NEWS RELEASE
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For Release: Thursday, November 18, 2021 **21-2040-SAN**

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Business Employment Dynamics in Nevada – First Quarter 2021

From December 2020 to March 2021, **gross job gains** from opening and expanding private-sector establishments in Nevada were 83,087, while **gross job losses** from closing and contracting private-sector establishments were 62,689, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Chris Rosenlund noted that the difference between the number of gross job gains and the number of gross job losses yielded a **net employment gain** of 20,398 jobs in the private sector during the first quarter of 2021. During the previous quarter, gross job gains exceeded gross job losses by 34,116. (See chart 1.)

Chart 1. Private-sector gross job gains and losses in Nevada, March 2016–March 2021, seasonally adjusted

Period	Gross job gains	Gross job losses
Mar. 2016	72,380	66,283
Jun. 2016	73,536	64,386
Sep. 2016	76,653	63,179
Dec. 2016	70,758	65,281
Mar. 2017	76,844	59,960
Jun. 2017	73,008	67,879
Sep. 2017	73,251	68,451
Dec. 2017	76,702	62,219
Mar. 2018	78,597	64,881
Jun. 2018	74,854	70,020
Sep. 2018	81,563	68,939
Dec. 2018	79,344	67,570
Mar. 2019	75,982	67,002
Jun. 2019	74,367	76,545
Sep. 2019	75,518	69,396
Dec. 2019	84,786	63,971
Mar. 2020	67,801	81,338
Jun. 2020	59,684	337,194
Sep. 2020	136,709	68,282
Dec. 2020	97,898	63,782
Mar. 2021	83,087	62,689

The change in the number of jobs over time is the net result of increases and decreases in employment that occur at all private businesses in the economy. Business Employment Dynamics (BED) statistics track these changes in employment at private-sector establishments from the third month of one quarter to the third month of the next. The difference between the number of gross job gains and the number of gross job losses is the net change in employment. (See the Technical Note.)

Gross job gains

In the first quarter of 2021, gross job gains represented 7.3 percent of private-sector employment in Nevada; nationally, gross job gains accounted for 6.8 percent of private-sector employment. (See chart 2.) Gross job gains are the sum of increases in employment due to expansions at existing establishments and the addition of new jobs at opening establishments. In Nevada, gross job gains at **expanding** establishments totaled 66,897 in the first quarter of 2021, a decrease of 12,842 jobs compared to the previous quarter. (See table 1.) **Opening** establishments accounted for 16,190 jobs gained in the second quarter of 2019, a decrease of 1,969 jobs from the previous quarter.

Chart 2. Private-sector gross job gains as a percent of employment, United States and Nevada, March 2016–March 2021, seasonally adjusted

Period	Nevada	United States
Mar. 2016	6.5	6.0
Jun. 2016	6.6	6.2
Sep. 2016	6.8	6.4
Dec. 2016	6.2	6.2
Mar. 2017	6.7	6.1
Jun. 2017	6.2	6.2
Sep. 2017	6.2	6.0
Dec. 2017	6.5	6.4
Mar. 2018	6.6	6.1
Jun. 2018	6.2	6.1
Sep. 2018	6.7	6.0
Dec. 2018	6.5	6.2
Mar. 2019	6.2	6.0
Jun. 2019	6.0	6.1
Sep. 2019	6.0	5.9
Dec. 2019	6.7	6.2
Mar. 2020	5.3	5.6
Jun. 2020	5.3	4.8
Sep. 2020	12.9	9.5
Dec. 2020	8.8	7.4
Mar. 2021	7.3	6.8

Gross job losses

In the first quarter of 2021, gross job losses represented 5.5 percent of private-sector employment in Nevada; nationally, gross job losses accounted for 5.4 percent of private-sector employment. (See chart 3.) Gross job losses are the result of contractions in employment at existing establishments and the loss of jobs at closing establishments. In Nevada, **contracting** establishments lost 54,556 jobs in the first quarter of 2021, an increase of 2,271 jobs from the prior quarter. **Closing** establishments lost 8,133 jobs, a decrease of 3,364 jobs from the previous quarter.

Chart 3. Private-sector gross job losses as a percent of employment, United States and Nevada, March 2016–March 2021, seasonally adjusted

Period	Nevada	United States
Mar. 2016	6.0	5.8
Jun. 2016	5.7	6.0
Sep. 2016	5.5	5.8
Dec. 2016	5.7	5.9
Mar. 2017	5.2	5.6
Jun. 2017	5.8	5.8
Sep. 2017	5.8	6.1
Dec. 2017	5.2	5.6
Mar. 2018	5.5	5.5
Jun. 2018	5.8	5.8

Chart 3. Private-sector gross job losses as a percent of employment, United States and Nevada, March 2016–March 2021, seasonally adjusted - Continued

Period	Nevada	United States
Sep. 2018	5.7	6.0
Dec. 2018	5.5	5.6
Mar. 2019	5.4	5.5
Jun. 2019	6.1	5.9
Sep. 2019	5.5	5.8
Dec. 2019	5.1	5.5
Mar. 2020	6.4	6.2
Jun. 2020	29.5	17.0
Sep. 2020	6.4	6.0
Dec. 2020	5.7	5.7
Mar. 2021	5.5	5.4

Industries

Gross job gains exceeded gross job losses in 9 of the 11 industry sectors in Nevada in the first quarter of 2021. Leisure and hospitality had the largest over-the-quarter net job increase, with a gain of 8,111 jobs. This was the result of 19,511 gross job gains and 11,400 gross job losses. The construction industry had the second-largest net gain in jobs at 4,087, followed by retail trade (1,635) and manufacturing (1,535). Professional and business services had a net loss of 2,821 jobs, and transportation and warehousing had a net loss of 1,976 jobs.

For more information

The BED data series include gross job gains and gross job losses by industry subsector, for the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, as well as gross job gains and gross job losses at the firm level by employer size class. BED data for the states have been included in table 2 of this release. Additional information is available online at www.bls.gov/bdm/.

The Business Employment Dynamics for Second Quarter 2021 are scheduled to be released on Wednesday, January 26, 2022.

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Effect on First Quarter 2021 Business Employment Dynamics

Data collection and processing methods have been impacted because of the COVID-19 pandemic. More detail can be found at www.bls.gov/covid19/effects-of-covid-19-pandemic-on-business-employment-dynamics.htm.

Technical Note

The Business Employment Dynamics (BED) data are a product of a federal-state cooperative program known as Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW). The BED data are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) from existing QCEW records. Most employers in the U.S. are required to file quarterly reports on the employment and wages of workers covered by unemployment insurance (UI) laws, and to pay quarterly UI taxes. The QCEW is based largely on quarterly UI reports which are sent by businesses to the State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). These UI reports are supplemented by two additional BLS data collections to render administrative data into economic statistics. Together these data comprise the QCEW and form the basis of the Bureau's establishment universe sampling frame.

In the BED program, the QCEW records are linked across quarters to provide a longitudinal history for each establishment. The linkage process allows the tracking of net employment changes at the establishment level, which in turn allows the estimation of jobs gained at opening and expanding units and jobs lost at closing and contracting units.

The change in the number of jobs over time is the net result of increases and decreases in employment that occur at all businesses in the economy. BED statistics track these changes in employment at private business establishments from the third month of one quarter to the third month of the next. Gross job gains are the sum of increases in employment from expansions at existing establishments and the addition of new jobs at opening establishments. Gross job losses are the result of contractions in employment at existing establishments and the loss of jobs at closing establishments. The difference between the number of gross jobs gained and the number of gross jobs lost is the net change in employment.

Gross job gains and gross job losses are expressed as rates by dividing their levels by the average of employment in the current and previous quarters. The rates are calculated for the components of gross job gains and gross job losses and then summed to form their respective totals. These rates can be added and subtracted just as their levels can. For instance, the difference between the gross job gains rate and the gross job losses rate is the net growth rate.

The formal definitions of employment changes are as follows:

Openings. These are either units with positive third month employment for the first time in the current quarter, with no links to the prior quarter, or with positive third month employment in the current quarter following zero employment in the previous quarter.

Expansions. These are units with positive employment in the third month in both the previous and current quarters, with a net increase in employment over this period.

Closings. These are either units with positive third month employment in the previous quarter, with no employment or zero employment reported in the current quarter.

Contractions. These are units with positive employment in the third month in both the previous and current quarters, with a net decrease in employment over this period.

The full Technical Note for the Business Employment Dynamics program, which includes information on coverage, concepts, and methodology, can be found in the current quarterly news release online at www.bls.gov/news.release/cewbd.htm.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Private sector gross job gains and losses by industry, Nevada, seasonally adjusted

Category	Gross job gains and job losses (3 months ended)					Gross job gains and job losses as a percent of employment (3 months ended)				
	Mar. 2020	June 2020	Sept 2020	Dec. 2020	Mar. 2021	Mar. 2020	June 2020	Sept 2020	Dec. 2020	Mar. 2021
Total private [1]										
Gross job gains	67,801	59,684	136,709	97,898	83,087	5.3	5.3	12.9	8.8	7.3
At expanding establishments	56,168	46,387	116,754	79,739	66,897	4.4	4.1	11.0	7.2	5.9
At opening establishments	11,633	13,297	19,955	18,159	16,190	0.9	1.2	1.9	1.6	1.4
Gross job losses	81,338	337,194	68,282	63,782	62,689	6.4	29.5	6.4	5.7	5.5
At contracting establishments	68,163	306,235	54,364	52,285	54,556	5.4	26.8	5.1	4.7	4.8
At closing establishments	13,175	30,959	13,918	11,497	8,133	1.0	2.7	1.3	1.0	0.7
Net employment change [2]	-13,537	-277,510	68,427	34,116	20,398	-1.1	-24.2	6.5	3.1	1.8
Construction										
Gross job gains	9,336	6,880	8,279	8,524	10,489	9.4	7.2	9.0	9.4	11.1
At expanding establishments	8,409	5,913	7,159	7,712	9,603	8.5	6.2	7.8	8.5	10.2
At opening establishments	927	967	1,120	812	886	0.9	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.9
Gross job losses	8,250	13,802	9,810	7,794	6,402	8.4	14.4	10.7	8.6	6.8
At contracting establishments	7,002	12,381	8,966	6,991	5,652	7.1	12.9	9.8	7.7	6.0
At closing establishments	1,248	1,421	844	803	750	1.3	1.5	0.9	0.9	0.8
Net employment change [2]	1,086	-6,922	-1,531	730	4,087	1.0	-7.2	-1.7	0.8	4.3
Manufacturing										
Gross job gains	2,912	1,532	3,337	3,882	3,450	4.8	2.7	6.1	6.9	6.0
At expanding establishments	2,656	1,253	3,072	3,540	3,230	4.4	2.2	5.6	6.3	5.6
At opening establishments	256	279	265	342	220	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4
Gross job losses	2,273	7,279	2,569	1,885	1,915	3.8	12.9	4.7	3.4	3.4
At contracting establishments	1,862	6,567	2,258	1,621	1,708	3.1	11.6	4.1	2.9	3.0
At closing establishments	411	712	311	264	207	0.7	1.3	0.6	0.5	0.4
Net employment change [2]	639	-5,747	768	1,997	1,535	1.0	-10.2	1.4	3.5	2.6
Wholesale trade										
Gross job gains	1,793	1,184	2,242	2,018	1,858	4.6	3.3	6.4	5.6	5.2
At expanding establishments	1,465	866	1,856	1,719	1,503	3.8	2.4	5.3	4.8	4.2
At opening establishments	328	318	386	299	355	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.8	1.0
Gross job losses	1,848	5,138	1,807	1,558	1,291	4.8	14.0	5.2	4.4	3.5
At contracting establishments	1,342	4,492	1,323	966	1,027	3.5	12.2	3.8	2.7	2.8
At closing establishments	506	646	484	592	264	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.7	0.7
Net employment change [2]	-55	-3,954	435	460	567	-0.2	-10.7	1.2	1.2	1.7
Retail trade										
Gross job gains	8,528	10,129	15,633	9,446	8,883	5.8	7.1	11.3	6.7	6.1
At expanding establishments	7,261	9,108	14,107	8,474	7,843	4.9	6.4	10.2	6.0	5.4
At opening establishments	1,267	1,021	1,526	972	1,040	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.7	0.7
Gross job losses	8,669	28,964	7,928	7,664	7,248	5.9	20.4	5.7	5.4	5.1
At contracting establishments	7,536	26,234	6,782	6,590	6,590	5.1	18.5	4.9	4.6	4.6
At closing establishments	1,133	2,730	1,146	1,074	658	0.8	1.9	0.8	0.8	0.5
Net employment change [2]	-141	-18,835	7,705	1,782	1,635	-0.1	-13.3	5.6	1.3	1.0
Transportation and warehousing										
Gross job gains	2,704	6,085	13,655	7,332	3,223	3.7	8.7	19.0	9.3	4.0
At expanding establishments	2,370	5,750	13,236	6,483	2,997	3.2	8.2	18.4	8.2	3.7
At opening establishments	334	335	419	849	226	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.1	0.3
Gross job losses	4,922	13,182	3,164	2,498	5,199	6.7	18.9	4.4	3.2	6.4
At contracting establishments	4,492	12,160	2,790	2,289	5,030	6.1	17.4	3.9	2.9	6.2
At closing establishments	430	1,022	374	209	169	0.6	1.5	0.5	0.3	0.2
Net employment change [2]	-2,218	-7,097	10,491	4,834	-1,976	-3.0	-10.2	14.6	6.1	-2.4
Information										
Gross job gains	720	643	1,780	897	1,114	4.7	4.7	14.0	6.9	8.3
At expanding establishments	504	398	1,561	641	977	3.3	2.9	12.3	4.9	7.3
At opening establishments	216	245	219	256	137	1.4	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.0
Gross job losses	1,534	3,453	773	1,137	692	10.1	25.6	6.1	8.7	5.2

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Private sector gross job gains and losses by industry, Nevada, seasonally adjusted - Continued

Category	Gross job gains and job losses (3 months ended)					Gross job gains and job losses as a percent of employment (3 months ended)				
	Mar. 2020	June 2020	Sept 2020	Dec. 2020	Mar. 2021	Mar. 2020	June 2020	Sept 2020	Dec. 2020	Mar. 2021
At contracting establishments	1,235	3,084	519	854	480	8.1	22.9	4.1	6.5	3.6
At closing establishments	299	369	254	283	212	2.0	2.7	2.0	2.2	1.6
Net employment change [2]	-814	-2,810	1,007	-240	422	-5.4	-20.9	7.9	-1.8	3.1
Financial activities										
Gross job gains	3,761	2,966	4,876	4,481	3,835	5.7	4.7	8.0	7.2	6.1
At expanding establishments	2,945	2,147	4,065	3,592	3,166	4.5	3.4	6.7	5.8	5.0
At opening establishments	816	819	811	889	669	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.1
Gross job losses	3,849	9,233	4,100	3,106	2,850	5.8	14.6	6.7	5.0	4.5
At contracting establishments	2,986	7,898	2,932	2,297	2,261	4.5	12.5	4.8	3.7	3.6
At closing establishments	863	1,335	1,168	809	589	1.3	2.1	1.9	1.3	0.9
Net employment change [2]	-88	-6,267	776	1,375	985	-0.1	-9.9	1.3	2.2	1.6
Professional and business services										
Gross job gains	13,322	12,300	20,499	18,845	11,529	6.6	6.8	12.0	10.6	6.5
At expanding establishments	11,052	9,742	17,364	15,280	9,544	5.5	5.4	10.2	8.6	5.4
At opening establishments	2,270	2,558	3,135	3,565	1,985	1.1	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.1
Gross job losses	19,735	43,175	13,844	12,522	14,350	9.9	23.8	8.1	7.1	8.0
At contracting establishments	16,712	37,214	10,550	9,681	13,024	8.4	20.5	6.2	5.5	7.3
At closing establishments	3,023	5,961	3,294	2,841	1,326	1.5	3.3	1.9	1.6	0.7
Net employment change [2]	-6,413	-30,875	6,655	6,323	-2,821	-3.3	-17.0	3.9	3.5	-1.5
Education and health services										
Gross job gains	6,704	4,794	10,224	8,526	7,040	4.6	3.4	7.5	6.0	4.9
At expanding establishments	5,535	3,681	8,620	7,438	6,133	3.8	2.6	6.3	5.2	4.3
At opening establishments	1,169	1,113	1,604	1,088	907	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.8	0.6
Gross job losses	6,960	15,670	5,092	5,754	6,396	4.8	11.2	3.7	4.0	4.5
At contracting establishments	5,410	13,598	4,107	4,581	5,571	3.7	9.7	3.0	3.2	3.9
At closing establishments	1,550	2,072	985	1,173	825	1.1	1.5	0.7	0.8	0.6
Net employment change [2]	-256	-10,876	5,132	2,772	644	-0.2	-7.8	3.8	2.0	0.4
Leisure and hospitality										
Gross job gains	12,690	6,678	45,122	23,314	19,511	3.6	2.3	19.7	9.6	7.8
At expanding establishments	10,693	5,168	40,408	19,961	17,339	3.0	1.8	17.6	8.2	6.9
At opening establishments	1,997	1,510	4,714	3,353	2,172	0.6	0.5	2.1	1.4	0.9
Gross job losses	18,254	183,237	14,451	15,229	11,400	5.1	64.8	6.3	6.2	4.5
At contracting establishments	15,999	172,001	11,485	13,558	9,620	4.5	60.8	5.0	5.5	3.8
At closing establishments	2,255	11,236	2,966	1,671	1,780	0.6	4.0	1.3	0.7	0.7
Net employment change [2]	-5,564	-176,559	30,671	8,085	8,111	-1.5	-62.5	13.4	3.4	3.3
Other services [3]										
Gross job gains	2,449	1,747	4,407	3,250	2,300	7.0	5.6	15.5	11.0	7.6
At expanding establishments	1,923	1,116	3,353	2,212	1,872	5.5	3.6	11.8	7.5	6.2
At opening establishments	526	631	1,054	1,038	428	1.5	2.0	3.7	3.5	1.4
Gross job losses	3,299	10,517	2,391	2,541	1,959	9.4	33.8	8.4	8.6	6.5
At contracting establishments	2,535	8,001	1,443	1,659	1,704	7.2	25.7	5.1	5.6	5.7
At closing establishments	764	2,516	948	882	255	2.2	8.1	3.3	3.0	0.8
Net employment change [2]	-850	-8,770	2,016	709	341	-2.4	-28.2	7.1	2.4	1.1

Footnotes:
(1) Includes unclassified sector not shown separately.
(2) The net employment change is the difference between total gross job gains and total gross job losses. See the Technical Note for further information.
(3) Except public administration.

Table 2. Private sector gross job gains and losses as a percent of total employment by state, seasonally adjusted

Category	Gross job gains as a percent of employment (3 months ended)					Gross job losses as a percent of employment (3 months ended)				
	Mar. 2020	June 2020	Sept. 2020	Dec. 2020	Mar. 2021	Mar. 2020	June 2020	Sept. 2020	Dec. 2020	Mar. 2021
United States(1)	5.6	4.8	9.5	7.4	6.8	6.2	17.0	6.0	5.7	5.4
Alabama	5.5	4.7	7.8	7.6	5.9	5.9	12.6	5.9	5.5	5.9
Alaska	9.3	6.6	12.2	13.4	11.0	9.9	24.3	9.8	7.7	9.4
Arizona	5.7	5.8	7.8	7.3	6.3	6.0	11.8	6.1	5.0	5.5
Arkansas	5.1	4.8	7.6	7.2	5.9	5.6	12.1	5.7	5.2	5.1
California	6.1	5.3	8.9	8.5	7.7	6.9	18.6	7.1	6.1	5.9
Colorado	6.3	5.7	10.1	7.5	8.6	7.0	15.1	6.4	7.2	5.6
Connecticut	5.9	4.3	11.4	6.6	6.3	6.0	19.5	5.1	5.9	5.3
Delaware	6.1	4.9	10.3	6.8	6.8	6.7	17.0	6.4	6.0	6.0
District of Columbia	5.3	3.3	8.2	5.3	5.5	5.4	22.3	5.7	5.5	5.3
Florida	5.5	6.0	9.5	8.0	6.9	6.2	14.1	6.7	6.0	5.8
Georgia	5.7	5.3	9.3	7.9	6.7	6.3	14.9	6.5	5.2	5.7
Hawaii	5.4	3.6	7.5	14.7	8.5	5.9	30.3	12.2	4.6	5.9
Idaho	7.6	6.3	8.4	8.7	8.1	6.1	11.2	6.4	6.1	5.7
Illinois	5.0	4.5	9.7	6.5	7.2	6.0	18.2	5.6	6.1	4.9
Indiana	4.9	4.6	8.3	6.8	6.0	6.0	13.5	5.2	5.0	5.1
Iowa	5.4	4.4	7.5	6.8	6.1	6.0	13.0	5.5	5.1	5.4
Kansas	5.4	5.0	7.9	7.0	6.2	6.0	13.3	5.9	5.9	5.5
Kentucky	5.5	4.6	9.0	7.3	7.3	6.1	15.2	5.1	6.1	5.1
Louisiana	5.4	4.4	9.1	8.7	6.4	6.5	16.8	7.0	5.6	5.9
Maine	6.7	5.2	12.3	8.5	9.0	7.3	21.9	6.0	6.3	6.3
Maryland	5.7	4.8	11.2	7.3	6.3	6.8	21.5	5.5	5.8	5.5
Massachusetts	5.2	3.7	12.4	7.0	6.6	6.1	24.2	5.4	5.5	5.0
Michigan	5.1	4.0	10.9	6.7	8.5	5.7	20.5	4.8	6.9	4.9
Minnesota	5.0	4.2	9.0	6.9	9.2	5.7	17.6	5.4	6.8	4.9
Mississippi	5.5	5.0	8.7	8.0	5.6	6.4	12.9	5.5	4.9	6.6
Missouri	5.2	4.6	8.5	7.1	6.3	5.9	14.4	5.7	5.2	5.3
Montana	7.5	6.8	9.9	9.4	8.8	7.8	13.9	7.2	6.8	6.9
Nebraska	5.8	4.8	8.2	6.8	6.5	6.1	12.2	5.8	5.5	6.2
Nevada	5.3	5.3	12.9	8.8	7.3	6.4	29.5	6.4	5.7	5.5
New Hampshire	6.1	4.5	11.8	7.4	7.4	6.5	18.8	5.3	6.4	5.4
New Jersey	5.7	4.8	15.7	8.1	7.0	6.5	28.3	5.6	5.9	5.6
New Mexico	6.2	4.5	8.5	7.3	8.5	6.7	17.7	6.1	7.5	5.7
New York	5.5	3.9	13.3	7.4	6.9	6.5	26.9	5.9	6.3	5.4
North Carolina	5.9	4.9	8.7	7.9	6.6	5.8	14.6	5.6	5.0	5.4
North Dakota	6.9	5.3	8.9	7.2	7.8	7.2	17.1	6.9	7.1	6.5
Ohio	5.1	4.5	7.8	6.6	6.1	5.7	14.4	5.3	5.2	5.0
Oklahoma	5.4	5.5	7.1	7.9	6.1	6.6	12.3	6.6	5.8	6.1
Oregon	6.9	5.0	9.0	7.4	8.5	6.5	18.2	6.3	6.5	5.6
Pennsylvania	5.0	3.6	10.3	6.2	6.4	5.7	18.3	4.9	5.3	4.6
Rhode Island	6.0	4.5	13.0	7.6	9.8	6.5	25.1	5.3	7.1	5.5
South Carolina	5.7	5.0	8.8	8.0	6.2	6.6	14.6	5.9	5.2	6.1
South Dakota	6.0	5.1	8.6	7.2	7.3	6.7	11.5	5.5	6.2	6.0
Tennessee	5.2	4.4	8.1	7.5	5.6	5.5	13.9	5.5	4.6	5.0
Texas	5.1	4.7	7.3	7.6	5.7	5.7	13.8	6.1	4.8	5.0
Utah	6.6	6.6	9.1	8.1	7.1	6.5	10.9	6.3	5.6	6.1
Vermont	5.9	4.6	12.9	7.6	8.2	7.7	18.4	5.8	8.0	6.1
Virginia	5.6	4.6	10.4	7.0	6.0	6.1	18.3	5.4	5.3	5.4
Washington	7.7	4.8	8.9	7.2	7.9	7.8	17.4	6.3	6.1	5.4
West Virginia	6.6	5.1	8.9	7.4	7.2	7.0	14.1	6.9	6.2	5.8
Wisconsin	5.1	4.3	7.6	6.3	5.8	5.4	14.4	5.1	5.1	4.7
Wyoming	8.6	6.4	10.8	10.0	9.1	9.6	17.9	7.7	7.7	8.3
Puerto Rico	5.0	4.1	11.1	6.6	6.6	5.6	16.9	5.1	4.9	5.0
Virgin Islands	8.5	5.3	7.8	9.9	7.4	9.0	18.8	12.5	5.8	10.8

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Footnotes
(1) Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.