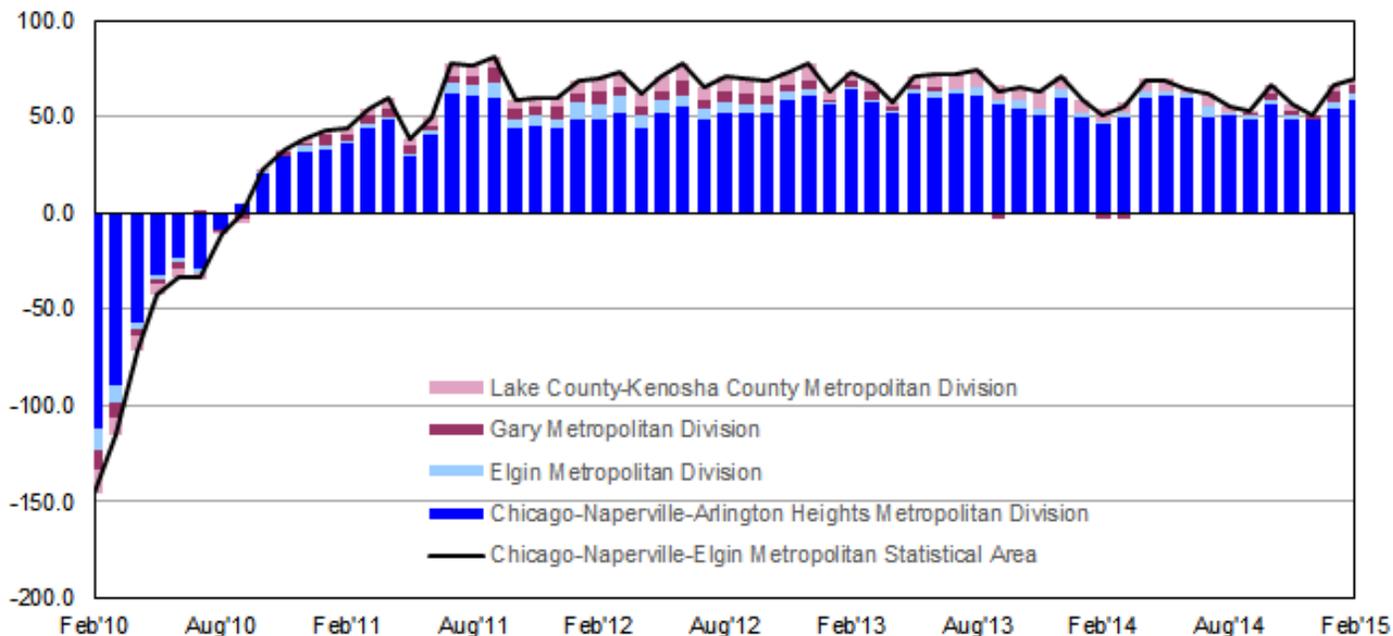
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Chicago Area Employment – February 2015 **Job Growth Slower than Average Over the Year**

Total nonfarm employment in the Chicago-Naperville-Elgin Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 4,455,300 in February 2015, up 69,700 or 1.6 percent over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count increased 2.4 percent. Regional Commissioner Charlene Peiffer noted that the Chicago metropolitan area has had over-the-year employment increases each month since October 2010. (See [chart 1](#) and [table 1](#); the [Technical Note](#) at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Chicago metropolitan area and its divisions, February 2010–February 2015

Net change (in thousands)



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Chicago metropolitan area is made up of four metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the larger metropolitan area. The Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights Metropolitan Division, which accounted for 80 percent of the area’s workforce, added 58,200 jobs from February a year ago.

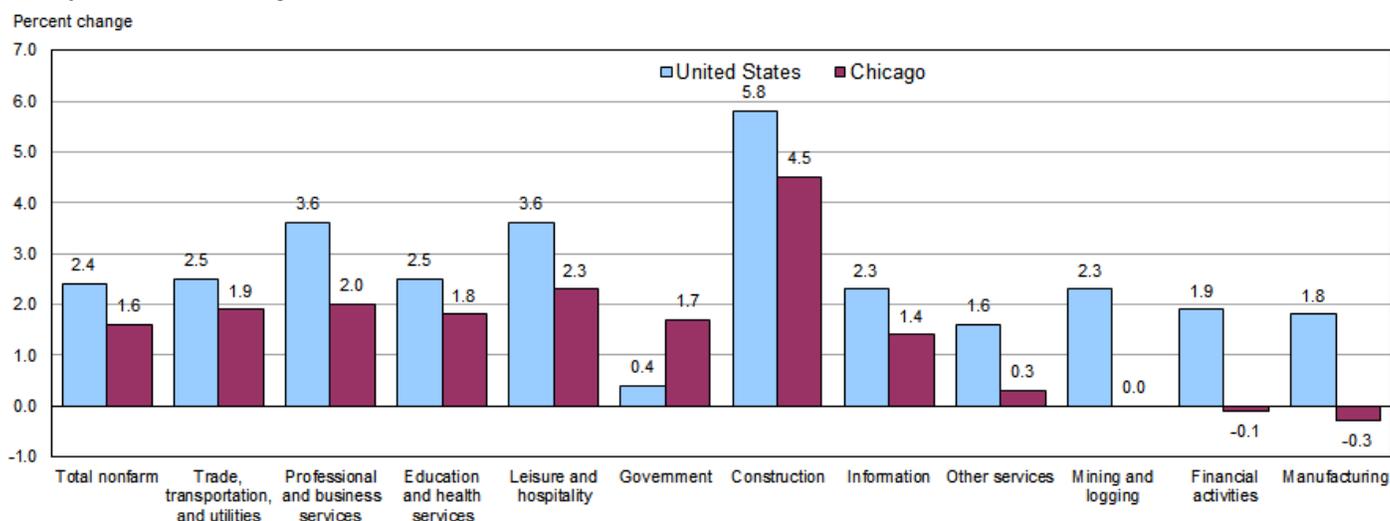
Employment in the Gary, Ind. Metropolitan Division increased by 4,100, while employment in the Elgin Metropolitan Division and the Lake County-Kenosha County, Ill.-Wis. Metropolitan Division grew by 3,800 and 3,600, respectively, over the year.

Industry employment

The largest over-the-year employment increase in the Chicago metropolitan area in February 2015 was in trade, transportation, and utilities, up 16,600 or 1.9 percent. This industry supersector also accounted for the largest share of employment in the area. All four of Chicago's metropolitan divisions posted employment gains in this supersector from February 2014, with the Chicago division adding 11,900 jobs over the year. Nationwide, employment in trade, transportation, and utilities rose 2.5 percent from the previous February. (See [chart 2.](#))

Professional and business services, the second largest supersector in the Chicago area, added 15,500 jobs, a 2.0-percent gain from February a year ago. The Chicago division added 18,800 jobs; however, two divisions saw employment declines. The Elgin division lost 2,400 jobs in professional and business services and the Lake-Kenosha division shed 1,900 jobs. Nationally, employment in the professional and business services supersector increased 3.6 percent from February 2014.

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Chicago metropolitan area, February 2015



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Education and health services employment increased by 12,500, a 1.8-percent gain from February 2014 to February 2015. The Chicago division (up 11,800 or 2.1 percent) was responsible for the gains. Nationwide, employment in this supersector rose 2.5 percent from February a year ago.

Two other supersectors added more than 9,000 jobs over the year in the Chicago area. Leisure and hospitality employment increased by 9,500 or 2.3 percent and government employment rose by 9,400 or 1.7 percent. Nationwide, employment in leisure and hospitality increased 3.6 percent and government employment rose 0.4 percent from February 2014.

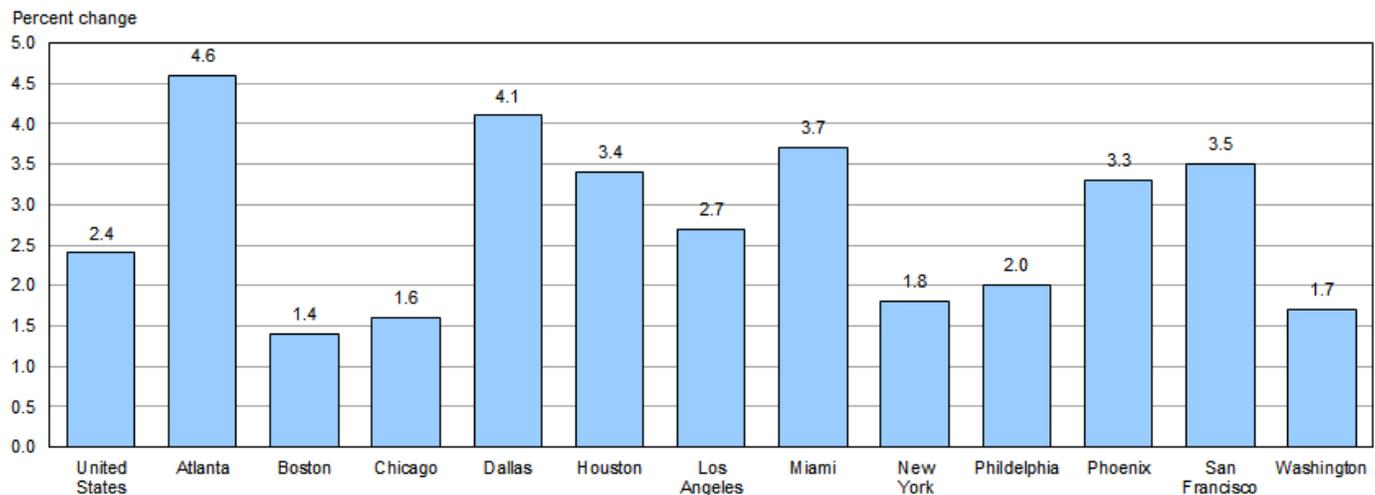
Construction added 5,900 jobs over the year in the Chicago area. The 4.5-percent annual job growth rate was the highest among the local area supersectors that posted annual employment gains. Nationwide, construction employment grew at a 5.8-percent pace.

Manufacturing lost 1,100 jobs in the local area from February 2014 to February 2015, the only supersector in the area to lose more than 1,000 jobs over the year. The employment decline was concentrated in the Chicago division which lost 3,000 jobs (-1.1 percent). The local area’s rate of job decline in this supersector, at 0.3 percent, compared to a 1.8-percent rate of job growth nationwide.

Twelve largest metropolitan areas

Chicago was 1 of the nation’s 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in February 2015. All of these areas experienced over-the-year job growth during the period, with seven exceeding the national average of 2.4 percent. The fastest rate of job growth was in Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Rosewell, up 4.6 percent, followed by Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, at 4.1 percent. Boston-Cambridge-Nashua had the slowest rate of job growth, 1.4 percent. (See [chart 3](#) and [table 2](#).)

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, February 2015



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The New York-Newark-Jersey City area added the largest number of jobs, 162,300, since February 2014. Employment in Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Dallas, and Atlanta also increased by over 100,000. Boston experienced the smallest gain, adding 34,400 jobs over the 12-month period.

Education and health services registered the largest over-the-year employment gains in 5 of the 12 metropolitan areas from February a year ago—Boston, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria. Professional and business services added the most jobs in Atlanta, Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, and San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward.

Manufacturing recorded the largest over-the-year loss of jobs in five areas—Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles, New York, and Phoenix. Three areas experienced no job losses for any supersector from last February—Atlanta, Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, and Miami.

Metropolitan area employment data for March 2015 are scheduled to be released on Wednesday, April 29, 2015, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).

Changes to Current Employment Statistics Data

Effective with the release of January 2015 data, nonfarm payroll employment estimates for states, metropolitan areas, and metropolitan divisions were revised to reflect 2014 benchmark levels. For more information on benchmark procedures, see <https://www.bls.gov/web/empstat/cesbmart.htm>.

Revised metropolitan area and metropolitan division delineations were also implemented with the release of January 2015 data. The revised delineations were issued by the Office of Management and Budget for solely statistical purposes through Bulletin No. 13-01 on February 28, 2013, based on the application of updated statistical standards to U.S. Census Bureau population and journey-to-work data.

Note that Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, Ariz., replaces Detroit-Warren-Dearborn, Mich., in the 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas discussion based on annual estimates of population change by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2007 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. The employment data are estimated using a "link relative" technique in which a ratio (link relative) of current-month employment to that of the previous month is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are obtained by multiplying the estimates for the previous month by these ratios. Small-domain models are used as the official estimators for the approximately 39 percent of CES published series which have insufficient sample for direct sample-based estimates.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports that are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey, administrative data, and modeling and, thus, are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data also are subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be

introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the specific estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error are available for state CES data at the total nonfarm and supersector level and for metropolitan area CES data. Information on recent benchmark revisions for states is available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/sae.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on February 28, 2013. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The **Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Ill.-Ind.-Wis. Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)** includes Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties in Illinois; Jasper, Lake, Newton, and Porter Counties in Indiana; and Kenosha County in Wisconsin.

- The **Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights, Ill. Metropolitan Division (MD)** includes Cook, DuPage, Grundy, Kendall, McHenry, and Will Counties in Illinois.
- The **Elgin, Ill. Metropolitan Division (MD)** includes DeKalb and Kane Counties.
- The **Lake County-Kenosha County, Ill.-Wis. Metropolitan Division (MD)** includes Lake County in Illinois and Kenosha County in Wisconsin.
- The **Gary, Ind. Metropolitan Division (MD)** includes Jasper, Lake, Newton, and Porter Counties in Indiana.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in *Employment and Earnings*, which is available on line at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request Voice phone: (202) 691-5200, Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, the United States and the Chicago metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Feb 2014	Dec 2014	Jan 2015	Feb 2015 ^(p)	Change from Feb 2014 to Feb 2015	
					Number	Percent
United States						
Total nonfarm.....	136,257	141,484	138,663	139,566	3,309	2.4
Mining and logging	860	912	893	880	20	2.3
Construction	5,612	6,175	5,926	5,935	323	5.8
Manufacturing.....	12,019	12,302	12,214	12,235	216	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	25,743	27,402	26,540	26,384	641	2.5
Information	2,707	2,775	2,737	2,770	63	2.3
Financial activities	7,879	8,059	8,018	8,029	150	1.9
Professional and business services	18,562	19,519	19,112	19,228	666	3.6
Education and health services	21,374	21,893	21,634	21,916	542	2.5
Leisure and hospitality.....	13,908	14,597	14,274	14,415	507	3.6
Other services	5,483	5,589	5,550	5,573	90	1.6
Government.....	22,110	22,261	21,765	22,201	91	0.4
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI, Metropolitan Statistical Area						
Total nonfarm.....	4,385.6	4,563.5	4,439.4	4,455.3	69.7	1.6
Mining and logging	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Construction	132.1	153.0	136.8	138.0	5.9	4.5
Manufacturing.....	407.2	411.4	406.6	406.1	-1.1	-0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	883.9	944.1	906.8	900.5	16.6	1.9
Information	78.9	81.0	80.6	80.0	1.1	1.4
Financial activities	286.1	288.4	285.9	285.8	-0.3	-0.1
Professional and business services	768.7	803.5	778.3	784.2	15.5	2.0
Education and health Services.....	684.3	699.7	691.1	696.8	12.5	1.8
Leisure and hospitality.....	409.4	431.1	417.2	418.9	9.5	2.3
Other services	190.9	192.8	191.6	191.5	0.6	0.3
Government.....	542.9	557.1	543.3	552.3	9.4	1.7
Chicago-Naperville-Arlington Heights, IL, Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm.....	3,491.0	3,631.3	3,536.0	3,549.2	58.2	1.7
Mining and logging	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.1	11.1
Construction	98.9	113.5	101.6	103.1	4.2	4.2
Manufacturing.....	279.2	279.9	275.9	276.2	-3.0	-1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	699.7	747.0	716.7	711.6	11.9	1.7
Information	69.6	71.6	71.2	70.8	1.2	1.7
Financial activities	246.4	248.0	245.9	245.5	-0.9	-0.4
Professional and business services	646.7	675.4	659.4	665.5	18.8	2.9
Education and health services	557.5	571.5	564.0	569.3	11.8	2.1
Leisure and hospitality.....	321.3	339.9	327.0	328.0	6.7	2.1
Other services	156.5	157.9	157.2	157.1	0.6	0.4
Government.....	414.3	425.5	416.1	421.1	6.8	1.6
Elgin, IL, MD, Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm.....	241.6	251.6	243.0	245.4	3.8	1.6
Mining and logging	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Construction	8.9	11.4	10.6	10.4	1.5	16.9
Manufacturing.....	34.1	34.9	34.4	34.7	0.6	1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	44.0	46.9	45.8	45.4	1.4	3.2
Information	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.6	0.0	0.0
Financial activities	10.9	10.9	10.8	10.8	-0.1	-0.9
Professional and business services	35.0	35.9	32.8	32.6	-2.4	-6.9
Education and health services	32.2	32.6	32.4	32.6	0.4	1.2
Leisure and hospitality.....	22.6	24.0	23.9	24.0	1.4	6.2
Other services	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.7	-0.3	-3.3
Government.....	41.2	42.4	39.8	42.5	1.3	3.2

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, the United States and the Chicago metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Feb 2014	Dec 2014	Jan 2015	Feb 2015 (P)	Change from Feb 2014 to Feb 2015	
					Number	Percent
Lake County-Kenosha County, IL-WI, Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm.....	385.8	401.5	389.5	389.4	3.6	0.9
Mining and logging	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Construction	10.0	12.3	11.4	11.4	1.4	14.0
Manufacturing.....	57.9	59.3	59.0	59.0	1.1	1.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	83.5	90.2	86.0	85.2	1.7	2.0
Information	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.5	-0.2	-5.4
Financial activities	20.3	20.8	20.6	20.9	0.6	3.0
Professional and business services	64.9	68.6	63.0	63.0	-1.9	-2.9
Education and health services	46.8	47.2	47.6	47.2	0.4	0.9
Leisure and hospitality.....	35.3	34.6	34.6	34.8	-0.5	-1.4
Other services	12.2	12.6	12.4	12.4	0.2	1.6
Government.....	51.2	52.2	51.3	52.0	0.8	1.6
Gary, IN, Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm.....	267.2	279.1	270.9	271.3	4.1	1.5
Mining and logging	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-50.0
Construction	14.3	15.8	13.2	13.1	-1.2	-8.4
Manufacturing.....	36.0	37.3	37.3	36.2	0.2	0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	56.7	60.0	58.3	58.3	1.6	2.8
Information	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	0.1	5.0
Financial activities	8.5	8.7	8.6	8.6	0.1	1.2
Professional and business services	22.1	23.6	23.1	23.1	1.0	4.5
Education and health services	47.8	48.4	47.1	47.7	-0.1	-0.2
Leisure and hospitality.....	30.2	32.6	31.7	32.1	1.9	6.3
Other services	13.2	13.5	13.3	13.3	0.1	0.8
Government.....	36.2	37.0	36.1	36.7	0.5	1.4

Footnotes
(P) Preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Feb 2014	Dec 2014	Jan 2015	Feb 2015 ^(p)	Change from Feb 2014 to Feb 2015	
					Number	Percent
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA						
Total nonfarm.....	2,430.1	2,566.7	2,528.8	2,541.0	110.9	4.6
Mining and logging	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0
Construction	95.7	102.3	100.4	103.4	7.7	8.0
Manufacturing.....	149.8	153.5	153.9	153.6	3.8	2.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	539.2	582.2	565.9	563.3	24.1	4.5
Information	87.9	89.6	87.8	88.4	0.5	0.6
Financial activities	156.6	163.0	163.6	163.5	6.9	4.4
Professional and business services	443.1	472.5	462.6	467.3	24.2	5.5
Education and health services	300.9	313.9	313.6	316.5	15.6	5.2
Leisure and hospitality.....	241.6	264.1	258.2	259.8	18.2	7.5
Other services	92.3	96.3	96.0	95.6	3.3	3.6
Government.....	321.7	328.0	325.5	328.3	6.6	2.1
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, MA-NH						
Total nonfarm.....	2,531.5	2,629.8	2,569.1	2,565.9	34.4	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction.....	83.8	95.4	89.0	86.4	2.6	3.1
Manufacturing.....	191.4	192.5	191.9	190.7	-0.7	-0.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	402.9	429.3	414.6	404.4	1.5	0.4
Information	74.1	76.1	75.1	76.0	1.9	2.6
Financial activities	170.7	173.7	173.0	172.7	2.0	1.2
Professional and business services	428.8	446.4	438.3	437.9	9.1	2.1
Education and health services	537.2	551.0	540.6	547.3	10.1	1.9
Leisure and hospitality.....	230.8	245.1	233.6	230.8	0.0	0.0
Other services	96.8	100.9	100.5	99.4	2.6	2.7
Government.....	315.0	319.4	312.5	320.3	5.3	1.7
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI						
Total nonfarm.....	4,385.6	4,563.5	4,439.4	4,455.3	69.7	1.6
Mining and logging	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Construction	132.1	153.0	136.8	138.0	5.9	4.5
Manufacturing.....	407.2	411.4	406.6	406.1	-1.1	-0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	883.9	944.1	906.8	900.5	16.6	1.9
Information	78.9	81.0	80.6	80.0	1.1	1.4
Financial activities	286.1	288.4	285.9	285.8	-0.3	-0.1
Professional and business services	768.7	803.5	778.3	784.2	15.5	2.0
Education and health services	684.3	699.7	691.1	696.8	12.5	1.8
Leisure and hospitality.....	409.4	431.1	417.2	418.9	9.5	2.3
Other services	190.9	192.8	191.6	191.5	0.6	0.3
Government.....	542.9	557.1	543.3	552.3	9.4	1.7
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX						
Total nonfarm.....	3,199.8	3,359.3	3,316.7	3,332.2	132.4	4.1
Mining, logging, and construction.....	184.9	199.2	198.7	201.5	16.6	9.0
Manufacturing.....	260.4	263.0	263.4	262.7	2.3	0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	664.1	714.5	697.0	695.2	31.1	4.7
Information	81.9	81.5	81.9	81.7	-0.2	-0.2
Financial activities	261.4	272.2	269.5	271.4	10.0	3.8
Professional and business services	518.4	554.2	547.1	545.6	27.2	5.2
Education and health services	394.6	413.6	410.3	410.7	16.1	4.1
Leisure and hospitality.....	317.7	334.3	329.6	335.8	18.1	5.7
Other services	114.0	115.4	113.5	115.5	1.5	1.3
Government.....	402.4	411.4	405.7	412.1	9.7	2.4
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX						
Total nonfarm.....	2,869.7	2,992.6	2,945.6	2,966.4	96.7	3.4
Mining and logging	107.7	115.5	113.5	113.5	5.8	5.4
Construction	196.9	208.8	204.9	205.8	8.9	4.5

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Feb 2014	Dec 2014	Jan 2015	Feb 2015 ^(p)	Change from Feb 2014 to Feb 2015	
					Number	Percent
Manufacturing.....	251.8	258.7	255.7	253.7	1.9	0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	584.6	620.1	602.8	603.6	19.0	3.3
Information	33.0	32.6	32.7	33.3	0.3	0.9
Financial activities	145.9	149.3	147.3	148.2	2.3	1.6
Professional and business services	450.3	470.4	465.5	465.0	14.7	3.3
Education and health services	344.9	359.2	357.6	361.0	16.1	4.7
Leisure and hospitality.....	274.4	290.0	285.8	291.2	16.8	6.1
Other services	102.1	104.3	103.6	103.7	1.6	1.6
Government.....	378.1	383.7	376.2	387.4	9.3	2.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA						
Total nonfarm.....	5,649.1	5,853.1	5,761.5	5,801.5	152.4	2.7
Mining and logging	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	-0.1	-1.9
Construction	196.3	204.9	203.0	206.6	10.3	5.2
Manufacturing.....	524.3	524.7	521.5	523.1	-1.2	-0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,038.8	1,102.3	1,072.1	1,062.7	23.9	2.3
Information	220.7	224.3	214.9	223.9	3.2	1.4
Financial activities	321.0	328.0	326.8	328.0	7.0	2.2
Professional and business services	872.0	900.9	885.2	892.6	20.6	2.4
Education and health services	931.2	967.1	952.8	967.4	36.2	3.9
Leisure and hospitality.....	637.4	666.4	660.5	663.9	26.5	4.2
Other services	194.8	202.4	201.8	203.1	8.3	4.3
Government.....	707.3	726.8	717.7	725.0	17.7	2.5
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL						
Total nonfarm.....	2,401.5	2,500.3	2,473.0	2,490.8	89.3	3.7
Mining and logging	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0
Construction	96.5	106.4	104.2	105.7	9.2	9.5
Manufacturing.....	80.1	82.0	80.9	81.9	1.8	2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	558.3	588.6	579.4	576.1	17.8	3.2
Information	47.5	48.6	48.0	48.3	0.8	1.7
Financial activities	166.2	173.9	172.2	172.5	6.3	3.8
Professional and business services	380.7	402.8	395.6	401.1	20.4	5.4
Education and health services	352.4	367.5	363.6	367.8	15.4	4.4
Leisure and hospitality.....	297.3	305.7	303.4	308.5	11.2	3.8
Other services	116.0	120.3	121.1	121.5	5.5	4.7
Government.....	305.9	303.9	304.0	306.8	0.9	0.3
New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA						
Total nonfarm.....	8,919.6	9,312.8	9,049.7	9,081.9	162.3	1.8
Mining, logging, and construction.....	309.9	352.4	328.0	319.9	10.0	3.2
Manufacturing.....	369.0	367.8	364.0	362.3	-6.7	-1.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,651.1	1,769.0	1,701.9	1,681.7	30.6	1.9
Information	282.2	283.6	279.6	283.7	1.5	0.5
Financial activities	745.3	752.7	747.8	749.3	4.0	0.5
Professional and business services	1,388.5	1,457.9	1,412.8	1,420.9	32.4	2.3
Education and health services	1,710.3	1,776.9	1,745.1	1,763.2	52.9	3.1
Leisure and hospitality.....	780.8	833.2	792.2	798.3	17.5	2.2
Other services	392.9	408.9	405.9	405.6	12.7	3.2
Government.....	1,289.6	1,310.4	1,272.4	1,297.0	7.4	0.6
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD						
Total nonfarm.....	2,727.0	2,831.2	2,766.2	2,780.6	53.6	2.0
Mining, logging, and construction.....	94.0	107.1	103.5	103.2	9.2	9.8
Manufacturing.....	178.7	181.0	180.0	179.3	0.6	0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	502.6	533.5	516.8	511.7	9.1	1.8
Information	46.4	46.4	45.5	45.5	-0.9	-1.9
Financial activities	201.5	205.0	206.1	205.2	3.7	1.8

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Feb 2014	Dec 2014	Jan 2015	Feb 2015 (P)	Change from Feb 2014 to Feb 2015	
					Number	Percent
Professional and business services	431.1	452.7	438.6	438.6	7.5	1.7
Education and health services	586.7	602.0	592.5	602.2	15.5	2.6
Leisure and hospitality.....	229.1	242.0	233.6	236.7	7.6	3.3
Other services	115.1	119.1	117.4	118.9	3.8	3.3
Government.....	341.8	342.4	332.2	339.3	-2.5	-0.7
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ						
Total nonfarm.....	1,842.2	1,912.5	1,881.2	1,903.6	61.4	3.3
Mining and logging	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.3	-0.1	-2.9
Construction	94.4	96.7	97.4	98.3	3.9	4.1
Manufacturing.....	118.1	117.4	116.2	116.7	-1.4	-1.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	360.0	383.7	370.5	370.1	10.1	2.8
Information	33.8	34.9	34.1	34.6	0.8	2.4
Financial activities	161.5	165.9	164.4	166.0	4.5	2.8
Professional and business services	301.0	320.9	315.0	317.0	16.0	5.3
Education and health services	265.5	278.3	276.8	277.9	12.4	4.7
Leisure and hospitality.....	200.0	202.7	202.0	205.9	5.9	3.0
Other services	63.8	66.3	68.1	69.3	5.5	8.6
Government.....	240.7	242.4	233.4	244.5	3.8	1.6
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA						
Total nonfarm.....	2,141.2	2,244.2	2,205.0	2,217.2	76.0	3.5
Mining and logging	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	-0.1	-11.1
Construction	96.2	100.7	100.8	101.2	5.0	5.2
Manufacturing.....	118.7	122.6	122.3	122.3	3.6	3.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	347.9	372.8	357.7	353.3	5.4	1.6
Information	75.6	80.0	79.6	80.0	4.4	5.8
Financial activities	126.2	128.7	128.1	128.1	1.9	1.5
Professional and business services	430.8	461.9	457.1	461.4	30.6	7.1
Education and health services	323.1	328.8	324.3	328.1	5.0	1.5
Leisure and hospitality.....	239.7	256.8	246.7	251.1	11.4	4.8
Other services	81.0	83.9	83.4	84.4	3.4	4.2
Government.....	301.1	307.1	304.2	306.5	5.4	1.8
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV						
Total nonfarm.....	3,057.8	3,156.3	3,095.8	3,109.8	52.0	1.7
Mining, logging, and construction.....	140.8	147.9	146.2	144.8	4.0	2.8
Manufacturing.....	49.6	49.8	49.1	48.9	-0.7	-1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	386.2	416.2	399.0	394.8	8.6	2.2
Information	77.0	76.6	76.4	76.2	-0.8	-1.0
Financial activities	150.6	150.8	148.3	148.7	-1.9	-1.3
Professional and business services	694.4	707.5	702.0	705.0	10.6	1.5
Education and health services	402.8	416.0	409.1	416.5	13.7	3.4
Leisure and hospitality.....	280.6	299.2	288.7	288.5	7.9	2.8
Other services	190.7	194.0	191.9	192.1	1.4	0.7
Government.....	685.1	698.3	685.1	694.3	9.2	1.3

Footnotes
(P) Preliminary