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## **County Employment and Wages in Michigan — Fourth Quarter 2018**

Employment increased in 9 of the 10 large counties in Michigan from December 2017 to December 2018, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) reported today. (Large counties are defined as those with 2017 annual average employment levels of 75,000 or more.) Assistant Commissioner for Regional Operations Charlene Peiffer noted that Kent County had the largest increase, up 1.8 percent, followed by Ottawa County, up 1.2 percent. (See [table 1.](#))

Nationally, employment advanced 1.5 percent from December 2017 to December 2018 with 296 of the 349 largest U.S. counties registering increases. Midland, TX, had the largest percentage increase in the country, up 10.0 percent over the year. Bay, FL, experienced the largest over-the-year percentage decrease in employment, with a loss of 5.6 percent.

Among the 10 largest counties in Michigan, employment was highest in Oakland County (744,600) and Wayne County (734,900) in December 2018. Two other counties, Kent (409,300) and Macomb (332,100), also had employment levels of more than 300,000. Collectively, Michigan's 10 large counties accounted for 70.1 percent of total employment within the state. Nationwide, the 349 largest counties made up 73.2 percent of total U.S. employment.

The average weekly wage in Washtenaw County increased 3.4 percent from the fourth quarter of 2017 to the fourth quarter of 2018, followed by Kalamazoo's 3.2 percent wage gain. (See [table 1.](#)) Oakland County had the highest average weekly wage in the state at \$1,262, followed by Wayne at \$1,218. Nationally, the average weekly wage rose 3.2 percent over the year, increasing to \$1,144 in the fourth quarter of 2018.

Employment and wage levels (but not over-the-year changes) are also available for the 73 counties in Michigan with employment levels below 75,000. With the exception of Kalkaska County (\$1,192), all smaller counties had average weekly wages below the national average. (See [table 2.](#))

### **Large county wage changes**

All of Michigan's large counties had over-the-year wage gains, with one county's wage growth greater than the national increase of 3.2 percent. (See [table 1.](#)) Washtenaw County's 3.4-percent increase in average weekly wages was the largest among the state's large counties and ranked 137<sup>th</sup> nationwide. Kalamazoo (3.2 percent, 155<sup>st</sup>) and Saginaw (3.1 percent, 164<sup>th</sup>) had over-the-year wage increases that ranked in the top-half nationwide.

Nationally, 332 of the 349 largest counties had over-the-year wage growth. Tippecanoe, IN, had the largest fourth-quarter over-the-year wage gain at 15.1 percent. Williamson, TN, was second with a wage increase of 13.1 percent, followed by Olmsted, MN, at 13.0 percent.

Among the largest U.S. counties, 15 experienced over-the-year decreases in average weekly wages. Washington, PA, had the largest percentage decrease in average weekly wages (-6.6 percent), followed by Elkhart, IN (-5.0 percent); Muscogee, GA, (-3.7 percent); and Douglas, CO (-3.6 percent).

### **Large county average weekly wages**

Average weekly wages in 6 of Michigan's 10 large counties were above \$1,000 in the fourth quarter of 2018, with wages in 3 counties above the \$1,144 national average. Oakland (\$1,262, 53<sup>rd</sup>), Wayne (\$1,218, 66<sup>th</sup>), and Washtenaw (\$1,172, 78<sup>th</sup>) placed in the top 100 nationwide for average weekly wages. Genesee (\$923) reported the lowest average weekly wage among the state's large counties and ranked 276<sup>th</sup> nationwide.

Nationally, weekly wages were higher than the U.S. average of \$1,144 in 94 of the 349 largest counties. Santa Clara, CA, held the top position among the highest-paid large counties in the nation with an average weekly wage of \$2,670. San Francisco, CA, was second at \$2,452, followed by San Mateo, CA, (\$2,410); New York, NY, (\$2,400); and Suffolk, MA (\$2,055).

Among the largest U.S. counties, 255 had weekly wages below the national average in the fourth quarter of 2018. Hidalgo, TX, had the lowest wage at \$680, followed by Horry, SC, and Cameron, TX, each at \$685.

### **Average weekly wages in Michigan's smaller counties**

Seventy-two of the 73 smaller counties in Michigan with employment below 75,000 had average weekly wages below the national average of \$1,144. Among the state's smaller counties, Kalkaska had the highest average weekly wage at \$1,192, while Keweenaw had the lowest at \$542. (See [table 2](#).)

When all 83 counties in Michigan were considered, all but 4 had wages below the national average. Two had average weekly wages of \$649 or lower, 14 had wages from \$650 to \$749, 35 had wages from \$750 to \$849, 15 had wages from \$850 to \$949, and 17 had wages of \$950 or higher. (See [chart 1](#).)

### **Additional statistics and other information**

QCEW data for states have been included in this release in [table 3](#). For additional information about quarterly employment and wages data, please read the [Technical Note](#) or visit [www.bls.gov/cew](http://www.bls.gov/cew).

*Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online* features comprehensive information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The 2017 edition of this publication, which was published in September 2018, contains selected data produced by Business Employment Dynamics (BED) on job gains and losses, as well as selected data from the first quarter 2018 version of the national news release. Tables and additional content from *Employment and Wages Annual Averages 2017* are now available online at [www.bls.gov/cew/publications/employment-and-wages-annual-averages/2017/home.htm](http://www.bls.gov/cew/publications/employment-and-wages-annual-averages/2017/home.htm). The 2018 edition of *Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online* will be available in September 2019.

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**The County Employment and Wages release for first quarter 2019 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, August 21, 2019. The County Employment and Wages full data update for first quarter 2019 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, September 4, 2019.**

## **BLS Local Data App Now Available for Android Devices**

The BLS Local Data app, first released for iPhones last fall, is now available for Android devices. Search using your current location, a zip code, or a location name to find employment and wage data for detailed industries and occupations. BLS continues to partner with the U.S. Department of Labor's Office of the Chief Information Officer to expand the features and data in the app. For more information please visit: <https://beta.bls.gov/labs/blogs/2019/04/17/bls-local-data-app-now-available-for-android-devices/>.

## **Technical Note**

Average weekly wage data by county are compiled under the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, also known as the ES-202 program. The data are derived from summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance (UI) legislation and provided by State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). The average weekly wage values are calculated by dividing quarterly total wages by the average of the three monthly employment levels of those covered by UI programs. 13, the number of weeks in a quarter, then divide the result. It is to be noted, therefore, that over-the-year wage changes for geographic areas may reflect shifts in the composition of employment by industry, occupation, and such other factors as hours of work. Thus, wages may vary among counties, metropolitan areas, or states for reasons other than changes in the average wage level. Data for all states, Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), counties, and the nation are available on the BLS Web site at [www.bls.gov/cew](http://www.bls.gov/cew); however, data in QCEW press releases have been revised and may not match the data contained on the Bureau's Web site.

QCEW data are not designed as a time series. QCEW data are simply the sums of individual establishment records reflecting the number of establishments that exist in a county or industry at a point in time. Establishments can move in or out of a county or industry for a number of reasons—some reflecting economic events, others reflecting administrative changes.

The preliminary QCEW data presented in this release may differ from data released by the individual states as well as from the data presented on the BLS Web site. These potential differences result from the states' continuing receipt, review and editing of UI data over time. On the other hand, differences between data in this release and the data found on the BLS Web site are the result of adjustments made to improve over-the-year comparisons. Specifically, these adjustments account for administrative (noneconomic) changes such as a correction to a previously reported location or industry classification. Adjusting for these administrative changes allows users to more accurately assess changes of an economic nature (such as a firm moving from one county to another or changing its primary economic activity) over a 12-month period. Currently, adjusted data are available only from BLS press releases.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

**Table 1. Covered employment and wages in the United States and the 10 largest counties in Michigan, fourth quarter 2018**

Area	Employment			Average weekly wage <sup>(1)</sup>			
	December 2018 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2017-18 <sup>(2)</sup>	National ranking by percent change <sup>(3)</sup>	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level <sup>(3)</sup>	Percent change, fourth quarter 2017-18 <sup>(2)</sup>	National ranking by percent change <sup>(3)</sup>
United States <sup>(4)</sup> .....	148,061.8	1.5	--	\$1,144	--	3.2	--
Michigan .....	4,366.5	1.0	--	1,077	19	1.3	49
Genesee, Mich. ....	136.4	0.4	251	923	276	2.4	227
Ingham, Mich. ....	152.6	0.1	282	1,077	138	3.0	176
Kalamazoo, Mich. ....	120.5	0.6	227	1,032	169	3.2	155
Kent, Mich. ....	409.3	1.8	100	988	210	2.8	194
Macomb, Mich. ....	332.1	0.7	215	1,112	112	2.0	257
Oakland, Mich. ....	744.6	0.9	185	1,262	53	0.5	322
Ottawa, Mich. ....	125.9	1.2	161	984	215	0.8	319
Saginaw, Mich. ....	84.9	-0.2	312	925	274	3.1	164
Washtenaw, Mich. ....	218.4	0.9	185	1,172	78	3.4	137
Wayne, Mich. ....	734.9	0.9	185	1,218	66	0.9	316

Footnotes:

(1) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

(2) Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.

(3) Ranking does not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

(4) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

**Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Michigan, fourth quarter 2018**

Area	Employment December 2018	Average weekly wage(1)
United States(2) .....	148,061,773	\$1,144
Michigan .....	4,366,461	1,077
Alcona .....	1,699	760
Alger .....	2,279	838
Allegan .....	39,736	964
Alpena .....	11,303	761
Antrim .....	5,069	673
Arenac .....	4,426	792
Baraga .....	2,824	843
Barry .....	12,530	835
Bay .....	33,477	878
Benzie .....	4,073	702
Berrien .....	59,844	978
Branch .....	14,146	839
Calhoun .....	54,608	1,010
Cass .....	9,324	807
Charlevoix .....	10,041	898
Cheboygan .....	5,736	694
Chippewa .....	12,187	777
Clare .....	6,696	820
Clinton .....	16,151	879
Crawford .....	4,117	844
Delta .....	13,623	800
Dickinson .....	14,015	956
Eaton .....	42,568	942
Emmet .....	17,683	828
Genesee .....	136,394	923
Gladwin .....	3,959	734
Gogebic .....	5,441	775
Grand Traverse .....	49,564	919
Gratiot .....	13,036	903
Hillsdale .....	12,884	880
Houghton .....	11,147	849
Huron .....	11,068	815
Ingham .....	152,551	1,077
Ionia .....	20,304	735
Iosco .....	7,362	805
Iron .....	3,754	752
Isabella .....	28,835	809
Jackson .....	57,373	988
Kalamazoo .....	120,537	1,032
Kalkaska .....	4,020	1,192
Kent .....	409,320	988
Keweenaw .....	316	542
Lake .....	1,556	686
Lapeer .....	21,355	812
Leelanau .....	6,019	778
Lenawee .....	27,056	906
Livingston .....	61,778	924
Luce .....	1,844	740
Mackinac .....	3,181	750
Macomb .....	332,082	1,112
Manistee .....	6,807	843
Marquette .....	26,606	857
Mason .....	10,125	800
Mecosta .....	13,490	817

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Michigan, fourth quarter 2018 - Continued**

Area	Employment December 2018	Average weekly wage <sup>(1)</sup>
Menominee.....	7,307	752
Midland.....	37,715	1,102
Missaukee.....	3,358	731
Monroe.....	40,440	979
Montcalm.....	15,980	820
Montmorency.....	2,017	708
Muskegon.....	62,702	874
Newaygo.....	11,692	814
Oakland.....	744,589	1,262
Oceana.....	6,169	770
Ogemaw.....	5,572	719
Ontonagon.....	1,180	625
Osceola.....	7,154	896
Oscoda.....	1,425	676
Otsego.....	10,041	804
Ottawa.....	125,865	984
Presque Isle.....	2,615	763
Roscommon.....	5,178	658
Saginaw.....	84,942	925
St. Clair.....	44,012	917
St. Joseph.....	24,498	726
Sanilac.....	11,179	737
Schoolcraft.....	2,690	840
Shiawassee.....	15,556	816
Tuscola.....	11,387	846
Van Buren.....	20,704	1,013
Washtenaw.....	218,386	1,172
Wayne.....	734,935	1,218
Wexford.....	13,588	818

**Footnotes**

(1) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

(2) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

**Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, fourth quarter 2018**

State	Employment		Average weekly wage <sup>(1)</sup>			
	December 2018 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2017-18	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, fourth quarter 2017-18	National ranking by percent change
United States <sup>(2)</sup> .....	148,061.8	1.5	\$1,144	--	3.2	--
Alabama .....	1,986.6	1.6	957	36	3.1	33
Alaska .....	308.3	0.4	1,103	16	4.9	7
Arizona .....	2,921.1	3.0	1,017	24	4.1	11
Arkansas .....	1,227.0	0.8	869	50	2.4	43
California .....	17,556.7	1.7	1,392	4	3.3	26
Colorado .....	2,713.7	2.2	1,180	10	4.1	11
Connecticut .....	1,697.9	0.5	1,334	5	1.3	49
Delaware .....	451.2	1.1	1,107	15	2.4	43
District of Columbia .....	775.1	0.6	1,943	1	7.3	2
Florida .....	8,902.7	2.1	1,006	27	3.1	33
Georgia.....	4,499.8	1.8	1,053	21	2.4	43
Hawaii.....	669.3	0.6	1,016	25	3.3	26
Idaho .....	734.4	3.2	890	47	3.6	20
Illinois .....	6,026.0	0.3	1,189	9	3.3	26
Indiana.....	3,086.2	0.9	941	38	2.8	37
Iowa .....	1,558.4	0.5	966	35	3.0	35
Kansas .....	1,402.2	0.8	927	41	3.7	18
Kentucky.....	1,914.0	0.3	924	42	3.2	30
Louisiana .....	1,934.1	0.7	968	34	3.8	15
Maine.....	618.4	1.3	906	44	2.5	41
Maryland.....	2,702.5	0.8	1,228	8	1.7	48
Massachusetts .....	3,620.3	1.0	1,457	2	3.3	26
Michigan .....	4,366.5	1.0	1,077	19	1.3	49
Minnesota.....	2,902.3	0.9	1,140	14	3.6	20
Mississippi.....	1,144.3	0.2	793	51	2.5	41
Missouri .....	2,821.3	0.5	980	31	3.6	20
Montana .....	468.8	1.6	888	48	5.2	5
Nebraska .....	983.0	0.2	930	40	3.2	30
Nevada .....	1,397.4	3.3	1,006	27	5.3	4
New Hampshire.....	666.0	0.7	1,158	12	2.3	46
New Jersey.....	4,125.6	0.8	1,298	6	2.7	38
New Mexico.....	830.2	1.5	905	45	4.6	9
New York .....	9,613.2	1.5	1,445	3	1.0	51
North Carolina .....	4,458.9	1.6	1,013	26	5.1	6
North Dakota .....	422.3	1.5	1,057	20	4.7	8
Ohio .....	5,442.9	0.5	1,006	27	3.4	24
Oklahoma .....	1,632.3	1.5	932	39	4.1	11
Oregon .....	1,935.8	1.7	1,052	22	3.7	18
Pennsylvania .....	5,932.5	1.0	1,103	16	2.6	39
Rhode Island .....	487.2	0.8	1,085	18	2.6	39
South Carolina.....	2,119.6	2.8	893	46	1.9	47
South Dakota.....	428.4	1.2	885	49	3.4	24
Tennessee .....	3,039.8	1.8	1,030	23	3.0	35
Texas .....	12,531.7	2.5	1,148	13	3.5	23
Utah .....	1,511.5	3.2	972	33	3.8	15
Vermont.....	314.2	-0.4	954	37	3.2	30
Virginia.....	3,927.2	1.1	1,164	11	3.8	15
Washington.....	3,384.2	2.4	1,292	7	6.3	3
West Virginia .....	704.2	1.5	917	43	8.3	1
Wisconsin .....	2,892.3	0.6	989	30	4.0	14
Wyoming .....	272.1	1.8	978	32	4.4	10
Puerto Rico.....	896.4	0.8	576	(3)	0.9	(3)
Virgin Islands.....	34.5	0.5	925	(3)	2.3	(3)

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.