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# County Employment and Wages in Georgia – Fourth Quarter 2019

Employment increased in each of Georgia's 11 large counties from December 2018 to December 2019, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (Large counties are those with annual average employment levels of 75,000 or more in 2018.) Regional Commissioner Janet S. Rankin noted that employment increases ranged from 2.2 percent in Gwinnett County to 0.3 percent in Bibb County. (See table 1.)

Nationally, employment increased 1.2 percent over the year with 285 of the 355 largest U.S. counties reporting increases. Cleveland, OK, had the largest percentage increase in the country, up 5.8 percent. Ector, TX, had the largest over-the-year percentage decrease in employment with a loss of 4.2 percent.

Among the 11 largest counties in Georgia, employment was highest in Fulton County (914,100) in December 2019, while Forsyth County had the smallest employment level (78,400). Together, the 11 largest Georgia counties accounted for 59.2 percent of total employment within the state. Nationwide, the 355 largest counties made up 73.7 percent of total U.S. employment.

Each of Georgia's 11 large counties reported average weekly wage gains from the fourth quarter of 2018 to the fourth quarter of 2019, with the largest gain in Chatham County, up 5.2 percent. Fulton County had the highest average weekly wage among the state's largest counties (\$1,517). Nationally, the average weekly wage increased 3.5 percent over the year to \$1,185.

Employment and wage levels (but not over-the-year changes) are also available for the 148 counties in Georgia with employment below 75,000. Average weekly wages in these counties ranged from \$1,725 to \$573. (See table 2.)

# Large county wage changes

Among Georgia's 11 largest counties, average weekly wage increases in Chatham (5.2 percent, 33<sup>rd</sup>), Forsyth (4.4 percent, 71<sup>st</sup>), and Clayton (4.1 percent, 98<sup>th</sup>) were in the top 100 of the national ranking in the fourth quarter of 2019. Average weekly wage growth in Georgia's other eight large counties ranged from 3.9 percent to 1.6 percent.

Nationally, 341 of the 355 largest counties had over-the-year increases in average weekly wages. Santa Cruz, CA, had the largest over-the-year wage gain (20.7 percent). The remaining 14 large counties had wage declines during the period. Linn, IA, had the largest over-the-year percentage decrease (-7.1 percent).

# Large county average weekly wages

Average weekly wages in three of Georgia's large counties placed in the top third of the national ranking in the fourth quarter of 2019. Fulton County (\$1,517, 19<sup>th</sup>) and Cobb County (\$1,195, 88<sup>th</sup>) had average weekly wages above the U.S. average of \$1,185. The average weekly wage in DeKalb County (\$1,167) ranked 101<sup>st</sup> among the 355 largest U.S. counties

Nationally, 93 large counties reported average weekly wages at or above the U.S. average in the fourth quarter of 2019. Santa Clara, CA, had the highest average weekly wage at \$2,825. Average weekly wages were below the national average in 262 counties. At \$701 a week, Cameron, TX, had the lowest average weekly wage.

## Average weekly wages in Georgia's smaller counties

Among the 148 smaller counties in Georgia – those with employment below 75,000 – only Burke County (\$1,725) had an average weekly wage above the national average of \$1,185. Glascock County had the lowest average weekly wage in the state, averaging \$573 per week in the fourth quarter of 2019.

When all 159 counties in Georgia were considered, 45 reported average weekly wages below \$700, 60 had wages from \$700 to \$799, 30 had wages from \$800 to \$899, 16 had wages from \$900 to \$999, and 8 had wages of \$1,000 or more. (See chart 1.)

## Additional statistics and other information

QCEW data for states have been included in this release in table 3. For additional information about quarterly employment and wages data, please read the Technical Note or visit www.bls.gov/cew.

Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online features comprehensive information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The 2018 edition of this publication, which was published in September 2019, contains selected data produced by Business Employment Dynamics (BED) on job gains and losses, as well as selected data from the first quarter 2019 version of this news release. Tables and additional content from the 2018 edition of Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online are now available at www.bls.gov/cew/publications/employment-and-wages-annual-averages/2018/home.htm. The 2019 edition of Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online will be available in September 2020.

The County Employment and Wages release for first quarter 2020 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, August 19, 2020. The County Employment and Wages full data update for first quarter 2020 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, September 2, 2020.

## **Technical Note**

Average weekly wage data by county are compiled under the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, also known as the ES-202 program. The data are derived from summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance (UI) legislation and provided by State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). The average weekly wage values are calculated by dividing quarterly total wages by the average of the three monthly employment levels of those covered by UI programs. The result is then divided by 13, the number of weeks in a quarter. It is to be noted, therefore, that over-the-year wage changes for geographic areas may reflect shifts in the composition of employment by industry, occupation, and such other factors as hours of work. Thus, wages may vary among counties, metropolitan areas, or states for reasons other than changes in the average wage level. Data for all states, Metropolitan

Statistical Areas (MSAs), counties, and the nation are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cew/. However, data in QCEW press releases have been revised and may not match the data contained on the Bureau's Web site.

QCEW data are not designed as a time series. QCEW data are simply the sums of individual establishment records reflecting the number of establishments that exist in a county or industry at a point in time. Establishments can move in or out of a county or industry for a number of reasons—some reflecting economic events, others reflecting administrative changes.

The preliminary QCEW data presented in this release may differ from data released by the individual states as well as from the data presented on the BLS Web site. These potential differences result from the states' continuing receipt, review and editing of UI data over time. On the other hand, differences between data in this release and the data found on the BLS Web site are the result of adjustments made to improve over-the-year comparisons. Specifically, these adjustments account for administrative (noneconomic) changes such as a correction to a previously reported location or industry classification. Adjusting for these administrative changes allows users to more accurately assess changes of an economic nature (such as a firm moving from one county to another or changing its primary economic activity) over a 12-month period. Currently, adjusted data are available only from BLS press releases.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Covered employment and wages in the United States and the 11 largest counties in Georgia, fourth quarter 2019

	Employment			Average weekly wage (1)			
Area	December 2019 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2018-19 (2)	National ranking by percent change <sup>(3)</sup>	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level <sup>(3)</sup>	Percent change, fourth quarter 2018-19 <sup>(2)</sup>	National ranking by percent change (3)
United States (4)	149,857.1	1.2		\$1,185		3.5	
Georgia	4,576.1	1.7		1,090	21	3.6	14
Bibb	83.6	0.3	251	889	324	2.2	272
Chatham	159.5	1.0	175	977	256	5.2	33
Clayton	125.1	0.7	204	1,093	157	4.1	98
Cobb	379.8	2.0	73	1,195	88	3.7	133
DeKalb	306.9	1.5	114	1,167	101	3.5	149
Forsyth	78.4	0.9	184	1,046	193	4.4	71
Fulton	914.1	1.5	114	1,517	19	3.1	196
Gwinnett	367.6	2.2	59	1,088	163	1.6	310
Hall	91.3	1.5	114	1,031	204	3.9	117
Muscogee	95.6	0.5	231	857	337	1.8	296
Richmond	105.9	0.6	220	936	295	3.2	181

### Footnotes:

Note: Data are preliminary. Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

<sup>(1)</sup> Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

<sup>(2)</sup> Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.

<sup>(3)</sup> Ranking does not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

<sup>(4)</sup> Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Georgia, fourth quarter 2019

Area	Employment December 2019	Average weekly wage(1)
ited States(2)	149,857,130	\$1,185
Georgia	4,576,090	1,090
Appling	6,775	939
Atkinson	2,461	908
Bacon	3,707	739
Baker	457	699
Baldwin	15,546	693
Banks	4,720	683
Barrow	20,839	854
Bartow	41,256	896
Ben Hill	5,449	672
Berrien	3,649	640
Bibb	83,574	889
Bleckley	2,606	653
Brantley	2,469	711
Brooks	3,414	740
Bryan	9,098	749
Bulloch		708
Burke		1,725
Butts		74
Calhoun		684
Camden		896
Candler	.	594
Carroll	.	899
Catoosa		710
Charlton		76 <sup>2</sup>
Chatham		977
Chattahoochee		900
	·	680
Charless Charless		
Cherokee		884
Clarke	·	990
Clay		590
Clayton	·	1,093
Clinch		69
Cobb		1,198
Coffee	1	733
Colquitt	·	733
Columbia		796
Cook	·	684
Coweta	·	848
Crawford		684
Crisp	·	758
Dade	3,848	699
Dawson	9,945	654
Decatur	9,169	676
De Kalb	306,902	1,167
Dodge	5,008	669
Dooly	3,751	712
Dougherty	48,360	870
Douglas	46,174	818
Early	4,303	953
Echols		77
Effingham		83
Elbert	.	720
Emanuel	.	699
Evans		677
Fannin		680

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Georgia, fourth quarter 2019 - Continued

Area	Employment December 2019	Average weekly wage(1)
Fayette	46,808	942
Floyd	39,829	869
Forsyth	78,364	1,046
Franklin	7,974	735
Fulton	914,140	1,517
Gilmer	7,087	646
Glascock	417	573
Glynn	39,205	869
Gordon	23,784	865
Grady	6,011	762
Greene	6,447	785
Gwinnett	367,619	1,088
Habersham	14,365	758
Hall	91,276	1,031
Hancock	1,505	722
Haralson	7,047	844
Harris	5,715	711
Hart	6,109	721
Heard	2,025	928
Henry	68,962	784
Houston	63,647	943
Irwin	1,974	709
Jackson	29,323	786
Jasper	2,331	670
Jeff Davis	4,275	722
Jefferson	4,857	815
Jenkins	1,365	677
Johnson	1,500	626
Jones	4,351	766
Lamar	3,777	776
Laurene	1,406 18,701	684 826
Lee	6,931	737
Liberty	19,244	821
Lincoln	1,260	659
Long	1,068	655
Lowndes	50,459	789
Lumpkin	8,020	746
McDuffie	6,888	733
McIntosh	1,693	659
Macon	2,757	830
Madison	3,568	711
Marion	1,129	645
Meriwether	4,409	753
Miller	1,723	745
Mitchell	6,883	695
Monroe	7,956	803
Montgomery	1,509	644
Morgan	7,474	775
Murray	7,872	736
Muscogee	95,632	857
Newton	26,371	875
Oconee	13,691	831
Oglethorpe	1,791	783
Paulding	25,695	750
Peach	10,383	843

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Georgia, fourth quarter 2019 - Continued

Area	Employment December 2019	Average weekly wage(1)	
Pickens		910	
Pierce	4,200	714	
Pike	2,940	778	
Polk		786	
Pulaski		768	
Putnam	5,788	688	
Quitman		65	
Rabun	5,516	633	
Randolph	1,930	71:	
Richmond		93	
Rockdale		96	
Schley	995	75	
Screven		67	
Seminole		75	
Spalding		76	
Stephens		82	
Stewart		93	
Sumter		76	
Talbot		67	
Taliaferro		67	
Tattnall		78	
Taylor		83	
Telfair	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	67	
Terrell		72	
Thomas		90	
Tift		82	
		69	
Toombs			
Towns	1	69	
Treutlen	· 1	64	
Troup	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	90	
Turner		69	
Twiggs	· 1	77	
Union	1	79	
Upson	1	74	
Walker	1	70	
Walton	23,454	90	
Ware	· 1	71	
Warren	1	82	
Washington	1	77	
Wayne		84	
Webster		73	
Wheeler	· 1	70	
White	9,177	69	
Whitfield	56,253	89	
Wilcox		67	
Wilkes		74	
Wilkinson		81	
Worth		74	

#### Footnotes

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

<sup>(1)</sup> Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

<sup>(2)</sup> Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, fourth quarter 2019

	Employment		Average weekly wage (1)			
State	December 2019 (thousands)	Percent change, December 2018-19	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, fourth quarter 2018-19	National ranking by percent change
United States (2)	. 149,857.1	1.2	\$1,185		3.5	
Alabama	. 2,007.9	1.0	985	36	2.6	39
Alaska	. 309.9	0.6	1,139	16	3.2	27
Arizona	2,999.8	2.7	1,059	23	4.1	7
Arkansas	. 1,232.9	0.5	898	50	3.2	27
California		1.5	1,457	4	4.7	4
Colorado		2.2	1,227	9	4.0	8
Connecticut	1	-0.7	1,383	5	3.8	11
Delaware	1	0.8	1,136	17	2.6	39
District of Columbia		0.8	1,992	1	2.5	42
Florida		2.0	1,044	26	3.6	14
Georgia		1.7	1,090	21	3.6	14
Hawaii	1	-0.8	1,050	24	3.5	17
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Idaho		3.1	918	46	3.1	32
Illinois	1	0.2	1,221	10	2.7	38
Indiana	1	0.6	969	38	3.0	34
lowa	,	0.1	984	37	1.9	47
Kansas	1	0.6	959	40	3.5	17
Kentucky	1	0.8	955	41	3.2	27
Louisiana	1	-0.5	993	34	2.5	42
Maine	. 620.2	0.7	955	41	5.3	2
Maryland	. 2,728.1	0.9	1,271	8	3.5	17
Massachusetts	. 3,660.8	0.9	1,511	2	3.8	11
Michigan	. 4,385.3	0.4	1,115	18	3.4	22
Minnesota	. 2,912.8	0.4	1,177	14	3.2	27
Mississippi	. 1,145.0	0.0	818	51	3.2	27
Missouri	2,846.2	0.9	1,010	32	3.0	34
Montana	. 474.1	1.1	918	46	3.4	22
Nebraska	. 990.9	0.7	969	38	4.2	6
Nevada	. 1,435.5	2.7	1,030	29	2.4	45
New Hampshire	1	0.8	1,192	12	2.9	37
New Jersey		0.8	1,332	7	2.5	42
New Mexico	1	1.5	942	44	4.0	8
New York		0.8	1,499	3	3.7	13
North Carolina	1	1.9	1,036	28	2.4	45
North Dakota	1	0.5	1,085	22	2.6	39
Ohio	1	0.5	1,037	27	3.1	32
Oklahoma	1	0.3	945	43	1.4	49
	1		1,100	19		<del>4</del> 9
Oregon	1	1.6	· ·		4.6	_
Pennsylvania		0.8	1,143	15	3.6	14
Rhode Island		0.6	1,099	20	1.1	50
South Carolina	1	1.2	931	45	4.0	8
South Dakota		0.6	916	48	3.5	17
Tennessee	1	1.6	1,047	25	1.6	48
Texas	. 12,793.0	2.0	1,187	13	3.4	22
Utah	1 '	2.5	1,022	30	5.0	3
Vermont		-0.4	987	35	3.5	17
Virginia	. 3,978.7	1.2	1,204	11	3.4	22
Washington	. 3,457.7	2.2	1,370	6	6.4	1
West Virginia	. 690.3	-2.0	904	49	-1.4	51
Wisconsin	. 2,898.0	0.2	1,022	30	3.3	26
Wyoming	. 276.3	1.4	1,007	33	3.0	34
Puerto Rico	. 910.7	1.5	575	(3)	-0.2	(3)
Virgin Islands		10.8	1,065	(3)	13.5	(3)

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

### Footnotes:

- (1) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.
- (2) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.
- (3) Data not included in the national ranking.

Note: Data are preliminary. Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Chart 1. Average weekly wages by county in Georgia, fourth quarter 2019

