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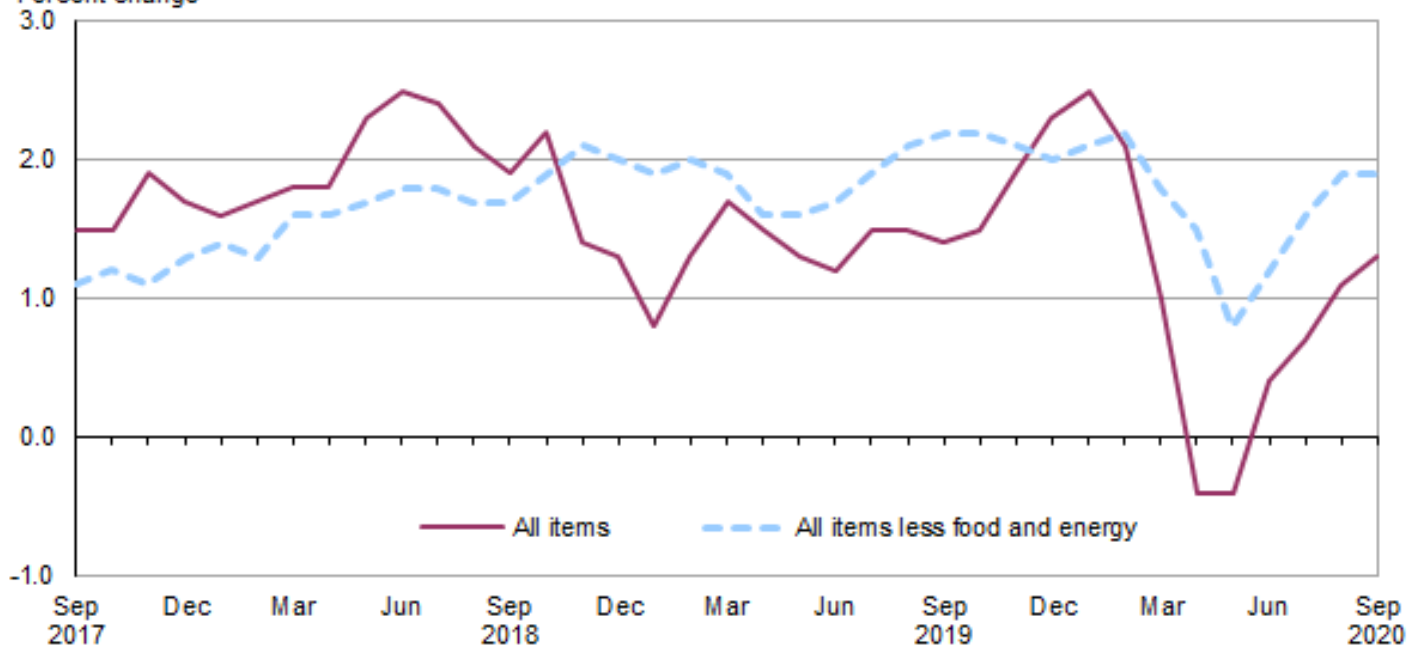
**Consumer Price Index, Midwest Region – September 2020**  
**Area prices up 0.2 percent over the past month, up 1.3 percent from a year ago**

Prices in the Midwest Region, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), rose 0.2 percent in September, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (See [table A.](#)) The September increase was most influenced by higher prices for all items less food and energy. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, month-to-month changes may reflect seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U rose 1.3 percent. (See [chart 1](#) and [table A.](#)) The index for all items less food and energy increased 1.9 percent over the year. Food prices rose 2.9 percent. Energy prices declined 8.5 percent, largely the result of a decrease in the price of gasoline. (See [table 1.](#))

**Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Midwest region, September 2017–September 2020**

Percent change



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

**Food**

Food prices inched up 0.1 percent for the month of September. (See [table 1.](#)) Prices for food away from home advanced 1.3 percent, while prices for food at home decreased 0.9 percent for the same period.

Over the year, food prices rose 2.9 percent. Prices for food away from home advanced 3.7 percent since a year ago, and prices for food at home increased 2.2 percent.

### Energy

The energy index rose 0.6 percent over the month. The increase was mainly due to higher prices for natural gas service (6.5 percent). Prices for electricity rose 0.3 percent, while prices for gasoline decreased 1.2 percent for the same period.

Energy prices declined 8.5 percent over the year, almost entirely due to lower prices for gasoline (-18.8 percent). Prices paid for natural gas service advanced 5.7 percent, and prices for electricity rose 1.9 percent during the past year.

### All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy rose 0.2 percent in September. Higher prices for apparel (3.4 percent), new and used vehicles (1.1 percent) and recreation (1.4 percent) were partially offset by lower prices for motor vehicle insurance (-5.4 percent), household furnishings and operations (-0.5 percent) and shelter (-0.1 percent).

Over the year, the index for all items less food and energy increased 1.9 percent. Components contributing the largest share of the increase included shelter (1.9 percent) and medical care services (5.7 percent). Partly offsetting the increases was a price decrease in apparel (-7.4 percent).

**Table A. Midwest region CPI-U 1-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted**

Month	2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	
	1-month	12-month	1-month	12-month	1-month	12-month	1-month	12-month	1-month	12-month
January.....	-0.3	0.8	0.7	2.2	0.4	1.6	-0.2	0.8	0.4	2.5
February.....	0.2	0.4	0.8	2.4	0.9	1.7	0.9	1.3	0.3	2.1
March.....	0.6	0.5	0.2	1.9	0.4	1.8	1.3	1.7	-0.5	1.0
April.....	1.1	0.8	0.5	1.8	0.6	1.8	0.9	1.5	-1.1	-0.4
May.....	0.8	0.8	0.4	1.4	0.9	2.3	0.6	1.3	0.3	-0.4
June.....	1.0	0.8	0.0	0.9	0.7	2.5	0.3	1.2	0.8	0.4
July.....	0.1	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.1	2.4	0.2	1.5	0.5	0.7
August.....	-0.3	0.6	0.3	1.5	-0.1	2.1	0.2	1.5	0.4	1.1
September.....	0.4	1.1	0.5	1.5	0.1	1.9	0.0	1.4	0.2	1.3
October.....	0.1	1.0	0.1	1.5	0.2	2.2	0.2	1.5		
November.....	-0.4	1.2	0.0	1.9	-0.5	1.4	0.0	1.9		
December.....	-0.2	1.8	0.0	1.7	-0.9	1.3	-0.2	2.3		

**The October 2020 Consumer Price Index for the Midwest Region is scheduled to be released on Thursday, November 12, 2020.**

## Coronavirus (COVID-19) Pandemic Impact on September 2020 Consumer Price Index Data

Data collection by personal visit for the Consumer Price Index (CPI) program has been suspended since March 16, 2020. When possible, data normally collected by personal visit were collected either online or by phone. Additionally, data collection in September was affected by the temporary closing or limited operations of certain types of establishments. These factors resulted in an increase in the number of prices considered temporarily unavailable and imputed. While the CPI program attempted to collect as much data as possible, many indexes are based on smaller amounts of collected prices than usual, and a small number of indexes that are normally published were not published this month. Additional information is available at <https://www.bls.gov/covid19/effects-of-covid-19-pandemic-on-consumer-price-index.htm>.

### Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 93 percent of the total population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 29 percent of the total population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 75 urban areas across the country from about 6,000 housing units and approximately 22,000 retail establishments—department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date (1982-84) that equals 100.0. An increase of 16.5 percent, for example, is shown as 116.5. This change can also be expressed in dollars as follows: the price of a base period "market basket" of goods and services in the CPI has risen from \$10 in 1982-84 to \$11.65. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at [www.bls.gov/cpi](http://www.bls.gov/cpi) and the BLS Handbook of Methods, Chapter 17, The Consumer Price Index, available on the Internet at [www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch17.pdf](http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch17.pdf).

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **NOTE: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The Midwest region is comprised of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

**Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Midwest Region, (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted)**

Expenditure category	Indexes			Percent change from		
	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020	Sep. 2020	Sep. 2019	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020
All items.....	240.430	241.362	241.878	1.3	0.6	0.2
All items (December 1977 = 100).....	391.193	392.710	393.550			
Food and beverages .....	255.651	254.994	255.255	2.8	-0.2	0.1
Food .....	255.251	254.488	254.773	2.9	-0.2	0.1
Food at home .....	236.510	234.738	232.725	2.2	-1.6	-0.9
Cereals and bakery products .....	263.315	262.515	265.766	2.4	0.9	1.2
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs.....	270.371	262.086	259.576	4.9	-4.0	-1.0
Dairy and related products .....	205.139	208.633	205.470	4.5	0.2	-1.5
Fruits and vegetables.....	270.542	271.670	267.271	-0.5	-1.2	-1.6
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials.....	168.582	166.247	165.299	0.9	-1.9	-0.6
Other food at home .....	205.355	204.547	202.170	1.4	-1.6	-1.2
Food away from home.....	286.524	287.265	291.003	3.7	1.6	1.3
Alcoholic beverages .....	259.202	259.869	259.826	2.1	0.2	0.0
Housing .....	238.178	238.822	238.977	1.9	0.3	0.1
Shelter .....	286.463	287.179	286.953	1.9	0.2	-0.1
Rent of primary residence(1).....	288.153	288.963	289.072	3.0	0.3	0.0
Owners' equivalent rent of residences(1)(2).....	292.860	293.867	293.778	2.6	0.3	0.0
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence(1)(2).....	292.780	293.789	293.701	2.6	0.3	0.0
Fuels and utilities.....	224.181	225.260	228.918	2.9	2.1	1.6
Household energy .....	179.607	180.476	184.255	2.6	2.6	2.1
Energy services(1) .....	187.152	188.155	192.147	3.0	2.7	2.1
Electricity(1).....	212.409	212.582	213.271	1.9	0.4	0.3
Utility (piped) gas service(1).....	134.840	137.092	146.049	5.7	8.3	6.5
Household furnishings and operations.....	117.419	117.653	117.054	0.9	-0.3	-0.5
Apparel.....	106.074	107.366	110.971	-7.4	4.6	3.4
Transportation .....	195.695	198.115	197.449	-2.7	0.9	-0.3
Private transportation .....	193.504	195.883	195.381	-1.4	1.0	-0.3
New and used motor vehicles(3).....	99.656	101.697	102.820	6.3	3.2	1.1
New vehicles .....	140.327	139.697	140.250	3.4	-0.1	0.4
New cars and trucks(3)(4).....	99.192	98.745	99.128	3.4	-0.1	0.4
New cars(4).....	139.099	138.616	139.186	5.7	0.1	0.4
Used cars and trucks.....	141.128	149.390	152.937	10.9	8.4	2.4
Motor fuel .....	194.554	192.626	190.380	-18.9	-2.1	-1.2
Gasoline (all types).....	193.576	191.645	189.403	-18.8	-2.2	-1.2
Gasoline, unleaded regular(4).....	187.675	185.785	183.572	-19.1	-2.2	-1.2
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(4)(5).....	230.053	227.404	225.632	-17.2	-1.9	-0.8
Gasoline, unleaded premium(4).....	221.246	219.246	216.748	-16.2	-2.0	-1.1
Motor vehicle insurance(6).....	735.087	746.387	705.868	-3.6	-4.0	-5.4
Medical care .....	519.089	521.898	522.679	4.4	0.7	0.1
Medical care commodities.....	383.436	390.020	386.677	-1.2	0.8	-0.9
Medical care services.....	564.365	565.988	568.082	5.7	0.7	0.4
Professional services .....	429.462	429.448	430.329	2.1	0.2	0.2
Recreation(3).....	121.476	122.053	123.799	2.2	1.9	1.4
Education and communication(3).....	140.550	141.137	141.456	2.7	0.6	0.2
Tuition, other school fees, and child care(6) ..	1,207.969	1,212.665	1,218.868	1.1	0.9	0.5

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Midwest Region, (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted) - Continued**

Expenditure category	Indexes			Percent change from		
	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020	Sep. 2020	Sep. 2019	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020
Other goods and services .....	446.854	443.845	445.046	1.6	-0.4	0.3
<b>Commodity and service group</b>						
Commodities .....	178.516	179.274	179.758	-0.2	0.7	0.3
Commodities less food and beverages .....	142.530	143.765	144.309	-2.1	1.2	0.4
Nondurables less food and beverages.....	181.492	181.997	182.319	-7.2	0.5	0.2
Durables .....	103.008	104.535	105.148	4.0	2.1	0.6
Services.....	304.487	305.595	306.135	2.2	0.5	0.2
<b>Special aggregate indexes</b>						
All items less shelter.....	226.387	227.396	228.160	1.0	0.8	0.3
All items less medical care .....	227.220	228.063	228.567	0.9	0.6	0.2
Commodities less food.....	146.082	147.306	147.836	-1.9	1.2	0.4
Nondurables .....	217.579	217.533	217.827	-1.9	0.1	0.1
Nondurables less food.....	185.786	186.299	186.597	-6.5	0.4	0.2
Services less rent of shelter(2).....	332.955	334.528	335.902	2.6	0.9	0.4
Services less medical care services.....	285.032	286.104	286.522	1.7	0.5	0.1
Energy .....	186.542	186.154	187.227	-8.5	0.4	0.6
All items less energy .....	248.668	249.736	250.207	2.0	0.6	0.2
All items less food and energy .....	248.233	249.628	250.134	1.9	0.8	0.2

Footnotes

(1) This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator.

(2) Indexes on a December 1982=100 base.

(3) Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.

(4) Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.

(5) Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.

(6) Indexes on a December 1977=100 base.

Note: Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.