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County Employment and Wages in Indiana — First Quarter 2019

Employment rose in 7 of the 8 large counties in Indiana from March 2018 to March 2019, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (Large counties are those with annual average employment levels of 75,000 or more in 2018.) Assistant Commissioner for Regional Operations Charlene Peiffer noted that Tippecanoe County had the largest increase, up 2.2 percent, followed by the counties of Hamilton (2.0 percent) and Allen (1.6 percent). (See table 1.)

Nationally, employment advanced 1.4 percent from March 2018 to March 2019, as 298 of the 355 largest U.S. counties registered increases. Midland, TX, had the largest percentage increase in employment, up 5.8 percent over the year. Bay, FL, had the largest decrease with a loss of 5.9 percent.

Among the largest counties in Indiana, employment was highest in Marion County (600,200) in March 2019, followed by Allen County (188,700) and Lake County (186,600). Together, the eight largest Indiana counties accounted for 51.4 percent of total employment within the state. Nationwide, the 355 largest counties made up 73.5 percent of total U.S. employment, which stood at 146.5 million in March 2019.

Average weekly wages increased in 7 of the 8 large counties in Indiana from the first quarter of 2018 to the first quarter of 2019. Vanderburgh County had the largest percentage increase in average weekly wages, up 8.2 percent, followed by Lake County at 2.7 percent. (See table 1.) Marion County recorded the highest average weekly wage among the state's large counties at \$1,232, followed by Hamilton County at \$1,132. Nationally, the average weekly wage increased 2.8 percent over the year to \$1,184 in the first quarter of 2019.

Employment and wage levels (but not over-the-year changes) are also available for the 84 counties in Indiana with employment levels below 75,000. Average weekly wages in these counties ranged from \$1,266 to \$507. (See table 2.)

Large county wage changes

In the first quarter of 2019, Vanderburgh County (8.2 percent) had the highest wage gain among the state's large counties and ranked third among the 355 largest counties nationwide. In contrast Elkhart County had an over-the-year wage decline of 7.6 percent and ranked 355th among the 355 largest U.S. counties. Average weekly wages for the nation increased 2.8 percent over the year.

Nationally, 325 of the 355 largest counties had over-the-year increases in average weekly wages. San Francisco, CA, had the largest percentage wage gain at 10.2 percent, followed by Bay, FL (9.3 percent).

Of the 355 largest U.S. counties, 28 experienced an over-the-year decrease in average weekly wages. Elkhart, IN, had the largest percentage decrease in average weekly wages (-7.6 percent), followed by Olmsted, MN (-5.1 percent).

Large county average weekly wages

Marion County's average weekly wage of \$1,232 was the highest among the state's large counties and ranked 76th among the 355 largest U.S. counties. Hamilton County (\$1,132, 114th) was the only other large county in Indiana to report an average weekly wage above \$1,000. St. Joseph (\$868) reported the lowest average weekly wage among the state's large counties and ranked 308th nationwide.

Nationwide, average weekly wages were above the U.S. average (\$1,184) in 92 of the 355 large counties in the first quarter of 2019. New York, NY, had the highest average weekly wage at \$3,153, followed by San Francisco, CA (\$2,759), and Santa Clara, CA (\$2,758).

Among the largest U.S. counties, 263 had average weekly wages below the national average in the first quarter of 2019. Cameron, TX, reported the lowest wage (\$648), followed by Horry County, S.C. (\$652), and Hidalgo, TX (\$662).

Average weekly wages in Indiana's smaller counties

Among the 84 counties in Indiana—those with 2018 employment below 75,000— 3 counties had an average weekly wage above the national average of \$1,184: Bartholomew (\$1,266), Martin (\$1,263), and Posey (\$1,197). Brown County reported the lowest average weekly wage in the state, averaging \$507 in the first quarter of 2019. (See table 2.)

When all 92 counties in Indiana were considered, all but 4 had wages below the national average. Four reported average weekly wages less than \$600, 15 had wages from \$600 to \$699, 35 reported wages from \$700 to \$799, 17 reported wages from \$800 to \$899, and 21 had wages of \$900 or higher. (See chart 1.)

Additional statistics and other information

QCEW data for states have been included in this release in table 3. For additional information about quarterly employment and wages data, please read the Technical Note or visit www.bls.gov/cew.

Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online features comprehensive information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The 2018 edition of this publication contains selected data produced by Business Employment Dynamics (BED) on job gains and losses, as well as selected data from the first quarter 2019 version of the national news release. Tables and additional content from Employment and Wages Annual Averages are now available online at www.bls.gov/cew/publications/employment-and-wages-annual-averages/2018/home.htm.

The County Employment and Wages release for second quarter 2019 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, November 20, 2019. The County Employment and Wages full data update for second quarter 2019 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, December 4, 2019.

Technical Note

Average weekly wage data by county are compiled under the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, also known as the ES-202 program. The data are derived from summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance (UI) legislation and provided by State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). The average weekly wage values are calculated by dividing quarterly total wages by the average of the three monthly employment levels of those covered by UI programs. 13, the number of weeks in a quarter, then divide the result. It is to be noted, therefore, that over-the-year wage changes for geographic areas may reflect shifts in the composition of employment by industry, occupation, and such other factors as hours of work. Thus, wages may vary among counties, metropolitan areas, or states for reasons other than changes in the average wage level. Data for all states, Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), counties, and the nation are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cew; however, data in QCEW press releases have been revised and may not match the data contained on the Bureau's Web site.

QCEW data are not designed as a time series. QCEW data are simply the sums of individual establishment records reflecting the number of establishments that exist in a county or industry at a point in time. Establishments can move in or out of a county or industry for a number of reasons—some reflecting economic events, others reflecting administrative changes.

The preliminary QCEW data presented in this release may differ from data released by the individual states as well as from the data presented on the BLS Web site. These potential differences result from the states' continuing receipt, review and editing of UI data over time. On the other hand, differences between data in this release and the data found on the BLS Web site are the result of adjustments made to improve over-the-year comparisons. Specifically, these adjustments account for administrative (noneconomic) changes such as a correction to a previously reported location or industry classification. Adjusting for these administrative changes allows users to more accurately assess changes of an economic nature (such as a firm moving from one county to another or changing its primary economic activity) over a 12-month period. Currently, adjusted data are available only from BLS press releases.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Covered employment and wages in the United States and the 8 largest counties in Indiana, first quarter 2019

	Employment			Average weekly wage (1)				
Area	March 2019 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2018-19 ⁽²⁾	National ranking by percent change ⁽³⁾	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level (3)	Percent change, first quarter 2018-19 (2)	National ranking by percent change (3)	
United States (4)	146,497.6	1.4		\$1,184		2.8		
Indiana	3,059.1	1.2		963	33	0.9	48	
Allen, Ind	188.7	1.6	118	941	251	1.1	288	
Elkhart, Ind	135.0	-1.8	350	930	261	-7.6	355	
Hamilton, Ind	142.2	2.0	85	1,132	114	0.1	324	
Lake, Ind	186.6	0.3	263	946	241	2.7	161	
Marion, Ind	600.2	1.0	184	1,232	76	1.5	262	
St. Joseph, Ind	124.0	1.4	138	868	308	0.8	303	
Tippecanoe, Ind	86.8	2.2	69	960	223	0.4	315	
Vanderburgh, Ind	109.7	0.9	201	962	220	8.2	3	

Footnotes:

- (1) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.
- (2) Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.
- (3) Ranking does not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.
- (4) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Indiana, first quarter 2019

Area		Employment March 2019	Average weekly wage(1)
ted States(2)		146,497,599	\$1,18
ndiana		3,059,080	96
Adams		14,063	73
Allen		188,734	94
Bartholomew		50,784	1,26
Benton		2,362	74
Blackford		3,088	67
Boone		30,104	82
Brown		2,843	50
Carroll		5,390	6
Cass		14,588	7
Clark		53,627	8
Clay		7,758	6
Clinton		11,055	7
Crawford		1,838	6
Daviess		12,300	6
Dearborn		14,493	7
Decatur		14,284	8
De Kalb		22,195	g
Delaware		45,262	7
Dubois		28,869	
Elkhart		135,043	
Fayette		6,341	
		30,999	3
Floyd		•	
Fountain		4,785	
Franklin		4,359	6 -
Fulton		6,273	7
Gibson		20,900	9
Grant		26,904	7
Greene		6,471	6
Hamilton		142,168	1,1
Hancock		25,579	9
Harrison		10,331	7
Hendricks		72,659	7
Henry		13,233	(
Howard		38,724	1,0
Huntington		13,487	7
Jackson		21,836	į
Jasper		11,592	7
Jay		7,267	7
Jefferson		12,492	7
Jennings		7,447	7
Johnson		55,341	7
Knox		17,356	7
Kosciusko		39,155	1,0
La Porte		39,970	7
Lagrange		14,111	7
Lake		186,571	9
Lawrence		14,121	7
		39,702	'
Madison			
Marion		600,220	1,2 -
Marshall		18,355	7
Martin		7,567	1,2
Miami		9,411	7
Monroe		63,589	g
Montgomery		15,115	8
Morgan		15,583	7

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Indiana, first quarter 2019 - Continued

Area	Employment March 2019	Average weekly wage(1)	
Newton	3,240	750	
Noble	18,634	781	
Ohio	1,327	559	
Orange	7,633	646	
Owen	5,046	825	
Parke	3,100	613	
Perry	6,523	754	
Pike	2,727	936	
Porter	61,519	859	
Posey	8,767	1,197	
Pulaski	4,925	868	
Putnam	13,890	699	
Randolph	6,489	714	
Ripley	12,717	803	
Rush	5,043	745	
St. Joseph	124,019	868	
Scott	8,225	725	
Shelby	18,228	852	
Spencer	6,397	887	
Starke	4,159	609	
Steuben	16,100	700	
Sullivan	5,823	847	
Switzerland	2,109	589	
Tippecanoe	86,760	960	
Tipton	5,463	901	
Union	1,344	567	
Vanderburgh	109,715	962	
Vermillion	4,190	1,067	
Vigo	47,786	811	
Wabash	12,255	739	
Warren	1,866	832	
Warrick	17,559	933	
Washington	6,236	664	
Wayne	30,278	764	
Wells	10,799	746	
White	9,107	724	
Whitley	13,081	858	

Footnotes

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

⁽¹⁾ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

⁽²⁾ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, first quarter 2019

	Emplo	yment	Average weekly wage (1)			
State	March 2019 (thousands)	Percent change, March 2018-19	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, first quarter 2018-19	National ranking by percent change
Jnited States (2)	146,497.6	1.4	\$1,184		2.8	
Alabama	1,978.0	1.6	944	38	2.5	32
Alaska	312.4	0.3	1,108	18	3.3	9
Arizona	2,895.1	2.5	1,056	22	3.0	21
Arkansas	1,218.5	0.7	896	45	2.2	38
California	17,436.4	1.8	1,401	5	3.8	4
Colorado	2,690.3	1.9	1,231	9	4.8	2
Connecticut	1,650.6	0.0	1,487	4	2.3	34
Delaware	444.1	1.3	1,199	13	-0.1	51
District of Columbia	773.5	0.5	1,921	1	0.2	49
Florida	8,894.3	2.1	1,015	26	2.7	25
Georgia	4,488.6	2.1	1,121	17	2.6	28
Hawaii	658.1	-0.4	1,006	27	3.4	8
Idaho	732.3	2.7	828	50	2.3	34
Illinois	5,912.0	0.1	1,275	8	2.7	25
Indiana	3,059.1	1.2	963	33	0.9	48
lowa	1,527.1	0.1	942	39	2.3	34
Kansas	1,379.3	0.6	940	40	3.2	12
Kentucky	1,882.6	0.6	920	41	2.2	38
Louisiana	1,916.8	-0.1	954	34	2.5	32
Maine	599.8	1.2	919	42	3.1	16
Maryland	2,670.3	0.9	1,228	10	1.7	45
Massachusetts	3,558.1	1.1	1,561	3	3.5	7
Michigan	4,307.4	0.6	1,078	20	0.1	50
Minnesota	2,840.8	0.5	1,203	12	2.3	34
Mississippi	1,129.8	0.4	779	51	1.8	43
Missouri	2,788.4	0.5	986	31	2.6	28
Montana	458.8	0.9	844	49	3.1	16
Nebraska	965.6	0.9	917	43	2.2	38
			917	29		47
Nevada	1,392.2	3.0			1.5	
New Hampshire	656.2	1.2	1,156	15	3.1	16
New Jersey	4,040.2	1.3	1,399	6	1.7	45
New Mexico	825.4	1.3	890	47	3.2	12
New York	9,453.5	1.5	1,639	2	2.6	28
North Carolina	4,458.5	2.0	1,054	23	3.2	12
North Dakota	414.3	1.5	1,021	25	3.3	ę
Ohio	5,363.2	0.7	1,035	24	3.0	21
Oklahoma	1,617.0	1.1	953	35	4.3	3
Oregon	1,921.9	1.3	1,060	21	3.3	9
Pennsylvania	5,850.3	1.1	1,146	16	2.8	24
Rhode Island	474.7	0.8	1,104	19	1.8	43
South Carolina	2,110.0	2.0	901	44	3.0	21
South Dakota	419.0	0.4	865	48	2.7	25
Tennessee	3,004.2	2.0	996	28	1.9	42
Texas	12,455.6	2.2	1,204	11	3.1	16
			·			
Utah	1,501.4	3.0	978	32	3.1	16
Vermont	309.1	0.4	950	36	3.7	5
Virginia	3,896.9	1.2	1,186	14	2.1	41
Washington	3,371.1	1.8	1,368	7	4.9	•
West Virginia	687.1	0.3	896	45	3.2	12
Wisconsin	2,838.9	0.1	992	29	2.6	28
Wyoming	269.0	1.9	948	37	3.7	5
Puerto Rico	875.8	2.2	553	(3)	-2.1	(3
Virgin Islands	36.6	9.6	966	(3)	-1.0	(3)

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Footnotes:

- (1) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.
- (2) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.
- (3) Data not included in the national ranking.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Chart 1. Average weekly wages by county in Indiana, first quarter 2019

