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## **Consumer Price Index, Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington — September 2021**

### **Area prices were up 1.1 percent over the past two months, up 5.4 percent from a year ago**

Prices in the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington area, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), increased 1.1 percent for the two months ending in September 2021, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Jason Palmer noted that food prices rose 2.2 percent and energy costs were up 6.5 percent from July to September. The index for all items less food and energy rose 0.5 percent in the bimonthly period. Increases in the indexes for apparel and household furnishings and operations contributed to the gain in the all items less food and energy category. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, bi-monthly changes may reflect seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U increased 5.4 percent. (See [table A](#).) The index for all items less food and energy increased 3.7 percent over the year. Energy prices jumped 31.5 percent, largely the result of an increase in the price of gasoline. Food prices increased 5.7 percent. (See [table 1](#).)

### **Food**

Food prices advanced 2.2 percent for the two months ending in September. Prices for food at home (groceries) increased 2.4 percent, and prices for food away from home (restaurant, cafeteria, and vending purchases) rose 2.0 percent for the same period.

Over the year, food prices increased 5.7 percent. Prices for food at home advanced 7.1 percent since a year ago, and prices for food away from home rose 3.7 percent.

### **Energy**

The energy index rose 6.5 percent for the two months ending in September. The increase was mainly due to higher prices for utility (piped) gas service (38.8 percent). Prices for gasoline advanced 1.4 percent, while prices for electricity decreased 1.4 percent for the same period.

Energy prices increased 31.5 percent over the year, largely due to higher prices for gasoline (45.6 percent). Prices paid for utility (piped) gas service jumped 60.3 percent, while prices for electricity decreased 1.5 percent during the past year.

### **All items less food and energy**

The index for all items less food and energy rose 0.5 percent in the latest two-month period. Higher prices for apparel (6.9 percent) and household furnishings and operations (2.8 percent) contributed to the category's increase.

Over the year, the index for all items less food and energy increased 3.7 percent. Components contributing to the increase included new and used motor vehicles (18.5 percent) and shelter (3.1 percent).

**Table A. Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI, CPI-U 2-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted**

Month	2018		2019		2020		2021	
	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month	2-month	12-month
January.....	0.3		0.4	1.4	0.6	3.0	0.4	1.6
March .....	0.5		1.4	2.3	-0.3	1.2	1.1	3.0
May .....	1.0		1.0	2.3	-0.1	0.0	1.4	4.6
July .....	0.3		0.3	2.2	-0.1	-0.3	1.7	6.5
September .....	0.3		-0.2	1.7	2.1	1.9	1.1	5.4
November .....	-1.2	1.3	-0.2	2.8	-0.4	1.7		

**The November 2021 Consumer Price Index for the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington area is scheduled to be released on December 10, 2021.**

### **Coronavirus (COVID-19) Pandemic Impact on September 2021 Consumer Price Index Data**

Data collection by personal visit for the Consumer Price Index (CPI) program has been suspended since March 16, 2020. When possible, data normally collected by personal visit were collected either online or by phone. Additionally, data collection in September was affected by the temporary closing or limited operations of certain types of establishments. These factors resulted in an increase in the number of prices considered temporarily unavailable and imputed.

While the CPI program attempted to collect as much data as possible, many indexes are based on smaller amounts of collected prices than usual, and a small number of indexes that are normally published were not published this month. Additional information is available at [www.bls.gov/covid19/effects-of-covid-19-pandemic-on-consumer-price-index.htm](http://www.bls.gov/covid19/effects-of-covid-19-pandemic-on-consumer-price-index.htm).

### **Technical Note**

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 93 percent of the total U.S. population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 29 percent of the total U.S. population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 75 urban areas across the country from about 6,000 housing units and approximately

22,000 retail establishments—department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date; for most of the CPI-U the reference base is 1982-84 equals 100. An increase of 7 percent from the reference base, for example, is shown as 107.000. Alternatively, that relationship can also be expressed as the price of a base period market basket of goods and services rising from \$100 to \$107. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at [www.bls.gov/cpi](http://www.bls.gov/cpi) and the CPI section of the BLS Handbook of Methods available on the internet at [www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cpi/](http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cpi/).

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **NOTE: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The **Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI, Core Based Statistical Area** covered in this release is comprised of Anoka, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, LeSueur, Mille Lacs, Ramsey, Scott, Sherburne, Sibley, Washington, and Wright Counties in Minnesota; and Pierce and St. Croix Counties in Wisconsin.

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**Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted)**

Item and Group	Indexes			Percent change from-		
	Jul. 2021	Aug. 2021	Sep. 2021	Sep. 2020	Jul. 2021	Aug. 2021
<b>Expenditure category</b>						
All items .....	267.241	-	270.240	5.4	1.1	-
All items (1967=100) .....	839.813	-	849.235	-	-	-
Food and beverages .....	304.371	-	311.377	5.6	2.3	-
Food .....	293.193	-	299.727	5.7	2.2	-
Food at home .....	264.104	265.787	270.355	7.1	2.4	1.7
Cereals and bakery products .....	275.373	-	282.647	2.3	2.6	-
Meats, poultry, fish and eggs .....	301.177	-	314.034	13.7	4.3	-
Dairy and related products .....	294.948	-	298.418	12.7	1.2	-
Fruits and vegetables .....	366.004	-	363.615	3.2	-0.7	-
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials(1) .....	160.650	-	164.500	5.1	2.4	-
Other food at home .....	204.834	-	211.111	5.0	3.1	-
Food away from home .....	334.287	-	341.092	3.7	2.0	-
Alcoholic beverages .....	397.767	-	410.064	4.7	3.1	-
Housing .....	254.056	-	257.390	4.5	1.3	-
Shelter .....	298.943	298.682	299.251	3.1	0.1	0.2
Rent of primary residence(2) .....	306.574	307.069	307.303	2.4	0.2	0.1
Owners' equiv. rent of residences(2)(3) .....	315.503	316.744	317.550	3.0	0.6	0.3
Owners' equiv. rent of primary residence(2)(3) .....	315.503	316.744	317.550	3.0	0.6	0.3
Fuels and utilities .....	236.939	-	261.046	15.4	10.2	-
Household energy .....	214.261	217.976	241.925	19.0	12.9	11.0
Energy services(2) .....	217.718	221.038	245.850	18.4	12.9	11.2
Electricity(2) .....	293.131	291.879	289.100	-1.5	-1.4	-1.0
Utility (piped) gas service(2) .....	153.387	161.155	212.971	60.3	38.8	32.2
Household furnishings and operations .....	131.909	-	135.622	6.3	2.8	-
Apparel .....	135.043	-	144.412	1.3	6.9	-
Transportation .....	225.245	-	224.272	18.2	-0.4	-
Private transportation .....	216.609	-	217.488	20.3	0.4	-
New and used motor vehicles(4) .....	110.171	-	111.220	18.5	1.0	-
New vehicles(1) .....	178.418	-	176.901	12.7	-0.9	-
Used cars and trucks(1) .....	398.433	-	376.549	24.3	-5.5	-
Motor fuel .....	243.772	247.450	247.179	45.0	1.4	-0.1
Gasoline (all types) .....	244.919	248.749	248.446	45.6	1.4	-0.1
Gasoline, unleaded regular(5) .....	245.753	249.535	249.198	46.2	1.4	-0.1
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(5)(6) .....	242.883	246.932	247.161	39.0	1.8	0.1
Gasoline, unleaded premium(5) .....	298.181	303.651	303.631	39.9	1.8	0.0
Motor vehicle insurance(1) .....	506.691	-	511.335	10.0	0.9	-
Medical care .....	603.046	-	599.223	1.0	-0.6	-
Recreation(4) .....	132.523	-	133.251	0.4	0.5	-
Education and communication(4) .....	139.893	-	141.731	1.9	1.3	-
Tuition, other school fees, and childcare(1) ..	1,136.601	-	1,178.869	4.5	3.7	-
Other goods and services .....	410.071	-	408.665	3.1	-0.3	-
<b>Commodity and service group</b>						
All items .....	267.241	-	270.240	5.4	1.1	-
Commodities .....	202.537	-	206.267	8.4	1.8	-
Commodities less food and beverages .....	157.332	-	159.807	10.2	1.6	-
Nondurables less food and beverages .....	202.655	-	208.844	10.3	3.1	-
Durables .....	117.467	-	117.268	10.1	-0.2	-
Services .....	324.601	-	326.848	3.7	0.7	-

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) - Continued**

Item and Group	Indexes			Percent change from-		
	Jul. 2021	Aug. 2021	Sep. 2021	Sep. 2020	Jul. 2021	Aug. 2021
<b>Special aggregate indexes</b>						
All items less medical care .....	252.100	-	255.358	5.9	1.3	-
All items less shelter .....	254.747	-	258.899	6.7	1.6	-
Commodities less food .....	166.036	-	168.768	9.9	1.6	-
Nondurables .....	250.241	-	256.907	7.8	2.7	-
Nondurables less food .....	215.926	-	222.527	9.8	3.1	-
Services less rent of shelter(3) .....	367.365	-	372.297	4.4	1.3	-
Services less medical care services .....	298.958	-	301.604	4.0	0.9	-
Energy .....	232.835	236.581	248.034	31.5	6.5	4.8
All items less energy .....	275.358	-	277.458	4.0	0.8	-
All items less food and energy .....	272.820	-	274.281	3.7	0.5	-

**Footnotes**

(1) Index on an April 1978=100 base.

(2) This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator.

(3) Index on a December 1982=100 base.

(4) Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.

(5) Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.

(6) Index on a December 1993=100 base.

- Data not available.

Note: Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date. Data not seasonally adjusted.