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County Employment and Wages in Mississippi – Second Quarter 2016

Employment increased in each of Mississippi's two large counties from June 2015 to June 2016, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. (Large counties are those with 2015 annual average employment levels of 75,000 or more.) Regional Commissioner Janet S. Rankin noted that Hinds County employment rose 1.0 percent during the 12-month period. Harrison County employment increased 0.1 percent over the year. (See [table 1](#).)

Nationally, employment advanced 1.5 percent from June 2015 to June 2016 as 291 of the 344 largest U.S. counties registered increases. Williamson, Tenn., had the largest percentage increase with a gain of 6.7 percent over the year. Midland, Texas, had the largest over-the-year percentage decrease in employment among the large U.S. counties with a loss of 8.3 percent.

Among Mississippi's two largest counties, employment was higher in Hinds (121,100) in June 2016, followed by Harrison (85,200). Together, Hinds and Harrison Counties accounted for 18.4 percent of total employment within the state. Nationwide, the 344 largest counties made up 72.5 percent of total U.S. employment, which stood at 142.7 million in June 2016.

From the second quarter of 2015 to the second quarter of 2016, Harrison County and Hinds County each recorded a 1.9-percent increase in average weekly wages. (See [table 1](#).) Hinds County had the higher average weekly wage at \$843. Nationally, the average weekly wage was \$989, a 2.2-percent increase from a year ago.

Employment and wages levels (but not over-the-year changes) are also available for the 80 counties in Mississippi with employment below 75,000. Wage levels were below the national average in all but one of these smaller counties. (See [table 2](#).)

Large county wage changes

Harrison and Hinds Counties' average weekly wages each advanced 1.9 percent from the second quarter of 2015 to the second quarter of 2016, ranking 216th in the national ranking. (See [table 1](#).)

Nationally, 304 of the 344 largest counties had over-the-year increases in average weekly wages. McLean, Ill., had the largest wage increase among the largest U.S. counties (21.0 percent). Elkhart, Ind., was second with a wage increase of 8.5 percent, followed by the counties of King, Wash. (8.1 percent); Washington, Ore. (7.4 percent); and Albany, N.Y. (7.0 percent).

Of the 344 largest U.S. counties, 36 experienced over-the-year decreases in average weekly wages. Ventura, Calif., had the largest percentage decrease in average weekly wages (-8.4 percent), followed by Forsyth, N.C. (-6.5 percent); Lafayette, La. (-6.2 percent); Gregg, Texas (-3.7 percent); and Midland, Texas (-3.2 percent).

Large county average weekly wages

Average weekly wages in both Hinds County (\$843) and Harrison County (\$698) were below the U.S. average of \$989 and placed in the bottom third of the national ranking in the second quarter of 2016. The average weekly wage in Hinds County ranked 241st and Harrison County's average weekly wage ranked 335th. (See [table 1](#).)

Nationwide, average weekly wages were higher than the U.S. average in 102 of the 344 largest counties. Santa Clara, Calif., held the top position among the highest-paid large counties with an average weekly wage of \$2,252. San Mateo, Calif., was second with an average weekly wage of \$1,871, followed by New York, N.Y. (\$1,866).

Seventy percent of the largest U.S. counties (241) reported average weekly wages below the national average in the second quarter of 2016. The lowest wage was reported in Horry, S.C. (\$598), followed by the Texas counties of Cameron (\$602) and Hidalgo (\$626).

Average weekly wages in Mississippi's smaller counties

Among the 80 smaller counties in Mississippi—those with employment below 75,000—only Kemper (\$990) had an average weekly wage above the \$989 national average. Issaquena County reported the lowest weekly wage among all the counties in the state, averaging \$449 in the second quarter of 2016. (See [table 2](#).)

When all 82 counties in Mississippi were considered, 23 reported average weekly wages below \$600, 39 had wages from \$600 to \$699, 11 had wages from \$700 to \$799, and 9 had wages above \$800. (See [chart 1](#).)

Additional statistics and other information

QCEW data for states have been included in this release in [table 3](#). For additional information about quarterly employment and wages data, please read the [Technical Note](#) or visit www.bls.gov/cew.

Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online features comprehensive information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The 2015 edition of this publication contains selected data produced by Business Employment Dynamics (BED) on job gains and losses, as well as selected data from the first quarter 2016 version of the national news release. Tables and additional content from *Employment and Wages Annual Averages 2015* are now available online at <https://www.bls.gov/cew/cewbultn15.htm>.

The County Employment and Wages release for third quarter 2016 is scheduled to be released on Tuesday, March 7, 2017.

Technical Note

Average weekly wage data by county are compiled under the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, also known as the ES-202 program. The data are derived from summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance (UI) legislation and provided by State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). The 9.7 million employer reports cover 142.7 million full- and part-time workers. The average weekly wage values are calculated by dividing quarterly total wages by the average of the three monthly employment levels of those covered by UI programs. The result is then divided by 13, the number of weeks in a quarter. It is to be noted, therefore, that over-the-year wage changes for geographic areas may reflect shifts in the composition of employment by industry, occupation, and such other factors as hours of work. Thus, wages may vary among counties, metropolitan areas, or states for reasons other than changes in the average wage level. Data for all states, Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), counties, and the nation are available on the BLS Web site at www.bls.gov/cew/; however, data in QCEW press releases have been revised and may not match the data contained on the Bureau's Web site.

QCEW data are not designed as a time series. QCEW data are simply the sums of individual establishment records reflecting the number of establishments that exist in a county or industry at a point in time. Establishments can move in or out of a county or industry for a number of reasons—some reflecting economic events, others reflecting administrative changes.

The preliminary QCEW data presented in this release may differ from data released by the individual states as well as from the data presented on the BLS Web site. These potential differences result from the states' continuing receipt, review and editing of UI data over time. On the other hand, differences between data in this release and the data found on the BLS Web site are the result of adjustments made to improve over-the-year comparisons. Specifically, these adjustments account for administrative (noneconomic) changes such as a correction to a previously reported location or industry classification. Adjusting for these administrative changes allows users to more accurately assess changes of an economic nature (such as a firm moving from one county to another or changing its primary economic activity) over a 12-month period. Currently, adjusted data are available only from BLS press releases.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Covered employment and wages in the United States and the 2 largest counties in Mississippi, second quarter 2016

Area	Employment			Average weekly wage ⁽¹⁾			
	June 2016 (thousands)	Percent change, June 2015-16 ⁽²⁾	National ranking by percent change ⁽³⁾	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level ⁽³⁾	Percent change, second quarter 2015-16 ⁽²⁾	National ranking by percent change ⁽³⁾
United States ⁽⁴⁾	142,717.2	1.5	--	\$989	--	2.2	--
Mississippi.....	1,120.1	0.5	--	727	51	2.5	15
Harrison, Miss.....	85.2	1.0	218	698	335	1.9	216
Hinds, Miss.....	121.1	0.1	287	843	241	1.9	216

⁽¹⁾ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

⁽²⁾ Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.

⁽³⁾ Ranking does not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

⁽⁴⁾ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Mississippi, second quarter 2016

Area	Employment June 2016	Average Weekly Wage (¹)
United States (²)	142,717,157	\$989
Mississippi.....	1,120,065	727
Adams.....	10,450	649
Alcorn.....	13,784	654
Amite.....	1,762	615
Attala.....	4,559	602
Benton.....	931	636
Bolivar.....	11,938	650
Calhoun.....	3,244	556
Carroll.....	1,084	565
Chickasaw.....	5,327	584
Choctaw.....	2,214	739
Claiborne.....	3,193	886
Clarke.....	2,942	599
Clay.....	5,309	632
Coahoma.....	8,189	643
Copiah.....	7,277	645
Covington.....	5,369	610
De Soto.....	56,544	637
Forrest.....	38,111	737
Franklin.....	1,622	716
George.....	4,819	582
Greene.....	1,897	610
Grenada.....	10,662	630
Hancock.....	13,042	870
Harrison.....	85,185	698
Hinds.....	121,109	843
Holmes.....	3,550	579
Humphreys.....	2,209	515
Issaquena.....	186	449
Itawamba.....	6,295	653
Jackson.....	49,383	919
Jasper.....	3,821	706
Jefferson.....	1,184	592
Jefferson Davis.....	1,519	650
Jones.....	27,141	682
Kemper.....	2,693	990
Lafayette.....	22,441	906
Lamar.....	18,519	557
Lauderdale.....	33,208	672
Lawrence.....	2,484	834
Leake.....	4,923	575
Lee.....	54,161	716
Leflore.....	14,342	610
Lincoln.....	11,821	681
Lowndes.....	24,903	747
Madison.....	55,067	843
Marion.....	7,878	657
Marshall.....	6,338	696
Monroe.....	9,771	696
Montgomery.....	2,515	580
Neshoba.....	12,789	621
Newton.....	5,609	600

Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Mississippi, second quarter 2016 - Continued

Area	Employment June 2016	Average Weekly Wage (¹)
Noxubee.....	2,539	565
Oktibbeha.....	20,301	684
Panola.....	10,601	653
Pearl River.....	10,168	621
Perry.....	2,141	741
Pike.....	14,867	581
Pontotoc.....	12,422	636
Prentiss.....	7,125	594
Quitman.....	1,087	585
Rankin.....	62,007	735
Scott.....	13,731	608
Sharkey.....	1,196	544
Simpson.....	6,893	554
Smith.....	2,820	721
Stone.....	4,131	634
Sunflower.....	8,534	598
Tallahatchie.....	3,049	561
Tate.....	5,507	609
Tippah.....	6,409	611
Tishomingo.....	6,244	594
Tunica.....	8,596	602
Union.....	10,582	836
Walthall.....	2,383	548
Warren.....	20,188	766
Washington.....	17,747	634
Wayne.....	4,853	671
Webster.....	1,927	609
Wilkinson.....	1,668	562
Winston.....	4,588	663
Yalobusha.....	2,848	629
Yazoo.....	6,222	729

(¹) Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

(²) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, second quarter 2016

State	Employment		Average weekly wage ⁽¹⁾			
	June 2016 (thousands)	Percent change, June 2015-16	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, second quarter 2015-16	National ranking by percent change
United States ⁽²⁾	142,717.2	1.5	\$989	--	2.2	--
Alabama.....	1,923.5	1.2	835	37	2.0	29
Alaska.....	338.7	-2.4	1,011	10	-1.7	49
Arizona.....	2,619.6	2.6	921	22	1.9	33
Arkansas.....	1,197.5	1.1	785	47	3.0	7
California.....	16,754.1	2.5	1,157	5	2.4	19
Colorado.....	2,574.5	2.3	999	14	1.0	43
Connecticut.....	1,689.9	-0.1	1,213	3	3.0	7
Delaware.....	444.0	0.9	990	16	-0.6	48
District of Columbia.....	756.0	1.7	1,623	1	1.1	42
Florida.....	8,161.8	3.2	883	25	2.6	14
Georgia.....	4,269.5	2.7	929	21	2.7	11
Hawaii.....	643.4	1.0	906	24	3.5	5
Idaho.....	699.7	3.3	740	50	3.8	3
Illinois.....	5,945.0	0.2	1,038	9	2.4	19
Indiana.....	2,995.4	1.0	828	39	2.1	27
Iowa.....	1,566.0	0.3	825	40	2.9	9
Kansas.....	1,378.4	-0.2	829	38	1.2	39
Kentucky.....	1,877.2	1.5	838	36	1.9	33
Louisiana.....	1,905.2	-1.4	852	32	0.2	46
Maine.....	622.8	1.0	795	46	3.5	5
Maryland.....	2,656.0	0.9	1,070	8	2.5	15
Massachusetts.....	3,538.2	1.2	1,233	2	2.0	29
Michigan.....	4,300.9	1.9	942	19	2.7	11
Minnesota.....	2,846.8	0.7	997	15	2.0	29
Mississippi.....	1,120.1	0.5	727	51	2.5	15
Missouri.....	2,785.6	1.4	863	30	2.4	19
Montana.....	468.6	2.2	767	48	1.7	35
Nebraska.....	978.3	0.9	805	43	2.4	19
Nevada.....	1,289.4	3.3	874	27	2.2	26
New Hampshire.....	655.1	1.1	1,003	12	3.7	4
New Jersey.....	4,051.2	1.7	1,147	6	1.7	35
New Mexico.....	808.1	-0.3	812	42	0.9	44
New York.....	9,264.0	1.5	1,210	4	2.5	15
North Carolina.....	4,285.3	2.5	865	29	2.1	27
North Dakota.....	423.3	-4.9	908	23	-3.3	51
Ohio.....	5,353.1	0.8	882	26	2.0	29
Oklahoma.....	1,570.5	-1.4	823	41	0.6	45
Oregon.....	1,867.8	2.7	933	20	4.1	2
Pennsylvania.....	5,786.8	0.4	971	17	1.4	37
Rhode Island.....	482.9	0.6	949	18	2.5	15
South Carolina.....	2,013.7	2.4	804	44	2.8	10
South Dakota.....	432.7	1.0	760	49	2.7	11
Tennessee.....	2,900.4	2.4	874	27	1.3	38
Texas.....	11,810.7	1.0	1,000	13	1.2	39
Utah.....	1,395.9	3.8	840	35	2.3	25
Vermont.....	310.6	-0.1	850	33	2.4	19
Virginia.....	3,833.4	1.6	1,011	10	1.2	39
Washington.....	3,281.6	2.8	1,083	7	5.4	1
West Virginia.....	693.2	-1.9	800	45	-0.4	47
Wisconsin.....	2,869.1	0.9	856	31	2.4	19

Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, second quarter 2016 - Continued

State	Employment		Average weekly wage ⁽¹⁾			
	June 2016 (thousands)	Percent change, June 2015-16	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, second quarter 2015-16	National ranking by percent change
Wyoming.....	281.7	-3.7	849	34	-2.2	50
Puerto Rico.....	879.5	-0.7	512	⁽³⁾	0.2	⁽³⁾
Virgin Islands.....	38.4	0.9	743	⁽³⁾	-0.4	⁽³⁾

⁽¹⁾ Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

⁽²⁾ Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

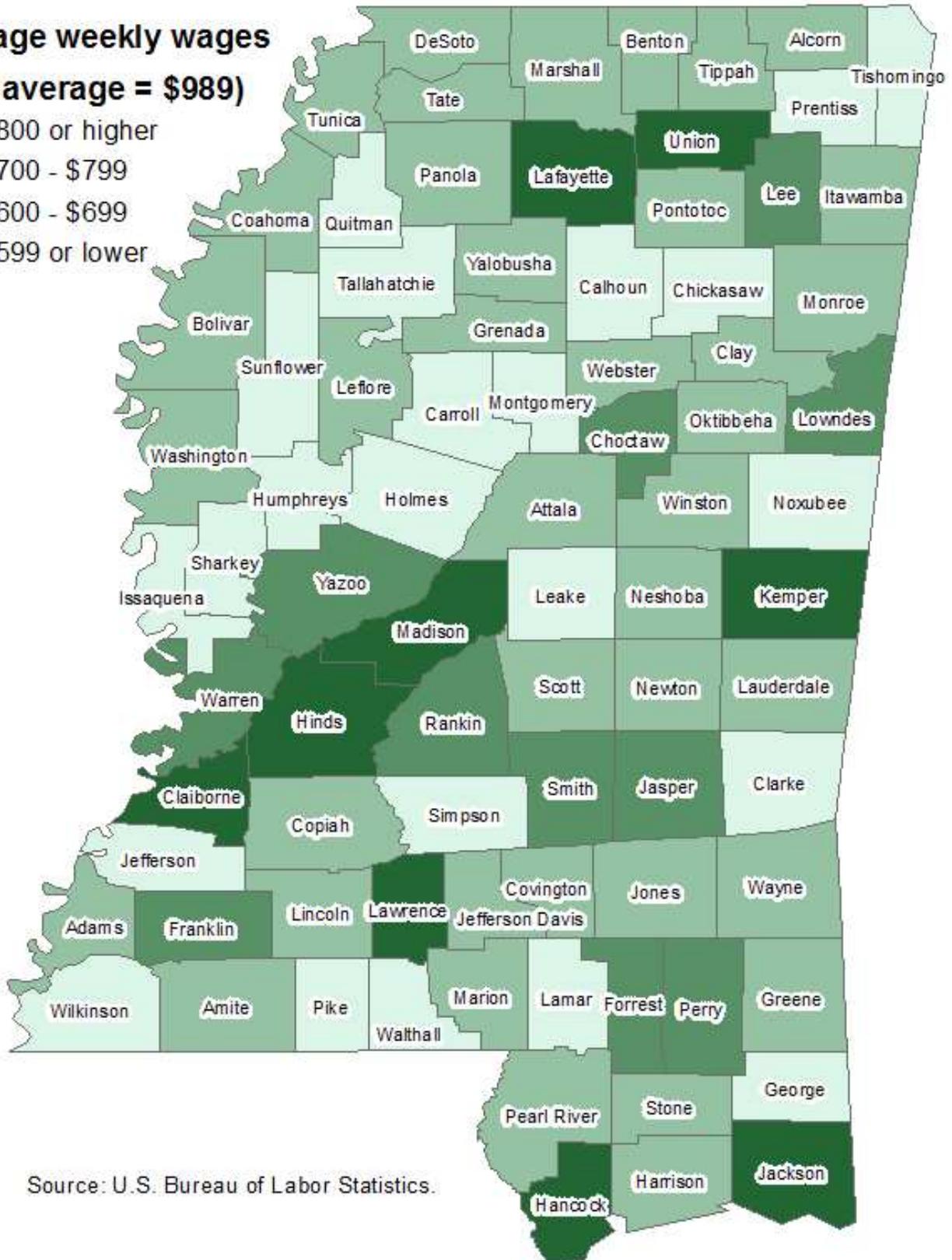
⁽³⁾ Data not included in the national ranking.

Note: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Chart 1. Average weekly wages by county in Mississippi, second quarter 2016

**Average weekly wages
(U.S. average = \$989)**

- \$800 or higher
- \$700 - \$799
- \$600 - \$699
- \$599 or lower



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.