



For Release: Friday, September 11, 2020

20-1725-KAN

MOUNTAIN-PLAINS INFORMATION OFFICE: Kansas City, Mo.

Technical information: (816) 285-7000 BLSInfoKansasCity@bls.gov www.bls.gov/regions/mountain-plains

Media contact: (816) 285-7000

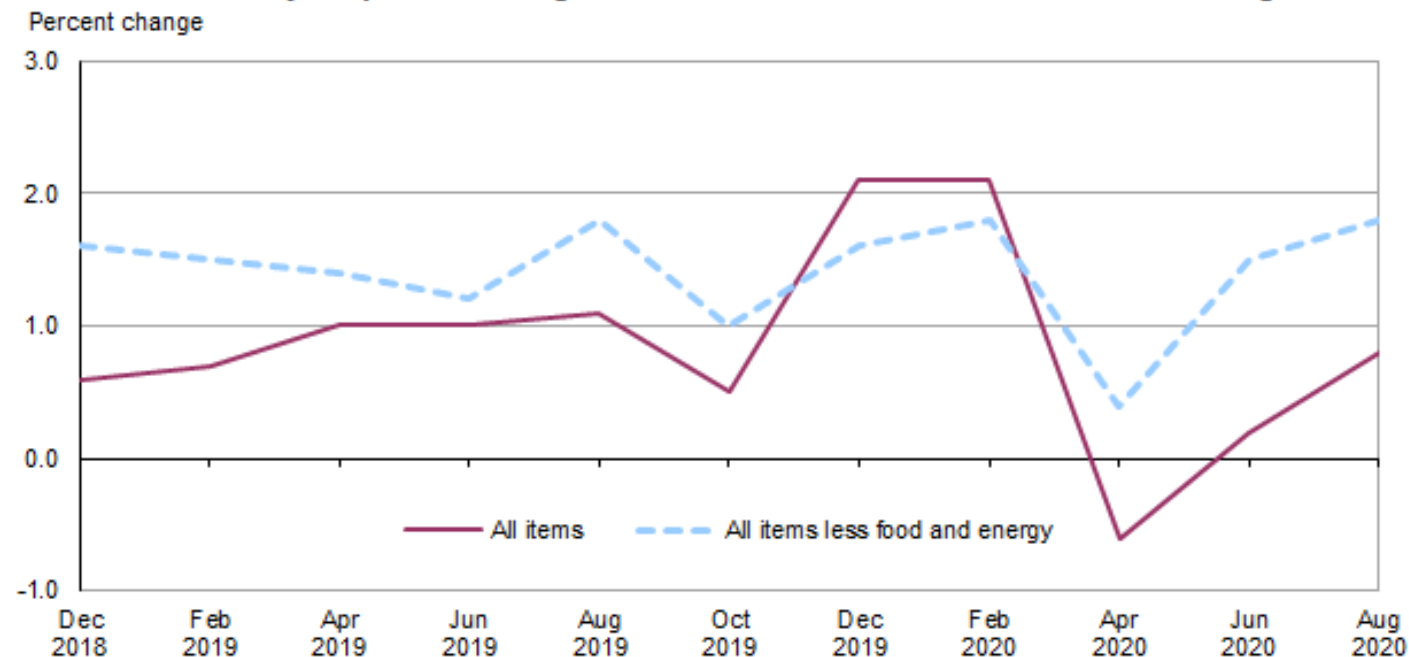
Consumer Price Index, St. Louis – August 2020

Area prices were up 0.6 percent over the past two months, up 0.8 percent from a year ago

Prices in the St. Louis area, as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), increased 0.6 percent for the two months ending in August 2020, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Michael Hirniak noted that the August increase was most influenced by higher prices within the index for all items less food and energy. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, bi-monthly changes may reflect seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U advanced 0.8 percent. (See [chart 1.](#)) The index for all items less food and energy increased 1.8 percent over the year and food prices rose 2.6 percent. In contrast, energy prices fell 10.1 percent. (See [table 1.](#))

Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, St. Louis, MO-IL, December 2018–August 2020



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Food

Food prices declined 0.7 percent for the two months ending in August. (See [table 1.](#)) Prices for food at home decreased 1.0 percent and prices for food away from home edged down 0.2 percent for the same period.

Over the year, food prices rose 2.6 percent. Prices for food at home increased 6.3 percent since a year ago, while prices for food away from home declined 2.0 percent.

Energy

The energy index advanced 2.4 percent for the two months ending in August. The increase was mainly due to higher prices for gasoline (5.7 percent). Prices for natural gas service also rose, up 0.9 percent, and prices for electricity were virtually unchanged (0.1 percent) for the same period.

Energy prices fell 10.1 percent over the year, largely due to lower prices for gasoline (-21.4 percent). Prices paid for natural gas service also decreased, down 2.6 percent, and electricity prices fell 0.8 percent during the past year.

All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy rose 0.6 percent in the latest two-month period. Higher prices for used cars and trucks (9.6 percent) and education and communication (1.8 percent) were partially offset by lower prices for other goods and services (-5.9 percent).

Over the year, the index for all items less food and energy increased 1.8 percent. Components contributing to the increase included shelter (1.4 percent), education and communication (4.6 percent) and recreation (4.5 percent). Partly offsetting the increases were price decreases in apparel (-8.2 percent) and other goods and services (-3.1 percent).

The October 2020 Consumer Price Index for the St. Louis area is scheduled to be released on Thursday, November 12, 2020.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Pandemic Impact on August 2020 Consumer Price Index Data

Data collection by personal visit for the Consumer Price Index (CPI) program has been suspended since March 16, 2020. When possible, data normally collected by personal visit were collected either online or by phone. Additionally, data collection in August was affected by the temporary closing or limited operations of certain types of establishments. These factors resulted in an increase in the number of prices considered temporarily unavailable and imputed. While the CPI program attempted to collect as much data as possible, many indexes are based on smaller amounts of collected prices than usual, and a small number of indexes that are normally published were not published this month. Additional information is available at <https://www.bls.gov/covid19/effects-of-covid-19-pandemic-on-consumer-price-index.htm>.

Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 93 percent of the total population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 29 percent of the

total population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 75 urban areas across the country from about 6,000 housing units and approximately 22,000 retail establishments—department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date (1982-84) that equals 100.0. An increase of 16.5 percent, for example, is shown as 116.5. This change can also be expressed in dollars as follows: the price of a base period "market basket" of goods and services in the CPI has risen from \$10 in 1982-84 to \$11.65. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at www.bls.gov/cpi and the BLS Handbook of Methods, Chapter 17, The Consumer Price Index, available on the Internet at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch17.pdf.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **NOTE: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The St. Louis, MO-IL, area covered in this release includes Bond, Calhoun, Clinton, Jersey, Macoupin, Madison, Monroe, and St. Clair counties in Illinois; and Franklin, Jefferson, Lincoln, St. Charles, St. Louis, and Warren counties and St. Louis City in Missouri.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, St. Louis, MO-IL (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted)

Item and Group	Indexes			Percent change from -		
	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020	Aug. 2019	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020
All items.....	233.518	-	234.818	0.8	0.6	-
All items (1967 = 100).....	693.586	-	697.448			
Food and beverages.....	266.637	-	265.909	3.8	-0.3	-
Food.....	264.905	-	263.149	2.6	-0.7	-
Food at home.....	248.362	245.183	245.805	6.3	-1.0	0.3
Cereals and bakery products.....	225.792	-	222.882	5.4	-1.3	-
Meats, poultry, fish, and eggs.....	275.916	-	269.811	13.0	-2.2	-
Dairy and related products.....	162.693	-	165.538	1.8	1.7	-
Fruits and vegetables.....	387.362	-	372.131	4.9	-3.9	-
Nonalcoholic beverages and beverage materials(1).....	176.045	-	176.982	1.9	0.5	-
Other food at home.....	239.519	-	240.378	4.7	0.4	-
Food away from home.....	292.707	-	292.239	-2.0	-0.2	-
Alcoholic beverages.....	255.861	-	265.749	18.2	3.9	-
Housing.....	231.795	-	232.764	1.5	0.4	-
Shelter.....	270.586	270.332	271.674	1.4	0.4	0.5
Rent of primary residence.....	253.340	253.495	254.975	4.6	0.6	0.6
Owners' equivalent rent of residences(2)....	285.596	286.125	287.593	3.3	0.7	0.5
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence(2).....	285.596	286.125	287.593	3.3	0.7	0.5
Fuels and utilities.....	239.319	-	239.919	0.5	0.3	-
Household energy.....	213.260	213.468	213.984	-0.8	0.3	0.2
Energy services.....	216.019	216.225	216.750	-0.9	0.3	0.2
Electricity.....	233.631	233.893	233.940	-0.8	0.1	0.0
Utility (piped) gas service.....	145.905	145.977	147.254	-2.6	0.9	0.9
Household furnishings and operations.....	124.462	-	125.311	3.5	0.7	-
Apparel.....	123.052	-	127.278	-8.2	3.4	-
Transportation.....	180.441	-	185.683	-4.2	2.9	-
Private transportation.....	183.322	-	188.940	-3.3	3.1	-
New and used motor vehicles(3).....	91.295	-	94.438	1.0	3.4	-
New vehicles(1).....	205.445	-	207.289	0.5	0.9	-
Used cars and trucks(1).....	294.161	-	322.308	3.7	9.6	-
Motor fuel.....	180.472	192.101	190.395	-21.4	5.5	-0.9
Gasoline (all types).....	177.308	189.000	187.410	-21.4	5.7	-0.8
Gasoline, unleaded regular(4).....	169.408	180.842	179.365	-21.7	5.9	-0.8
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(4)(5)....	219.200	231.386	228.037	-20.5	4.0	-1.4
Gasoline, unleaded premium(4).....	193.930	204.393	203.011	-18.9	4.7	-0.7
Motor vehicle insurance(1).....	599.540	-	584.345	1.0	-2.5	-
Medical care.....	472.085	-	472.486	1.2	0.1	-
Recreation(3).....	121.015	-	120.416	4.5	-0.5	-
Education and communication(3).....	141.340	-	143.919	4.6	1.8	-
Tuition, other school fees, and childcare(1) ...	1,257.733	-	1,261.841	2.2	0.3	-
Other goods and services.....	342.779	-	322.529	-3.1	-5.9	-
Commodity and service group						
Commodities.....	184.521	-	186.729	-1.0	1.2	-
Commodities less food and beverages.....	145.531	-	148.629	-4.0	2.1	-
Nondurables less food and beverages.....	192.594	-	195.815	-8.0	1.7	-
Durables.....	100.812	-	103.399	0.6	2.6	-
Services.....	283.496	-	284.013	2.0	0.2	-
Special aggregate indexes						
All items less shelter.....	222.646	-	224.041	0.6	0.6	-
All items less medical care.....	221.568	-	222.905	0.8	0.6	-
Commodities less food.....	149.922	-	153.249	-3.0	2.2	-

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, St. Louis, MO-IL (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) - Continued

Item and Group	Indexes			Percent change from -		
	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020	Aug. 2020	Aug. 2019	Jun. 2020	Jul. 2020
Nondurables	229.568	-	230.886	-1.8	0.6	-
Nondurables less food.....	198.276	-	202.028	-5.9	1.9	-
Services less rent of shelter(2).....	304.639	-	304.545	2.6	0.0	-
Services less medical care services.....	265.800	-	266.227	1.9	0.2	-
Energy	200.155	205.430	204.965	-10.1	2.4	-0.2
All items less energy	239.826	-	240.833	1.9	0.4	-
All items less food and energy	235.734	-	237.142	1.8	0.6	-

Footnotes

- (1) Indexes on an March 1978=100 base.
- (2) Indexes on a November 1982=100 base.
- (3) Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.
- (4) Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.
- (5) Index on a December 1993=100.
- Data not available.