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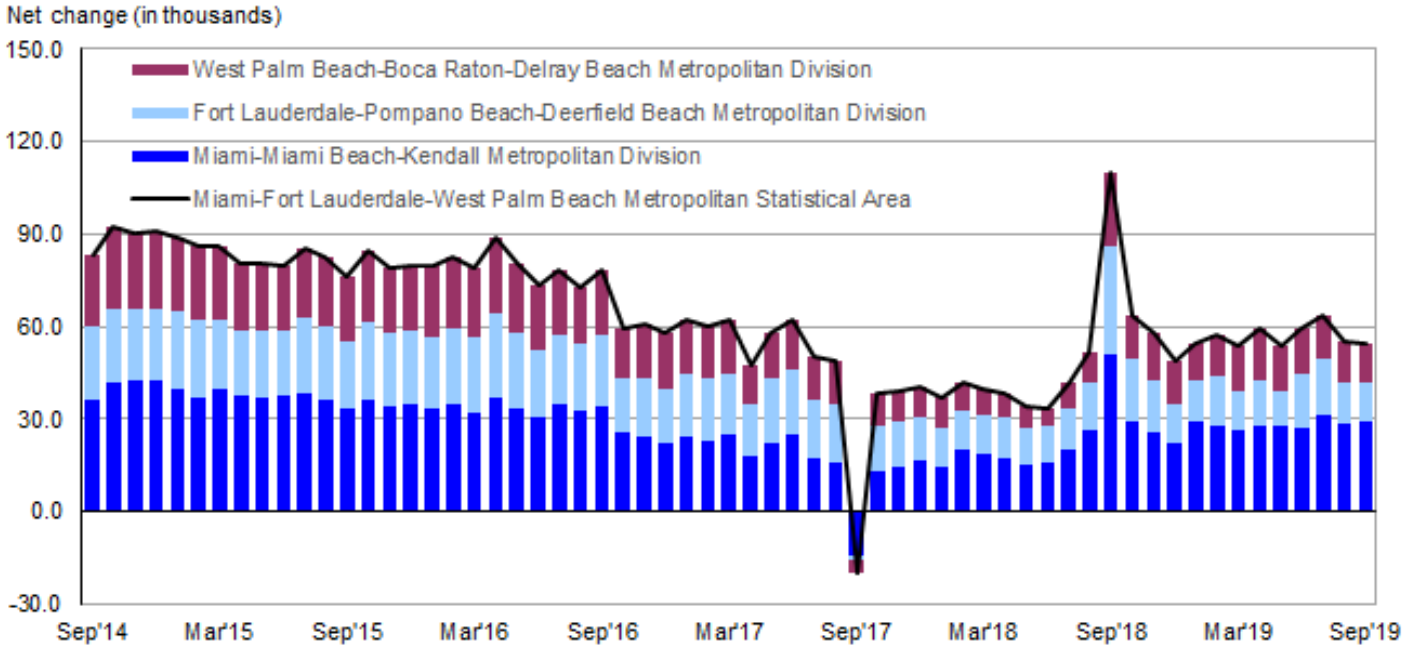
Miami Area Employment – September 2019

Local Rate of Employment Growth Above the National Average

Total nonfarm employment for the Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL, Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,729,400 in September 2019, up 54,400, or 2.0 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count increased 1.4 percent. Regional Commissioner Janet S. Rankin noted that the Miami area has had over-the-year employment gains exceeding 50,000 each month since January 2019. (See chart 1 and table 1; the Technical Note at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Miami metropolitan area and its divisions, September 2014–September 2019



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

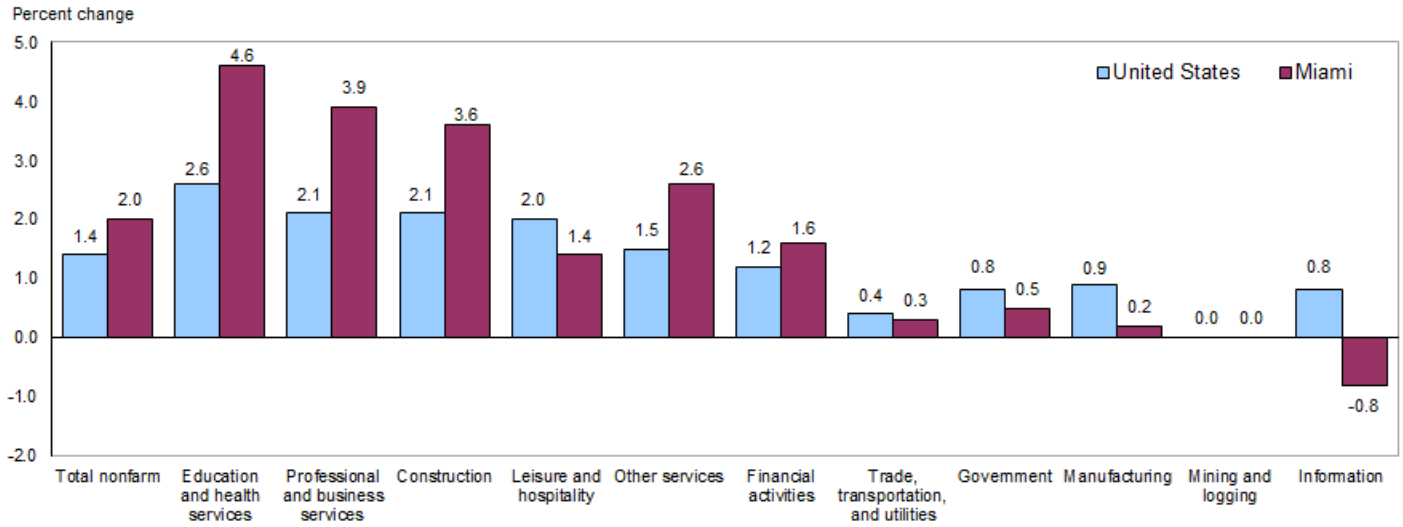
The Miami area is made up of three metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the larger metropolitan area. All three divisions gained jobs over the year. Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, the largest of the three divisions with 45 percent of the area's employment, added 29,100 jobs from

September a year ago. The Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach Division, which accounted for 32 percent of Miami area's workforce, gained 12,600 jobs, while the West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach Division added 12,700 jobs over the 12-month period.

Industry employment

Two industry supersectors accounted for almost two-thirds of the jobs gained in the Miami area from September 2018—September 2019: education and health services; and professional and business services. Miami's education and health services industry had the largest over-the-year increase in the local area in September 2019, adding 18,600 jobs, a 4.6-percent rate of job growth. All three metropolitan divisions gained jobs in this industry since September 2018, with the largest increase in the Miami metropolitan division (+11,100). Nationally, employment in education and health services was up 2.6 percent over the year. (See chart 2.)

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Miami metropolitan area, September 2019



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

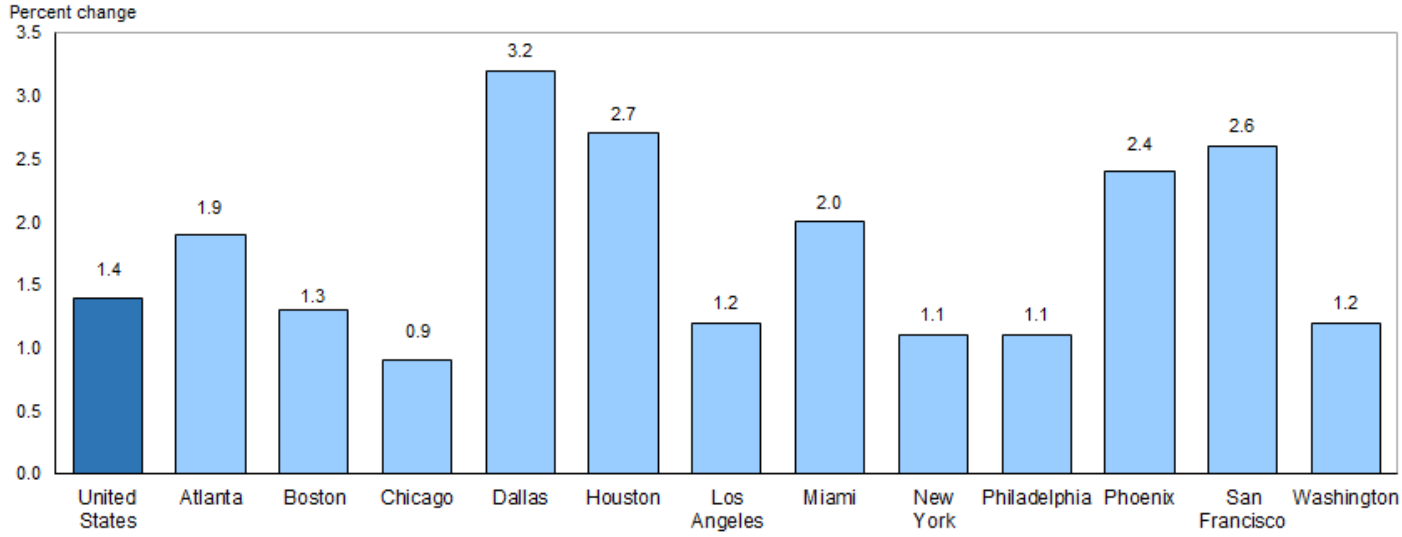
The professional and business services sector in the Miami area added 17,200 jobs, a 3.9-percent gain over the 12-month period. All three metropolitan divisions gained jobs in this sector from September 2018 to September 2019. Nationally, the rate of job growth in professional and business services was up 2.1 percent

Among the remaining nine industry supersectors in Miami, two had employment gains over 4,500 from September 2018 to September 2019. Construction added 5,000 jobs in the local area, a 3.6-percent increase over the year. The leisure and hospitality sector in Miami added 4,600 jobs, a 1.4-percent increase over the 12-month period. Nationally, construction employment was up 2.1 percent, and employment in leisure and hospitality was up 2.0 percent since September 2018.

Employment in the 12 largest metropolitan areas

Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach was 1 of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in September 2019. All 12 areas had over-the-year job growth during the period, with the rates of job growth in 6 areas exceeding the national increase of 1.4 percent. The largest over-the-year percentage gains in employment occurred in Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington (+3.2 percent), Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land (+2.7 percent), and San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward (+2.6 percent). Chicago-Naperville-Elgin (+0.9 percent) had the slowest rate of job growth. (See chart 3 and table 2.)

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, September 2019



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Dallas added the largest number of jobs over the year, 117,300, followed by New York-Newark-Jersey City with 109,000 jobs. Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington had the smallest employment gain over the year, 31,400, followed by Boston-Cambridge-Nashua with 36,900 jobs. Annual job gains in the remaining eight metropolitan areas ranged from 82,800 in Houston to 38,600 in Washington-Arlington-Alexandria.

Over the year, professional and business services added the most jobs in five areas: Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Dallas, Houston, Philadelphia, and San Francisco. Education and health services also added the most jobs in five areas: Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Miami, and New York.

The information sector lost the most jobs in four areas: Chicago, Dallas, Houston, and Miami. Trade, transportation, and utilities lost the most jobs in three areas: Boston, Philadelphia, and Washington.

Metropolitan area employment data for October 2019 are scheduled to be released on Tuesday, November 19, 2019.

Technical Note

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Definitions. Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

Method of estimation. CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

Annual revisions. Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

Employment estimates. Measures of sampling error for the total private employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at www.bls.gov/sae/additional-resources/reliability-of-state-and-area-estimates.htm. Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states down to the supersector level are available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/sae/additional-resources/reliability-of-state-and-area-estimates.htm. Measures of nonsampling error are not available for the areas contained in this release. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/sae/publications/benchmark-article/annual-benchmark-article.pdf.

Area definitions. The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on April 10, 2018. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes the counties of Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach in Florida.

- The **Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach, FL,** Metropolitan Division includes Broward County in Florida.
- The **Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL,** Metropolitan Division includes Miami-Dade County in Florida
- The **West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL,** Metropolitan Division includes Palm Beach County in Florida.

Additional information

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and the Miami metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Sept 2018	July 2019	Aug 2019	Sept 2019(p)	Sept 2018 to Sept 2019(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
United States						
Total nonfarm	149,793	151,169	151,587	151,949	2,156	1.4
Mining and logging	754	762	760	754	0	0.0
Construction	7,534	7,751	7,756	7,689	155	2.1
Manufacturing	12,772	12,925	12,935	12,884	112	0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	27,578	27,801	27,752	27,680	102	0.4
Information	2,815	2,845	2,854	2,837	22	0.8
Financial activities	8,599	8,761	8,762	8,699	100	1.2
Professional and business services	21,193	21,604	21,673	21,639	446	2.1
Education and health services	23,696	23,950	24,065	24,322	626	2.6
Leisure and hospitality	16,546	17,463	17,380	16,872	326	2.0
Other services	5,846	6,021	5,993	5,936	90	1.5
Government	22,460	21,286	21,657	22,637	177	0.8
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area						
Total nonfarm	2,675.0	2,699.8	2,728.1	2,729.4	54.4	2.0
Mining and logging	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Construction	140.2	143.5	143.3	145.2	5.0	3.6
Manufacturing	90.3	91.8	91.8	90.5	0.2	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	604.7	606.4	607.0	606.3	1.6	0.3
Information	50.5	50.4	50.1	50.1	-0.4	-0.8
Financial activities	184.2	186.5	187.5	187.1	2.9	1.6
Professional and business services	444.9	461.3	461.7	462.1	17.2	3.9
Education and health services	401.0	413.6	417.3	419.6	18.6	4.6
Leisure and hospitality	321.3	328.2	327.9	325.9	4.6	1.4
Other services	122.9	126.4	126.6	126.1	3.2	2.6
Government	314.3	291.0	314.2	315.8	1.5	0.5
Miami-Miami Beach-Kendall, FL Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm	1,197.1	1,208.3	1,225.1	1,226.2	29.1	2.4
Mining and logging	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0
Construction	52.7	54.8	54.5	56.6	3.9	7.4
Manufacturing	42.0	42.4	42.1	41.4	-0.6	-1.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	297.5	301.6	302.1	301.6	4.1	1.4
Information	19.8	20.0	20.0	19.8	0.0	0.0
Financial activities	80.7	80.4	80.4	79.4	-1.3	-1.6
Professional and business services	178.6	184.1	185.8	185.8	7.2	4.0
Education and health services	188.0	194.7	197.3	199.1	11.1	5.9
Leisure and hospitality	142.5	145.1	145.6	144.7	2.2	1.5
Other services	52.0	53.1	53.6	53.6	1.6	3.1
Government	142.8	131.6	143.2	143.7	0.9	0.6
Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach-Deerfield Beach, FL Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm	853.0	859.8	864.8	865.6	12.6	1.5
Construction	49.2	49.0	48.9	49.0	-0.2	-0.4
Manufacturing	28.1	28.5	28.5	28.1	0.0	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	191.5	189.1	189.2	188.7	-2.8	-1.5
Information	20.0	20.1	20.0	20.1	0.1	0.5
Financial activities	61.8	62.8	63.4	63.9	2.1	3.4
Professional and business services	152.2	159.3	157.9	156.5	4.3	2.8
Education and health services	111.5	114.7	115.1	116.7	5.2	4.7
Leisure and hospitality	94.3	95.6	95.9	95.4	1.1	1.2
Other services	38.1	41.8	41.5	41.5	3.4	8.9
Government	106.2	98.8	104.3	105.6	-0.6	-0.6

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and the Miami metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Sept 2018	July 2019	Aug 2019	Sept 2019(p)	Sept 2018 to Sept 2019(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL Metropolitan Division						
Total nonfarm	624.9	631.7	638.2	637.6	12.7	2.0
Construction	38.3	39.7	39.9	39.6	1.3	3.4
Manufacturing	20.2	20.9	21.2	21.0	0.8	4.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	115.7	115.7	115.7	116.0	0.3	0.3
Information	10.7	10.3	10.1	10.2	-0.5	-4.7
Financial activities	41.7	43.3	43.7	43.8	2.1	5.0
Professional and business services	114.1	117.9	118.0	119.8	5.7	5.0
Education and health services	101.5	104.2	104.9	103.8	2.3	2.3
Leisure and hospitality	84.5	87.5	86.4	85.8	1.3	1.5
Other services	32.8	31.5	31.5	31.0	-1.8	-5.5
Government	65.3	60.6	66.7	66.5	1.2	1.8

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area and Industry	Sept 2018	July 2019	Aug 2019	Sept 2019(p)	Sept 2018 to Sept 2019(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, GA						
Total nonfarm	2,798.1	2,835.8	2,849.7	2,851.2	53.1	1.9
Mining and logging	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Construction	127.9	134.2	133.6	133.2	5.3	4.1
Manufacturing	172.4	175.2	175.3	176.0	3.6	2.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	603.0	606.1	604.3	607.0	4.0	0.7
Information	99.3	99.3	98.9	97.9	-1.4	-1.4
Financial activities	174.9	176.2	176.9	176.4	1.5	0.9
Professional and business services	525.5	538.8	538.9	539.4	13.9	2.6
Education and health services	357.1	360.4	365.7	369.4	12.3	3.4
Leisure and hospitality	298.6	318.5	317.0	310.2	11.6	3.9
Other services	101.1	99.3	99.2	98.3	-2.8	-2.8
Government	336.7	326.2	338.3	341.8	5.1	1.5
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, MA-NH						
Total nonfarm	2,774.7	2,819.3	2,810.5	2,811.6	36.9	1.3
Mining, logging, and construction	121.3	124.6	123.0	121.9	0.6	0.5
Manufacturing	188.4	189.0	188.8	187.2	-1.2	-0.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities	421.2	423.2	422.1	419.3	-1.9	-0.5
Information	80.1	83.7	85.3	83.4	3.3	4.1
Financial activities	183.9	187.7	187.9	185.2	1.3	0.7
Professional and business services	503.0	516.5	519.1	514.7	11.7	2.3
Education and health services	581.7	592.6	588.7	596.5	14.8	2.5
Leisure and hospitality	278.1	298.9	296.6	280.8	2.7	1.0
Other services	102.9	109.7	108.4	103.4	0.5	0.5
Government	314.1	293.4	290.6	319.2	5.1	1.6
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IL-IN-WI						
Total nonfarm	4,773.8	4,848.5	4,832.4	4,817.8	44.0	0.9
Mining and logging	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	0.1	6.3
Construction	189.2	192.3	191.2	188.5	-0.7	-0.4
Manufacturing	421.9	429.6	428.3	425.3	3.4	0.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities	944.6	959.3	959.9	955.1	10.5	1.1
Information	77.0	74.2	74.0	73.6	-3.4	-4.4
Financial activities	311.9	318.5	316.9	313.4	1.5	0.5
Professional and business services	852.8	861.6	859.3	854.7	1.9	0.2
Education and health services	729.9	739.0	740.9	747.1	17.2	2.4
Leisure and hospitality	494.8	532.2	522.0	504.9	10.1	2.0
Other services	197.4	199.6	201.0	198.6	1.2	0.6
Government	552.7	540.6	537.3	554.9	2.2	0.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX						
Total nonfarm	3,697.9	3,804.5	3,811.2	3,815.2	117.3	3.2
Mining, logging, and construction	222.4	236.8	238.5	238.2	15.8	7.1
Manufacturing	280.0	288.2	287.8	288.2	8.2	2.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	785.1	800.4	800.2	797.1	12.0	1.5
Information	81.8	81.5	82.1	80.8	-1.0	-1.2
Financial activities	303.2	317.6	318.0	319.7	16.5	5.4
Professional and business services	624.6	653.6	655.1	650.6	26.0	4.2
Education and health services	453.3	462.8	466.0	466.3	13.0	2.9
Leisure and hospitality	386.9	408.3	407.6	404.7	17.8	4.6
Other services	124.9	130.8	129.7	127.8	2.9	2.3
Government	435.7	424.5	426.2	441.8	6.1	1.4
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX						
Total nonfarm	3,089.2	3,166.9	3,165.6	3,172.0	82.8	2.7
Mining and logging	80.0	86.9	87.7	87.4	7.4	9.3
Construction	223.9	228.1	227.1	231.8	7.9	3.5

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Sept 2018	July 2019	Aug 2019	Sept 2019(p)	Sept 2018 to Sept 2019(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
Manufacturing	231.3	241.6	242.8	241.6	10.3	4.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	621.8	630.4	631.4	626.6	4.8	0.8
Information	31.3	30.5	29.9	29.7	-1.6	-5.1
Financial activities	164.5	168.0	168.8	167.8	3.3	2.0
Professional and business services	494.9	520.6	521.5	521.2	26.3	5.3
Education and health services	396.7	400.3	404.1	402.0	5.3	1.3
Leisure and hospitality	325.7	341.4	336.5	329.9	4.2	1.3
Other services	111.7	120.3	121.6	120.3	8.6	7.7
Government	407.4	398.8	394.2	413.7	6.3	1.5
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA						
Total nonfarm	6,155.6	6,174.7	6,201.2	6,227.6	72.0	1.2
Mining and logging	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	-0.1	-4.0
Construction	256.5	269.6	271.5	270.5	14.0	5.5
Manufacturing	503.3	505.4	505.5	504.0	0.7	0.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,109.2	1,108.4	1,108.4	1,109.8	0.6	0.1
Information	242.3	236.0	244.3	241.6	-0.7	-0.3
Financial activities	340.1	341.6	343.5	341.7	1.6	0.5
Professional and business services	943.2	951.8	960.3	961.4	18.2	1.9
Education and health services	1,051.2	1,057.3	1,070.1	1,084.2	33.0	3.1
Leisure and hospitality	759.1	784.6	784.4	777.8	18.7	2.5
Other services	210.9	213.7	212.8	212.4	1.5	0.7
Government	737.3	703.8	698.0	721.8	-15.5	-2.1
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL						
Total nonfarm	2,675.0	2,699.8	2,728.1	2,729.4	54.4	2.0
Mining and logging	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Construction	140.2	143.5	143.3	145.2	5.0	3.6
Manufacturing	90.3	91.8	91.8	90.5	0.2	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	604.7	606.4	607.0	606.3	1.6	0.3
Information	50.5	50.4	50.1	50.1	-0.4	-0.8
Financial activities	184.2	186.5	187.5	187.1	2.9	1.6
Professional and business services	444.9	461.3	461.7	462.1	17.2	3.9
Education and health services	401.0	413.6	417.3	419.6	18.6	4.6
Leisure and hospitality	321.3	328.2	327.9	325.9	4.6	1.4
Other services	122.9	126.4	126.6	126.1	3.2	2.6
Government	314.3	291.0	314.2	315.8	1.5	0.5
New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ-PA						
Total nonfarm	9,811.5	9,990.2	9,935.3	9,920.5	109.0	1.1
Mining, logging, and construction	419.5	435.7	436.7	432.1	12.6	3.0
Manufacturing	360.7	364.6	363.3	361.4	0.7	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	1,727.5	1,727.8	1,722.8	1,731.0	3.5	0.2
Information	293.4	297.5	296.7	297.3	3.9	1.3
Financial activities	782.7	785.7	782.5	770.3	-12.4	-1.6
Professional and business services	1,579.2	1,595.0	1,593.2	1,584.4	5.2	0.3
Education and health services	1,970.2	2,001.6	1,992.8	2,033.3	63.1	3.2
Leisure and hospitality	951.5	1,025.0	1,018.5	969.1	17.6	1.8
Other services	421.7	436.6	435.0	429.9	8.2	1.9
Government	1,305.1	1,320.7	1,293.8	1,311.7	6.6	0.5
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD						
Total nonfarm	2,949.9	2,958.0	2,955.1	2,981.3	31.4	1.1
Mining, logging, and construction	121.1	128.7	128.2	126.9	5.8	4.8
Manufacturing	181.8	183.3	182.9	181.1	-0.7	-0.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities	521.0	518.8	514.4	518.2	-2.8	-0.5
Information	48.1	49.1	48.9	48.3	0.2	0.4
Financial activities	215.9	218.8	218.9	218.4	2.5	1.2

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, 12 largest metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area and Industry	Sept 2018	July 2019	Aug 2019	Sept 2019(p)	Sept 2018 to Sept 2019(p)	
					Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services	468.8	475.7	477.7	478.6	9.8	2.1
Education and health services	659.7	650.4	651.1	665.5	5.8	0.9
Leisure and hospitality	275.5	293.3	291.2	283.0	7.5	2.7
Other services	121.1	124.1	123.5	122.5	1.4	1.2
Government	336.9	315.8	318.3	338.8	1.9	0.6
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ						
Total nonfarm	2,122.5	2,117.7	2,158.3	2,173.7	51.2	2.4
Mining and logging	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.5	-0.2	-5.4
Construction	126.3	137.0	137.1	138.7	12.4	9.8
Manufacturing	128.5	136.0	136.4	136.8	8.3	6.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities	404.9	409.0	410.7	411.4	6.5	1.6
Information	38.0	37.6	37.7	37.9	-0.1	-0.3
Financial activities	193.6	193.4	194.8	196.6	3.0	1.5
Professional and business services	355.6	360.0	359.7	363.4	7.8	2.2
Education and health services	328.0	335.2	338.7	339.6	11.6	3.5
Leisure and hospitality	226.5	227.2	229.2	228.6	2.1	0.9
Other services	69.7	70.1	70.9	71.8	2.1	3.0
Government	247.7	208.5	239.4	245.4	-2.3	-0.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, CA						
Total nonfarm	2,447.3	2,506.2	2,510.8	2,511.5	64.2	2.6
Mining and logging	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
Construction	127.8	137.3	137.9	137.6	9.8	7.7
Manufacturing	145.5	144.1	144.2	144.2	-1.3	-0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	377.4	379.7	379.5	378.6	1.2	0.3
Information	118.2	123.8	124.4	122.7	4.5	3.8
Financial activities	141.4	147.7	147.0	146.2	4.8	3.4
Professional and business services	497.6	522.0	523.6	519.1	21.5	4.3
Education and health services	354.6	363.3	364.3	368.7	14.1	4.0
Leisure and hospitality	276.8	286.4	285.9	284.3	7.5	2.7
Other services	88.3	87.4	86.7	85.5	-2.8	-3.2
Government	319.4	314.2	317.0	324.3	4.9	1.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV						
Total nonfarm	3,301.4	3,361.1	3,339.5	3,340.0	38.6	1.2
Mining, logging, and construction	163.1	164.9	167.2	165.8	2.7	1.7
Manufacturing	55.5	56.4	55.8	55.0	-0.5	-0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	404.8	404.0	402.3	400.3	-4.5	-1.1
Information	73.6	73.9	73.4	73.1	-0.5	-0.7
Financial activities	159.1	157.1	158.1	156.6	-2.5	-1.6
Professional and business services	761.6	784.5	782.2	775.6	14.0	1.8
Education and health services	442.6	443.8	447.2	452.9	10.3	2.3
Leisure and hospitality	334.5	361.1	361.3	351.6	17.1	5.1
Other services	208.0	214.0	212.1	208.3	0.3	0.1
Government	698.6	701.4	679.9	700.8	2.2	0.3

Footnotes
(p) Preliminary