Table 7. Fee-for-service plans: Amount of annual individual deductible, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2010

(All workers participating in fee-for-service plans = 100 percent)

	Total	With deductible		Amour					
Characteristics			10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	With no deductible	Not determinable
Worker characteristic									
All workers	100	94	\$200	\$300	\$500	\$1,000	\$2,000	6	(1)
Management, professional, and related Management, business, and financial Professional and related Service Protective service Sales and office	100 100 100 100 100 100	95 96 94 88 100 95	200 200 250 250 - 250	300 300 300 300 - 300	500 500 500 500 - 500	1,250 1,250 1,400 1,000 - 1,000	2,000 2,100 2,000 2,500 – 2,300	5 4 5 - -	(1) (1) (1) - -
Sales and related Office and administrative support Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Construction, extraction, farming, fishing, and forestry Installation, maintenance, and repair	100 100 100 100 100	98 93 96 96 95	250 250 200 – 200	350 300 250 – 250	350 500 500 – 500	1,000 1,200 1,000 - 750	2,000 2,500 2,000 – 1,500	- - 4 -	- - - -
Production, transportation, and material moving	100 100 100	94 93 96	200 200 –	300 250 –	500 500 –	1,000 1,000 –	2,500 2,000 –	6 7 -	(1) (1) -
Full time Part time	100 100	94 91	200 250	300 300	500 350	1,100 750	2,000 2,000	6 –	(')
Union Nonunion	100 100	88 95	150 250	200 300	300 500	500 1,200	1,000 2,500	12 5	(¹)
Average wage within the following categories:2 Lowest 25 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent	100 100 100 100 100	93 95 94 94 94	250 250 200 200 200	350 300 300 250 250	500 500 500 500 500	1,500 1,000 1,100 1,000 1,000	2,500 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000	- 5 6 6 5	(¹) (¹) 1
Establishment characteristic									
Goods-producing industries	100 100 100	94 97 93	200 - 200	250 - 250	500 - 400	1,000 - 1,000	2,000 - 1,800	5 - 6	1 - 1
Service-providing industries Trade, transportation, and utilities Wholesale trade Transportation and warehousing Information Financial activities	100 100 100 100 100 100	94 97 99 94 94 88	250 200 - - - 250	300 300 - - - 300	500 500 - - - 500	1,200 1,000 - - - - 1,250	2,500 2,500 – – – 1,600	6 3 - - - 12	(1) - - - (1)
Finance and insurance	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	89 90 85 96 93 92 92	250 - - 250 250 - 200 250	300 - 300 300 - 250 300	500 - 500 600 - 500 750	1,250 - - 1,500 1,500 - 1,000 2,000	1,800 - 2,500 2,500 - 1,500 2,500	11 10 - - 7 - 8	(1) - - - - - -

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Fee-for-service plans: Amount of annual individual deductible, private industry workers, National Compensation Survey, 2010—Continued

(All workers participating in fee-for-service plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Total	With deductible	Amount of annual deductible						
			10th percentile	25th percentile	50th percentile (median)	75th percentile	90th percentile	With no deductible	Not determinable
1 to 99 workers	100	97	\$250	\$350	\$750	\$1,500	\$2,500	3	(1)
1 to 49 workers	100	97	250	400	750	1,500	2,500	_	`
50 to 99 workers	100	96	200	300	500	1,500	2,500	-	_
100 workers or more	100	92	200	250	400	880	1,500	8	_
100 to 499 workers	100	94	250	250	500	1,000	1,600	6	_
500 workers or more	100	91	175	250	350	750	1,500	9	_
Geographic area									
New England	100	91	250	250	_	1,000	1,500	_	_
Middle Atlantic	100	89	200	250	300	500	1,500	11	_
East North Central	100	94	200	250	500	1,000	2,000	5	1
West North Central	100	93	250	300	500	1,500	2,000	-	_
South Atlantic	100	96	250	350	600	1,250	2,500	4	_
East South Central	100	94	_	-	_	-	-	_	_
West South Central	100	98	200	350	750	1,500	2,500	2	_
Mountain	100	93	250	300	500	1,500	2,600	_	_
Pacific	100	94	250	250	350	1,000	1,500	6	_

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

¹ Less than 0.5.
² The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2009." See Technical Note for more details.